Switzerland do not require temperance instruction, but it is given by any of the abstaining teachers.

Sweden has a law requiring instruction concerning the effects of alcoholic drinks.

Chili has a temperance education law similar to that of the United States.

Mexico has temperance education in some public schools by order of local school authorities.

Australia has competitive public schools temperance examinations permitted by the Educational Department.

Japan, India, China, Burmuh, Spain, Bulgaria, are beginning such instruction, through the efforts of temperance and Church missionaries in the Mission schools.

Great Britain and Ireland require temperance instruction in the Army schools. Band of Hope scientific lecturers reach annually with one or two lectures about 400,000 of the 8,000,000 pupils in the schools.

Close on 15,000 British Physicians

signed a petition in 1904, which was presented by an influential deputation to the Minister of Education, asking for compulsory instruction of all pupils in the public schools, at an early age, in the laws of health, and the nature and effects of alcoholic drinks.

The answer to that petition was a definite refusal to allow hygiene and temperance to form a part of the school syllabus; but that Government has gone out of power, and one has taken its place very much more sympathetic with the temperance movement. In the meantime the friends of this reform are not idle, and an effort is being made to bring out a series of temperance school books based on the lines adopted by the United States.

In New Zealand many of our workers and leaders are fully alive to the importance of this reform, but until lately the 'abinet was too hostile to be approached, the fear being that books might be introduced into the schools giving wrong views. With our present Minister of Education the way seems plainer. Could we have a good book, or books, published in England, at a moderate price, it might be possible to obtain for our children the priceless blessing of a sound education in the nature and effects of alcobol, and it is on this foundation that the

Success of our No License Work

must ultimately depend, for a nation well instructed in the deadly effects of alcohol on health, life, and offspring, will never, for any pecuniary benefit whatever, license its sale or tolerate its presence.

With deep thankfulness to God for the wonderful way in which He has led us hitherto, and rejoicing in the light of knowledge now spreading in all lands, may we, with strong courage and cheerful hope, look gladly forward to that day when the tyranny of the liquor traffic and the evil of sicohol shall for ever be done away with.

"Life is only bright when it proceedeth Towards a truer, deeper Life above;

- Human love is sweetest when it leadeth
 - To a more Divine and perfect Love."

A. A. Proctor.

The English Suffragettes: Another View.

There is no doubt that the reports which reach us from time to time concerning the doings of the English Suffragettes are exaggerated and misleading in the extreme. Mrs. Frances Swiney, in a private letter, says: "I am fully in accord with their motive and self - sacrificing methods. They have the true spirit of reformers and of martyrs, without which, no great aim is ever reached. To me, nothing shows more the degeneracy of the British race than the scurrilous misrepresentation and the barbarous treatment (italics are ours) these women have had to undergo. Four hundred and forty members of the present Parliament pledged by every gage of honour and honesty to forward Woman Suffrage, and moved neither hand nor foot to gain it, but laughed and cheered when women were assaulted by the police ! I am utterly ashamed of my countrymen as representatives in Parliament.'

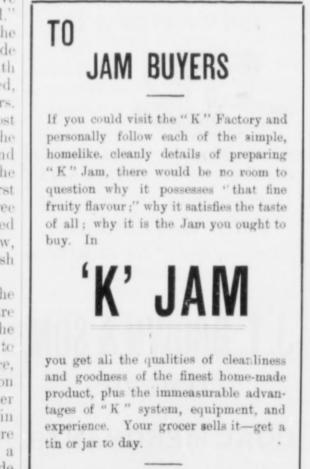
Mrs. Ida Husted Harper, who had just returned from a visit to England. had an interview with a representative of the Boston "Woman's Journal." Mrs. Harper had attended the Suffragettes' open air meeting in Hyde Park. It was quiet and orderly, with an audience of about six hundred, mostly men, and evidently sympathizers. Miss Pankhurst's speech was the most eloquent she had every heard. The Suffragettes are women of modesty and refinement, yet are ready to go to the stake for their cause. Miss Pankhurst is a pretty girl of about twenty-three years, the daughter of a distinguished physician. Though a graduate in law, she cannot be admitted to the English Bar because she is a woman.

Mrs. Harper says the reports of the disorderly behaviour of the women are grossly exaggerated, and that the disorders have been generally due to the brutality of the police. For instance, it was reported that Theresa Billington kicked a policeman. She and her followers had started to walk in procession around the square before Mr. Asquith's house, which they had a legal right to do. The police forbade them. They persisted. Two policemen then held Miss Billington's arms, while a third seized her by the throat, and choked her till she was black in the face. Under the circumstances, naturally, she kicked.

Finding that these young women were not to be frightened by ordinary rough handling, the police began to take improper personal liberties with them while putting them out of meetings or taking them to the lock-up, and it was to resist these indignities (after they had become the settled policy of the police) that some of the women armed themselves with hunting whips.

According to a despatch from the London Standard, Mrs. Alfred Lyttelton declared that the women who stormed the House of Commons were perfectly justified. The same message says :— "It is astonishing to see how much silent sympathy prevails for the eleven women leaders now in prison."

Life is what we are alive to. It is not length but breadth. To be alive only to appetite, pleasure, pride, moneymaking, and not to goodness, and kindness, purity and love, history, poetry, music, flowers, stars, God and eternal hopes—is to be all but dead.— M. D. BABCOCK.



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