

tion of the lateral border (this band sometimes reduced). Apical part of third antennal segment, apical three-quarters of fourth, and the following segments except their bases, brown.

Length, 4.5–5 mm; width, 1.5–1.8 mm.

Described by Bates on specimens from New Zealand: Auckland.

5. *femoralis* Broun.

Hybolasius femoralis Broun (1893) *Man. N.Z. Col. 5*, p. 1,299.

Near *viridescens* Bates, but smaller and broader, pronotum more convex, without discal bosses, elytra more broadly rounded at apex, third segment of antennae not darkened at the apex, fourth segment darkened only on its apical part.

Length, 2.5 mm; width, 0.75 mm

Described by Broun on a specimen from New Zealand: Dunedin.

6. *laticollis* Broun.

Hybolasius laticollis Broun (1903) *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) 12*, p. 83.

Near *viridescens* Bates, but smaller, antennae only a little longer than body, pronotum more than twice broader than long, bearing only a single discal tubercle.

Length, 4 mm; width, 1.8 mm.

Described by Broun on a specimen from New Zealand: Pipiriki, Wanganui River.

7. *pedator* Bates.

Hybolasius pedator Bates (1876) *Ent. mon. Mag. 13*, p. 54.

Hybolasius pedator Broun (1880) *Man. N.Z. Col. 1*, p. 610.

Hybolasius ciliatus Broun (1914) *Bull. N.Z. Inst. 1*, p. 140.

Elongate. Antennae half longer than body (♂) or only a third longer (♀), scape stout, third antennal segment as long as fourth. Antenniferous tubercles moderately raised. Inferior lobes of eyes as high as cheeks. Pronotum short, with two small obtuse discal premedian bosses, with a broad, lateral, conical, obtuse tubercle, and with four transverse grooves, two anterior and two posterior. Elytra long, convex, fairly densely and finely punctured, interspersed with several coarse punctures, each with a discal postbasal boss. Entirely clothed with erect hairs.

Reddish brown, clothed with yellowish brown pubescence. Pronotum with two fairly large whitish yellow discal postmedian spots. On each elytron a fairly broad diffuse whitish yellow transverse premedian band. Apical portions of antennal segments, beginning with the third, blackish.

Length, 4.5–6.5 mm; width, 1.5–2.5 mm.

Described by Bates on specimens from New Zealand: Tairua.—Picton.

8. *crstatellus* Bates.

Hybolasius crstatellus Bates (1876) *Ent. mon. Mag. 13*, p. 55.

Hybolasius crstatellus Broun (1883) *Man. N.Z. Col. 1*, p. 614.

Elongate. Antennae a third longer than body, scape stout, third segment as long as fourth. Antenniferous tubercles comparatively convergent, but only moderately raised. Inferior lobes of eyes a little shorter than cheeks. Pronotum short, with four transverse grooves, two anterior and two posterior, with two obtuse but fairly elevated discal bosses and with a prominent but obtuse lateral boss. Elytra long, convex, very finely punctured, each with a small discal postbasal boss bearing a small cluster of hairs. Entirely clothed with erect hairs.

Red, clothed with straw yellow pubescence. On each elytron two fairly narrow blackish transverse bands both run back obliquely towards lateral border, one