

Poecilippe femoralis Broun (1893) Man. N.Z. Col. 5, p. 1,301.

Near *stictica* Bates, but inferior lobes of eyes only a little shorter than the cheeks, front without longitudinal crests, pronotum less transverse with transverse grooves not very distinct and the lateral spine much shorter and broader, elytra a little shorter with discal boss more raised following a well marked premedian depression, entirely clothed with erect hairs, and the clothing different.

Dark red, clothed with greyish pubescence. Pronotum sometimes with two posterior ochreous spots. Posterior half of the elytra strewn with small circular denuded spots. Apical third of tibiae and tarsi as well as the apical part of antennal segments commencing with the third, dark brown.

Length, 5.5–6 mm; width, 1.7–2 mm.

Described by Sharp on specimens from New Zealand: Picton.

3. *simplex* (Bates)

Hybolasius simplex Bates (1874) *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.* (4) 14, p. 129.

Hybolasius simplex Broun (1880) Man. N.Z. Col. 1, p. 612.

Poecilippe simplex Sharp (1886) *Trans. R. Dubl. Soc.* (2) 3, p. 444.

Poecilippe simplex Broun (1893) Man. N.Z. Col. 5, p. 1,300.

Near *stictica* Bates, but the scape a little less stout, pronotum a little less transverse, without discal tubercles and with transverse grooves less distinct, lateral spine replaced by a very short obtuse conical tubercle, elytra more densely and finely punctured, and covered, as are the femora, with erect hairs, and the clothing different.

Reddish, entirely clothed with unicolourous straw yellow pubescence.

Described by Bates on specimens from New Zealand: Auckland.

4. *medialis* Sharp.

Poecilippe medialis Sharp (1886) *Trans. R. Dubl. Soc.* (2) 3, p. 444.

Poecilippe medialis Broun (1893) Man. N.Z. Col. 5, p. 1,301.

Near *stictica* Bates, but form a little broader and shorter, front without crests, pronotum more transverse with lateral spine broader and shorter and transverse grooves less distinct, discal bosses more raised, discal boss of elytron more raised and following a premedian depression, entirely covered with erect hairs and the clothing different.

Dark brown, blackish in parts, clothed with whitish yellow pubescence. Pronotum with two posterior ochreous spots. On each elytron a broad whitish premedian transverse band runs forward in the direction of the lateral border, which it does not reach, and bordered in front and behind by a blackish zone following an ochreous or reddish brown sutural spot. Posterior half of elytra strewn with small denuded circular spots. Apical third of tibiae and apical part of antennal segments beginning with the third dark brown.

Length, 5–8 mm; width, 1.7–3 mm.

Described by Sharp on specimens from New Zealand: Picton.

Genus HYBOLASIUS Bates

Hybolasius Bates (1874) *Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.* (4) 14, p. 128.

Hybolasius Broun (1880) Man. N.Z. Col. 1, p. 609.

More or less elongate. Antennae fairly slender, longer than the body, fringed below with fairly long hairs, scape short, third segment of antennae a little longer than the fourth to a little shorter than it, noticeably longer than the scape. Antenniferous tubercles scarcely to moderately raised. Eyes finely faceted and strongly notched. Front broader than high, trapeziform. Pronotum transverse, convex,