

Flabelligera mundata Ehlers, 1913, p. 535, pl. 41, figs. 1-12.

RECORDS. Coll. An/57/An/17, 3 specimens.

REMARKS. The largest of the 3 specimens of this characteristic Antarctic species measures 98 mm. The enveloping mucous sheath is very thick and the number of composite hooks in the parapodia vary from 2-6.

DISTRIBUTION. Antarctic seas.

Family OPHELIIDAE Malmgren, 1867

Genus TRAVISIA Johnston, 1840

Travisia kerguelensis McIntosh, 1885

Travisia kerguelensis McIntosh, 1885, p. 357, pl. 43, fig. 10, pl. 36a, figs. 1-2.

Travisia kerguelensis Monro, 1930, p. 165, fig. 67 a-c.

RECORDS. Coll. A/57/An/10, 1 specimen; Coll. A/57/An/16, 3 specimens.

REMARKS. The largest specimen with 23 segments is 33 mm long and 8 mm wide.

DISTRIBUTION. Magellan region, Kerguelen, South Shetlands, Antarctica.

Family MALDANIDAE Malmgren, 1867

Genus CLYMENE Savigny, 1818

Subgenus ISOCIRRUS, Arwidsson, 1907

Clymene (Isocirrus) yungi (Gravier), 1911.

Isocirrus yungi Gravier, 1911, p. 122, pl. 9, fig. 109, pl. 10, figs. 115-120.

Isocirrus yungi, Benham, 1921, p. 106.

Clymene (Isocirrus) yungi Monro, 1936, p. 167.

RECORDS. Coll. A/57/An/16, 2 specimens.

REMARKS. There are fragments of two individuals, an anterior fragment measuring 170 mm for 18 setigers and a posterior fragment measuring 60 mm for 14 setigers and 6 achaetous, ante-anal segments. There is no cephalic keel and the hinder edge of the cephalic border is crenate. The first setiger has a single ventral acicular seta, the second 2 and the third 3.

DISTRIBUTION. Antarctic, South Georgia.

Genus RHODINE Malmgren, 1865

Rhodine intermedia Arwidsson, 1911

Rhodine intermedia Arwidsson, 1911, p. 11, pl. 1, figs. 5-11, pl. 2, figs. 39-41.

Rhodine loveni, Willey, 1902, p. 276, pl. 46, figs. 3-5.

Rhodine loveni, Gravier, 1911, p. 125, pl. 9, figs. 110-112, pl. 10, fig. 114, pl. 11, fig. 133.

Rhodine antarctica Gravier, 1906, p. 39, pl. 4, figs. 33-37, text-fig. 24.

Rhodine intermedia, Monro, 1930, p. 170, fig. 70.

RECORDS. Coll. A/57/An/11, 12 specimens.

REMARKS. This species is characterised by the possession of double rows of setae.

DISTRIBUTION. South Georgia, Antarctica.

Family TERESELLIDAE Malmgren, 1867

Subfamily AMPHITRITINAE Malmgren, 1867

Genus TERESELLA Linnaeus, 1767

Terebella ehlersi Gravier, 1907

Terebella ehlersi Gravier, 1907, p. 47, pl. 5, figs. 45-46, text-figs. 30-31.