



TEXT-FIG. 1 (Figs. 1-11).—(*Perrissinoides cerambycivorae* n. sp.) Fig. 1—Head of male in lateral view (d.f., diagonal furrows). Fig. 2—Male valvulae mediales in dorsal view. Fig. 3—Male hypopygium in lateral view. Fig. 4—Right half of lobe of sternite V. Fig. 5a—1st stage larva, dorsal view in situ under the skin of the host. Fig. 5b—1st stage larva, ventral view of the fourth abd. segment showing pattern of scobinations. Fig. 6—Second stage larva in situ in host (rh, respiratory horn). Fig. 7—1st stage larva: pharyngeal skeleton in lateral view. Fig. 8—Second stage larva: pharyngeal skeleton in lateral view. Fig. 9—Third stage larva: pharyngeal skeleton in lateral view. (dw, dorsal wings; is, intermediate sclerite; m.h., mandibular hooks; p.d.a., poster dorsal angle of the m. hooks; vw, ventral wings). Fig. 10—Outer tarsal claw, left foreleg of male. Fig. 11—Base of the costa with the enlarged basicosta (bc).