



TEXT-FIG. 4. Map Locating Places Cited.

TYPE LOCALITY. Leigh, north of Auckland, at about $36^{\circ} 30' S$ on the east coast (Fig. 4).

HABITAT. Marine, in splash zone pool.

Tigriopus raki is clearly related to *T. minutus* Bozic, 1960 in having only four internal setae on the basal segment of the female fifth leg. Parallels are also to be found in the small size and the fact that *T. raki* was collected in the more sub-tropical part of New Zealand.

However, *Tigriopus raki* differs from *T. minutus* in the following points:

Differences between *T. raki* and *T. minutus*

	<i>T. raki</i>	<i>T. minutus</i>
Mxp proximal segment, internal row of spinules	of 13 spinules	of 5 spinules
Male 3rd endopod segment of 2nd leg	does not reach the 2nd endopod seg. extensions.	reaches as far as 2nd endopod extensions.
Setae on basal segment of male 5th leg.	no inner seta	one inner seta
Female 5th leg exopod	extends past the undeveloped basal seg. lobe	extends almost as far as basal seg. lobe
Male 6th leg	2 well-developed setae	3 well-developed setae