

**Aneuris salmoni** n.sp. Figs. 1, 7, 8

Head almost as long as wide, length:width = about 1:1.2; clypeus reaching more than half-way along first antennal segment, genae reaching or surpassing apex of anterior process, juga less prominent than in *brouni*. Antenniferous spines acute or sub-acute, length variable, spine length:head length = 1:5.4 (mean), range 1:4.5–1:6.6. Interocular areas variable, usually oval, as large as eyes, emarginate to a variable extent antero-laterally. Post-ocular lobes stout, acute, reaching or passing outer margins of eyes. Antennae about twice length of head, antenna length: body length = 1:3.4 (mean), range 1:3.0–1:3.8; mean relative lengths segments 1–4 = 6.3:5.7:7.4:11.0; ratio segment 3:4 = 1:1.5 (mean), range 1:1.5–1:1.6; first segment ovoid, thickest anteriorly, width:length = about 1:1.6; second segment elongate pyriform with basal peduncle flattened from side to side, width:length = about 1:2.1; third segment elongate conical, with basal peduncle, width:length = about 1:2.8; fourth segment fusiform, width:length = about 1:3.7. Rostrum reaches past eyes but not as far as posterior margin of head. Ventral surface of head transversely rugose in median groove. Neck very finely granular.

Pronotum width: body length = 1:3.1 (mean), range 1:2.9–1:3.2. Anterior margin of pronotum slightly concave, collar small; antero-lateral angles slightly raised, rounded; anterior third of lateral margin sub-parallel, posterior two-thirds abruptly wider, narrowing slightly posteriorly; postero-lateral angles slightly greater than right angles, somewhat rounded; posterior margin almost straight. Surface coarsely and smoothly granulate except on callosities.

Scutellum broadly rounded, wider than long, length: width = 1:1.5 (mean), range 1:1.4–1:1.6; basal margin with a prominent smooth carina; laterally a sub-marginal carina, tuberculate, dark and prominent in basal third; disc rugose with smooth cobble-like granules, anterior part with a low triangular elevation; basal angles with a dark papilla less conspicuous than tooth in *brouni* and *prominens*.

Corium reaching half-way along scutellum, costal margin straight, slightly raised, granulate; membrane reaching on to 7th segment.

Abdomen sub-oval, wider posteriorly than in *brouni*, maximum width in fifth segment, ratio width:length = about 1:1.2. Disc and connexivum flat. Posterior angles of connexival segments very slightly projecting; connexival segments less elongate than in *brouni*, in segment six ratio width: length = 1:1.4 (mean), range 1:1.3–1:1.7. Surface of connexivum with smooth granules, sparse posteriorly, more numerous anteriorly especially near lateral margin, forming in some specimens a tenuous sub-marginal row; inner margin of connexivum with a strong, dark, smoothly tuberculate carina. Spiracles of second, sixth and seventh segments lateral; third, fourth and fifth ventral. Ventrally connexivum thickly, smoothly granulate near lateral margin. Ventrally abdomen finely granular; segments four to six with prominent carina on anterior margins.

*Male.* Connexival plate of seventh segment with inner margin abruptly bent inwards almost half-way along, anterior part straight, posterior part concave; lateral margin with anterior part (in front of spiracle) parallel to corresponding part of inner margin, posterior part subparallel with that of inner margin, angle between parts rounded; posterior margin parallel with anterior margin, postero-lateral angle rounded; ratio width (anterior margin): length (from inner anterior angle to most posterior part of plate) = 1:1.6 (mean), range 1:1.5–1:1.7. Seventh tergal plate with concave posterior margin, a tubercle or mass of tubercles at the junction with posterior margin of connexivum. Lobes of eighth segment short, parallel sided, rounded terminally, spiracles terminal. Pygophor as wide as long, base evenly broadly rounded, sides sinuate; surface with large smooth granules closely arranged; pygophor shorter than connexival plate of segment seven.

*Female.* Connexival plate of seventh segment with inner margin sinuate, concave in basal two-thirds, apical third almost straight, passing back to meet outer margin; outer margin convex, sub-parallel with basal part of inner margin; ratio of width of plate (anterior margin): length (from inner anterior angle to most posterior part of plate) = 1:1.7 (mean, 2 specimens), range 1:1.6–1:1.8. Posterior margin seventh tergum raised mesially. Genital segment with basal margin straight; basal angles rounded; lateral margins straight, diverging; posterior angles less acute than in *brouni*; posterior margin straight, parallel to anterior margin; basal and lateral margins with a dark carina; disc with low smooth granules near apical angles; near hind margin disc shallowly depressed in middle. Spiracles on broad short papillae.