

curved in a bow-like form similar to though less exaggerated than those of *M. verrucosa* whereas those described by Marcus (Fig. 5C) are "flat, triangular, their margins straight and angular". Marcus also notes that "Kowalevsky's slugs from the Black Sea have bundles of spicules only on the bases of the tentacles while the slugs from the Aegean and those from Mamara have dispersed calcareous spicules in the whole body." The radula is described by Marcus as conforming with the normal microhedylid pattern  $2 \times 1 \times 2$  though he observes that the laterals are really single plates with a deep but incomplete cleavage in the mid-region of their longest side. Because of this incomplete separation of the laterals it is probably better to describe the radula of this species by the formula  $1 \times 1 \times 1$ , the same as with *M. verrucosa*, and widen the generic diagnosis of *Microhedyle* so that it accommodates animals with both radular formulae.

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