tude is definite towards this theory; it is one of condemnation in the present state of evidence. The Biblical Commission, June, 1909, decreed negatively in answer to the following:—

"Can we, in particular, call in question the literal and historical meaning (of Genesis; caps. L. H. 111.) when in these charter, it is question of the narrhetion of the particular as, for example, the creation of all toling by God in the beginning of time; the particular creation of man; the temestion of the history woman from the first man; the unity of the human race?"

That is, in the present since of evidence, the Commission meant to deay the arimal anestry of Adam's leady man are account the immediate formation of Pive's hady from Adam's.

A. What is the binding torse of this decree? The decree is not an infallible promotice. ment, but in the matter of stell degrees p Catholic is bound not to reach conclude against them. We example with the or in writing combat these decribed without, in curring the note of removely. Bur, is is held by theologians that, if in our own mind we are convinced of the correacy of the contrary arguments, we may represent them to the Commission or we may hold them internally. The Church's course is the rational one of forbidding her subjects to advocate publicly a doctrine that entirely lacks proof. She thus profects the unlearned and unholds truth.

The Public Conscience

Some time ago we listened to an orator criticising our social and economic conditions. He produced much evidence in subport of his arguments; and he emphasised repeatedly the need of letting the public $k_i \bullet w$ the facts. He assumed that when the public knew something they would do something. It was not the first time we had heard that fallacy enunciated; and as the orator was speaking we could not but remark that here was a man, a professed supporter of secular education, expecting a result from secular education which only religious education can give. People do not act so much from what they know as from what they feel; and their feelings are determined to a great extent by their early training. Knowledge by itself has no propelling power. It is only when knowledge is confronted with principles which have been deeply impressed on the boart that we are moved to action. It is not sufficient to know the difference between right and wrong; we must also feel it. We heard two men discussing a war-time conspiracy, in which a number of highly-placed public people were alleged to have filled their pockets with the fruits of their dishonesty. Said one; "1 suppose we should do the same thing if we were in their places." The other replied: "I suppose so." And then he added: "Good luck to them if they can get away with it? To those two men the fraudulent act was as unmoral as a dogfight. To them the criminal was to be envied if he escaped detection and punishment. That little discussion indicated the root cause of many evils in our midst. It showed first a toleration of wickedness

that only an unmoral system of education coupled with a laxity in home training could inculcate. It is vain for men to raise their voices against rampant evils in the blade on long as they support a system of education that does not influence feelings on questions of right and wrong, that places the material before the spiritual. As long as that system obtains, the schools will be the birthplace of nearly plagues that will march like an acceptation obtains, the land will march like an acceptation entroughout the land. Until we learn to shudder at evil, evil will remain to honored guest in our household.

How Conscience Is Trained

In this connection Balmes is wrath quotmy. "It is an enear to suppore," he says, talest conscience resides safely in the latelile somethic advisored in the beart. It is a judyment in its taux; but, we judge of things in a very different way according to the manner in which we feel them. Add to thre, that the feelings have an immense influence on moral ideas and actions; the resulf is that conscience is formed under the influence of all the causes which forcibly act on our hearts. Communicate to two children the same moral principles, by teaching them from the same book and under the same master; but suppose that one; in his own family sees what he is faught constantly practised, while the other sees nothing but indifference to die; suppose, moreover, that these two, children, grow up with the same moral and religious conviction, so that as far as the intellect is concerned there is no difference between them; nevertheless, do you believe that their judgment of the morality of actions will be the same? By no means; ami why? Because the one has only convictions, while the other has also feelings. In the one, the dostrine enlightens, the mind; while, in the other, example engraves it constantly on the heart. Thus, what one regards with indifference the other looks upon with horrer; what the one does with negligence the other performs with the greatest care; and the same subject that to one is of slight interest is to the other of the highest importance. Public conscience, which, in fact, is the sum of private consciences, is subject to the same influences as they are: so that mere instruction is not enough for it, and it requires the concurrence of other causes to act on the heart as well as on the mind," If our secularists had imbibed a little of the wisdom of Balmes they would understand that the surest way in which to stom the tide of evil is not to tell indifferent adults about it, but to train the children to hate and avoid it. In that case they would cease to be secularists.

The "Coming Christ" of the Theosophists

From the Fortnightly Review we learn that Mrs. Annie Besant, the leader of the Theosophical Society, has for some time been coaching a young Hindu to play the part of the "coming Christ." She had this fellow with her in Holland not long ago at the annual meeting of the Order of the Star of the East, the esoteric section of the Society. His name is Krishmanurti, and the adulation lavished upon him and Mrs. Besant herself throws a significant light upon the whole movement. "We have been extra-

ordinarily fortunate," writes one member, Checause we have been valking in the vanderful sunlight ei the prefence of Dr. the entity will be easilier order bis there any targony's in the width or which one could p lequipolity with the lightite love and tendern er geschelt eine Mr. Kleislmanurti makes at a starring those never-to-be-"It was amusing," we Burgarden Gregoria real apaire was see Mr. Krishnamurti felch too east and wash his plate and fork, and knite, just as the others did." One must he a Theosophist to appreciate the humor of the spectacle, for in Mrs. Besant's circle Krishnamurti appears not as a man, but as a divinity. It would be unjust to blame this luckless youth for the cult of which he is made the object. Netoriety has been thrust upon him against his will. Lafts to himself, he would doubtless have preferred a mantier profession than that of forming the centre of a group of adoring women. Same Theorophists, not under the domination of Mrs. Besaut, describe him as "quite a good lad." He confesses unively to having discovered an affinity in Charlie Chaplin: "Many a philosopher would give many years of his life to feel as he does." We may yet live to see the famous moustache and interminable trousers figuring on the platform of the Theosophical Society.

Sensible Warfare

The war in China is said to be progressing wonderfully wells. One observer lately returned from the seat of war describes it as a war between generals. No soldiers are killed. Every combatant shoots wide of the mark, or pops paper balls into the engine ranks; but all honestly try to get hold of the enemy general, and if successful, cut off his head. That kind of warfare has much to commend it, but it would not cut much ice in Europe. Think, for example, how disconcerting it would be, how opposed to all constitutional usage, if in the event of a European war, the soldiers decided to refrain from attacking one another but confined themselves strictly to capturing and punishing the enemy politicians, financiers, and diplomatists. That would put an end to war talk. Several Radical newspapers recently expressed dismay at a statement to the effect that it is now possible for an aeroplane carrying super-Louis gas to fly over a city and exterminate all the inhabitants in a few moments. We see no cause for uneasiness in this. On the contrary, it is about the most hopeful note that has yet been sounded it brings into the dauger zone the politicians and conspirators who make the wars. Hitherto, this confraternity have been able to insult the enemy from afar, to dispense hot air in comfortable halls and cosy luncheon rooms miles away from the trenches. But to run the risk of being choked with gas in the midst of a passionate lament that the duties of State prevented them from rushing cut to seek death in "the far-flung battle line" would be too ridiculous altogether. Peace, distasteful as it is, would be better than that.

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