

could be fairly offered to proposals for remedying the grievance.

GALWAY—A Bishop's Views on Public Questions

After his consecration in Loughrea Cathedral on Sunday, February 13, the Right Rev. Dr. Gilmartin, Bishop of Clonfert, received addresses from various public bodies. Replying to that from the Galway County Council, the Lordship said he believed that Home Rule was the only remedy for the grievances referred to in it, and that the one means of attaining that goal was the aggressive presence in the House of Commons of a united and pledge-bound party, who might rely on the country to supply them with the sinews of war and to rid them of undisciplined and inefficient colleagues. The provision for Galway College in the Irish Universities Act was so glaringly inadequate, and in such striking contrast with even the very moderate endowments of the sister colleges of the new University, that he regarded the redress of that serious grievance as a matter of a short time. Replying to an address from the South Galway Executive of the United Irish League, Dr. Gilmartin said he never had any sympathy with the policy of attacking or belittling the Irish Party. They represented a great principle; they were their own; they had large gains to their credit; they were willing to receive advice from those who had a right to give it. In reply to an address from the priests and people of Clonfert, his Lordship said he had no desire to leave the quiet cloisters of Maynooth, but now that it had pleased God to choose a weak instrument for a great mission he humbly placed himself in their hands. In reply to an address from the National teachers, he said he should like to be considered their friend because they were engaged in noble and meritorious work. Replying to an address from the local branch of the Gaelic League, Dr. Gilmartin said that as long as the friends of the Faith and supporters of the language movement mutually assisted each other there was no fear for the welfare of either, and the closer the two works were connected, the better it would be for the Faith and the more prosperous for the language. Replying to an address from the Temperance Mission of Clonfert, his Lordship said he was glad to hear that a healthy public opinion against the abuses of stimulants had extinguished the notion that decency could not subsist without drink. Addresses were also presented from the priests and people of the archdiocese of Tuam and the priests and people of Castlebar, his Lordship's native parish. In the evening a banquet was given in the Town Hall by the newly-consecrated Bishop, who had on his right Cardinal Logue and on his left the Archbishop of Tuam.

The New Bishop of Clonfert

In Loughrea Cathedral, on February 13, the Most Rev. Dr. Gilmartin was consecrated Bishop of Clonfert, in presence of a congregation that filled the sacred edifice to overflowing. Dr. Gilmartin's popularity with the clergy was amply evident from the great number of priests, many of them from distant parts of Ireland, that attended his consecration. His popularity with the people whose future destinies he has been appointed to guide was clearly shown by the general rejoicing throughout the ancient diocese of Clonfert. Loughrea itself, the historic old cathedral town, was decorated with flags and banners indicative of the people's rejoicing. The streets were filled with a joyous crowd during the day, while at night they were brilliantly illuminated. The consecration was carried out with all the impressive ceremonial which the Church prescribes for events of such importance. His Eminence Cardinal Logue presided at the function. The Most Rev. Dr. Healy, Archbishop of Tuam, was the consecrating prelate. The assistant Bishops were Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Cloyne; Right Rev. Dr. O'Dea, Bishop of Galway; Right Rev. Dr. Fogarty, Bishop of Killaloe; Right Rev. Dr. McKenna, Bishop of Clogher.

WICKLOW—Parliamentary Representation

Mr. E. O'Kelly has been elected unopposed for Wicklow West, the seat rendered vacant by the death of Mr. J. O'Connor.

TAMER FRUIT PILLS FOR BILIOUSNESS.

BILIOUSNESS is one of the most disagreeable of all complaints, and one of the most common. At some time or another it attacks nearly everybody, and it is likely enough to attack you. Now, if your liver does not produce enough bile fluid, much of your food remains undigested, and begins to ferment, causing windy spasms and constipation. Impurities are then carried into your system, causing headaches, offensive breath, and kidney and bladder troubles. Whatever the form or the cause of Biliousness, the sure cure is Tamer Fruit Pills.

WANTED KNOWN—That Bill-heads, Circulars, Cards, Programmes, and General Printing of every description are executed at the Tablet Office. Moderate rates.

People We Hear About

The Hon. Alexander Wilmot, M.L.C., of Cape Colony, who visited New Zealand a few years ago, celebrated his golden wedding on January 17 last at Wynberg. He is one of the leading Catholics of the Cape.

Much sympathy is felt with Lord Ninian Crichton-Stuart in the loss of his little heir, a pretty little boy of three, who was an interested participator in the recent election contest at Cardiff, being driven about, to his great delight, in a carriage bearing the injunction, 'Please vote for Daddy.' The little canvasser has succumbed to a chill caught on the exciting occasion.

Rev. Father Matthew Russell has been editor of the *Irish Monthly* since 1873, and Rev. Father Hudson began to edit the *Ave Maria* in 1875. The careers of these two veteran editors (says the *Sacred Heart Review*) have been remarkable in other respects besides length of years. Perhaps no other living editor has done more than either of these men for the encouragement of Catholic writers and the improvement of Catholic literature.

All Catholics (says the *Sacred Heart Review*) are familiar with the life of St. Elizabeth of Hungary, whose virtues hallowed the thirteenth century, and who bore the beautiful title, 'Patroness of the Poor.' At the present day Europe has another noble lady whose name is also Elizabeth and whose charity towards the poor and the afflicted is very notable and very beautiful. This is the new Queen of Belgium, wife of King Albert I. She studied medicine as a girl and was graduated with the degree of M.D. at Leipzig shortly before her marriage. She never practised, but she takes a direct and personal interest in the dispensary for poor consumptives she and King Albert founded some years ago. She is one of the few women upon whom the Pope has conferred the Order of the Golden Rose.

Mr. Hugh Law, M.P., who has represented West Donegal since 1902, is the second son of the late Right Hon. Hugh Law, formerly Lord Chancellor of Ireland. Born in 1872, he was educated at Rugby, and afterwards at the University College, Oxford, where he was the fellow-student of such other distinguished and interesting politicians and pundits as Belloc, Chesterton, and Phillimore. Mr. Law is one of the considerable number of Protestants who are members of the Irish Parliamentary Party. He represents, perhaps, the most Catholic constituency in all Ireland, and, although with him as with his friend, Swift MacNeill, his Protestantism is an uncompromising quantity, he is a firm favorite with his constituents, and is invariably nominated by the leading priests of his constituency. Mr. Law facetiously describes himself as a 'persecuted Protestant.' A speaker of considerable culture, ease, and ability, his recent visit to Scotland has established him in an enduring popularity among his fellow-Nationalists there, while among the Liberals in large industrial centres where he has spoken, he is regarded with no less cordiality.

There passed away recently in London Captain J. J. Dunne, a man who played many parts in his lifetime. He was born in Queen's County in 1837, educated at Clongowes Wood College, Dublin, and on the Continent, and, having joined the Army, served in this Dominion in the early sixties. Later on he travelled all over the world in search of sport and adventure. On the starting of the movement for self-government in Ireland, he became secretary of the Home Government Association, of which Isaac Butt, Q.C., was president. On the death of Mr. Butt in 1879 Captain Dunne was appointed Governor of H.M. Prison Service, and for several years was in charge of Castlebar Gaol. On leaving the prison service he settled in London as a journalist, and wrote for the *Field*. His book on *How and Where to Fish in Ireland*, by 'Hi Regan,' is well known to all anglers in Ireland. He also wrote *Here and There Memories*, by 'H.R.N.' in which he recounts some of his experiences and relates many racy Irish episodes and stories. His daughter, Mrs. Golding Bright, is the novelist and dramatist, 'George Egerton.'

In the following analysis the members of the House of Commons are classified according to their profession, and the principal mercantile and other positions they occupy:—Bankers and financiers, 13; barristers (in or out of practice) and K.C.'s, 125; brewers, distillers and wine merchants, 13; builders, architects, etc., 8; civil and mining engineers, 11; colliery proprietors and coal merchants, 7; diplomatists and Government officials, 8; directors of public companies, 12; estate agents, accountants, and auctioneers, 7; farmers and agriculturists, 13; gentry and landowners, 56; iron masters and metal merchants, 13; labor representatives, 40; manufacturers and spinners, 51; medical profession, 9; merchants, 37; ministers of religion, 2; newspaper owners and journalists, 38; peers' sons and brothers, 45; printers, booksellers, and authors, 8; professors and lecturers, 12; secretaries, private and official, 10; steamship and ship owners and builders, 12; solicitors (in or out of practice), 30; shopkeepers and traders, 16; military officers, 44; naval officers, 2. In addition there are 1 commercial traveller, 1 picture dealer, 1 pilot, 2 schoolmasters and tutors, 2 representatives of the motor-car industry, 3 railway and naval contractors, and 4 sharebrokers.