

**MISSING**

**PAGE**

**MISSING**

**PAGE**

## Friends at Court

### CLEANINGS FOR NEXT WEEK'S CALENDAR

- September 16, Sunday.—Fifteenth Sunday after Pentecost. The Seven Dolours of the Blessed Virgin Mary.
- „ 17, Monday.—The Stigmata of St. Francis.
- „ 18, Tuesday.—St. Joseph of Cupertino, Confessor.
- „ 19, Wednesday.—St. Januarius and Companions, Martyrs. Ember Day.
- „ 20, Thursday.—Thursday.—St. Agapitus I., Pope and Confessor.
- „ 21, Friday.—St. Matthew, Apostle. Ember Day.
- „ 22, Saturday.—St. Thomas of Villanova, Bishop and Confessor, Ember Day.

#### The Seven Dolours of the Blessed Virgin Mary.

To drink of that chalice of suffering which the Redeemer of mankind drained to the dregs, has fallen to the lot of all the saints, but most of all to the Mother of God. Owing to the sacred tie which bound her to her Divine Son, she felt most keenly every danger which threatened Him, and every pang that wrung His Sacred Heart. Her seven principal sorrows, commemorated to-day, were the prophecy of St. Simeon, the flight into Egypt, the loss of the Child Jesus in the temple, the carrying of the Cross, the Crucifixion, the taking down from the Cross, and the burial of our Lord.

#### St. Joseph of Cupertino, Confessor.

St. Joseph, the son of poor parents near Brindisi, in his early years followed the trade of a shoemaker. Having entered, as a lay brother, the Order of Conventual Friars, his superiors, through admiration of his humility and penitential spirit, promoted him to the priesthood. God deigned to reward the virtues of His servant by miraculous favors, which were the occasion of numerous conversions. St. Joseph died in 1663, at the age of 60.

#### St. Januarius and Companions, Martyrs.

St. Januarius, Bishop of Benevento, in the South of Italy, was, with six companions, beheaded during the persecution of Diocletian. The remains of St. Januarius were conveyed to Naples, where every year on his feast and during the octave, the celebrated miracle of the liquefaction of his blood takes place.

#### St. Thomas of Villanova.

St. Thomas was born at Fuenlana (Leon), Spain, in 1488, and died at Valencia, of which he was Archbishop, in 1555. He was distinguished for his humility and charity, and merited the glorious surname of the 'Father of the Poor.'

## GRAINS OF GOLD.

### A BEAUTIFUL RIVER.

What makes a beautiful river?

The clear, cool water that fills its bed,  
And speeds along with a rippling song  
To the ocean far ahead.

What makes a beautiful mind?

The sweet, pure thoughts that mingle there,  
And blissfully to memory's sea—  
They pass—an endless prayer.

— Ave Maria.

A new light in our heart makes an occasion; but an occasion is an opportunity, not for building a tabernacle, and feeling thankful, and looking back to a blessed memory, but for shedding the new light on the old path, and doing old duties with new inspiration. The uncommon life is the child of the common day, lived in an uncommon way.

Attain, ever attain, but let it be along original lines. Take no one for your model. Your counterpart never has been, and to fashion yourself after another is going to interfere with that special development which differentiates you from every other human being. The same is true of your work. There is a work which you can do, and which, if you do not, must go undone. To find that work and then do it as you can do it—not as another does it—that is success.

## The Storyteller

### MARGARET DREW

(Concluded from last week.)

In the following spring Roger begged to come home, saying he felt much better, and all that he now needed was to be with his old friends. So one April day he came back, looking bright and cheerful, making light of the tedious cough that still clung to him. But May is a treacherous month, and that particular May swept over the land in blighting sleet and heavy rain. The early buds of spring in garden and orchard were nipped and shrivelled, and the birds were silent in their nests; striving with outstretched wings to shield their young from cold. Roger was obliged to keep indoors, and ere the month was half over, he could not leave his bed.

I need scarcely dwell on that harrowing time, when hope grew less day by day. Margaret Drew came and went, like the ministering angel that she was, breathing words of love and consolation, thinking of everyone, doing all things needful, and all in her quiet, unassuming way, as if only obeying the suggestions of others. Shortly before the end, she came out of Roger's room one evening, weeping bitterly. He had asked to see her alone, but not for many years did she refer to the subject of their interview.

Harry came to clasp his friend's hand once more, and to stand beside his grave on Killybeg hill, sad and lonely for the comrade in whom every dear association of childhood and youth was bound up. He stayed but a few days at home, for his regiment was ordered off on active service, and with a heavy heart he was obliged to bid farewell to his old father, knowing not what the chances of war might bring, or whether he might ever see his face again.

Five years brings many changes. Sir Joseph in that time had become an old man, stooped and slow of gait. Anxiety for his only son might account for this, for Harry had not passed through the war unscathed. There had been one dreadful day when his name had appeared among the wounded, and not only the manor house, but the whole village was in a state of commotion. It seemed a century of time until they learned that all danger was over, and then the days dragged slowly on before the war ended, and Sir Joseph might look once more for the return of his gallant son.

In the cottage things were quieter than before. The five lusty boys had gone out into the world to take their chance of good or ill fortune, and Mrs. Martyn had grown many grey hairs in solicitude and anxiety.

Clare had bloomed into full womanhood, matured by sorrow and frustrated hope. Her face had grown beautiful in its calm dignity, and bore the stamp of a soul purified and strengthened by the patient and submissive endurance of grievous trial. Out of her blue eyes there shone the light of self-forgetfulness and wide love for others, and wherever there was sorrow or sickness or trouble of any kind, there was Clare Martyn to be found.

Margaret Drew had changed least of any. She was a little less active, but none the less kindly interested in all that concerned her friends, young and old, rich and poor. Grievances and joys were poured into her sympathetic ear as frequently as before, and new generations of village children sought her caresses and her sweetmeats just as their predecessors had done.

Roger was not forgotten. He still lived in the hearts of those who had known him, and more than one sought in vain to make Clare the mistress of his home. She turned away from all, keeping his memory and his love sacred to herself.

Five years had gone by since Harry had watched the last sod fall on his friend's grave. Now he came slowly up the hill to visit it once more. He had spent the afternoon quietly with his father, and had set out under the rising moon to see those other dear friends of whom he had thought so often when far away. Lights shone from Margaret's windows, but he must first pay his solemn duty to the dead. The rays of the moon guided him to the high marble cross, and there he saw Clare standing, almost without surprise.

Their hands clasped, and few words were spoken. One glance in her eyes dashed his hopes to the very earth. They walked down the hill to the cottage, and there in the full lamp light he saw how beautiful she had grown. Under Mrs. Martyn's cherry influence fresh hope dawned, as Clare brightened and hardly tried to conceal her pleasure in his return.

NO DOUBT ABOUT IT.

Established 1861

# "Beau's"

Established 1861

The Oldest Musical Firm in the Colony

SUPPLY

With a Reputation never questioned

Pianos, Organs,

AND ALL

Musical Instruments

Of the Highest Grade at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Their Stock comprises

Selected Instruments from the World's Best Makers.

Art Catalogues Free for the asking.

DUNEDIN, WELLINGTON, INVERCARGILL,  
TIMARU & LONDON.

Mention 'Tablet' when writing.

Don't Hesitate! Exercise  
WISDOM

VISIT **SIMON** George Street  
**BROTHERS** SHOP

THE UP-TO-DATE SHOP FOR  
Stylish Dress Boots, for Comfortable, Warm  
Boots and Slippers, for Real Hard-Wear  
Boots for your Boys and Girls.  
Rock-bottom Prices.

OUR ONLY ADDRESS } George Street, near Octagon

**PATERSON & BURK**  
(W. J. BURK)

Venetian and Holland Blind Works.

Old Blinds repainted and repaired with  
promptness and despatch equal to new.  
Shop and Office Windows fitted with Latest  
and Improved Patterns of Holland Blinds  
and Patent Spring Rollers. A large assort-  
ment of specially prepared Tapes and Cords  
and every other requisite always on-hand

MORAY PLACE

(Opposite Normal School),

Telephone: 474. DUNEDIN.

VISITORS TO DUNEDIN

will find ..

**COUGHLAN'S NEW  
SHAMROCK HOTEL**  
MACLAGGAN STREET, DUNEDIN,  
the Best place to stay at  
The Tariff is 4s 6d per day. The bedrooms  
are newly done up and sunny.  
The house though central is away from the  
noise of the principal thoroughfare.  
Address:—SHAMROCK HOTEL, DUNEDIN

**E. F. LAWRENCE  
BUTCHER,**  
82 and 84 GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

The Cheapest Shop in Town for Prime Ox  
Beef, Whether Mutton, Dairy Fed Pork,  
beautiful Lamb, Fat Veal, etc.

Small Goods a Speciality—fresh daily.

Cooked Mince Beef, Cooked Hams, Cooked  
Ox Tongues got ready on the shortest notice  
for Picnics and Parties.

Families waited on daily for Orders.

Drink Primrose Tea

(A PURE CEYLON)

At 1s 6d per lb.

THOSE who use it are Delighted, and  
declare it to be the best on the market  
for the money.

Can also do Tea at from 1s to 2s per lb.

**SHANKS & CO.,**  
CASH GROCERY STORE,  
CHURCH STREET, TIMARU.

TELEPHONE No. 22.

SEND FOR  
Illustrated  
LIST  
FREE.



**LADIES!**

**HAIR SWITCHES.**  
Of Pure Hair at Specially  
Low Prices. Quality of the  
Finest. 14in. long, 7s 6d;  
16in., 10s; 18in., 15s;  
20in., 21s; 22in., 25s; 24in.,  
30s.

**FASHIONABLE  
FRINGES**  
Made on Invisible Founda-  
tion, 21s.

**TRANSFORMATIONS**  
Of Best Natural Wavy Hair,  
Made to Order, 4s to  
£10 10s.

**A. M. HENDY,**  
Hair Specialist,  
DUNEDIN.

2s in the £  
Discount  
if you  
Mention  
This Paper.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

**The Carlton Cafe**

(Under New Management.)

THE CARLTON CAFE will be RE-  
OPENED on THURSDAY NEXT by  
Mr. and Mrs. TODD (late of Silver Grid,  
High street) as a First-class DINING and  
TEA ROOMS. The building having been  
thoroughly renovated and refurnished  
throughout, patrons may rely upon having  
everything served up in first-class style.

If your House wants Painting!  
If your Rooms require Papering!  
If your Shop could do with deco-  
rative Painting!

Drop a Line to

**O. KROHN,**

Old Custom-House Street,

And 42 Victoria Street,

WELLINGTON.

Telephone - - - 2142

**P. O'GORMAN** Picture Framer.  
and Mount Cutter

Town and Country Orders promptly attended to

Address: 51 ALBANY ST., DUNEDIN.

Mr. HALIM KOOREY, of Wanganui,

IS desirous of informing the Public that  
he has a Large and Varied Stock of  
Religious Articles of every description on  
hand, imported direct.

Prayer Books - - - from 1s to 7s

Rosary Beads - - - from 4d to 2s

Prayer Book Pictures - from 1d to 6d

Scapulars, Badges, Crosses and Crucifixes,  
Bronze Statues, Aluminium Medals, H. W.  
Fonts, Large Size Pictures (framed and un-  
framed), etc., etc., at all prices.

Wholesale Prices given to suit Missions  
in any part of the Colony. Also on hand a  
Large and Varied Stock of

DRAPERY AND JEWELLERY, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Attended To.

Note Address—H. KOOREY, Wanganui, N.Z.

**GLADSTONE HOTEL.**  
MACLAGGAN ST., DUNEDIN  
JOHN COLLINS, (late of the Al Hotel  
Pelichet Bay), PROPRIETOR.

Having leased the above centrally situated  
Hotel, the proprietor is now prepared to offer  
First-Class Accommodation to the general  
public. The building has undergone a  
thorough renovation from floor to ceiling.  
The bedrooms are neatly furnished and well  
ventilated.

Tourists, Travellers, and Boarders will find  
all the comforts of a home. Suites of rooms  
for families.

Hot, Cold and Shower Baths.

A SPECIAL FEATURE—is, LUNCHEON  
from 12 to 2 o'clock.

The Very Best of Wines, Ales, and Spirits  
supplied. CHARGES MODERATE.  
Accommodation for over 100 guests.

One of Alcock's Billiard Tables.

JOHN COLLINS - PROPRIETOR.

**T. MCKENZIE'S Patent Star Brand  
Cloth Renovating Fluid.**

NO WATER REQUIRED.

For Cleaning Coat Collars and Renovating  
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing, extract-  
ing Grease, Oil, Paint, Sperm, etc., from  
Cloth, etc. Price: 1/- per Bottle.

Sold by all Grocers and Ironmongers.

Nevertheless, that grave stood between them, and climbing the hill once more, he paused beside it and thought within himself that, if Roger could know all, he would surely set matters right for them.

When he reached Margaret's house, she kissed him and lavished upon him many endearing words. She listened to him as he told her how he had met Clare, and said:

'Keep a good heart, dear boy. All will be well. I feel sure of it. Indeed I know, for I think Clare loves you, and there is even yet one last word from Roger. The dear lad gave me a letter the night before he died. It was a painful effort for him to write, but he loved you, Harry, and he said he would rest happier when he knew Clare and you were happy. The dear, noble fellow!'

Clare had read the faint, labored lines of love from that true heart now at rest. Tears are streaming down her cheeks, and Margaret weeps in sympathy, too. She looks towards the old ruin on the hill, and the white cross beside it, with a glance of love and thankfulness, and a prayer for the kind, thoughtful soul that even when all things were passing away from him, forgot not what the future might hold for those he was to leave behind.

Their future would indeed have been lonely and cheerless but for the trust reposed in Margaret Drew when he confided his last missive to her hands.—Irish Monthly.

## A MATTER OF CONSCIENCE

A drizzling rain from a leaden sky is frequently symbolic of the heavy-hearted feelings of a disappointed person. John Hanson thought so as he gazed out of the window of his law office into great banks of black clouds seemingly endless and impenetrable. He felt terribly out of sorts this particular morning.

He had worked, but clients were few and far between, and the outlook was far from promising. He had education and natural talents and felt that the only thing needful was an opportunity to display the knowledge and power he possessed. For a long time he had nursed the ambition of representing his district in Congress. Once more, he felt that his future would be assured. Time after time he had made advances in this direction, only to be repulsed because of youth and inexperience.

While he sat musing he was roused by a knock, followed by the entrance of a heavily-built man with a black moustache. Hanson recognised the newcomer at a glance. It was 'Dave' Hendricks, the political leader of the district. Hendricks nodding coolly to Hanson, seated himself in a comfortable chair. Then pulling out a cigar, he lighted it with deliberation, and calmly blew a cloud of tobacco smoke in the direction of the young lawyer. The young man felt called upon to begin the conversation.

'What can I do for you, Mr. Hendricks?'

'Nothing,' was the prompt reply. 'You can do nothing for me.'

'There were several moments of silence, and then Hendricks resumed: 'But I can do a great deal for you.'

'I know it,' replied Hanson, who realised the enormous power wielded by the visitor.

There was another significant silence, and then Hendricks, ceasing to puff his cigar, gazed steadily at the young man. Finally he spoke:

'You look like an ambitious young man.'

'Did you come here this morning for the purpose of flattering me?'

'No,' was the reply. 'I came to ask you a question.'

'What is it?'

'Would you like to go to Congress?'

Hanson gripped the arms of his chair to conceal the agitation he felt. Could it be possible that the long-coveted opportunity was at hand? It seemed too good to be true. Nevertheless he answered as calmly as possible.

'Yes, I confess I would like to go to Congress.'

'All right; your opportunity is at hand.'

'Are you serious?' asked Hanson.

'Never more so in my life.'

'But how about Congressman Sandall—has he decided to retire?'

'No,' with a laugh, 'but we have decided to retire him.'

'Do you think,' asked Hanson anxiously, 'I can win against a man like Samuel Sandall? He has represented this district in Congress for a generation. If he wants to he can surely control a majority of the delegates to the Congressional convention.'

'That's where the joke comes in,' cried Hendricks, laughing uproariously, 'we don't intend to let the man know a thing about it. He thinks everything is all right and has planned to go out of the city on the day of the nominations. If he was there he could control the convention; but our game is to see that he is not there.'

'Our game,' echoed Hanson with uplifted eyebrows.

'Yes, our game,' pursued the other, ignoring the danger signals before him. 'You see, the old man is getting too independent, and we want to punish him. He refused to vote for two important bills that we were interested in at the last session. We don't propose to run that risk again. We want our own man there. We want you there.'

It was Hanson's turn to stare at his visitor. In that stare all of his hopes for preferment were dashed to the ground. He spoke slowly, choosing his words carefully.

'The conditions of my nominations are that I shall deceive Congressman Sandall first; and after that pledge myself to vote as you wish without regards to the merits of legislation?'

'Ah, now, Hanson,' remonstrated the other, 'you needn't put it in that fashion. We are going to attend to Sandall; all you have to do is to keep quiet and go along.'

'Well, then, Mr. Hendricks,' said Hanson, rising from his chair and shaking with suppressed excitement, 'All that I have to say is that I refuse to go along in any such despicable game.'

'What!' almost shrieked Hendricks; 'do you mean to say that you are going to refuse this nomination? Why, man alive, it's a chance in ten thousand. And it don't cost you anything.'

'Ah, but there you are mistaken.'

'No, I'm not,' insisted Hendricks, thinking the young lawyer was about to yield; 'it don't cost you anything.'

'It would cost me my self-respect. I decline to part with that.'

Hendricks did not say another word, but his face indicated extreme disgust and incredulity. As he made his way down the staircase he could be heard muttering to himself: 'Well, of all the blithering fools I ever met, this one is the worst of them all.'

After the departure of his visitor, Hanson sat in his office looking out at the drizzling rain, which still fell from the leaden sky. The mass of heavy clouds remained, and he felt thoroughly disheartened and discouraged. While he looked, the rain ceased, the lowering clouds lifted slightly, and a rift of sunshine coming out of the sky penetrated the little office.

That night as he sat talking to the dearest girl on earth, Hanson could not rid himself of the recollection of the day's events. Julia Joyce was thoughtful and sympathetic, and she noticed his preoccupation.

'John,' she said gently, 'you do not seem yourself to-night. You are pale and troubled. Share your difficulties with me—I am sure you would do so with your joys.'

John tried to evade the question, but she was persistent in her own tender way. Being a woman, she carried her point. Man-like, John blurted out the thing that filled his mind most.

'I am troubled,' he said. 'I have made a brave attempt to be somebody on your account, but it seems futile. My prospects were never so discouraging as they are now, and for that reason there are times when I think it would be wrong to ask you to share your lot with me.'

'What nonsense, John,' she cried with a hearty outburst of indignation. 'Don't talk to me as if I were a doll or a fashion plate. If you win me, it will be because we have faith in each other, and not because of prospects or any sort of rubbish of that kind.'

Her honesty seemed to clear the cobwebs out of his head.

'I think you are right,' he said; 'forgive me for talking in such a despondent strain.'

'You are forgiven,' she said smilingly; but now tell me really what you have on your mind.'

He started at this and stammered a bit.

'Why, I've—I've—just been telling you.'

'No, you haven't; you've been indulging in glittering generalities. Now tell me what has happened to-day to upset you so much.'

Retreat was impossible now, so he told the whole story as gracefully as possible, omitting only the names. At its conclusion she said simply:

'Do you regret your decision?'

'Not in the least,' was the answer.

'Then why are you troubled?'

'It's simply a matter of conscience. I think sometimes that it is my duty to go and warn the Congressman of the conspiracy that has been organised to

# ASHBY, BERGH & CO. Limited,

Wholesale and Retail

Ironmongers,

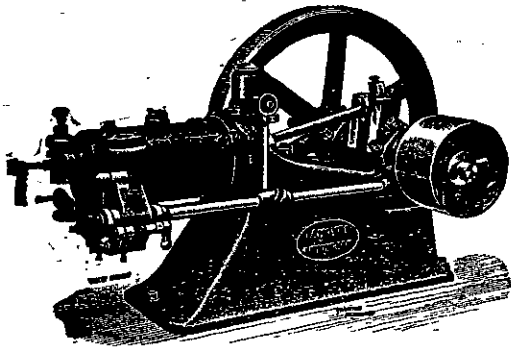
217 High Street,

CHRISTCHURCH.

Are now showing a very large Assortment of Goods suitable for Presents of every description, including—

OPERA GLASSES    FIELD GLASSES    FLOWER STANDS    SILVER HAIR BRUSHES    PURSES  
COMBS AND ALL TOILET REQUISITES    KNICK-KNACKS IN GOLD AND SILVER  
CARD CASES    CIGAR CASES    DRESSING CASES    GLADSTONE, BRIEF, AND FITTED BAGS  
WALLETS    CHATELAIN BAGS IN BEST LEATHER WITH SILVER MOUNTS

Inspection Cordially Invited



## TANGYE'S GAS ENGINE AND "Suction" Gas Producer.

5 HORSE POWER FOR 1 PENNY PER HOUR  
IN NEW ZEALAND.

For Quotations and full particulars apply

JOHN CHAMBERS & SON, Limited,  
Auckland, Wellington, and Dunedin.

## RAILWAY HOTEL,

W. H. ROBINS,  
Proprietor.

RIVERSDALE

Good Accommodation.    Only First-class Liquors kept in stock.

## OXFORD HOTEL, CHRISTCHURCH.

Good Accommodation for the Travelling Public.

Best Brands of Ales, Wines and Spirits kept

THOMAS DAILY    Proprietor.  
(Late of Winslow, Ashburton.)



### See that Back!

It's the new Non-breakable Back that is fast replacing the ordinary sewn one.

Non-breakable Backs are inserted in several makes of "Standard" Brand Boots. They are specially adapted for Children's School Boots, and are unequalled for Ladies' and Gentlemen's heavy wear.

These Backs are made of specially pliable leather that will not crack, and are cut in one piece. The back seam is done away with, and side seams (as shown in the illustration) are used.

Ask for "Standard" Brand Non-breakable Back Boots. They look well, fit well, and wear well.



The first STARCH manufactured in New Zealand, and the BEST.  
Established 1861.

### H. E. BEVERIDGE

REMOVED to 36 George Street, Dunedin

Is now showing a Magnificent Variety in  
Millinery, Furs, Fancy Neckwear, Belts, Lace  
Collarettes, Dress Tweeds.

DRESSMAKING A SPECIALTY.

accomplish his defeat, and then again, I feel that I received the information to a certain extent under the seal of confidence.

'Did you pledge yourself to secrecy?'

'Oh, no.'

'Well, this Congressman—what sort of a man is he? I never met him in my life, but from all that I hear about him, he must be a very unattractive person. He is hard in his manner and conversation, dislikes young men exceedingly, and was never known to extend a helping hand to a person in distress.'

'Not a very pretty picture.'

'No, but that is his reputation—he has taken a quarter of a century to earn it.'

'Are there no bright sides to the portrait?'

'Only that he is rigidly honest.'

'That is a great deal in these days.'

'I agree with you.'

'By the way,' she exclaimed suddenly, 'what is the name of this monster with the one redeeming trait?'

'Congressman Samuel Sandall,' replied Hanson, without pausing to consider.

She gave a scream and almost jumped from the chair.

'What is the matter?' he asked anxiously; 'are you ill?'

'Oh, no; only a sudden pain; still, you had better leave me now.'

This was rattled off so quickly, so feverishly, and so unnaturally, that Hanson was dazed. He recovered quickly. Reaching for his hat and cane, he walked to the door, saying stiffly:

'I'll bid you good evening.'

'Oh!' she cried, running after him; 'don't be cross.'

He melted like a snowball before the refulgent rays of the noonday sun.

'Promise me,' she said, laying her hands on his shoulders, promise me you will not mention this thing to another living soul, and come here again to-morrow night.'

He promised, and going home wondered what in the world had come over the gentle girl, who had never before, in all their acquaintance, shown such excitement. He remained at his office all of the next day, and as he was about leaving for home, received this telegram:

'You have been unanimously nominated for Congress. Congratulations.'

JULIA JOYCE.'

His head was in a whirl. What did it mean? How did it happen? Had he not been remiss in not notifying Sandall of the conspiracy? What should he do now? How did Julia learn of this. What did her telegram mean. While he was revolving all of these thoughts in his mind, a delegation called to officially apprise him of his nomination. 'Dave' Hendricks was the chairman. Hanson, in responding, said the news was a complete surprise, and he would have to take the matter under consideration before accepting or declining.

Hendricks laughed outright at this, and as he left the room gave Hanson a dig in the ribs.

'You're all right,' he leered; 'you'll make a dandy Congressman. I'm for you.'

That night, when he started to keep his appointment with Julia, Hanson wondered what he should do or say to explain himself. The room was darkened, but Julia came out of the gloom, leading a gentleman by the hand.

'John,' she said softly, 'I want you to meet this gentleman.'

Hanson looked at the old man with wrinkled face and gray hair; who stood before him, and bowed respectfully.

'John,' resumed Julia, 'this is Congressman Samuel Sandall.'

'Sandall!' shouted John, unable to control his excitement. 'Why—'

'Mr. Sandall,' she interrupted, with a quiet wave of the little hand, 'is my uncle and my guardian.'

'Why, I didn't know—'

'Certainly not,' she said, cutting him short again; 'how could you? We have only known each other for a few months, and I didn't have time to tell of all my family connections. Besides, uncle has been in Washington all of the time.'

'But this nomination,' protested John; 'he should know my position.'

'I knew it last night,' said the Congressman kindly. 'Julia told me everything. I have been thinking of retiring for years, and when I heard of this, I determined to turn the tables on those fellows. I remained in town, and, controlling the convention, named you. You earned it by the way you preserved your self-respect.'

'And you will accept, John, won't you?' asked Julia, nestling up to him.

'Yes,' he said heartily, 'I will accept.'

He turned a look of tenderness on her. She recognised its meaning and blushed furiously.

'And you?' said John.

'I,' she said faintly, 'I will accept, too, John.'—  
'Benziger's Magazine.'

## A Martial Bishop

The Right Rev. Dr. Brindle, Bishop of Nottingham, who received the Queen of Spain (the Princess Ena) into the Catholic Church, is a remarkable man. He was an army chaplain and won the distinguished service order in Egypt—a fact which is chronicled in army lists and biographical reference books for all to see.

No chaplain was ever more popular in the army with officers and men of all denominations. He accompanied Wolseley's forces in Egypt and entered Cairo in the days when England and English plans were distrusted and disliked. The epidemic of cholera that decimated the city first proved to the Egyptians what manner of men were those who had come to introduce the reign of law and order in their country.

The fallahen—starving and wretched—bowed before the pestilence as sent by Allah, raising no finger to help themselves. The British troops quietly set to work to fight it, disinfecting, cleansing, burying the dead, succoring the sick; and foremost in this work, was always the sturdy young chaplain, who seemed to know neither fatigue nor fear. At Tel-el-Kebir, instead of remaining with the ambulance, he was with the Royal Irish regiment in their charge over the entrenchments. He said he wanted to be with the boys where they needed him most. Two years later he took part in the expedition for the relief of Gordon at Khartoum. Though entitled to a horse, he would never ride, insisting on tramping with the men.

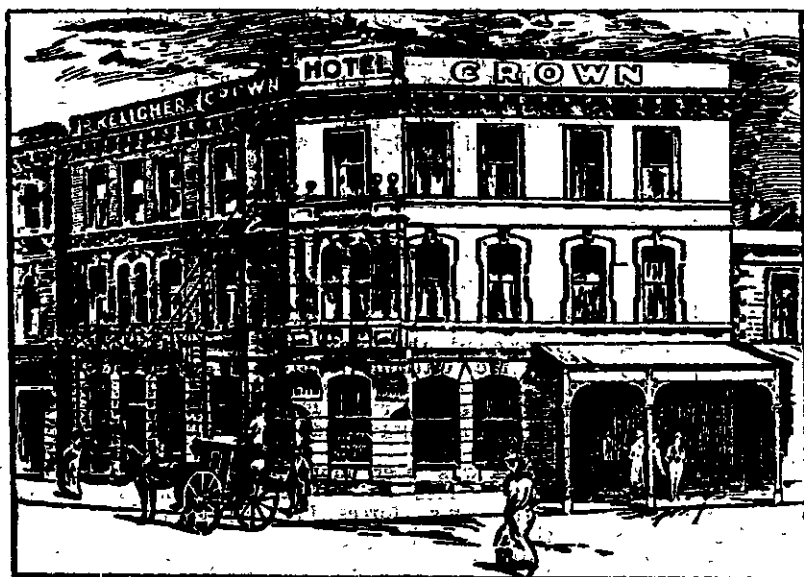
In 1896 he was in the Soudan again with Kitchener fighting the Khalifa. Dongola in that year and Omdurman some years later were battlefields where the chaplain's mettle was proved, as the wounded and dying found to their comfort. Although these came always first with Father Brindle, there was not an officer or a private in the brigade but knew that he could reckon on the chaplain for all possible support and help. It was at Atbara that he won the distinguished service order. There he brought up ammunition from the rear when Burn-Murdoch's men were desperately defending their zereeba attacked on all sides by the mahdi's fanatic Soudanese. Again and again he crossed the line of fire carrying the cartridge cases as calmly as he might have carried cheese. The men, face to face with death, paused to cheer him as he passed.

After his appointment to the See of Nottingham in 1901 he was present at a reception in Cardinal Vaughan's house at Westminster. The room was crowded with officers who had served in Egypt and had come to do honor to their old comrade. The Bishop wore on his purple soutane a long row of orders and medals; the crescent of a Turkish order hanging close to his episcopal cross of gold. Dr. Brindle laughed heartily as one of his old friends whispered to him: 'You did not wear such a fine kit, my lord, when I had my last chat with you. You wore the khaki then.'

**MYERS & CO., Dentists, Octagon, corner of George Street.** They guarantee the highest class of work at moderate fees. Their artificial teeth give general satisfaction, and the fact of them supplying a temporary denture while the gums are healing does away with the inconvenience of being months without teeth. They manufacture a single artificial tooth for Ten Shillings, and sets equally moderate. The administration of nitrous oxide gas is also a great boon to those needing the extraction of a tooth.

**HOW TO PAINT A HOUSE CHEAP.**  
**Carrara Paint** In White and Colors, Mixed Ready for Inside and Outside Use. **CARRARA** retains its Gloss and Lustre for at least five years, and will look better in eight years than lead and oil paints do in two. **USE CARRARA**, the first coat of which is no greater than lead and oil paints, and your paint bills will be reduced by over 50 per cent. A beautifully-illustrated booklet, entitled 'How to Paint a House Cheap,' will be forwarded free on application.

K. RAMSAY & CO., 19 Vogel Street, Dunedin,



# CROWN HOTEL

RATTRAY STREET, DUNEDIN

**P. KELIGHER,**

Having considerably enlarged and thoroughly vated this Old-established and Well-known Hotel, offers to the Travelling Public really

**FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION.**

THE HOTEL IS CENTRALLY SITUATED, being only a few minutes' walk from Railway Station and Wharves.

COMMERCIAL ROOM,  
LADIES' DRAWING-ROOM,  
BILLIARD ROOM, &c

After all, "Kozie" Tea's the Best.

THAT'S the verdict of hundreds of housewives who know. "Kozie" Tea is best in quality, unsurpassed in flavour, and strictly a tea for particular people, for it is rich, delicate, fragrant. You can buy No. 2 Kozie for 1/8. It's worth more. Coupons in every packet.

**BOTTLED ALE & STOUT!**

SPEIGHT'S CELEBRATED

**PRIZE ALES & STOUTS.**

BOTTLED BY

**Messrs. Powley & Keast**

HOPE STREET,  
DUNEDIN,

Bottlers, Wine & Spirit Merchants.

Country Orders Punctually attended to.  
Order through Telephone 979.

Sole Agents in Dunedin for A. B. Mackay  
"Liqueur" Whisky.

Agents for Auldana Wines (S.A.)

Corks, Tinfoil Wire, Syphons, and all Bottlers' Requisites in Stock.

**J. A. O'BRIEN**

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Rosbotham's Buildings, Dowling St., Dunedin,

Begs to notify his many friends and the general public that he has started business as a First-class Tailor.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

**Cafe de Paris . . Christchurch.**



MR. P. BURKE has again taken possession of the above Hotel, and will supervise the Entire Management, and by close attention to business, hopes to receive the support of his old and esteemed customers and friends.

"Kozie" Tea is Popular

BECAUSE it is the product of the finest leaves, the most skillful blending, and the most scientific packing. Packed airtight, Kozie Tea when you get it possesses all the fulness of its aroma and strength, and so it is satisfactory to buy and pleasant to drink. No. 2 Kozie costs only 1/8. Coupons in every packet.

**GRIDIRON HOTEL**  
PRINCES STREET SOUTH,  
DUNEDIN.

This popular and centrally-situated Hotel has been renovated from floor to ceiling and refurnished throughout with the newest and most up-to-date furniture. Tourists travellers, and boarders will find all the comforts of a home. Suites of rooms for families. Charges strictly moderate.

A Special Feature—is LUNCHEON from 12 to 2 o'clock.

Hot, Cold, and Shower Baths. The very best of Wines, Ales, and Spirits supplied.

A Night Porter in attendance.

Accommodation for over 100 guests.

JAS. CALDWELL, Proprietor.  
(Late of Wedderburn and Rough Ridge.)

"All who would achieve success should endeavour to merit it."

WE have during the past year spared no expense in endeavouring to make our Beer second to none in New Zealand, and can now confidently assert we have succeeded in doing so.

We invite all who enjoy A Good Glass of Beer to ask for  
**STAPLES BEST**

On Draught at almost all Hotels in the City and surrounding districts

And confidently anticipate their verdict will be that STAPLES AND Co. have successfully removed the reproach that Good Beer could not be brewed in Wellington.

J STAPLES AND CO., Limited  
MOLESWORTH AND MURPHY STREETS  
WELLINGTON.

**T. SHIELDS, Merchant Tailor,**  
41 Lambton Quay, WELLINGTON



**THE N.Z. EXPRESS CO.**

LIMITED.

(CAMPELL AND CRUST.)

DUNEDIN, INVERCARGILL, GORE,  
CHRISTCHURCH, WELLINGTON,  
OAMARU, AUCKLAND, & LYTTLETON

GENERAL CARRIERS, CUSTOMS  
SHIPPING & EXPRESS FORWARDING  
AGENTS

PARCELS FORWARDED to any part of  
the World.

FURNITURE Packed and Removed by our  
own men throughout New Zealand.

ADDRESS: CRAWFORD STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1880. TELEPHONE No. 69

**BAKER BROTHERS,**  
FURNISHING UNDERTAKERS,  
ASHBURTON.

Direct Importers of Best and Latest  
Designs in Funeral Furnishings.

FUNERALS Conducted with the greatest  
Care and Satisfaction, at the most  
Reasonable Charges.

Corner of Wakarua Road and Cass  
streets, and Baker and Brown's Coach  
Factory.

**The Caversham Dispensary,**  
STAFFORD STREET

(First Door above X.Y.Z. Butchery).

F. WILKINSON, CHEMIST, Caversham, begs to announce that he has OPENED a Well-appointed Chemist's Shop in Stafford Street, Dunedin. The stock of Drugs and Chemicals is entirely new, consequently Customers having prescriptions dispensed or obtaining medicines of any kind can rely upon getting the fullest benefit possible from the preparation supplied. The Business is carried on in connection with the well-known Caversham Dispensary, Main South Road, Caversham. The Dispensing Department is under the control of a Fully-qualified Chemist, while the Proprietor is in attendance daily to give Customers the benefit of his long experience as a Family Chemist.

Please Note Address—

Caversham Dispensary, Stafford Street,  
First Door above X.Y.Z. Butchery.

Only Other Address—

MAIN SOUTH ROAD, CAVERSHAM.



## Current Topics

### A Facetious Apologist

The Abbe Duplessy is one of those who believe in getting religious truths home with a smiling face, and a friendly dig in his opponent's seventh rib. In this he is unlike 'The Prig,' whose irritating satire is to sensitive minds what the application of a currycomb or a bunch of teazles would be to a sensitive skin. The American 'Ecclesiastical Review' describes him as 'a facetious apologist'. But for all his quips and 'nods and becks and wreathing smiles,' he contrives to get in some shrewd thrusts under or over his adversary's guard. Here, for instance, is a story which (apropos of religion as the basis of morality) he tells of M. Renaud, who went to Paris in 1871 to attend the National Assembly. 'He engaged rooms at 150 francs a month, to be paid in advance. When the landlord offered to write a receipt for the sum, Renaud said: "There is no need for it; we are both honest men, I take it; and it suffices that God has witnessed the transaction."—"Oh," said the proprietor smilingly, "I see you believe in God."—"And do not you?" queried Renaud.—"No, I have given that up long ago."—"Then please give me a receipt for the payment of my lodging," naively replied the deputy from Bordeaux.'

### Coarse-grained Calumny

Dr. Johnson deemed abuse dangerous only when it was marked with wit or delicacy. He had no fear of coarse abuse. There was neither wit, delicacy, nor common Christian decency in the defamatory statements made by the Rev. Dill-Macky in Sydney on the last 'glorious, pious, and immortal' anniversary of the undersized Dutch Patron Saint to whom all good Orangemen offer their annual prayer of supplication from 'The Protestant Boys'. Coarse calumny is certainly not 'dangerous' among the class to whom Dr. Johnson refers. It merely gives them nausea. But it sets up local irritation—especially in factories, workshops, warehouses, public departments, and, generally, where workers of various creeds are assembled in considerable numbers. 'The iron is, in such circumstances, made to enter the souls of Catholic young men and maidens. For the sake of those who are subjected to this most despicable form of religious persecution, we rejoice to see that representations are being made to induce the aggrieved parties to pillory in the law-courts the authors, utterers, and publishers of the calumnies against the Good Samaritan nuns at Tempe. The story and its exposure are already familiar to our readers. The Rev. Dill-Macky's organ, the 'Watchman', ate the story as soon as it scented a libel action. We hope the last has not been heard of a peculiarly infamous attack upon innocent and holy women, the head and front of whose offending is their profession of the Catholic faith and their daily practice of the most noble Christian charity.

It was the hard lot of Henry George Ward to have, at dinner in Oxford University, to sit beside and be agreeable to an insufferable firebrand who had just delivered a 'special sermon' that should not have been tolerated in that ancient seat of learning. Ward was then a Protestant. But his gorge had been raised by the sermon, and he found it 'labor dire and heavy woe' to keep on saying civil things to the black-coated offender. The situation was aggravated by the fact that the preacher persisted in talking about his sermon. 'All went fairly well', says his son and biographer, 'until the preacher touched on the question of his fee for the sermon. "How much do they pay you?" Ward asked. "Five pounds", was the reply; and after a pause: "Don't you think that enough?" The answer that suggested itself was irresistible: "I don't know," Ward replied; "I wouldn't have preached it for fifty."

We are glad to believe that there are not in Australasia more than half-a-dozen clergymen (and they are all 'yellow') who would have taken ten times fifty pounds to preach as the Rev. Dill-Macky did to his fellow-Orangemen in Sydney when the July microbe got into his tongue. Yet in the face of all this coarse and vehement invective we are treated to an annual homily on the love and affection which the lodges and lodge-operators are supposed to display, as an 'obligation,' to their 'Roman Catholic brethren'. 'Brethren! Ah, does not this recall in a way the French revolutionists' 'Fraternite—comme Cain avec son frere'—the sort of brotherly feeling that Cain showed to Abel? The Indian', says a Sioux proverb, 'scalps his enemy; the pale face skins his brethren'.

### Spelling Reform

It is quite true that people can pass through life quite comfortably without being acquainted with the Chinese-puzzle rules of English spelling. Take good old Chaucer, for instance, who wrote long before modern muddleheads inflicted our present orthography upon us. Artemus Ward once said of Chaucer: 'Some kind person has sent me Chawcer's poems. Mr. C. had talent, but he couldn't spel. No man has a right to be a litrary man unless he knows how to spel. It is a pity that Chawcer, who had genecyus, was so unedicated. He's the wuss speller I know of'. 'The Great Duke' of Marlborough was almost illiterate. He 'wrote bad English', says Chesterfield, 'and spelled it still worse'. Marshal Saxe—who was not less famous as a fighter—declared when offered a seat among the immortals in the French Academy: 'It would become me as a ring would a cat; I don't know how to spell'. And the spelling of his missive (in French, of course) was fearfully and wonderfully done. For our clever little men and maids at school the specimen may serve as an awful example of how not to do things. 'His veule', wrote Saxe, 'me fere de la Cademie, cela miret come une bage a un chas'. But (says Bent) they consoled the rugged old fighter by telling him 'that Marshal Villars was a member, in spite of not knowing how to read, to say nothing of writing.'

What is called 'good' (that is, conventional) spelling is one of the little elegancies that stamp and catalogue a man. Unfortunately, the conventions in English spelling are guided by a caprice that makes them an intolerable burden to childhood and youth, the despair of the foreigner, and the laughing-stock of the scholar who has had a practical acquaintance with the benefits of the more regular and more phonetic systems that prevail in Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, German, and even in Maori. And thus it happens that the little hall-mark elegancy of 'good' spelling is almost as difficult to acquire and to maintain as the long finger-nail (or rather claw) that distinguishes the 'blue blood' of China from the common herd. Slight improvements in some of our spelling methods have been introduced by American newspapers and publishing firms. But a vast incubus of orthographic lunacy yet remains to be thrown off our social and literary life. Dryden said:—

'It is the talent of our English nation,  
Still to be plotting some new reformation'.

In 1877—when the writer of these lines was in the hobbledohy or chrysalis stage of youthful development—the English nation (or, rather, a goodly number of well-meaning but none too active persons belonging to it) plotted a spelling reform. It ended as many attempted reforms end—in sumolent platitudes and drowsy resolutions. The movement died under chloroform. The Americans have now taken the subject in hands, and with a practical good sense that promises a measure of success. A Simplified Spelling Board has been formed. Carnegie has endowed it; the newspapers, the colleges, and the Government (through President Roosevelt) are smiling bland approval; and, generally, the new move-

ment for the reform of our crazy orthography has begun in a rose-colored atmosphere. "From the point of view of the publisher," says the 'Sydney Morning Herald,' Henry Holt, a member of the executive committee of the Board, said that millions of dollars could be saved by simplified spelling. "It is estimated," he said, "that the saving would be 15,000,000 dollars (£3,000,000) a year in this country. I think this is a conservative estimate. The next step of the Board probably will be to make a definite estimate of the saving which can be obtained. I do not think the proposed changes will startle the people. Last fall I published a new edition of a well-known German grammar. In the English part I used the twelve spellings adopted by the National Educational Association. I have not heard a word from anyone about it. I am ready to go as far in the use of simplified spelling as the Educational Association recommends. I do not think it would do to change words which appeal to the emotions or reason. If I were writing a letter of condolence I would not spell death 'deh.'"

### That 'Outrage'

Falsehood is sometimes a good imitation of truth. But the 'Irish agrarian outrages' that are from time to time described by the cableman are usually, clumsy counterfeits of fact. Labouchere's sensational exposure of the methods by which these 'outrages' were manufactured and catalogued during the Coercion regime of the eighties, convulsed the House of Commons and surrounded even the official returns with the halo of suspicion that attaches to 'missionary tales' and 'snake-yarns.' That antecedent doubt naturally fell like a cloak over the following cable-message that appeared in the New Zealand daily papers on July 10:—

'A moonlighting outrage is reported from Durnamey, in Westmeath. A farmer's house was twice attacked, and many shots were fired, the farmer's two sons being nearly shot while in their beds.'

The story (as we pointed out at the time) was almost a verbal transcript of the bogus 'agrarian outrage' that did NOT take place at Boyle a few months earlier. There was the same double attack; the same powder-blazing fusillade; the same valiant defence; the same escape from being 'nearly shot.' Since the date of that cable-message (July 10) our eyes have been wandering over the columns of our Irish exchanges and other Irish newspapers for an account of the 'agrarian outrage' in Westmeath. But we have not yet alighted upon it. And yet our exchanges date up to July 28; and they devoted a vast deal of space to the bogus 'agrarian outrage' at Boyle, even before its fraudulent character was established by police investigation. It really looks as if this latest 'agrarian outrage' is (like so many of its predecessors) what the 'Book of Common Prayer' would term 'a fond thing vainly invented.'

### Backsheesh

'He who serves queens,' says Darkush in Disraeli's 'Tancred,' 'may expect backsheesh' (gratuities). And he who serves a royal reformer who believes in reforming 'the other fellow,' may as confidently expect plunder, whether the reformer be a Henry VIII., or a Philip of Hesse, or a Victor Emmanuel, or the ruling cliqué in a French Republic. The Roundheads in their day sanctified plunder by the facile principle that dominion is founded on grace. They limited the right of ownership and authority to 'the saints' and 'the elect'—that is, to themselves.

'Now saints themselves will sometimes be,  
Of gifts that cost them nothing, free.'

And so were the Roundhead ones. When a man was deemed by them to have fallen away from grace, he had

no longer any right to lands, goods, or chattels—the dominion thereof passed to 'the saints.' They proceeded, wherever the circumstances favored them, to put in force 'the good old rule'

'The simple plan  
That they should take who have the power,  
And they should keep who can.'

In England the nobles, and in France the proletariat were offered substantial bribes as the price of acquiescence in the spoliation of the Church and of the patrimony of the poor. But (says the Paris correspondent of the London 'Tablet') 'the populace is still vainly seeking for the milliard of the religious congregations which M. Waldeck-Rousseau promised should go to found the nucleus of a fund for old-age pensions. Instead of the milliard, law expenses are swallowing up the miserable returns from the sale of such property as the liquidators have been able to get off their hands by public sale, and the townspeople are beginning to realise what a loss has been entailed upon them through the eviction and banishment of the religious.' This last result has been well illustrated in a letter sent by a shopkeeper at Auxerre to the "Bourgogne." The writer explains that during the last four years the following establishments in the town have been closed: the College of Saint-Germain, the boarding-schools of the Holy Childhood and of the Augustinian nuns, and a house of the Sisters of Providence and of the Ursulines. As these institutions spent at the very lowest calculation at least 255,000 francs (£10,200) a year, it is clear what a loss their departure must have caused to the tradespeople of the town. And the correspondent of the "Bourgogne" complains that the Government with one hand lays heavier taxes upon them, and with the other deprives them of their best customers.'

Direct State aid to ministers of religion apparently tends to ossify lay generosity. France, however, despite its aggressive atheism in high places, has been an example to the world in the multitude, variety, and energising activity of the charities which depend for support upon voluntary gifts. The great-hearted Catholic population in the Republic follow the 'wisdom' enunciated by 'Mr. Dooley.' They don't let their generosity remain idle too long. 'Don't run it every hour at th' top iv its speed,' says the Philosopher of Archey Road, 'but fr'm day to day give it a little gentle exercise to keep it supple an' hearty, an' in due time ye may inje it.' The 'Bloc' papers forgot the history of French Catholic charity when they foretold that, after the abrogation of the Concordat, the people would decline to support the clergy, and that the abomination of spiritual desolation would settle down upon the land and leave it an easy prey to the propaganda of official atheism. The wish was father to the thought. The prophecies have gone agley. 'The collections undertaken through the parishes,' says an English exchange, 'prove that the parishioners recognise the duty of supporting their pastors more fully than was expected. Not only professed and practising Catholics have contributed, but even men who are indifferent in matters of religion have appreciated the difficulties which have fallen upon the clergy, and have given them assistance. The collections being thus successful, there would appear to be no reason for anticipating that the Church will find it hard to carry on her work in practically all the country parishes. And should she be able to do so the Separation Law may prove to be a blessing in disguise. The fervor of the Faith will be stimulated among the people, who will come to value what they pay to support. After all, France gains an independent episcopate, absolutely free from State control, and this ought to put new life into the dioceses which hitherto had to be governed with an eye to the pleasure of the Minister of Worship in Paris. This freedom of action may have been purchased cheaply by the loss of precarious stipends.'

"A LIGHT purse makes a heavy heart." Buy Cook o' the North, and save your siller!

"A E guid turn deserves anither." You are delighted with Cook o' the North; then tell your friends.

It is an ill wind that blows no good. The Kingdom of God is not of one nation or people or clime. The defections of the Reformation were balanced by gains to the faith among the peoples of the newly-discovered lands in west and east. The French persecution furnishes another instance of the manner in which history repeats itself. A certain amount of Catholic charitable and missionary activity is merely being transferred from near the centre to further out on the circumference, where it may reap a bigger harvest of souls. The oppression of the Church in one country, remarks the 'Ave Maria', 'always means its expansion in another. History is thus constantly repeating itself. When the Kulturkampf draws the religious Orders from Germany, foreign missions were reinforced, and flourished as never before. And now in numerous parts of the world our holy religion is making wondrous progress among unbelievers.

## A NEW ORDER OF CHIVALRY

### KNIGHTHOOD OF OUR LADY OF THE SOUTHERN CROSS

The following Pastoral Letter has been issued by his Grace the Archbishop of Melbourne:—

St. Patrick's Cathedral, Melbourne,

August 24, 1906.

Very Rev. and Rev. Fathers,  
and Dearly Beloved Brethren.

A striking characteristic of the Middle Ages was the influence exercised on the moral and social condition of the people by the institution of chivalry. It is not necessary to go back to its origin. It will be sufficient for our present purpose to say that the Order of knighthood was the outcome and embodiment of the spirit of chivalry. To men living in the world the knight represented the highest ideals of social conduct. He was distinguished for his love of religion, valor, courtesy, fidelity, munificence, sense of justice, and in a special manner for his loyalty and devotion in upholding the honor of woman.

Next to the service of God, the protection of the weak, and more particularly of the weaker sex, was regarded as at once the duty and the privilege of the true knight. Nor was this duty confined to home, or kindred, or native country. It extended to every place where the honor of God, the defence of the weak, or the respect due to woman called for its exercise.

Like all things human, it had its limitations and defects and abuses; but, as a whole, it made for the quickening of the religious sentiment, the refining of manners, the humanising of the art of war, the practice of self-denial, the redress of many social wrongs, and the elevation and pure love of woman.

This spirit of chivalry, as Hallam tells us in his history of the Middle Ages, left behind it a more valuable successor. The character of the knight gradually subsided in that of gentleman, and the one distinguished European society in the 16th and 17th centuries, as much as the other did in the preceding ages. But time, as he adds, has effaced much also of this gentlemanly, as it did before of the chivalrous character. This decay, both of the chivalrous and gentlemanly spirit, he attributes, in part, to increasing commercial wealth, the modes of life in modern great cities, and the levelling customs of social intercourse.

But more deep-seated causes of this decay are to be found in the loss of the true faith, the spread of rationalism and agnosticism, the corruption of morals, the frequency of divorce, the limitation of the family, the brutalising effects of sensual gratifications, and the consequent degradation of woman, both in married and single state.

Whether we close our eyes to the facts, or look them honestly in the face, these are the deadly and widespread evils of modern society. There is no necessity for adding to the number. It is true that intemperance and gambling are very grievous evils, but they do not touch the springs of humanity, the very roots of social life, as do the evils I have enumerated. Neither is it necessary to be pessimistic, and say that our age is worse than any former age. It is sufficient that we have in our midst most grave evils, which are spreading like a cancer, and which we have it in our power by individual, as well

as by united effort, to restrain, if not to eradicate. How can we do this better than by reviving the spirit of Christian chivalry and the order of knighthood? In his first epistle, the prince of the Apostles intimates that every Christian has to fulfil the duties of a spiritual priesthood. 'But you,' he says, 'are a chosen generation, a kingly priesthood, a holy nation, a purchased people: that you may declare His virtues, who called you out of darkness into His marvellous light.' (1. Peter, ii. 9). The knights who bore arms during the Crusades felt that they bore them more for a religious than for a military purpose. When assisting at Mass, the knight held the point of his naked sword before him while the gospel was read, to signify that he was always prepared to defend and obey it. The knightly and the priestly characters were often compared by writers of the ages of chivalry. The investiture of the one was supposed to correspond with the ordination of the other. In the Roman Pontifical we have, to this day, the prayers and religious ceremonies with which the knight was initiated. His sword and spurs were solemnly blessed, and presented by the Bishop, who, with a gentle stroke of the sword on the shoulder, bade him to be 'a peace-loving knight, strenuous, faithful, and devoted to God.'

It was in that spirit that the knights of old went forth, to preserve peace, or, as it might be, to make war on the enemies of God, of their country, or of society.

As far as society is concerned, the order of knighthood is needed now more than it was in the Middle Ages. There are more deep-seated wrongs to be redressed, more serious evils to be cured. In the Middle Ages marriage was recognised as the sacred and sacramental institution intended by God for the lawful propagation of the human race, and the inseparable union of man and woman in family life. But to-day outside the Catholic Church marriage has lost its sacramental, and much of its sacred character. The primary purpose of the Almighty in instituting marriage is largely frustrated by the artificial limitation of the family, and by race suicide. The indissolubility of marriage is destroyed by the recognition of divorce, and the unity of marriage is practically dissolved, not, indeed, by simultaneous, but by successive polygamy.

Then, outside the married state, who can enumerate or weigh the sins of unchastity which defile the earth, cry to heaven for vengeance, and corrupt souls created to the image and likeness of God. Stand at the street corner, listen where men or boys are congregated, in the office, or workshop, or factory, and how often will not the mouth be heard speaking from the abundance of a corrupt and unchaste heart. See that young couple; they are keeping company, perhaps with a view to future marriage, perhaps for mere amusement. Their parents allow them unrestricted opportunities of solitary meetings and of lonely walks, and after a time profess the greatest surprise and indignation when they learn that the daughter's ruin has been accomplished, and that the author of her fall refuses to make, by a speedy marriage, even the inadequate compensation which still remains in his power. Even if she escapes becoming a total wreck, how is the gold become dim, the finest color is changed, the stones of the sanctuary are scattered in the top of every street. Although the latest official statistics, connected with the illegitimate birth rate of Victoria, are by no means exhaustive, still they throw an appallingly lurid light on the extent and enormity of secret crime.

If in ancient times the flood was sent to purge the corrupted earth, and fire descended from heaven to destroy the cities of the plain, are the sins and unnatural excesses of modern times less deserving of swift and startling punishment? One thing at least is certain, namely, that there is abundant scope for the exercise of that lay apostolate, that lay priesthood, with which the knight's office is invested. There is no danger of any conflict or collision between the two priesthoods. They operate in different spheres, and are exercised on different occasions. The Church is the centre of the one; the street, the market-place, the cricket-ground, the shop, the factory, every place where men congregate, as well as the private home, is the sphere of the other.

The knights of old made diligent preparation for the exercise of their high office. They first cleansed themselves before they undertook the work of purifying others. They vowed the observance of all the virtues that become a true knight—chastity according to their state; justice, valor, fidelity, and courtesy.

All who are willing to imitate their example, to practise the virtues they practised, to uphold the duties and responsibilities of married life, to protect the purity of the young, to put a stop, as far as op-

"A BORROWED heart is dry and thirsty; but a cup of genuine 'Cook o' the North' will quench any."

"A toom haun is nae lure for a hawk," but a cup o' Hondal-Lanka's a temptation for anybody!

portunity may allow, to every word and act calculated to offend modesty and injure innocence, are invited to become sharers in this new spiritual crusade.

The members will be distinguished by the ceremony of initiation, and by wearing a distinctive badge appropriate to the order. During the ceremony of initiation each candidate will make the following promises:—

1. As a true Knight I promise to practise in public and in private, at home and abroad, the virtues of the knightly office.
2. To promote the faithful fulfilment of the duties of the married state.
3. To shield from harm and stain the dignity and purity of woman.
4. To suppress by every legitimate means all indecency in word or action.
5. To exhibit towards all, male and female, a chivalrous courtesy.

By these promises each candidate undertakes to give in his own life an example of the virtues which he desires to promote in the lives of others. In the government of the order the organisation will be as simple as possible. After the first year it will be governed by a Council, composed of the Archbishop for the time being, the chaplain, and the present and past lay presidents. The first president will be appointed by the Archbishop of the diocese, and the succeeding presidents will be elected annually by the Council. Besides the Archbishop, who will act as patron, and appoint the chaplain, the lay Council will have the entire direction of the order in its own hands.

Enrolments of new members will take place from time to time throughout the Archdiocese, and each year there will be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral, on the anniversary of its foundation a general meeting of the order.

The first ceremony of enrolment will take place in the Cathedral at 3 o'clock on Sunday, 9th September. Meantime, the badges, which are to be blessed on that occasion, may be procured from the Sacristan at the Cathedral, or at St. Patrick's, or St. Francis' presbytery.

The wearing of the badges will distinguish the members of the order, and will give them authority to intervene, in due season, and with all charity, for the protection of morality, for the defence of the weak, and for the practice of that chivalrous respect and high courtesy towards womankind, of which their own conduct will furnish the most practical and convincing illustration.

To support a high standard of personal piety, and to be prepared to do battle in the cause of truth, justice, honor, and morality, supernatural help is needed. That help comes through prayer and the Sacraments. Whosoever desires, therefore, to be a true knight must make use of these abundant means of sanctification.

In the sodalities, confraternities, and societies connected with the Church, will be found the surest and easiest guarantee for fidelity in using these powerful means of sanctification. The ranks of the knights of Our Lady of the Southern Cross will, doubtless, be recruited chiefly from the present and future members of these societies, for every knight should, as far as possible, be a member of one or other of the religious sodalities or societies. No one under the age of 21 will be admitted to membership.

In conclusion, as it is Australian, we place the order under the protection and patronage of Our Lady of the Southern Cross. Why we do so is expressed in the familiar but ever exquisite words of Cardinal Newman:—

'O, my dear children, young men and young women, what need have you of the intercession of the Virgin-mother, of her help, or her pattern in this respect! What shall bring you forward in the narrow way, if you live in the world, but the thought and patronage of Mary! What shall seal your senses, what shall tranquillize your heart, when sights and sounds of danger are around you, but Mary? What shall give you patience and endurance, when you are wearied out with the length of the conflict with evil, with the unceasing necessity of precautions, with the irksomeness of observing them, with the tediousness of their repetition, with the strain upon your mind, with your forlorn and cheerless condition, but a loving-communion with her? She will comfort you in your discouragements, solace you in your fatigues, raise you after your falls, reward you for your successes. She will show you her Son, your God and your all. When your spirit within you is excited, or relaxed, or depressed, when it loses its balance, when it is restless and wayward, when it is sick of what it has, and hankers after what it has not, when

your eye is solicited with evil, and your mortal frame trembles under the shadow of the Tempter, what will bring you to your yourselves, to peace and to health, but the cool breath of the Immaculate and the fragrance of the Rose of Sharon? It is the boast of the Catholic religion, that it has the gift of making the young heart chaste; and why is this, but that it gives us Jesus for our food, and Mary for our nursing Mother? Fulfil this boast in yourselves; prove to the world that you are following no false teaching, vindicate the glory of you Mother Mary, whom the world blasphemes, in the very face of the world, by the simplicity of your own deportment, and the sanctity of your words and deeds. Go to her for the royal heart of innocence. She is the beautiful gift of God, which outshines the fascinations of a bad world, and which no one ever sought in sincerity and was disappointed.'

It is unnecessary to remind you of what the same eloquent writer is careful to emphasise in another passage, namely, that the glories of Mary are for the sake of Jesus; and that we praise and bless her as the first of creatures, that we may duly confess Him as our sole Creator.

We place our order of knighthood specially under her protection, because it is intended chiefly for the honor and defence of woman, and because woman's nature is elevated and glorified in her, who was at once a Virgin and a mother. Since Christ was born of a woman, no man, as the learned Bishop of Peoria writes, can write worthily of a woman who does not approach the subject with a kind of religious reverence; and a true man will ever treat woman, both in life and literature, not with justice merely, but with generous sympathy. Into her arms we are born, on her breast our helpless cries are hushed; and her hands close our eyes when the light is gone. Watching her lips, our own become vocal; in her eyes we read the mystery of faith, hope, and love; led by her hand, we learn to look up and to walk in the way of obedience to law.

We owe to her, as mother, as sister, as wife, as friend, the tenderest emotions of life, the purest aspirations of the soul, the noblest elements of character, and the completest sympathy in all our joy and sorrow. She weaves flowers of heaven into the vesture of earthly life. In poetry, painting, sculpture, and religion, she gives us ideals of the fair and beautiful. Innocence is a woman, chastity is a woman, charity is a woman. Let us therefore, as dutiful knights of our fair Queen of the Southern Cross, cherish and champion the honor, the innocence, the chastity, and the charity of woman.

✠ THOMAS J. CARR,

Archbishop of Melbourne.

## 'The Australian Catholic Prayer Book'

We may be a good way off from the ideal catechism; but we think we have, in 'The Australian Catholic Prayer Book,' as near an approach to the ideal popular book of personal devotions as could well be desired. This excellent prayer book has been published at the request of the Third Australian Plenary Council, which was held in Sydney last year. It has been drawn up and published by the Australian Catholic Truth Society, and represents, perhaps, the best of the varied and useful work that has been done by that excellent organisation during the short period that has elapsed since it was first founded at the Second Catholic Congress, held in Melbourne in 1904. 'The Australian Catholic Prayer Book' has combined within it three features that not alone deserve, but, we believe, will command success. These features are (1) the fulness of the personal, family, and public devotions that it supplies; (2) the simple, crisp, pithy, practical instructions that run like threads of gold all through this admirable little work; and (3) the price, which places it within the reach of all, even of our budding little men and maids at school. The book runs into 160 pages of clear and well arranged type, with bold headings. As right instruction is the foundation of true devotion, the new prayer book very appropriately opens with a brief summary of Christian doctrine, so arranged as to appeal (by striking type-headings, etc.) to the bodily as well as to the mental vision. There are very devotional morning and night prayers; two methods of hearing Mass; serving at Mass; Benediction; devotions to the Sacred Heart; various litanies; the favorite devotions to Our Lady; the Stations of the Cross; devotions for Confession (with the best method of examination of conscience that we have yet seen); devotions for Holy Communion; visits to

**GEO. T. WHITE**  
NOVELTIES AT LOWEST PRICES

Importer, Watchmaker, Manufacturing Jeweller, Medalist, etc.  
LAMBTON QUAY, COLOMBO STREET, CHRISTCHURCH,  
WELLINGTON.  
Established ... 1875

the Blessed Sacrament; the last-Sacraments (with extremely useful and practical hints and instructions); marriage and mixed marriages; devotions for the dead; indulgenced prayers and other devotions; and an excellent collection of hymns. An index for ready reference completes this admirable little work. The crowning feature of the book is the happy and well-balanced mingling of instruction with devotional practices. The work abounds in instructions, practical hints, and suggestions, all set forth in a pleasant manner that will, perhaps, sink deeper into the minds of children than the set lessons of the catechism, and, in an agreeable way, serve to remind their elders of many points of faith and practice that time and circumstance have shaken out of their memory. And every teacher, and every priest who has had experience on the mission, can realise how needful these simple, direct, pithy instructions are, and what an important use they are calculated to serve. The book is, in a word, an Australian prayer-book, for Australian (and, of course, New Zealand) requirements. It caters for a real need, and will prove a most valuable ally to the Catholic priest and the Catholic teacher. We most cordially commend 'The Australian Catholic Prayer Book,' and hope it will speedily find its way into the hands of every Catholic in the Commonwealth and New Zealand. (Price: Boards, 3d; posted, 4d; cloth gilt, 1s 3d, posted 1s 5d. The Australian Catholic Truth Society, 312 Lonsdale St., Melbourne, and all Catholic booksellers).

## Diocesan News

### ARCHDIOCESE OF WELLINGTON

(By telegraph from our own correspondent.)

September 10.

The second competition for the Plunket Medal in connection with the University Debating Society here was held in the concert chamber of the Town Hall on Saturday evening. Mr. E. J. Fitzgibbon presided, and there was a very large attendance of the public. His Excellency the Governor occupied a seat on the platform. In his opening remarks the chairman referred to the enthusiasm inspired by the medal, and to the great progress made by the society. There were ten speakers, and, after keen competition, the students by vote awarded the prize to Mr. H. O'Leary, with Mr. F. P. Kelly second. Mr. O'Leary spoke on Lord Nelson, and delivered a very eloquent and impressive discourse. His voice and manner were all that could be desired. Mr. Kelly, who it will be remembered gained second place last year, was handicapped by a severe cold, but made nevertheless a beautiful and touching oration on Robert Emmet. His manner was very pleasing, but he was unable to make the most of his very fine voice. In presenting the medal to Mr. O'Leary his Excellency referred to the fact that the medal was again won by an Irishman. Both Messrs. O'Leary and Kelly are members of our local Catholic Young Men's Club, and we naturally feel a very keen delight and pardonable pride in the success that has once more crowned the efforts of our Catholic young men.

### Wanganui

(From our own correspondent.)

September 7.

Mr. C. O'Leary has been elected a member of the executive of the Catholic Club.

The St. Mary's Catholic Club are forming a cricket team, and the members are entering enthusiastically into the idea.

Miss Denham, who has been a prominent and regular member of St. Mary's choir, left Wanganui for Christchurch last Monday.

The St. Mary's Catholic Club intend holding a progressive euchre party and social in the Drill Hall in a fortnight.

The St. Mary's Dramatic Club held their first rehearsal on Thursday evening of the four-act comedy, 'The Ticket-of-Leave Man,' which they intend producing in the Opera House in November.

Last Sunday being the first Sunday of the month, the members of the ladies' branch of the Sacred Heart Society received Holy Communion in a body. There was Exposition of the Blessed Sacrament from last Mass until Vespers, after which there was the customary procession.

Mr. J. R. Hayward, president of the Christchurch Catholic Club, was in Wanganui on Friday afternoon, and in the evening was shown over the rooms of the local club. He left for Palmerston North on business on Saturday morning.

The boys of the Marist Brothers' School football team have added another win to their successes of the season. In the return match with the Queen's Park School they scored 14 points against their opponents' 5. Tries were obtained by Delaney, Quirk, Perrett, and Cronin.

The Auckland Sacred Heart College Old Boys' football team arrived in Wanganui on Friday, and were met by the executive of St. Mary's Catholic Club. On Saturday afternoon the match between Auckland Sacred Heart Old Boys and St. Mary's Catholic Club was played on the Recreation Reserve, kindly lent by the Wanganui Rugby Union executive, and resulted, after an interesting game, in a victory for the visitors by 8 points to 3. The sides were evenly matched. For the winners the following played well: forwards, W. Dervan, J. Mahoney, A. McMillan, and Walsh; backs, C. Sheath, and B. and R. O'Hare; while for St. Mary's W. Dustin, Jno. Hogan, and J. McDonald were the most prominent of the forwards, and G. D'O., L. Fremont, and R. McDonald were the best of the backs. It is proposed to make the match an annual one, and it is to be hoped that this one is the forerunner of many similarly interesting games. In the evening the visitors were entertained at a smoke concert in the Fire Brigade Hall. Mr. J. R. Hunt, president of St. Mary's Catholic Club, occupied the chair. The following contributed to the musical part of the programme: Songs, Rev. Father Molloy, Messrs. Campbell, W. Dervan, Hall, G. McCulloch, McLean, Pritchard, Spriggens, Walsh; recitation, Captain Swan. Messrs. Lomax, Pritchard, and Southwell accompanied at the piano. On Sunday afternoon the Auckland football team were taken for a short trip up the river, and were charmed with the beautiful scenery.

### Masterton

(From our own correspondent.)

September 6.

An interesting debate took place at the meeting of St. Patrick's Club last evening on the desirability of establishing an Australian navy. Mr. F. Haughey supported the affirmative, and Mr. J. Yarr the negative, the meeting deciding in favor of the former. It was decided to close the season with a social to be held on October 2, and Messrs. E. Flanagan, J. Yarr, and F. Haughey were appointed a committee to make arrangements.

Further improvements are to be carried out at St. Bride's Convent by the addition of a new wing on the south-west side, consisting of three music rooms, two sitting rooms, and one painting room. The contract for the work has been let to Mr. R. Rigg, and the cost will be about £700. The convent building was erected some eight years ago at a cost of £1500, and since then a sum of £300 has been spent in making improvements.

The practical music examination was held at St. Bride's Convent last Friday by Mr. Edwards. In the junior grade Miss Doris Cameron, who is only eight years of age, secured the highest number of marks, namely, 89, and Miss Mary O'Neill, who is nine years old, secured second place, with 86 marks. The following is a list of passes:—Preparatory grade—Violin: Stanley Hoar, 65; Leonard Cress, 60; Doris Cameron, 89 (honors); Mary O'Neill, 86 (honors), May Boustead, 83 (honors); Jessie Milne, 77; Edie Pinhey, 75. Intermediate grade—Mary Grengor, 60. Senior grade—Muriel Grey, 73.

Rev. Mother Superior of St. Bride's Convent received the following letter from Mr. Edwards: 'I was so glad to find the high standard of teaching maintained in your convent. Well do I remember it three years ago. It is a genuine delight to me to examine such preparation.'

### DIOCESE OF CHRISTCHURCH

(From our own correspondent.)

September 10.

Towards the end of the present month the congregation of the Sacred Heart Church at Addington intend having an entertainment, the proceeds of which are to be handed to the devoted Sisters in charge of the schools there, whose talents and energies, exercised in the interests of the children with such successful results, are evidently appreciated at their proper value. Proof of this gratitude towards the Sisters will undoubtedly be manifested in a very tangible form when the proper time arrives.

**LANGFORD and RHIND**

(Late W. and H. Langford), ...  
18 LONDON ST. Phone 689

Funeral Furnishers  
and Embalmers

**Christchurch**

Addresses—HERBERT LANGFORD, 16 London St., Richmond. Phone 689.  
JOHN RHIND, 48 Montreal St., Sydenham. Phone 1603.

Town Office—182 CASHEL ST.

Rev. Bro. Victor, Provincial of the Marist Brothers in Australasia, and now on a periodical visitation, to the various communities in this Colony, is at present in Christchurch.

The patronal feast of the Society of Mary (Marist Fathers) was observed on Sunday with due solemnity. At Vespers a special sermon was preached by the Very Rev. Vicar-General at St. Mary's, Manchester street.

In the public school at Halswell on last Friday evening a social entertainment was given in aid of the local Catholic church and school funds. There was a crowded attendance, and the result was everything to be desired. The programme was contributed to by friends from the city, whose efforts were entirely successful, and very much appreciated. Refreshments on a liberal scale were provided by the ladies of the congregation.

An unfortunate omission is observable in the interesting particulars supplied by his Lordship the Bishop to the 'Catholic Herald,' and copied in last week's 'Tablet.' In stating the various religious Orders established in the diocese, that of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd was evidently overlooked. No one, I am sure, would regret the omission more than his Lordship, who has the greatest appreciation of the magnificent charitable work of the Good Shepherd nuns at Mount Magdala, an appreciation which is indeed universal.

With zeal worthy of commendation a social gathering, promoted by members of the local branch of the H.A.C.B. Society, in aid of the funds of the Cathedral Ladies of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, was given in the Alexandra Hall on last Thursday evening. There was a crowded audience for whose enjoyment and entertainment no effort was apparently spared, and the financial result will very materially benefit the most deserving object, and for which the ladies are specially grateful.

The Exhibition buildings, numerous side shows, including an elaborate model of an old-time Maori village, are now in an advanced stage towards completion. Extensive shipments of exhibits are arriving, and the show spaces, already marked out, are being occupied by exhibitors. The surroundings are receiving their finishing touches, and everything in connection with the great event indicates readiness for the opening day. Those who have not visited Christchurch since operations in connection with the exhibition were commenced will be agreeably surprised at the completely changed aspect of the locality, and the vast improvements effected.

### Timaru

(From our own correspondent.)

September 10.

On the invitation of the Rev. Father Le Floch a gathering of Catholic young men was held in the Foresters' Hall last Monday night to form a Catholic Young Men's Club, and also to take advantage of a generous offer of £200 from an anonymous donor, for the purpose of building a suitable hall. Mr. J. O'Leary was voted to the chair, and Mr. J. G. Venning acted as secretary.

Mr. J. Conlan was the first speaker, and very lucidly explained the object of the meeting. He stated that there were over 200 young men in the parish, who would be benefited by the club it was proposed to form. It would bring them more into touch with each other and improve them intellectually, physically and morally.

These remarks were supported by Messrs. J. G. Venning, M. J. Doyle, J. P. Fitzgerald, J. Dunne, A. Smith, N. F. Knight, and J. O'Connor. The speakers all emphasised the necessity of such a club, and the importance of joining together to take advantage of the munificent donation given.

On the motion of Mr. M. Donovan, it was decided that a Catholic Young Men's Club be formed. The election of officers resulted as follows: Patron, Rev. Father Bowden, M.A.; president, Mr. J. L. Conlan; vice-presidents, Messrs. J. Skinner, A. Smith, and W. Hall; secretary, Mr. N. Mangos; treasurer, Mr. M. J. Doyle; committee, Messrs. J. P. Fitzgerald, J. Wade, N. Knight, M. Mahoney, M. Donovan, T. O'Donohue, and J. G. Venning. The Rev. Father Le Floch has been appointed chaplain.

During the progress of the ballot for the committee a canvass of the members for the building fund was made in the room, and the sum of £40 was secured in cash and promises.

The proceedings throughout were of an enthusiastic character, and give hope for the success of the club. After announcing the result of the canvass the committee was given power to at once see about the erection of a suitable building, and to draw up rules for the club's guidance.

### DIOCESE OF AUCKLAND

(From our own correspondent.)

September 7.

At St. Patrick's a temporary altar has been erected. During the week mornings Mass is celebrated in St. Patrick's Hall.

During the week a most successful euchre party was held in St. Benedict's Hall when there was a large attendance.

The Very Rev. Father Clune, C.S.S.R., went up to Ngaruawahia last Saturday, and on Sunday opened a mission there.

The Marist Brothers' 'Old Boys' Rugby football team, which won all its matches here this season, journeyed to Wanganui and beat the representatives of the local Catholic Club by 8 points to 3.

Last Monday evening the quarterly meeting of the Auckland Catholic Cemetery Board was held in St. Benedict's presbytery. The Very Rev. Father Gillañ occupied the chair. The committee appointed to carry out and supervise the work in the cemetery reported to the meeting the result of its labors, which was considered to be highly satisfactory.

The local branch of the H.A.C.B. Society celebrated its 33rd anniversary last Monday evening in the Hibernian Hall. Bro. T. Pound proved an energetic secretary, and he was ably assisted by the President, Bro. Jno. O'Brien, and Bros. Jones, McConnell, Walsh, Mulholland, and branch secretary, Bro. Kane. Amongst those present were the district officers, and P.P. Bro. Foley of the Wellington branch.

Next Sunday a presentation will be made by the children of the Catechism classes to Rev. Father Holbrook, it being the anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood.

### The Late Father M'Grath, Patea

(From an occasional correspondent.)

The news of the very sudden death of our beloved pastor filled the Catholic people of Patea with sad and bitter grief. It had pleased God to call to Himself the good and gentle priest who was a friend to every one of us, and, while bowing to the inscrutable ways of God, each of us felt that a chair was vacant at our own hearth, and that the angel of death had visited our own home. Touching references to our loss were made in all the churches of Patea on Sunday last, and the Harbor Board and the Borough Council both adjourned their meetings in token of respect for the deceased priest, and passed motions of sympathy with his friends.

The remains reached Patea by train from Wellington on Monday evening. His Grace the Archbishop, the Ven. Archdeacon Devoy, the Rector of St. Patrick's College, the Rev. T. O'Shea, S.M., and the Rev. N. B. Moloney, S.M., accompanied the chief mourners—Mr. Maurice McGrath, Wellington (brother), and Mr. Maurice McGrath, Masterton (nephew). A large crowd of parishioners pressed round the Railway Station in mournful silence, anxious to catch the first sight of the coffin, which bore the remains of their beloved pastor. The funeral cortege was immediately formed, and moved slowly towards the church, where the remains were received by the Archbishop and the assistant clergy. Solemn Vespers for the dead, followed by the Holy Rosary, were recited at 7 p.m. On Tuesday morning the church filled up before 6 o'clock for the various Masses. The official hour for the Solemn Requiem Mass (11 o'clock), found the church inconveniently packed. The Ven. Archdeacon Devoy was celebrant, the Rev. T. McManus and the Rev. A. Bowe acting as deacon and subdeacon respectively, and the Rev. Thos. McKenna as master of ceremonies. His Grace the Archbishop presided at the throne, assisted by the Very Rev. Dean McKenna and Very Rev. A. Keogh. The solemn dirge was excellently chanted by the Very Rev. T. Power, the Rev. N. B. Moloney, and the Rev. G. Mahoney, and amongst the clergy in the choir were the Revs. J. O'Meara, T. O'Shea, F. Meiu, P. Treacy, J. Duffy, T. Haire, and F. Dwyer. At the close of the sacred ceremonies, the Archbishop addressed the vast concourse. He dwelt on the deceased priest's character, on the holiness of his life, his meekness, his charity, and above all, his patience—the distinctive virtue of the apostles based on the teaching of our Divine Lord Himself, 'In your patience you shall possess your souls' (Luke xxi., 19). He told the people that the recollection of these virtues would ever keep Father McGrath's memory fresh in their hearts, and added that the parish schools, so well designed and built, so perfect in all their appointments, would be a standing memorial to the zeal and energy of their deceased pastor, and that coming gene-

rations would bless his name for having brought within their reach the solid benefits and advantages of a good religious education. In conclusion, his Grace asked them to bring home to themselves the great lesson of this sudden death—to the saint a sudden death was often a great blessing, to the sinner it was the judgment of God's wrath, and let them so live as to be ever ready for God's call, and then the beloved priest whom they all mourned, and who had so often broken to them the Bread of Life, would continue to preach to them in even more eloquent tones from the icy coldness of his grave.

At 2.30 o'clock the remains were removed from the church to their last resting-place in our pretty cemetery. The whole town turned out to honor the memory of their departed friend. Mourners had come all the way from Nukumarū and from Hawera, and no such gathering had previously been witnessed in Patea. When the sad cortege moved from the church, a silence of death fell on that vast assemblage and told more eloquently than words the feelings of those present. In the town every shop was closed, and far beyond the town every blind was drawn, and in the far distance snow-covered Egmont was the fitting reflection of our cold and silent hearts.

The clergy present headed the funeral cortege, the pall-bearers being Messrs. Boyle, Blake, Casey, Buikie, E. McKenna, O'Brien, and Williams. The presence of the clergy of other denominations—Rev. Mr. Hammond, Rev. Mr. Hermon, Rev. Mr. Rule, and Rev. Mr. Thomas—was a striking testimony to the religious harmony which prevails here. Amongst others present were Mr. George Williams (Mayor), Mr. Clarke (ex-Mayor), Mr. John Gibson, Mr. J. A. McKenna (Harbor Board), Mr. Horner (County Council), Mr. Blake (Road Board), Mr. Rossiter (Chamber of Commerce). The children of the convent schools presented a very good effect. The last prayers over, the mourners returned to their homes, feeling that the graveyard is now more hallowed and dearer than before, honored as it is in being the last resting place of our saintly pastor.—R.I.P.

## The Apostolate of the Catholic Press

Everywhere newspapers are recognised as a great power for good in upholding lawful authority and in exposing dishonesty in public or private life (says a writer in the San Francisco Monitor). Greater still is the power of the Catholic press in diffusing the truths of religion and in assisting the seekers of knowledge to improve themselves by wholesome and elevating reading.

We seem to have lost sight, however, of the absolute need of Catholic newspapers, otherwise the Catholic press would be better supported than it is. It is both refreshing to mind and heart to peruse the able and splendid articles that are to be found in many of our Catholic papers. It is discouraging though to note that the efforts of Catholic editors are so little appreciated by our people for whom they labor so earnestly and faithfully, and the question naturally arises what is the cause of this strange indifference, analysing the reason we find in many instances that it is due to an incorrect idea of the

### Value and Mission of a Catholic Paper.

There are numbers of well-meaning people, who maintain that the daily newspaper is quite sufficient for their needs as regards religious and secular affairs. In other words these people are living in a false environment, inasmuch as the daily paper cannot and does not pretend to be able to supply to Catholic readers the news and happenings concerning their religion which the Catholic paper is alone able to supply. Besides we know from experience that Catholic events as chronicled in the dispatches in secular papers are utterly unreliable and untrustworthy. To offset this we have the Catholic paper ever ready to battle for the truth when the Church and her doctrines are assailed. Besides being a moral antidote to the destructive tendencies of our modern Sunday newspapers whose ideas and sentiments as expressed and pictured in editorial and supplement are positively demoralising to young and old.

We are living in an age of reading, and the time seems opportune to build up a great Catholic literature that future generations will bless us for, and to establish an apostolate of the press that would accomplish untold good, bringing as it would to millions in hamlet and city, the light of faith through the aid of the printed word, thus planting strong and deep the seed from which would spring up

### A Great Catholic Civilisation.

The great work of the German Catholic press for faith and fatherland in an age of iron despotism; the

establishing of the Centre Party; the repeal of the obnoxious Falk laws, and the final victory for religious freedom throughout the German Empire is the work of the Catholic press, and nowhere is Catholic journalism so highly respected even by its most bitter enemies as in Germany to-day.

Likewise our efforts should be directed toward making the Catholic press in every way worthy its mission in the United States, representing as it does the great Church that has ever been the mother and teacher of the nations. The question of education, involving as it does the rights of our children along moral and religious lines, is one that cannot be discussed too often. It is the great question of the day in every part of the world, and many non-Catholics are beginning to believe as we do that religious instruction is an absolute necessity for the honesty and integrity of the future men and women, and for the preservation of society and home life.

### The Mission of a Catholic Journal

is an educational one. It has often been remarked that to read a good paper is in itself a liberal education. It should always be the aim, therefore, of the Catholic press to keep its readers informed of what the Church has accomplished for God and humanity in every age of the world's history. In the long thousand years of the middle ages, ere the blighting influence of the Reformation swept over Catholic Europe, her colleges and universities were thronged with students. It was a time when the blessed influence of religion permeated the arts and sciences, and social and political life. They were the ages of faith when the Gothic Cathedral and stately abbey, those great books of stone, were erected to the worship of God. It was pre-eminently an age of illustrious men, whose stupendous achievements in discovery and learning and in every art that has ennobled humanity will ever be the glory of the Church and the wonder of the world.

In this way Catholic journalism can accomplish untold good along educational and historical lines, as an aid to fitting and equipping Catholic and non-Catholic alike with a knowledge of the early Church, whose history is the history of the world. In our age and country, living as we do in an atmosphere that is artificial, there is an imperative need for a strong Catholic press to counteract the pernicious influences of secular journalism in its endeavor to put aside and relegate religious belief into the background. It is a duty that devolves upon us, the support of the Catholic press, and no home can be truly called

### A Christian Home Without the Catholic Paper.

How little we realise the fact that thousands of our fellow-men and women in the faith scattered in mountain and village without priest or church remain loyal and steadfast to their religion. And this is due to a large extent to the Catholic paper that is sent to them by societies and individuals in our large cities. These people are thus kept in touch with Catholic affairs, and many a one has blessed the silent voice of the printed word that has enabled them to know their religion and to be true to the old Church. The leaders in Catholic organisations should exert themselves in promoting the interests of Catholic newspapers and magazines. The upbuilding of Catholic literature means greater culture, more general reading, and a widespread dissemination of the truths of religion. All of which would leave its impress on the mind and heart of this and future generations.

The greatest need of the twentieth century is a vigorous and outspoken Catholic press to stand as a bulwark against the sordid materialism that saturates our civilisation and threatens to engulf it. What a tremendous power ought the voice of the Catholic press to be everywhere around us. If the Catholic laity are alive to their true interests they will utilise this power to advance Catholic thought and opinion, that, standing amid the surging world, they may stamp their Catholic faith upon the face of life.

The new church of the Redemptorist Fathers, Watah, was solemnly blessed and opened by his Eminence Cardinal Moran on September 5. The occasional sermon was preached by the Right Rev. Dr. Dwyer, Coadjutor-Bishop of Maitland.

Mr. Michael Brady, who died at Gisborne (Vic.) recently, was 92. He was born in Wicklow, and arrived in Sydney in 1815. He was present at the outbreak of the Maori war, and later returned to Australia.

Christmas comes but once a year,  
And when it comes—why, then it's here;  
But this of colds we cannot say,  
They come, they go, they often stay,  
And merge into a nasty cough,  
Which we have trouble to drive off.  
Vain the attempts unless we procure  
A bottle of Woods' Great Peppermint Cure.

# BONNINGTON'S CARRAGEEN IRISH MOSS

A CERTAIN CURE for COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS ETC.

**REID & GRAY** have been established forty years  
 WE KNOW WHAT SUITS YOU.  
 200 Colonials employed. Implements made in New Zealand  
 by New Zealand Men for New Zealand Farmers.

**Reid and Gray Ploughs** excel all others for excellence of material and  
 lasting durability. Double and Single Furrows.  
 Swings or Hillsides. See our New Pattern Short Three-Furrow Plough.  
**Windmills, Rollers, Disc Harrows, Chaffcutters, Lawn Mowers.** "Hornsby"  
 Send for 1906 Catalogue—just issued. Oil Engines

**REID & GRAY, Dunedin.** Branches and Agencies Everywhere.

—OVER FOUR MILLION SOLD ANNUALLY IN AUSTRALASIA—

## Marseilles Red Roofing Tiles

(SALES IN NEW ZEALAND ARE INCREASING EVERY MONTH)

**Light, Cool, Watertight, Everlasting, Inexpensive.**

**Uniform Colour throughout. Every Roof Guaranteed.**

**Past Works.**—Such as Dunedin Convent, Camara Convent, Clyde Church, Holy Trinity Church Port Chalmers, Dunedin Car  
 House, Gore Post Office, Cracote Works, Invercargill, numerous Private Residences, particularly in High Street, Dunedin  
 and in Roslyn, SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES.

**Future Works.**—Such as Christchurch Cathedral, Dunedin, Bluff and Rangiora Railway Stations, Railway Library, Invercargill  
 and TEN (10) Private Houses in Dunedin, Oamaru and Invercargill show the increasing popularity of the line.

**Estimates Given of any work.** These are carried out by our RESIDENT EXPERTS, and WHICH WE GUARANTEE.

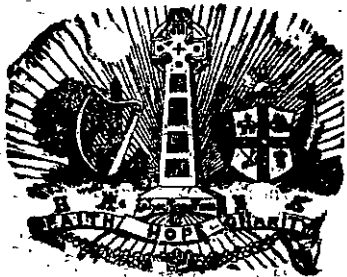
The most PICTURESQUE ROOF for either Private or Public Buildings.

WUNDERLICH'S PATENT ZINC CEILINGS, Cheapest, Safest, and most Artistic.

SOLE.....  
 AGENTS

**BRISCOE & Co., Ltd,**

Dunedin, Wellington, Christchurch,  
 Auckland, and Invercargill.



### HIBERNIAN-AUSTRALASIAN CATHOLIC BENEFIT SOCIETY, NEW ZEALAND DISTRICT, No. 3.

The Catholic Community is earnestly requested to support this  
 excellent Organisation, for it inculcates a love of Holy Faith and  
 Patriotism in addition to the unsurpassed benefits and privileges of  
 Membership.

The Entrance Fees are from 2s 6d to £4, according to age at time  
 of Admission.

Sick Benefits 20s per week for 26 weeks, 15s per week for the  
 next 13 weeks, and 10s a week for the following 13 weeks. In case  
 of a further continuance of his illness a member of Seven Years'  
 Standing previous to the commencement of such illness will be  
 allowed 5s per week as superannuation during incapacity.

Funeral Allowance, £20 at the death of a Member, and £10 at  
 the death of a Member's Wife.

In addition to the foregoing provision is made for the admis-  
 sion of Honorary Members, Reduced Benefit Members, and the  
 establishment of Sisters' Branches and Juvenile Contingents. Full  
 information may be obtained from Local Branch Officers or direct  
 from the District Secretary.

The District Officers are anxious to open New Branches, and  
 will give all possible assistance and information to applicants  
 Branches being established in the various centres throughout the  
 Colonies an invaluable measure of reciprocity obtains.

W. KANE,  
 District Secretary,  
 Auckland

Have you an old and indolent sore that won't heal?  
 Use Witch's Herbal Ointment—a mighty healer. Take no  
 other but Witch's Ointment.

### TO THE CLERGY.

**BAPTISMAL AND CONFIRMATION REGISTERS**  
 ALWAYS KEPT IN STOCK.

Also, FORMS FOR BAPTISM CERTIFICATES.  
 PRICE ..... 5s PER 100.

N.Z. TABLET CO., OCTAGON, DUNEDIN.

### W. G. ROSSITER, PAWNBROKER, WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER & OPTICIAN

A choice Stock of Gold and Silver Watches and Jewellery, Silver  
 and Plated Goods, Field and Opera Glasses, Musical, Striking Alarm  
 Cuckoo, and Fancy Clocks.—Bargains.

Also Musical Boxes, Instruments, Billiard Pockets, Guns, Rifles  
 Revolvers, Cameras, Sewing Machines, and Gun Fittings for Sale—  
 Great Bargains.

Buyer of Old Gold and Silver, Diamonds, and Precious Stones  
 Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery carefully Repaired by W. G. R.  
 Special Attention Given to Country Orders.

Note Address:  
 5 GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN

### Crown Carriage Works.

**O'NEIL & SONS,** Up-to-date  
**GORE.** Carriage Builders

All Classes of Vehicles Built on the Shortest Notice.  
 A TRIAL SOLICITED.



**What Do . . .  
You . . . . .  
PREFER ?**

..... If you want the very best underwear  
..... this Colony produces, ask for "Mos-  
..... giel"! If you want sound lasting  
..... wear, get "Mosgiel"! If all-wool,  
..... soft, fleecy and free from cotton ad-  
..... mixture, then "Mosgiel" will give  
..... complete satisfaction! All sizes and  
..... styles for Men, Women, and Chil-  
..... dren.

**Commercial**

**PRODUCE.**

Wellington.—September 10.—The Department of Industries and Commerce received the following cable from the High Commissioner, dated London, September 8: "The mutton market is quiet and steady. Canterbury brands are quoted at 3½d; North Island at 3¼d. River Plate mutton is selling at 3½d. There is a better tone in the lamb market this week, and prices are steadier. Canterbury brands are quoted at 4½; other than Canterbury, 4¾d. Beef: The market is firm, 3½ and 2½ being the respective quotations for hind and forequarters. Choice New Zealand butter is selling at 114s per cwt, and Danish at 122s. The cheese market is a little quieter at the same quotations as last week. Good business is being done in hemp at higher prices. G.f.a.q., Wellington, on spot, is quoted at £34 10s per ton, and the same quotation rules for October-December shipments. The stock on hand is 624 tons. There has been no alteration in the cocksfoot seed market since last week. New Zealand long-berried wheat, on spot, is quoted at 30s 6d per 406lb; short-berried, 30s. These prices are nominal. New Zealand sparrowbill oats, ex granary, per quarter of 384lb, are quoted at 25s; Danish, per 320lb, at 19s 6d, with a steady market.

Invercargill Prices Current:—Wholesale—Butter, (farm), 9d; separator, 11d. Butter (factory), pats 1s 1½d. Eggs, 8d per dozen. Cheese, 7d. Hams, 9d. Barley, 2s to 2s 6d. Chaff, £3 5s per ton. Flour, £9 10s to £10. Oatmeal, £12 10s to £13. Bran, £4. Pollard, £5 10s. Potatoes, £10. Retail—Farm butter, 11d; separator 1s 1d. Butter (factory), pats, 1s 4d. Cheese, 9d. Eggs, 10d per dozen. Bacon, 9d. Hams, 9d. Flour—200lb, 21s; 50lb, 5s 9d; 25lb, 3s. Oatmeal—50lb, 7s 3d; 25lb, 3s 9d. Pollard, 9s 6d per bag. Bran, 5s. Chaff, 2s. Potatoes, 12s per cwt.

Messrs. Stronach, Morris, and Co. report:—

Oats.—There is a better tone in the market, and quotations are as follows:—Seed lines, 2s 5d to 2s 9d; prime milling, 2s 2½d to 2s 3d; good to best feed, 2s 1d to 2s 2d; inferior and medium, 1s 10d to 2s per bushel.

Wheat.—Business continues quiet pending a settlement of the Reciprocal Treaty, and the following are merely nominal quotations:—Prime milling, 3s 5d to 3s 7d; medium, 3s 3d to 3s 4½d; best whole fowl wheat, 3s 1d to 3s 2d; broken and damaged, 2s 6d to 3s per bushel.

Potatoes.—There is a good demand for seed lines, especially "Up-to-dates," and quotations are as follows:—Good to prime seed lines, £12 to £13 10s; best table sorts, £11 to £11 15s; medium to good, £9 10s to £10 10s; inferior, £6 to £8 per ton.

Chaff.—Prime quality still commands most attention, quotations being as follows:—Prime oaten sheaf, £3 17s 6d to £4; extra, to £4 2s 6d; medium to good, £3 10s to £3 15s; light and inferior, £3 to £3 5s per ton.

Messrs. Donald Reid and Co. (Ltd.) report:—

We held our weekly auction sale of grain and produce at our stores on Monday, when we submitted a full catalogue of the usual lines in demand locally. There was a good attendance of buyers, and with fair competition most of the lines on offer changed hands at prices about on a par with late quotations. Values ruled as under:—

Oats.—During the past week we have had more inquiry from exporters, and in good lines of feed oats better business has been done. In order to effect this, however, slightly lower quotations have had to be made. The demand for prime seed lines is still good, but milling sorts have only moderate attention. We quote: Seed lines, 2s 5d to 2s 9d; prime milling, 2s 2½d to 2s 3d; good to best feed, 2s 1d to 2s 2d; inferior and medium, 1s 10d to 2s per bushel (sacks extra).

Wheat.—Pending the settlement of the Reciprocity Treaty, business in connection with milling wheat is quite at a standstill. Fowl wheat continues to meet with fair sale at late values, both locally and for export. We quote: Prime milling (nominally) 3s 5d to 3s 7d; medium, 3s 3d to 3s 4½d; best whole fowl wheat, 3s 1d to 3s 2d; broken and damaged, 2s 9d to 3s per bushel (sacks extra).

Potatoes.—There is still good local demand for prime seed Up-to-dates, well-picked lots having a strong preference. The market is fully supplied with medium table potatoes, which are more difficult to deal with, although freshly-picked, sound table sorts are in good demand. Inferior quality and small sorts have little attention. We quote: Good to prime seed lines, £12 to £13 10s; best table sorts, £11 to £11 15s; medium to good, £9 10s to £10 10s; inferior, £6 to £8 10s per ton, sacks included.

Chaff.—The market is well supplied with chaff of medium to good quality. Prime, bright oaten sheaf still finds most favor with buyers, and is saleable at prices about equal to late quotations, but inferior sorts are not in request, and are difficult to deal with. We quote: Prime oaten sheaf, £3 17s 6d to £4; choice, to £4 2s 6d; medium to good, £3 10s to £3 15s; light and inferior, £3 to £3 5s per ton (bags extra).

Straw.—We quote: Oaten, 45s to 47s 6d; wheat, 32s 6d per ton pressed.

Turnips.—We quote: Best Swedes, 14s per ton, loose, ex truck.

**WOOL**

Messrs. Stronach, Morris, and Co. report:—

Rabbitskins.—We offered a very large catalogue at our sale on Monday, prices if anything being a shade better than those ruling last week, viz.: Winter does to 18½d, winter bucks to 16d, and blacks to 14½d per lb.

Sheepskins.—We only offered a fair sized catalogue at Tuesday's sale, prices being a shade firmer than at last week's sale.

Hides.—We submitted a catalogue of 238 at last Tuesday's sale, competition being very keen and prices showing an advance all round. Our top price for ox was 7½d, and for cows 6½d per lb.

Tallow and Fat.—No change to report.

**LIVE STOCK**

**DUNEDIN HORSE SALEYARDS.**

Messrs. Wright, Stephenson, and Co., report as follows:—

The entry for last Saturday's sale was an exceptionally small one, being composed mainly of light harness sorts, with one or two medium draughts, but there was not a really good beast in the yard. The same remark applies to strong, upstanding light harness sorts: We quote: Superior young draught geldings, at from £15 to £52; extra good do (prize takers), £55 to £60; superior young draught mares, £55 to £65; medium draught mares and geldings, £30 to £40; aged do, £15 to £25; well-matched carriage pairs, £75 to £100; strong spring-van horses £25 to £30; milk-cart and butchers' order-cart horses, £18 to £25; light hacks, £10 to £15; extra good hacks and harness horses, £20 to £25; weedy and aged do, £5 to £8.

Messrs. A. and T. Inglis, George street, Dunedin, are now making a splendid display in all departments of the latest novelties and fashions for spring and summer wear....

**SLIGO BROS.,**

MEMBERS DUNEDIN STOCK EXCHANGE,  
STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, PRINCES STREET  
STOCK & SHAREBROKERS, MINING EXPERTS.  
Investment Stocks a Specialty.  
TELEGRAMS....."SLIGO," DUNEDIN.

**KINGSLAND and FERGUSON**

UNDERTAKERS AND MONUMENTAL MASONS, SPEY AND DEE STREETS, INVERCARGILL.

Funerals conducted to or from any part of Southland. Every description of Monuments in stock. We supply and erect all kinds of Grave Fences. Inscriptions neatly cut. Telephone 25



Smart Novelties for Every Occasion.

## READY-TO-WEAR FASHIONS

In Millinery, Blouses, Costumes, Mantles, Skirts, and Neckwear.

### UNION STEAM SHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND LIMITED

Steamers are despatched as under (weather and other circumstances permitting):

**LYTTELTON and WELLINGTON**—  
(Booking Passengers West Coast Ports)—  
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

**NAPIER, GISBORNE and AUCKLAND**—  
Tuesdays and Fridays.

**SYDNEY, via WELLINGTON and COOK STRAIT**—  
Every Thursday.

**SYDNEY via EAST COAST PORTS and AUCKLAND**—  
Every Tuesday

**MELBOURNE via BLUFF & HOBART**—  
Every Sunday.

**ONEHUNGA and NEW PLYMOUTH, via Oamaru, Timaru, Lyttelton, & Wellington**—  
Corinna Fortnightly.

**WESTPORT and GREYMOUTH via Oamaru, Timaru, Lyttelton, and Wellington (cargo only)**—  
Every Thursday.

#### SUVA and LEVUKA.

Regular monthly Trips from Auckland

**TONGA, SAMOA, FIJI, and SYDNEY**—  
Regular Monthly Trips from Auckland.

**RAROTONGA and TAHITI**—  
Regular Monthly Trips from Auckland.

#### CANADIAN-AUSTRALIAN LINE (Under the British Flag)

via Pacific Islands and Vancouver. Cheap-  
est Quick Route to Canada, United States  
and Europe.

Every four weeks from Sydney and Suva

### EUROPEAN HOTEL, GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

Good Accommodation for travelling Public  
Best brands of Wines and Spirits kept.

J. MORRISON - Proprietor.  
(Late Banfurly, Central Otago).

### S. McBRIDE,

TIMARU.

Direct Importer of MARBLE and GRANITE  
MONUMENTS from the best Italian  
and Scotch Quarries.

A large stock of the Latest Designs to select  
from at lowest prices.



### SILVERINE

A perfect substitute for Silver at a  
Fraction of the Cost.

### SILVERINE

Is a Solid Metal, takes a High Polish  
and Wears White all through. More  
durable than Electroplate, at one-  
third the cost

### SILVERINE

Has given Immense Satisfaction  
thousands of Purchasers.

### SILVERINE

Posted Free to any part of New  
Zealand at following prices:

Tea, Afternoon and Egg Spoons	5s doz
Dessert Spoons and Forks	10s doz
Table Spoons and Forks	15s doz

SOLE AGENTS

### EDWARD REECE & SONS

FURNISHING and GENERAL

IRONMONGERS,

COLOMBO ST., CHRISTCHURCH



## G. MUNRO and SON

[Established 1883]

Monumental Sculptors,  
MORAY PLACE (off George Street), DUNEDIN.

Direct Importers of Marble and Granite  
Monuments.

Latest Designs to select from at LOWEST PRICES.  
Quotations and Designs forwarded on application.

We Invite Your Correspondence.

Proprietors of "K" Brand Oamaru Stone  
Quarries.

**THE UNITED Insurance Company, Ltd.** Incorporated 1862  
**CAPITAL - - - - - £500,000**  
**FIRE AND MARINE.**

**Head Office - SYDNEY.**

Manager: THOMAS M. TINLEY Secretary: MARTIN HAIGH.

#### BRANCHES:

LONDON—James Ree, Agent; MELBOURNE—T. Lookwood, (Res. Sec);  
ADELAIDE—J. F. H. Daniell, Res. Sec; HOBART—W. A. Fregear, Res.  
Agent; PERTH—J. H. Frouse, Res. Sec; BRISBANE—R. Wickham, Res.  
Sec; TOWNSVILLE—, Dis. Sec; ROOKHAMPTON—H. T. Shaw,  
Res. Sec

**NEW ZEALAND BRANCH: Principal Office, WELLINGTON**

Directors—NICHOLAS BEID, Chairman. MARTIN KENNEDY, R. O'CONNOR  
Resident Secretary—JAMES S. JAMESON.  
Bankers—NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, LIMITED.

#### Branches and Agencies:

AUCKLAND—A. E. Dean, Dis. Sec.; GISBORNE—Dalgaty & Co, Ltd  
ARANAKI—D. McAllister; HAWKE'S BAY—J. V. Brown & Son; NELSON  
—M. Lightband; MARLBOROUGH—B. Parkes; WESTLAND—T. Eddon  
Coates; CANTERBURY—Jameson, Anderson & Co; OTAGO—G. Bayly  
Dis. Sec; SOUTHLAND—T. D. A. Moffatt.

**ARCHDIOCESE OF WELLINGTON**

(From our own correspondent.)

September 8.

The annual social for the schools is to be held in the Town Hall next Wednesday. The function will be arranged by the members of the Sacred Heart Society.

Mr. L. Reichel, Government Electrician, who has been absent in England for some months, returned to the Colony on Wednesday. Mr. Reichel has been Home for the purpose of acquiring experience at the best electrical works in the Old Country. As the result of his observations the Colony will no doubt reap considerable advantages.

A Catholic Young Men's Club is to be formed in Petone. On Wednesday evening an inaugural meeting was held at which the Federation executive was present. It was resolved to proceed with the erection of club premises, and in this connection the Rev. Father Maples has given the necessary site, while Mr. A. Coles has donated the handsome sum of £50. It is intended that the club rooms shall be erected by the members themselves, among whom there are many skilled tradesmen. The Petone district is a large one, and the club should prove a successful one.

On Sunday afternoon the new church at Island Bay was blessed by his Grace the Archbishop, assisted by the Ven. Archdeacon Devoy, S.M. (Provincial), Very Rev. Father Lewis, V.G., and Rev. Fathers Ainsworth, O'Shea, Moloney, and Herring. The weather was most inclement, and prevented the attendance of large numbers from other parishes. At the conclusion of a short service, his Grace said that he rejoiced to see signs so evident of the progress of the Catholic Church in the Island Bay district, and instanced such buildings as the Convent of the Sacred Heart, and the Home for Incurables that is now in course of erection. The church, which he had just blessed, would soon be found too small for their requirements, but it was so erected that additions could easily be made. He congratulated the clergy and all who had been associated in the completion of a work which supplied a want long felt by the Catholics at the Bay. The Rev. Father Ainsworth, S.M., pastor of the parish, referred to the rapid growth of the district, and to the fact that at Newtown the congregation had increased in a remarkable degree.

The new church, which occupies a very fine site, is capable of seating 200 people. The length of the building is 60 feet, the height 20 feet, and the width 26 feet. There is a choir gallery at the western end, and an organ has been installed. In about a month's time there will be a solemn dedication service and opening ceremony. The new church is to be dedicated to God under the patronage of St. Francis de Sales.

**TEMUKA**

(From our own correspondent.)

The Temuka presbytery is expected to be out of the workmen's hands by the end of the present week, and will be ready for occupation in two or three weeks' time. During the last month men have also been engaged in laying out the grounds round about the building.

The local Catholic Young Men's Club has lost the services of its treasurer, Mr. Z. Beri, who has gone to Christchurch. On Friday evening a mock banquet was held in the club rooms. During the proceedings Mr. Barry (president of the club) presented Mr. Beri with a case of pipes and a silver-mounted cigarette holder, at the same time eulogising the recipient's services to the club. Other members endorsed the remarks of the chairman. Mr. Beri returned thanks for the handsome present and the kind things that had been said about him. Mr. D. D. O'Connell has been elected treasurer of the club. The oratorical competition arranged by the executive of the federated societies will take place on September 21.

**INVERCARGILL**

(From our own correspondent.)

September 7.

The usual weekly meeting of the Invercargill Catholic Club was held on Tuesday evening, September 4. The programme consisted of a debate, 'Was Charles I. justifiably beheaded?' The Rev. Father O'Malley led off in the negative, and dealt ably with the events leading up to the execution of Charles, pointing out the injustice of that sentence. Other

speakers on that side were: Messrs. T. P. Gilfedder, Ryan, Haughey, and Morton. The Very Rev. Dean Burke took the affirmative side, followed by Messrs. Collins and M. Gilfedder. The meeting decided in favor of the negative. It is pleasing to note that the membership of the club is now 70, new members being elected every week.

**Late Burnside Stock Report**

Per favor Donald Reid & Co.

Fat Cattle.—157 head yarded. Although the yarding was somewhat smaller than usual prices firmed to a very small extent. Best bullocks, £10 to £11 10s; medium to good, £9 to £9 15s; light, £7 10s to £8 15s; best cows and heifers, £7 15s to £8 12s 6d; light, £6 10s to £7.

Sheep.—3584 yarded, this being the largest number forward for several weeks. This number proving more than enough for requirements, prices dropped about 1s 6d per head. Best wethers, 21s 9d to 23s 6d; medium to good, 20s to 21s; light, 18s to 19s; best ewes, 17s to 20s; medium to good, 15s 6d to 16s 3d.

Figs.—There was a full yarding of 203, a fair proportion of these being suckers and slips, for which, however, prices kept fairly high, showing a rise of from 2s to 4s per head. Bacon pigs were firm at late rates, but porkers were somewhat easier. Suckers, 10s to 15s; slips, 18s to 22s; stores, 24s to 28s; porkers, 34s to 40s; light baconers, 43s to 48s; heavy do, 50s to 59s.

The Rev. Father Marion (Provincial of the Marist Fathers) and the Rev. Father Duclos, S.M., have left Sydney on a visit to the Marist Missions in Fiji. They were accompanied by five missionaries, who are returning to their home in Samoa, after undergoing their second novitiate at Villa Maria, Hunter's Hill.

His Grace the Archbishop of Melbourne, accompanied by the Bishop of Ballarat, visited Bendigo on August 25. The visitors are the guests of the Bishop of Sandhurst. On the following Sunday afternoon the Archbishop opened a new wing which has been erected in connection with St. Mary's Convent College.

Rev. J. B. Ronald, M.P. for Southern Melbourne, received a pleasant surprise a day or two ago, when a valuable silver-mounted umbrella reached him. On the handle of the umbrella was the inscription, 'Presented to the Rev. Ronald by the son of a '48 man, for loyalty to Home Rule.' The name of the donor is unknown.

At the Sydney University junior examinations pupils from the seven colleges of the Christian Brothers in Queensland obtained 49 passes, the respective establishments and the numbers being—Brisbane, 24, Maryborough 7, Gympie 4, Ipswich 4, Charters Towers 4, Toowoomba 3, and Rockhampton 3.

The publication of an advertisement in a Catholic paper shows that the advertiser not only desires the patronage of Catholics, but pays them the compliment of seeking it through the medium of their own religious journal. So says an esteemed and wide-awake American contemporary. A word to the wise is sufficient.

A list of the winning numbers in the art union in aid of the Dominican Convent, Bluff, appears in this issue.

For Bronchial Coughs and Colds, WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE, 1/8 and 2/6 per Bottle.

**TO SUBSCRIBERS.**

We ask you to do business by mail direct with our Office, without putting us to the expense of sending canvassers and collectors to your door.

As an inducement we offer to send you the N.Z. Tablet for **ONE POUND A YEAR**, paid strictly in advance.

Booked Subscriptions still continue at 25/- per year. No agent, canvasser, or collector has power to alter these terms.

**NOTE THE DIFFERENCE:**

	Year.	Half-year.	Quarter.
By Mail in Advance	20/-	10/-	5/-
If Booked	25/-	12/6	6/6

MANAGER N.Z. Tablet.

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL CATHOLIC DEPOT.

LOUIS GILLE AND CO.

73 AND 75 LIVERPOOL STREET, SYDNEY, ALSO  
300 AND 302 LONSDALE ST., MELBOURNE.By Special  
AppointmentSuppliers to  
His Holiness Pius X.

## \* NEW BOOKS JUST RECEIVED. \*

The Stations of the Cross. H. Thurston, S. J. ...	4s 6d
Self-Knowledge and Self-Discipline. B. W. Maturin ...	6s 0d
The Suffering Man-God, by Pere Seraphin ...	2s 6d
Psychology of Ants and Higher Animals. Wasmann, S. J. ...	5s 6d
The Soggarth Aroon. Rev. J. Guinan, C.O. ...	3s 0d
Key to the World's Progress. C. S. Devass, M.A. ...	6s 0d
The Mother of Jesus. Rev. P. Huault, S.M. ...	5s 0d
The Tradition of Scripture. Rev. W. Barry, D.D. ...	4s 0d
Mystic Treasures of the Mass. O. Coppens, S. J. ...	3s 0d
Letters on Christian Doctrine. F. M. de Zulueta, S. J. ...	3s 0d
The Gospel Applied to Our Times. Rev. D. S. Phelan ...	10s 6d
Christ the Preacher. Rev. D. S. Phelan ...	11s 6d
The Light of Faith. F. McGloin ...	5s 6d
In Quest of Truth. R. Muenohgesang ...	3s 6d
Life of T. E. Bridgett, C.S.S.R., by Cyril Ryder, C.S.S.R. ...	4s 6d
Lenten Readings from the Breviary. Lord Butts ...	2s 6d

P.S.—Above prices do not include postage.

S. T. PATRICK'S COLLEGE  
WELLINGTON

CONDUCTED BY THE MARIST FATHERS.

Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Grace the Archbishop of Wellington.

The object of the Marist Fathers in this country, as in their colleges in Europe and America, is to impart to their pupils a thoroughly Religious and a sound Literary education, which will enable them in after-life to discharge their duties with honour to Religion and Society, and with credit and advantage to themselves.

Students are prepared for the N.Z. University Junior and Senior Civil Service, Medical Entrance, Solicitors' General Knowledge, Bank and all other Public Examinations.

Students not preparing for the learned Professions have the advantage of a Special Commercial Course, under efficient management, where they are taught all that will be of use in mercantile pursuits.

Special attention is also paid to the teaching of Physical Science, for which purpose the College possesses a large Laboratory and Demonstration Hall. Vocal Music, Eloquence, Drawing, and all other branches of a Liberal Education receive due attention.

Physical culture is attended to by a competent Drill Instructor who trains the students three times a week in Drill, Rifle Practice, and Gymnastics. A large and well-equipped Gymnasium is attached to the College.

The religious and moral training of the pupils is an object of special care, and particular attention is bestowed on the teaching of Christian Doctrine.

A well-appointed Infirmary attached to the College is under the charge of the Sisters of Compassion, from whom in case of illness all students receive the most tender and devoted care, and who at all times pay particular attention to the younger and more delicate pupils, who without such care would find the absence of home comforts very trying.

For Terms, etc., apply to THE RECTOR.

J. M. J.

## SACRED HEART COLLEGE,

RICHMOND ROAD, AUCKLAND.

Conducted by the MARIST BROTHERS

Under the Patronage of

Right Rev. Dr. LENIHAN, Bishop of Auckland.

THE COLLEGE lifts its stately form on a section of land 14 acres in extent. It overlooks the Waitemata Harbor and commands a magnificent view of the Waitakeri Ranges.

The great object of the Brothers is to give their pupils a sound Religious Education, and enable them to discharge the duties of their after-life, with honor to religion, benefit to the State, and credit to themselves.

Students are prepared for UNIVERSITY JUNIOR SCHOLARSHIP, MATRICULATION, SENIOR AND JUNIOR CIVIL SERVICE, MEDICAL ENTRANCE, and SOLICITORS' and BARRISTERS' GENERAL KNOWLEDGE EXAMINATIONS.

The Pension is 35 guineas per annum. A reduction of 10 per cent. is allowed in favor of Brothers.

Prospectuses on application to the

BROTHER DIRECTOR.

A CARD.

ALEX. PATRICK

Late London  
Hospitals.SURGEON  
DENTIST.

63 Princes Street, DUNEDIN.

THE PROVINCIAL ECLESIASTICAL SEMINARY  
OF NEW ZEALAND,  
HOLY CROSS COLLEGE, MOSGIEL.

IN conformity with arrangements made at the First Provincial Synod, held in Wellington in 1899, this Seminary has been established for the Education of Students from all parts of New Zealand who aspire to the Ecclesiastical State.

Students twelve years of age and upwards will be admitted.

Candidates for admission are required to present satisfactory testimonials from the parochial clergy, and from the superiors of schools or colleges where they may have studied.

The Pension is £35 a year, payable half-yearly in advance. It provides for Board and Lodging, Tuition, School Books, Furniture, Bedding and House Linen.

The Extra Charges are: Washing, \$1 10s a year, and Medicine and Medical Attendance if required.

Students will provide their own wearing apparel, including the Soutane, as well as Surplice for assistance in Choir.

The Annual Vacation ends on Saturday, the 17th of February.

The Seminary is under the patronage and direction of the Archbishop and Bishops of New Zealand, and under the immediate personal supervision of the Right Rev. Bishop of Dunedin.

Donations towards the establishment of Bursaries for the Free Education of Ecclesiastical Students will be thankfully received.

The course of studies is arranged to enable students who enter the College to prepare for Matriculation and the various Examinations for Degrees at the University.

For further particulars apply to

THE RECTOR,  
Holy Cross College, Mosgiel.

A CARD.

Telephone 2024

B. B. Wright,

SURGEON DENTIST

LOWER HIGH STREET,

OTAGO DAILY TIMES BUILDING, DUNEDIN.

## THE CATHOLIC BOOK DEPOT

(OPPOSITE THE CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL)

Established 1880.] CHRISTCHURCH. [Established 1880

Has the Largest Stock of Catholic Literature and Objects of  
Catholic Devotion in New Zealand.

NEW ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE AND AMERICA

Suitable for LIBRARIES.

PRIZES AND PRESENTS ARE NOW BEING OPENED UP.

Church and School Requisites in Abundance  
and Varieties.

Agent for the English and Irish Catholic Truth Publications,  
Also for the Australian Catholic School Readers.

... INSPECTION INVITED. ...

E. O'CONNOR ... Proprietor.

A CARD.

G. F. DODDS,

SUCCESSOR TO T. J. COLLINS

Surgeon Dentist,

UNION BANK BUILDINGS,

Opposite Brown, Ewing &amp; Co.

DUNEDIN.

TELEPHONE 222

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS AND DESIGNS.

If you desire to Patent an Invention, or Register  
a Trade Mark or Design, write or call upon.....  
Obtain his Pamphlet "Advice to Inventors."

HENRY HUGHES

# The Memorial Church to the Irish Martyrs, Cromwell.

## FACTS FOR THE IRISH MEN AND WOMEN OF NEW ZEALAND.

- 1.—It is a disgrace that any place in New Zealand should be named after one of the most cruel persecutors of the Irish people and the Catholic religion.
- 2.—The name of Cromwell is a perpetual reminder of his victims and the innumerable martyrs of Ireland.
- 3.—Therefore it is most fitting that a memorial church to the Irish martyrs should be erected here.
- 4.—The Cromwell Catholics are not able of themselves to build a worthy memorial church.
- 5.—Besides the honor of their martyred dead should be dearly cherished in the heart of every Irish man or woman.
- 6.—Therefore the Irish Catholics of Cromwell appeal to all their fellow countrymen and women in New Zealand to assist them in this great undertaking.
- 7.—The appeal will surely not be made in vain to any Irish man or woman who is familiar with the terrible blood-stained pages of Ireland's history.
- 8.—It is imperative that such a church should be freed of debt at the time of the opening.
- 9.—Therefore it is absolutely necessary that subscriptions should be sent as soon as possible in order that plans may be drawn up according to the amount of funds available.
- 10.—The names of all subscribers will be placed in a prominent place in the new church, and kept there always.
- 11.—All subscribers living and dead will have the benefit of a weekly Mass and the perpetual prayers of the Cromwell priest and people.
- 12.—The priest and people of Cromwell are most deeply grateful for the handsome donations and kind, encouraging letters already sent, and are confident that the Irish people of New Zealand will be faithful to the best and holiest traditions of their race, and generously support such a noble cause.

### FURTHER CONTRIBUTIONS.

	£	s.	d.
Previously acknowledged ...	510	14	3
Mr. Peter Flannery, Poolburn ...	5	0	0
Mr. George Goodger ...	5	0	0
Mr. John McGuinness ...	5	0	0
Mr. Patrick Callaghan, Akaroa ...	2	2	0
Mrs Ernest Jolly ...	2	2	0
A Friend, Cromwell ...	2	2	0
Mrs. Catherine Loft, Kyeburn ...	1	1	0
Mr. Patrick Burke, Christchurch ...	1	1	0
Mr. Christopher Devine, Oamaru ...	1	0	0
Mr. D. Mannix, Dunedin ...	1	0	0
<b>Total ...</b>	<b>£536</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>

(To be Continued).

All contributions to be addressed to the Rev. Father Hunt, Cromwell.

## DOMINICAN CONVENT, BLUFF ART UNION.

PRIZES.	NO. OF TICKET.	PRIZES.	NO. OF TICKET.
1st	1577	11th	1555
2nd	3753	12th	1183
3rd	2262	13th	311
4th	1531	14th	3931
5th	4123	15th	683
6th	2484	16th	2497
7th	3974	17th	361
8th	1558	18th	2295
9th	155	19th	3245
10th	4018	20th	1194

Bluff, September 8, 1906.

## ST. JOSEPH'S 1s. each.

## Posted 1/11. PRAYER BOOK

MAY BE OBTAINED AT N.Z. TABLET CO.

WITCH'S OIL for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, and lame back is unequalled. A strong and reliable preparation....

**HENRY HUGHES** INTERNATIONAL PATENT AGENT (Estab. 1882).  
 Offices at Queen's Chambers, WELLINGTON; 103 Queen St.;  
 183 Hereford Street, CHRISTCHURCH;  
 Information & Pamphlet free on application. A.M.P. Buildings, Princes Street, DUNEDIN, etc.

### MARRIAGE

CAMERON—LONARGAN.—On September 6, at the Cathedral, Christchurch, by the Very Rev. Father Le Menant des Chesnais, S.M., V.G., Donald McRae Cameron, fifth son of William Cameron, Okaiawa, Tairānaki, to Elsie J. Lonargan, third daughter of T. M. Lonargan, Redcliffs.

### DEATHS

McGRATH.—On the 30th August, 1906, at Wellington, the Rev. William McGrath; aged 45 yrs. Born in Co. Waterford, Ireland.—R.I.P.

SEELER.—On September 5, at Te Aro, Wellington, David John Seeler, of Kerrytown, South Canterbury, after a very short illness; aged 35 years.—R.I.P.

### IN MEMORIAM

QUINN.—In loving memory of Katie Quinn, who died at Wanganui Convent, on September 13, 1901.—R.I.P.

Inserted by A. Quinn and family, Wellington.

### MESSAGE OF POPE LEO XIII. TO THE N.Z. TABLET.

*Pergant Directores et Scriptores New Zealand Tablet, Apostolica Benedictione confortati, Religionis et Justitiæ causam Promovere per vias Veritatis et Pacis.*

Die 4 Aprilis, 1900.

LEO XIII., P.M.

TRANSLATION.—Fortified by the Apostolic Blessing, let the Directors and Writers of the New Zealand Tablet continue to promote the cause of Religion and Justice by the ways of Truth and Peace.

April 4, 1900.

LEO XIII., Pope.



THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1906.

## THE ANTI-QUACKERY BILL

FOR many years we have been out upon the trail after the quack. As a missionary priest, we have had all too abundant opportunities of studying the brazen fraud, utter callousness, the inhumanity, and the devouring greed of that noxious creature, that our legislatures have so long allowed, with little or no restriction, to prey upon society. The poor are nowadays the chief sufferers from the wiles and ways of the quack. Most of the fraternity would be in appropriate surroundings if placed under lock and key in gaol for obtaining money under false pretences by conveying drugs of which they know nothing (as Voltaire phrased it) into bodies of which they knew less. Others among the pestilent tribe would be fair subjects for the flagellator's 'cat' or the hangman's noose. Among these last we number the purveyors of certain 'electric' remedy 'literature,' and the horde of manufacturers, dealers, so-called 'specialists,' and others who pour into innocent and unsuspecting victims those deadly 'pain-killers,' 'headache powders,' 'bitters,' 'bracers,' 'sarsaparillas,' 'tonics,' and 'cures' for consumption, cancer, epilepsy, and paralysis, that are heavily laden with alcohol, or with such dangerous drugs

as cocaine, codeine, and morphine. Such 'nostrums and drugs infernal' have created untold evils in families by introducing the drink and drug habits under an unsuspected shape, and brought physical and moral ruin to women and even children in many a helpless and too trusting family.

Eight years ago we pressed upon the notice of our legislators—with specific warning instances—the need of legislation to protect a too confiding public from those harpies, and to prevent the press of the Colony from being made (as it is to so large an extent) the sounding-board of a peculiarly odious and heartless form of fraud. Legislative action has at last been taken. Mr. Hornsby's Quackery and Other Frauds Prevention Bill is now before the House. Its main provisions are such as make it worth while waiting for. Its defects (and it has its defects) will, we trust, get rubbed off in its passage through Parliament. It has the support of the Ministry, and altogether it seems as if New Zealand will soon cease to be a happy hunting-ground for the ignorant cure-alls and of the blatant charlatans whose claim of occult power is put forward with as calm assurance in the advertising columns of the secular press as it was from the stage in Elizabeth's days by voluble adventurers of the type of 'Doctor' Dee. Here is a summary of Mr. Hornsby's drastic measure as given by our local evening contemporary:—

The Bill makes it unlawful for any person to sell any medicament (other than those prescribed and supplied by a duly qualified registered medical practitioner or by a registered chemist) without first obtaining the consent and the certificate of the Chief Health Officer; and any bottle or package containing such medicament must bear the certificate of the Chief Health Officer on it when sold. Provision is made for chemists who desire to apply for authorisation to sell any medicament, and it is further provided that any unregistered practitioner within the Colony may make application to the Health Officer for the right to advertise any medicament or treatment for any disease or complaint; and the Chief Health Officer may, if reasonably satisfied as to the efficacy of such treatment or medicament and the bona fides of such unregistered practitioner, issue his certificate for any such treatment or use of medicaments. In cases where authorisation is refused applicants are entitled to be heard in the Supreme Court. The provisions of the Bill relating to the publication of advertisements concerning quack nostrums are particularly drastic. Clause 7 sets out that "any person who publishes any advertisement or other notification relating to any quack nostrum, and any unregistered practitioner who publishes any advertisement or notification offering advice to sufferers or patients, or to cure diseases or complaints either with or without fee, and the publishers and proprietors of any publication in which such advertisement or notification appears" shall be guilty of an offence under the Act. Similarly proprietors or publishers of newspapers, books, magazines, etc., whether within or without the Colony, are prohibited from publishing advertisements relating to alleged free packets or jewellery or other like "gifts" in return for the sale of "scented packets, medical remedies, or unauthorised medicaments." For a first breach of these provisions a fine not exceeding £5 is stipulated; for a second, one month's imprisonment may be inflicted; and for any subsequent offence not less than six nor more than twelve months' imprisonment.

By the time the Bill has passed through Committee it will, we opine, be amended so as to take the grave responsibility of examination and decision regarding medicaments from the Chief Health Officer to a Board, under the Health Department, consisting of skilled analysts and medical men.

The schoolmaster is very much abroad in our day and country. Nevertheless, a sufficient portion of our adult population are still, in regard to the claims of the quack, in a state of baptismal innocence and infantile credulity that demand the protection of the law. Despite the known impossibility of 'guaranteed cures' in large numbers of cases, brazen impostors

who trade upon these fraudulent promises are always sure of a plentiful clientele. 'Twas ever thus. Bartholin professed to cure all manner of disorders, and especially epilepsy, by repeating rhymes—and very poor rhymes they were, too. Paracelsus—or, to give him his full procession of names: Aurelius Philippus Paracelsus Theophrastus Bombastus de Hohenheim—set people crazy through the power he claimed of making them immortal by dosing them with liquid gold. He belied his cure by dying at forty-seven. And did not Kenelm Digby set all England by the ears with his new system of curing all human disorders with a shake of his 'sympathetic powder'? We have our Bartholins and our Paracelsuses, and our Kenelm Digbys in our own day and at our own door. There is merely a difference of names and methods and extent of imposition. Ages of diminished religious faith have ever been (as Lecky, himself a rationalist, pointed out) ages of greatest superstition and credulity. Our materialising time is the golden age of quackery. The legislator can do much to protect the victim from the impostor—the lark from the hawk. But the preacher's voice is, ultimately, the mightiest power for the suppression of this odious form of parasitism that has grown to such dimensions upon our social life.

## Notes

### 'Young Pagans'

The Rev. W. M. Greer, of Trinity Church (Protestant), New York, does not seem to have a very exalted idea of the system which trains children to pass a considerable part of their most impressionable years without any thought of, or reference to, God or the moral order. So much, at least, we may gather from the following extract from a recent sermon of his:—

'We are bringing up all over this broad land a lusty set of young pagans who, sooner or later—they or their children—will make havoc of our institutions.'

We in New Zealand are in the same boat. Had we not better be warned in time? And would not the non-Catholic creeds in New Zealand be better employed in establishing (as Catholics have done) systems of religious education than in propounding to each other the worn-out conundrum: Why don't people go to church?

### The New Chivalry

The new crusade, organised by the Archbishop of Melbourne, is well timed. It is an order of modern Christian knights, organised, not to fight for the rescue of the Holy Places of Palestine from Saracens, but for the defence of the holiest things of domestic and social life against the onset of the hard and unselfish materialism of our day. But the spirit is that of the crusaders of old, in the glow of their best period. 'The Crusaders,' says the learned Protestant historian, Dr. Stubbs, 'are not, in my mind, either the popular delusions that our cheap literature has determined them to be, nor papal conspiracies against kings and peoples, as they appear to the Protestant controversialist. . . They were the first great effort of mediæval life to go beyond the pursuit of selfish and isolated ambition; they were the trial feat of the young world essaying to use, to the glory of God and the benefit of man, the arms of its new knighthood. . . That in the end they were a benefit to the world, no one that reads can doubt;—and that in their course they brought out a love for all that is heroic in human nature—the love of freedom, the honor of prowess, sympathy with sorrow, perseverance to the last, and patient endurance without hope—the chronicles of the

**J. TAIT, Monumental Sculptor,**  
273 Cashel Street West, CHRISTCHURCH.

{ Just over Bridge  
and opposite  
Drill Shed.  
..... }

Manufacturer and Importer of Every Description  
of Headstones, Cross Monuments, etc., in Granite,  
Marble, and other stones.

age abundantly prove; proving, moreover, that it was by the experience of those times that the former of these virtues were realised and presented to posterity.

### The 'Smart Set'

Father Bernard Vaughan is still fly-blistering the vices and follies of the 'smart set.' 'A genial, giddy youth, with great expectations,' said he in a recent sermon, 'has not much chance of holding his own when set upon by fast, smart women. Some women of the set to which I refer seem to combine the savagery of the animal with the cunning of the devil. Of one thing, any man who ventures into the society of the fast, smart set may be sure, and that is, if he goes into it with any money he will come out of it without any.' And then he 'said things' about fashionable 'girl gamblers,' the moral ruin that overtakes so many of them at the hands of 'devils in disguise,' and the 'sewer of putrid filthiness' in which their grasping after gold is carried on. It is indeed a dark and terrible picture. He then showed how the betting mania had seized upon every walk of society, and pointed out the distinction between the legitimate and the illegitimate resort to games of chance and skill. 'I have been told,' he added, through the pages of the press that he wanted to stop, not bridge only, but everything that put merriment into life—for instance, elegance in dress, dainties in food, all diversions in the week, with all recreation on Sunday. 'I state emphatically,' said Father Vaughan, 'I want to do nothing of the sort. On the contrary, I like elegance in dress, but not extravagance, I like delicacies in food, but not dainties only. I like amusement in the week, but not till work has earned it, and I like relaxation on Sunday, but not till God is worshipped. In fact, so strongly do I feel about Sunday recreation that, in spite of what some will say, as soon as my sermon ends, I am going to take some 200 costers with other poor brother friends to spend the afternoon in the country. But this is very different from spending one's life in a riot of pleasure—gone mad. You can no more live a human life on mere pleasure than you can on whipped cream, and the so-called smart people who spend their time and wealth picking pleasure out of it would in my judgment be better employed picking oakum. They form our worst class of tramps. Father Vaughan exhorted his hearers to tear out of their being, no matter what it might cost, that special evil thing, be it betting, be it drugs, or be it sensuality, which was spoiling if not ruining life.'

### Imaginary Ailments

Apropos of the measure now before Parliament for the suppression of quackery, a story is going the rounds of the press that a French surgeon treated a poor woman who was convinced that she had had a lizard in her inside for forty years by an imaginary operation followed by exhibition of a lizard obtained for the purpose. 'A like device (remarks the 'British Medical Journal,'—commenting on the case) has often been successfully practised in similar circumstances. To show the length to which imagination may carry a neurotic person, we may mention the case of a great lady who had an ineradicable persuasion that all kinds of foreign bodies found their way into the throat and stuck there. Nothing was ever to be seen, but she was not to be satisfied with the most solemn assurance to that effect. So she went, spluttering and choking, especially when she went out to dinner, till life became a burden to her and to those about her. At last she found a physician who relieved her suffering. As he has long since gone to a place where he sleeps untroubled by the imaginings of hysterical patients, there can be no harm in telling how he did this. The method was simplicity itself. He laid in a stock of small coins, frag-

ments of bone, feathers, small tangles of hair, pieces of wax, and the like unconsidered trifles, and triumphantly removed one or other of these objects as the occasion required. This may be condemned by the righteous as quackery, and quackery of a kind undoubtedly was. But if the real end of medicine is to cure, can she, when legitimate means fail, afford to despise anything that relieves suffering, even though the suffering be imaginary? Or must all such sufferers be allowed to drift into the net of the quack who applies his imaginary remedies not for their benefit, but for his own?'

## DIOCESE OF DUNEDIN

The Rev. Father Cleary will deliver a lecture at the South Dunedin Catholic Literary and Social Club rooms on Monday evening.

A lecture under the auspices of St. Joseph's Men's Club will be delivered in St. Joseph's Hall on Friday evening by the Very Rev. Dean Burke, of Invercargill.

The roof of the new Senior House at Holy Cross College is now covered with Marseilles tiles, and the building begins to present a striking and finished appearance. A new avenue is being formed around the building.

At the usual weekly meeting of St. Joseph's Men's Club on Friday the question, 'Is conscription necessary to form an efficient defence force for the Colony?' was debated. Mr. P. Carolin led in the affirmative, and Mr. T. J. Hussey opposed him in the negative. Both gentlemen did full justice to their respective sides, and were supported by the following speakers: Messrs. E. W. Spain, D. S. Columb, W. Bevis, D. O'Connell, J. Wilkinson, and H. Miles. On a vote being taken those on the negative side were declared winners by a large majority.

The St. Joseph's Harriers ran from the Wakari School on Saturday. Messrs. Bernech, Sims, and Beard went out with the bags a little before three o'clock, and laid a good trail. Talking to the hills opposite the school till alongside Ashburn Hall, a turn was made to the left and along the district road, and the trail led back round the hills at the head of Fraser's Gully, and home by the Main road. Some difficulty was experienced on account of the strong wind blowing the paper, but the trail was kept. The pace all through was very fast, and the run throughout enjoyed by all the runners. This club will hold one more run this season—a scaled handicap and championship.

### Oamaru

(From an occasional correspondent.)

September 10.

A very enjoyable evening was spent last Thursday at the rooms of the lately formed Men's Catholic Club. The programme was a mock banquet, and a large number of members assembled for the occasion. Rev. Father O'Neill occupied the chair, the vice-chair being filled by Mr. M. Hanley. Numerous toasts were proposed and duly honored, several members of the club making their maiden speeches and acquitting themselves with credit. The toasts were interspersed with songs and recitations, and the whole programme gave satisfaction to all present.

The club, since its inauguration a few weeks ago, has increased in membership. A debating class has been formed. Messrs. M. Hanley and V. Veitch have undertaken a physical culture class, while Mr. C. Kane is president of the cricket club. The intellectual side of the club is not forgotten, as it is intended to start a library immediately. A piano has been purchased, and as several of the members possess musical talents, the instrument will prove a valuable adjunct. The club has become affiliated to the Federated Catholic Societies, and on September 27 will enter for the oratorical contest—'Mr. Seddon as a statesman and as a man.' The contest will be carried on under the rules of the executive of the Federation.

It will pay our readers in Dunedin, Oamaru, and Invercargill to patronise Messrs. H. R. Scott and Co., where they will have the opportunity of inspecting a comprehensive stock of Home and Colonial Hosiery, which is offered at very moderate prices...

## Interprovincial

The reading matter in the 'Triad' for the current month is more than usually interesting.

The New Zealand Postal Department expects to pay about £1500 this year for the purchase and use of bicycles.

Captain Walker, of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, has left Melbourne for New Zealand for the purpose of again conferring with Sir Joseph Ward on the establishment of a wireless station in New Zealand.

There were 517,720 dairy cows in the Colony last year, according to returns just published by the Government. They were the means of supporting and keeping going 298 cheese and butter factories, 448 skimming stations, 473 private dairies, and 195 packing houses.

The growing of tobacco does not progress in New Zealand, states the 'Official Year Book' for 1906. In 1889, 34 acres were being cultivated; in 1890, 25 acres; in 1891, 16 acres; in 1892, 6 acres; in 1893, 4 acres; and in 1895, 5 acres, producing 1599lb of dried leaf. Statistics of this crop have not been taken since 1895.

As the result of the representations of a deputation which waited on him on Tuesday, the Premier agreed to recommend the Cabinet to vote a subsidy of pound for pound subscribed up to £3000 by the public for housing the Dr. Hocken collection. The Cabinet subsequently agreed to the Premier's recommendation.

On the opening of the coming International Exhibition at Christchurch the Railway Department purposes running a third express from Oamaru to Christchurch, and this will be kept in running so long as traffic warrants. The probability is that a third express will be put into running between Dunedin and Christchurch for a few days at Christmas; also at New Year.

The autumn grain crops, which have sprouted through the ground, present a healthy appearance, writes the North Canterbury correspondent of the 'Press.' Ploughing and sowing have been pushed forward during last week for the spring crop, but in some localities the land is not quite dry enough for harrowing. On all sides the lambing is reported to be fairly satisfactory.

In the course of a lecture at Christchurch recently Mr. E. R. Waite showed a photograph of a tiger. The picture, he stated, was probably unique, as it was the picture of a living tiger photographed in its native jungle. The picture was taken by a clergyman in Bengal. The animal was discovered sleeping. The camera was quietly set up, and the picture was obtained. The tiger was subsequently shot.

The 21 years' operations of the Wyndham Dairy Factory have been responsible for the handling of a lot of produce and money. During that time, according to figures submitted by the chairman, Mr. J. Milne, at a social gathering the other night, the company has received 85 million gallons of milk, manufactured 3800 tons of cheese, and paid to suppliers a total sum of £160,000. The lowest payment in one year was £3166 and the highest, which was for the season just closed, was £12,420.

The Convent of Mercy, Darfield, conducted by the Sisters of Mercy, was recently examined by Mr. Thos. Ritchie, Inspector under the North Canterbury Board of Education. In his report the Inspector says: 'The efficiency of this school ranges on the whole from very fair to satisfactory, some of the subjects showing a degree of proficiency. In Standard VI. there were three pupils; two obtained certificates of proficiency and one a certificate of competency.' In the other standards, a good proportion of the pupils was promoted.

The Catholic Debating Society's meeting on the evening of September 4 (writes our Hokitika correspondent) was devoted to a debate on the question, 'Should members of colored races be admitted to the Colony free of poll tax?' Mr. T. G. Green occupied the chair. The negative side was led by Mr. W. Cutancey who was supported by Messrs. Dec, P. Daly, Dixon, and Sellers, whilst the affirmative was supported by Messrs. Hanrahan, T. Daly, P. Cox, and Dowell. On a vote being put to the meeting the negative side was declared the winner. The Land policy of the Government will be discussed at next meeting. One new member was elected during the evening.

The annual report of the Public Trust Office, states that there was a large increase of all branches of business during the year. In October last the interest payable to beneficiaries was increased from 4 to 4½ per cent. on sums under £3000, and from 3½ to 4 per cent. on all sums above that amount. Notwithstanding this the profits for the year amounted to £11,990.

One or two amusing 'bulls' were perpetrated in the House during the past week. In his speech on the Financial Debate, the Minister for Education (Mr. Fowlds) in discoursing on the land question, electrified his fellow-members by saying, in reference to Mr. Massey, 'I live long enough to be dead before the hon. gentleman,' etc. On Friday night Mr. Izard convulsed the House by gravely declaring that 'I recognise the handwriting on the wall of the South Pacific Ocean.' The shout of laughter that followed woke up the sleeping members of the House, and drowned the hon. member's remaining remarks on the possibilities of Japanese aggression.

At Wellington on Saturday his Excellency the Governor opened the annual exhibition of the New Zealand Academy of Fine Arts. Dr. W. Fell, the president, referring to the prospects of the establishment of a permanent Art Gallery in Wellington, said the Academy Council had about £500 worth of pictures stowed away, and had also sent £800 to England, which was being expended in the purchase of pictures. It was expected that a permanent gallery would be opened soon after Christmas. Lord Plunket said the results achieved by the Academy were wonderful. Art was not supported as it should be, and he appealed to cultured people for help.

The 'New Zealand Times' states that the advent of spring is reflected in the appearance of the country in the Wairarapa and Hawke's Bay districts. Lambs are plentiful in the latter province, where the percentage is high on account of the warm season, while the conditions have also led to favorable results throughout Wairarapa. All the sheepfarmers have now to fear—and there is not much apprehension in this respect—is a recurrence of wintry weather. The season in Hawke's Bay is somewhat in advance of the lower part of the island, and the pasture in that district is consequently more abundant just now. From Takapau northward the country bears a very fine appearance. The subdivision of some of the large properties—both by purchase and resale by Government and by private owners cutting up their farms—has brought about closer cultivation of the soil and the settlement of many people where previously there were few, and everywhere there are indications that the settlers on the smaller areas are prospering.

The Town Hall, Wellington, was crowded on Monday night, when the citizens tendered a public welcome to Sir Joseph Ward and the new members of the Cabinet, Messrs. Millar, M'Nab, and Fowlds. The Ministers received a great ovation on entering the building. Sir Joseph Ward, in the course of a speech, said he and his colleagues claimed that they had nailed their colors to the mast, and would keep them flying. The historian of the future would describe the policy of the Government as bold, wide, liberal, and magnetic, intended for the good of all classes. Before the people had an opportunity of judging that policy it was somewhat premature of some of their old friends—and he would sooner have an open enemy than a false friend—to pass judgment upon it. Touching upon the chief matters of policy disclosed in the Budget, Sir Joseph said the principle of removing some portions of public debt had never before been placed before the people in practical form, though it had been talked about on many occasions. Native lands would be brought into occupation in the interests of the Maori owners and of the people generally. The Government was trying to limit the area of large estates, for the reason that the country was only a small one, and the area of Crown lands limited. They did not desire that those things which had been such a blot on the annals and records of other lands should exist in this country. It would not be necessary to go to London next year for public money. The Colony could now choose its market. Speeches were made by other Ministers, and were warmly received, the proceedings being very cordial throughout.

The D.I.C., Dunedin, is now showing the latest fashions in millinery, blouses, costumes, mantles, etc....

Mr. A. Riach, family butcher, Lower High street, Christchurch, sells only the very best quality of meat. Patrons receive the best attention....

Messrs. Spray, Bird, and Co., manufacturers, Dunedin, are wholesale agents for the 'Favorite' Lino-leum Polish, which is suitable also for tan boots and furniture....



# SPRING & SUMMER

1906-1907.

The whole of our Departments are now replete with ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND FASHIONS FOR THE PRESENT SEASON.

**A. & T. INGLIS,**  
**CASH EMPORIUM,**  
 GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

## LONG-LIFE PHOTOS . .

.....AT.....  
**MAHAN'S STUDIOS,**  
 Oamaru and Timaru.

The kind that never wear out and do not fade—they last more than a lifetime. Real Works of Art, showing you just as you are at your best to-day. The Camera does not lie, and a picture taken now by Mahan will be an historical record, a family heirloom. That is the sort of Photo you get at **MAHAN'S STUDIOS.**

SECOND EDITION. Revised throughout.

NOW PUBLISHED.

### 'The Church and the World.'

\*\*\*\*\*

..... THE NEW WORK BY .....

**Father Le Menant des Chesnais, S.M.,**  
 Vicar-General of the Diocese of Christchurch.

'A golden mine of accurate information on the religious questions that are discussed at the present day.'—Cardinal Moran.

'A very mine of ecclesiastical wealth; quite a theological encyclopaedia.'—The Right Rev. Dr. Grimes, Bishop of Christchurch.

'A feast of good things . . . An armory for all.'—*N.Z. Tablet.*

Demy 8vo., 364 pages. Cloth, gold lettered, 3s 6d (posted, 4s 2d).  
 Of all booksellers.

Printed and published by the N.Z. TABLET Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd., Dunedin.

DIZZINESS, Headache, Jaundice, Constipation, and Liver ailments cured to stay cured by taking DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE. All chemists....

**J. FANNING & CO**  
**House, Land, Estate & Financial Agents**  
 Opera House Buildings, Manners St., Wellington.

BUYERS AND SELLERS OF CITY PROPERTIES, FARMS and ESTATES of every description

Loans Negotiated, Valuations conducted, Absentees' Estates Managed.

MONEY TO LEND ON FREEHOLD APPROVED SECURITY  
 Correspondence Invited from persons wishing to BUY or SELL TOWN or COUNTRY PROPERTIES.

AGENTS for the United Fire and Marine Insurance Co Ltd

DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE for Constipation, In- for purifying and enriching the blood....

There is nothing to equal "Tussicura" for weak throat and lungs. Stops winter cough, and builds up the respiratory organs.

# NEW ZEALAND

# H B

# CLOTHING FACTORY

## BEST HOUSE

For Men's Underwear  
 For Men's Hats  
 For Men's Ties  
 For Men's Overcoats  
 For Men's Suits  
 For Boys' Suits

ESTABLISHED 1859.

## NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY

### LIMITED

(FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT).

**CAPITAL** ... .. **£1,500,000**  
**PAID UP AND RESERVES** (Including Undivided Profits) ... **£600,000**  
**Net Revenue for 1905** ... .. **£453,386**

### THE PREMIER COLONIAL COMPANY

Fire, Marine and Accident Risks accepted at Lowest Current Rates. Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

**OTAGO BRANCHES** } FIRE AND MARINE—Corner of Rattray and Crawford Streets, Dunedin. WILLIAM I. BOLAM, Manager.  
 ACCIDENT ... .. 10 Crawford Street, Dunedin. DAVID T. BROWNIE, Manager.  
 FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT—Thames Street, Oamaru. JAS. B. E. GRAVE, Manager.

## Ward and Co.'s UNRIVALLED

# ALES & STOUT

Superior to English and at less cost.

### Four Most Popular Medicines in the Colony are:

TUSSICURA for Coughs and Colds....

DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE for Constipation, Headaches, Biliousness and Liver Troubles....

WITCH'S OIL for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, and all deep-seated muscular and rheumatic pains... 6

MOUNTAIN KING ASTHMA POWDER gives prompt and refreshing relief in old chronic and humid affections....

### WHY LEARN GREGG SHORTHAND?.....

.....**BECAUSE**.....

1. The Editor of the 'N.Z. Tablet' says: "It is the SIMPLEST, the most scientific, the QUICKEST to LEARN, and the easiest to retain."
  2. Several Convents and Catholic schools are successfully teaching it.
  3. There are over 2000 Gregg Writers in New Zealand, where it is recognised by the Government.
  4. It has been learned privately in five weeks, and written at 100 words a minute within three months.
  5. It is learned by MAIL, and written at 70 words a minute in 10 weeks.
  6. Last year a youth, only 16 YEARS of age, wrote 100 words a minute; and a reporter, with only the LEFT arm, wrote 150 words a minute.
  7. It is the Universal system of progressive America.
  8. No other system mastered by MAIL so quickly and successfully.
- Write for testimonials and particulars. J. WYN IRWIN,  
 N.Z. Representative The Gregg Correspondence School,  
 229 Kilmore street, W. Christchurch.

Have you a weak throat, chest, or-lungs? If so, get a bottle of TUSSICURA. It has no equal....

The secret of good health is obtained by taking a few doses of TAMER JUICE—a reliable laxative and stomach medicine....

## James Knight \* Cash Butcher

TELEPHONE - - - 887 WHOLESALE & RETAIL

The Most Up-to-Date Establishment  
 in CHRISTCHURCH

HIGH STREET

**I** MAKE a specialty in keeping only the Finest Quality of Meat, and having special cool chambers of the latest design, can guarantee all Meat in perfect condition. Customers in city and suburbs waited on daily for orders. Letters and telegrams receive prompt attention.

Coughs and colds are relieved by one or two doses of TUSSICURA, a splendid tonic and stimulant....

Winter is here, and so is TUSSICURA. Mind you have a bottle in the house. Stops the cough at once.

Better than Drugs.

# D. G. L. WHISKY

No Bad After Effects.

## Irish News

### CARLOW—Tenants Purchase their Holdings

After negotiations, extending over a couple of years, between Major Hamilton, agent of the Tighe estate, Rutland and Pollerton estate, County Carlow, comprising four or five townlands, and Mr. Patrick J. Byrne, solicitor, Carlow, acting on behalf of the tenants, agreements to purchase have been signed, on the following terms—First term tenancies, 5s 6d in the pound (22½ years' purchase); second term, 4s 6d in the pound (23½ years' purchase) on the net rents. Sporting rights have been reserved to the tenants. The purchase money of the estate amounts to almost £36,000.

### CLARE—Religious Instruction in Schools

The Bishop of Killaloe, in his address at the annual meeting of the Synod in Killaloe, referred to the English Education Bill, which he said was framed with the intention of the removal of all State aid for the organised teaching of religion. In fact, under it children might be taught by a teacher who did not profess Christianity and might be an enemy to the truth. If the Church of England were more united as to the true doctrine to be taught to her children the present position could not have arisen. They thanked God there was no such difference of opinion in the Church of Ireland. It would be an evil day for religious freedom in Ireland if primary schools receiving State support, provided to teach the children of the Church, were not open every day for religious instruction.

### CORK—Death of a Priest

The death of the Rev. James Brady, which occurred in Cork, was learned in Dunmanway with feelings of profound and general regret, and although the deceased priest was ailing for some time, still the sad news came on the people in the nature of a shock. Father Brady, who was a native of the city of Cork, was educated in Maynooth, where he was ordained in 1871. He afterwards ministered in Kilbrittain, Ballinhassig, and Watergrasshill, and was chaplain of the Dunmanway Union for close on 16 years.

### Accident in a Mine

A mining catastrophe at Scart, near Bantry, has resulted in the death of two men named Casey and Donovan. Five other men had marvellous escapes.

### American Visitors

A number of Americans, who had come over on a business tour to Ireland, landed at Queenstown on July 24. Their object (writes a Queenstown correspondent) is to learn by actual observation what opportunities Ireland offers for the investment of American capital, the belief being that Irish-Americans might share in the industrial revival. The visit has been in response to Dr. Douglas Hyde's invitation when he was in Chicago. Professor Thomas Taylor, musical director of the Irish Choral Society of America, will study the possibilities of Irish music for choral use in America. The party comprises over eighty persons, and is a very representative gathering of Irish Americans. It is headed by the Rev. J. K. Fielding, of Chicago, who has given the Gaelic League and industrial movements in Ireland spirited and practical support. Father Fielding originally came from Mooncoin, County Kilkenny. On arrival at Queenstown the party were met by a number of prominent persons, amongst the number being Mr. E. Lahiffe, former City Collector of Chicago.

### DERRY—Orange Strife

The strife between the 'Independent' section of the Orange Order in the North of Ireland and the old un-reformed section, which has already led to sanguinary scenes, resulting in the loss of life, would appear to be developing into a regular vendetta (writes a Dublin correspondent). The other day a Protestant named Baillie was awarded £200 at the Derry Assizes for malicious injury to his property in the shape of the burning of a barn, which was declared to have been due to the displeasure of the old Orange lot, incurred by Baillie, through his support of an Independent Unionist at the recent election. Following hard on this award comes the news that another outrage had recently been committed on the property of the same man. A valuable bull was mutilated about July 12, although news of the outrage was published only this week. If compensation for these outrages fell to be made only by the Orangemen, Catholics could regard them without much

concern; but in a mixed population like that of County Derry the compensation is levied on all creeds alike, and so Catholics have to pay for the loss incurred by the interecine strife between conflicting sections of Orangemen.

### DOWN—Death of a Venerable Priest

The Very Rev. P. O'Kane, parish priest of Downpatrick, died on July 25, at the parochial house in that town. He was in his eightieth year, and the fifty-fourth of his ministry as a priest, and he had the unique distinction of dying parish priest of the parish of Down, to which after ordination he was first appointed as curate. Through his efforts St. Patrick's Memorial Church, Downpatrick, was erected.

### Commission of the Peace

The Lord Chancellor has made three appointments to the commission of the peace for the county of Down, and others are expected to be made shortly. The new appointments made are:—Mr. Charles O'Hare, county councillor, Mayobridge; Mr. W. J. McComish, Warrenpoint; and Dr. M'Nabb, Castlewellan.

### DUBLIN—Bells for Newfoundland

Mr. Matthew O'Byrne, Fountain Head Bell Foundry, Dublin, has made a beautiful chime of bells to the order of his Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Howley, St. John's, Newfoundland. They weigh about six tons, and are rich in tune and melody.

### GALWAY—A Memorial

The Celtic memorial cross to the late Mr. Matthew Harris, M.P., Ballinasloe, has been erected over his grave in the New Cemetery, Creagh, Ballinasloe. It was made from Brakernagh limestone, sculptured by Mr. John Keegan, Ballinasloe, and designed by Mr. W. H. Kempster, after the model of the famous Celtic cross in Clonmacnoise. The monument stands 15 feet high, and is a particularly fine specimen of Irish workmanship.

### Marble Works

On July 18 the Lord Lieutenant, accompanied by the Countess of Aberdeen, visited Galway for the purpose of opening the new Marble Works. Their Excellencies arrived from Connemara in a motor car, and previous to their taking part in the opening function at the marble works visited and inspected the products of several of the industries of the town. Mr. Tennant, secretary, Marble and Granite Company, read the address to their Excellencies from the Chairman and Directors of the Company. It referred to the neglected state of the marble and granite industry in Galway till recently the new company was formed, and the best machinery and appliances introduced for the prosecution of the industry of cutting and polishing granite and marble for monumental and general purposes. They had now fitted up the extensive premises, in which their Excellencies were receiving the address, and considering the facilities afforded in Galway, the cheapness and abundance of material in marble and granite, and the magnificent water power of the town, they hoped to make the granite and marble-working industry a great success. His Excellency, in replying to the address, said he belonged to Aberdeen, where the granite-working industry is extensively carried on. He was pleased to notice the development of industry and the revival of manufactures now taking place throughout Ireland, and he was sure a revival of the native industries would be of great service to the people.

### KING'S COUNTY—The Marist Brothers

The Marist Brothers, Dumfries, Scotland, have purchased Cloghan Castle in King's County, with a view to establishing a house there for the reception of novices.

### LIMERICK—Ireland and Denmark

On July 25 in the theatre of the Munster and Connacht Exhibition at Limerick, the Most Rev. Dr. O'Dwyer presiding, Miss O'Connor Eccles delivered a lecture on the 'Poor Man's University,' being an account of the peasants' High School at Askoy, Denmark. His Lordship, in the course of an address, contrasted the systems of primary education in Denmark and Ireland, and dwelt on the great necessity for keeping religion in the schools.

### LOUTH—Cycling Accident

Mr. James Magee, merchant, Drogheda, while cycling, collided with a donkey cart, and was thrown violently on his head. He was taken home unconscious, and died almost immediately.

### MAYO—The Late Michael Davitt

The Dublin 'Independent' stated the other day that the people of Irishtown, County Mayo, had decided to erect a monument there to the memory of

**J. O'ROURKE,**

First-class OUTFITTER, HATTER & MERCER, STAFFORD STREET, TIMARU  
All Goods direct from Manufacturer to Customer. Finest Stock in South Canterbury. Up-to-date  
Tailoring in charge of a First-rate Cutter. Prices Strictly Moderate.

Mr. Davitt. It was further stated an appeal had been issued by the Irishtown Branch of the United League, supported by Mr. Redmond, M.P., Mr. Dillon, M.P., and others in furtherance of such a project. The publication of these statements has drawn a letter from Mrs. Davitt, which is also signed by Mr. Dillon, Mr. J. Rourke,—Mr. Davitt's closest friends—thanking the priests and people of Irishtown for their tribute to Mr. Davitt's memory, and going on to say that two days before his death he made this request—'Above all things there is to be no testimonial raised on behalf of my family, nor any public monument erected to me.' Mrs. Davitt and the other signatories conclude that compliance with this wish will deprive many of Mr. Davitt's friends and admirers of the pleasure of perpetuating his memory. His representatives, however, believe that commands made—as this command of Mr. Davitt's was made—ought to be respected.

#### ROSCOMMON—A Centenarian

The death has occurred, at the age of 103 years, of Mrs. Honoria Morris, at Emla, near Castlereagh, who up to a short time ago was able to discharge household work.

#### TIPPERARY—Youthful Travellers

Anne and Patrick Doherty, nine and ten years old respectively, have left Nenagh, County Tipperary, to visit their uncle at Detroit, Michigan. They are travelling in charge of a steamship company.

#### A Hurling Fatality

In the hurling tournament which was held at Drom, near Templemore, Michael Maher, Laha, aged 22, who played with Templetoohy against Borrisoleigh, was accidentally struck on the forehead with a hurley by a man named Murray. Dr. Kelly, who was present, attended to the injured man, and having bandaged the wound ordered his removal home, where he died. Deceased was educated at Rockwell College, Cashel, and showed promise of a brilliant future.

#### WEXFORD—White Gloves

At the opening of the Wexford Assizes Mr. Justice Andrews was presented with white gloves, there being no criminal business.

#### WICKLOW—Sad Fatality

During a dense fog in the Bristol Channel a Swansea steamer ran into the schooner William Keith, of Carnarvon, off the Smalls, the schooner being cut completely in two. Her master, Finch, of Arklow, and James Murphy, of Wexford, were drowned. The mate, William Finch, brother of the master, and the other hand, Michael O'Neill, of Wicklow, were saved.

### GENERAL

#### Absence of Crime

At the opening of the Derry, Wicklow, and Cork Assizes the Judges congratulated the grand juries on the peaceable state of their respective counties.

#### A Tour of Ireland

In view of the probability that Irish legislation will engage attention next session (says the London 'Daily Telegraph' of July 26), Mr. Percy Alden, the representative of Tottenham, is organising a tour to Ireland for the autumn. While the trip will be under the auspices of the Friends' Social Union, the party will consist of English members of Parliament and others interested in the progress of the 'distressful country.' Starting from London on August 20, the travellers will be received by Lord and Lady Aberdeen in Dublin on the following day. The fullest opportunity will be given by the Chief Secretary for inspecting the work of the Congested Districts Board, and attention will be devoted to matters connected with fisheries, industries, and the land. The qualification of Mr. Alden for the task may be gathered from the fact that last year he was responsible for an educational tour through Denmark, and the year before one through Holland, Belgium, and Germany.

The death of Sister Mary Keogh occurred on August 27 at the Convent of Mercy, Bathurst. Deceased was a native of Ireland, and was 71 years of age. After coming to Australia she joined the Order, about 33 years ago.

Make never mock of cold nor cough—  
They danger spell, however slightly;  
Nor e'er esteem it quite enough  
To treat the primal symptoms lightly.  
Consider, ere you money spend;  
To buy but mixtures safe and sure—  
Remember one—and recommend  
The worth of Woods' Great Peppermint Cure.

## People We Hear About

The Archbishop of Adelaide was born on November 10, 1846, and will celebrate his 60th birthday this year.

Miss Florence Nightingale recently celebrated the eighty-sixth anniversary of her birth. She is an invalid, confined to her bed in her house in London, where thousands of congratulatory messages were received.

Mr. P. McM. Glynn celebrated his 51st birthday on August 25. He was born at Gort, County Galway, Ireland, and graduated at Trinity College. He was first elected to the S.A. Assembly in 1887.

Mrs. Elizabeth M. J. Meagher, widow of General Thomas F. Meagher, who led the Irish Brigade in the Civil War, died on July 5, at her home in Rye, Westchester County, of heart disease.

The Bishop of Wilcannia (Right Rev. John Dunne) celebrated the 19th anniversary of his consecration on August 14. He will complete his 60th year on September 21, having spent over 35 years in Australia. He is a native of Rhode, King's County.

Mr. Santley's excellent health enabled him to appear with success at his thirteenth Triennial Handel Festival. Nor does thirteen times three years exhaust the span of his professional life. Next year he will celebrate the golden jubilee of his publicity, for he made his first appearance—it was in Haydn's 'Creation'—in 1857.

Martin Sheridan, the Irish-American athlete, who beat the Greeks at their own game—throwing the discus—has been banqueted in New York, in common with the other members of the Irish-American Olympian team. Mr. Clarke, author of 'Kelly and Burke and Shea,' wrote a poem which was recited on the occasion.

A cable message received last week stated that Senor Pedro Montt has been installed President of Chile to which position he was elected a few months ago. He is a man of considerable ability, is very popular, and a decided advocate of peace. It is hoped that by his prudence and tact complications with the neighboring republics will be avoided during his term of office.

Lord Braye, who has just kept his fifty-seventh birthday, is head of an ancient house, and claims to be twenty-first in descent from King Edward III. A retiring man, with strong views of his own on various subjects, Lord Braye is an excellent scholar, and has published a volume of verse. He is also fond of hunting, as testifies a peer whose home is in the heart of the shires.

Cardinal Raphael Merry del Val, Pontifical Secretary of State, will enter on his forty-second year on the 10th of next month. He was born in Portman Square, London, his father being at the time Secretary to the Spanish Embassy. He was mostly educated in England, and he speaks the English language fluently, and also Spanish, Italian, French, and German. For a year or two after his ordination he was on the roll of priests belonging to the Archdiocese of Westminster.

A number of friends and admirers of the late Mr. John Augustus O'Shea assembled at Kensal Green Cemetery, London, the other day to view the Celtic memorial cross which has been erected over the grave of the distinguished war correspondent. On the pedestal is the inscription: 'In loving memory of John Augustus O'Shea ('The Irish Bohemian'). Born Nenagh, June 24, 1840. Died London, March 13, 1906.' Underneath is a verse especially written by Mr. A. P. Graves, who took a leading part in the erection of the cross.

The meeting of representatives of the Society of Jesus in Rome last week for the purpose of electing a new General reminds us that the late Father Martin was the twenty-fourth Father General, and out of that number only two visited Ireland. Father Martin was one, and the other was Father Roothan, a Dutch Jesuit. The former stayed in that country only for a short period. Father Roothan went to Ireland in 1848, and visited Maynooth College. The famous Dr. Murray, in one of his works, gives an account of the visit, and writes very enthusiastically about Father Roothan, and mentions that he was the 21st General of the Order after St. Ignatius, and was the first to visit Ireland. It may be interesting to add that there have been five Spanish Generals, eleven Italians, and Austria, Poland, Roumania, Belgium, and Switzerland furnish the rest.

## How About Your Winter Planting?

This is the season. Get started right away, and whatever trees, shrubs, or plants you want, just write to us for them. Having our nurseries we can supply you with dozens of things not obtainable elsewhere.

### Fruit, Current, and Rose Trees, Etc.,

We have the grandest selection imaginable. All well-grown, finely rooted, and in perfect condition for planting. We can send you a splendid collection of any of these lines at wonderfully low prices.

### Splendid for Blight.

Our H. M. Blight Specific shifts it in great style. It's a grand dressing. Rain can't wash it off either. Quart tins 1s 6d, gallon tins 5s.

Write for catalogue. It's full of information.

## Howden & Moncrieff,

NURSEYMEN  
AND SEEDSMEN.

51 PRINCES STREET, DUNEDIN

## Thos. Jenkins

Merchant Tailor,

79 PRINCES STREET (UPSTAIRS), DUNEDIN,

Opposite Stewart, Dawson's.

Business, Clerical, Walking, and Dress Suits a Specialty.

The Largest Stock of Fashionable Goods to choose from

One of the Largest Stocks in Dunedin, comprising the best in ALL Lines.

☞ Only the Best of Furnishings used.

## J. McGRATH & CO.,

Manufacturers of

HORSE COVERS, COW COVERS, FLAGS, TENIS and TARPAULINS.

Have you used our Patent Cross Band Adjustable Cover? This is without doubt the Best Horse Cover on the market. No tail strap or leg strap required, yet it cannot come off the horse until taken off.

A large stock of Marquees kept on hand for hire. We erect and take them down at the lowest possible prices.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

Address: 204, Corner Princes & Walker Streets DUNEDIN.

## GOVERNMENT INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Low Premiums. Large Bonuses.

State Security.

Liberal Treatment.

**£1,920,000 added to Policies as Bonus.**

J. H. RICHARDSON, F.F.A.,  
Commissioner.

## GEORGE DYER & CO

14 GREAT KING STREET

(Opp. Taiari and Peninsula Butter Factory)

DUNEDIN

Licensed Plumbers & Drainers.

## JAMES SAMSON AND CO

Auctioneers, Commission, House and

Land Agents, Valuers, and

DOWLING STREET, DUN

The Drapers, Clothiers, and Complete House Furnishers

We are now making a

**GRAND SPRING SHOW**

in each Department

**HERBERT, HAYNES & CO., DUNEDIN.**

All the Latest Creations for the Season,

culled from the World's Fashion Centres,

are now on exhibition in our spacious Show Rooms.

We Invite Your Inspection.

High-Class Dress-Making and Tailoring

The Largest Equerry



in New Zealand

**R I N K S T A B L E S**

GLoucester and ARMAGH STREETS  
CHRISTCHURCH.

W. HAYWARD & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

We can supply every reasonable enquiry

CYCLERY.—The latest convenience of the age Bicycles Stored in Patent Stall, 3d per day.

## ZEALANDIA BUTCHERY

TIMARU.

Messrs. T. McWHIRTER & SONS,  
PROPRIETORS

ARE determined to maintain the prestige of this well-known and long-established business by supplying only the very choicest of Prime Meats and Small Goods

Families, Hotels, and Shipping waited upon for orders Country Orders promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE ... .. 96

DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver Troubles. A purely vegetable compound...

MOUNTAIN KING ASTHMA POWDER never fails to give prompt and refreshing relief. One trial will prove its worth. All chemists...

## Manly Clothing

Made for the judgment of good dressers, and passes the close inspection of the most careful buyers.

A Combination of FASHION, FIT, and MATERIAL which will please you.

"We Fit You Without Fail."

**A. F. DONOGHUE, Tailor and Mercer,**  
73 Manchester St. CHRISTCHURCH.

WITCH'S HERBAL OINTMENT for Cuts, wounds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, and Sores that won't heal is unequalled.

**IDENTIFIED . . .**  
**KNOWN . . .**

**BY**  
**THEIR**  
**STYLE.**

Patterns,  
 Estimates, and  
 Self-measurement  
 Charts  
 POSTED FREE.

**ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE RIGHT.**

# BALLANTYNE'S

**TAILOR-MADE SUITS \* \* \* Are always distinctive.**

**J. BALLANTYNE & CO.,**  
**THE TAILORS, CHRISTCHURCH.**

**A. RIACH . . .**  
 Telephone 252

**FAMILY BUTCHER,**  
 117 LOWER HIGH ST., CHRISTCHURCH

The very best quality of Meat.  
 Civility and attention for all.

Families waited on daily for Orders.

## Ladies!

Do you want better  
 recommendation than this:

**180,000 Bottles**

**The MILITARY PICKLE**

Sold in London last year.

**Buy One Bottle To-day**

**The Perpetual Trustees,**

Estate and Agency Co. of N.Z., Ltd.  
 Subscribed Capital—£106,250.

Paid-up Capital—£9,375.

Directors:

— KEITH RAMSAY, Esq. (Chairman).  
 WALTER HISLOP, Esq.  
 W. E. REYNOLDS, Esq.  
 ROBERT GLENDINING, Esq.  
 JAMES HAZLETT, Esq.

Manager: WALTER HISLOP, Esq.

Office: CORNER OF VOGEL & RATTRAY  
 STREETS, DUNEDIN.

This Company acts as Executor or Trustee  
 under wills and settlements; as Attorney  
 for absentees or others; manages proprie-  
 ties; negotiates loans; collects interest,  
 rent, and dividends, and conducts all General  
 Agency business. Full particulars are given  
 in Company's pamphlet, a copy of which  
 can be obtained on application.

Money Invested on Freehold Security.

**THOS. FITZGERALD**  
**& SON,**

CARRIAGE PROPRIETORS,  
 LIVERY AND LETTING STABLES,  
 MACLAGGAN ST., DUNEDIN.  
 TELEPHONE ... 1225.

Ladies' and Gents' Riding Hacks, Single and  
 Double Buggies, Waggonettes, and other  
 Vehicles ON HIRE at reasonable rates.

**City Buffet Private Hotel,**  
 COLOMBO ST., CHRISTCHURCH  
 (Near Reece's, Ironmongers).

**FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION** for  
 Permanent Boarders and the Travel-  
 ling Public. Hot, cold, and shower baths.  
 Close to Railway Station and General  
 Post Office. Trams pass door. Luncheon  
 from noon to 2 p.m. Letters and telegrams  
 receive prompt attention. Telephone 676.

JAMES HOWEY, Proprietor.

**NORTH ISLAND.**

**HOTELS FOR SALE.**

**HOTEL, Hawke's Bay**—Lease 7 years;  
 trade about £130 weekly. Elegantly fur-  
 nished. Leading house.

**HOTEL, Suburbs, Wellington**—Trade  
 about £40 weekly.

**HOTEL, Wellington, Country District**—  
 14 years' lease.

**HOTEL, Wellington, City**—Trade about  
 £72 weekly.

**HOTEL, Taranaki**—Freehold and Furni-  
 ture £2250.

**HOTEL, West Coast**—Freehold £1900;  
 furniture valuation.

**HOTEL, Wellington**—Drawing, 40 hhd  
 beer monthly. Price £3500.

**COUNTRY HOTEL**—Freehold. Lease  
 expires March 1st. Price £5500.

**HOTEL, Palmerston-North**—Long lease.  
 Trade £600 monthly.

**HOTEL, near Otaki**—Price £2500. Big  
 fax mills in neighborhood.

**HOTEL, Forty-Mile Bush**—Improving  
 district.

**HOTEL, Wellington**—Leading thorough-  
 fare. Price £2300.

For all further particulars apply to  
**DWAN BROS., HOTEL BROKERS,**  
 WILLIS ST., WELLINGTON.



**JOHN MOORE**

**Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,**

THAMES STREET, OAMARU

TELEPHONE 93. (Near Railway Station)

FUNERALS conducted in town or country.

In Memoriam Wreaths always in stock.

JOHN MOORE for Italian and French

..... IRON BEDSTEADS

See my SPRING MATTRESS.....

and you are sure to buy

SUITES OF FURNITURE made on.....

Shortest Notice, and kept in stock

BEDDING of ALL KINDS. Bachelors  
 reduced in number by giving me a call; as  
 those Bedsteads are sure to catch them.



To a meal unless it includes a cup  
 of that delicious beverage

**"KUKOS" TEA**

This Tea can be obtained from the  
 leading Grocers and Storekeepers  
 throughout Otago and Southland,  
 and is, without doubt, the **VERY**  
**BEST.** It is put up in four  
 qualities, packed in 1lb. and 3lb.  
 packets, and 5lb. and 10lb. tins.

# The Catholic World

## ENGLAND—A Leading Catholic Passes Away

The Hon. Frederick Charles Edmund Petre, chairman of the Brentwood justices, died on July 18. He had been for a short walk, and was returning to his home, Bay Cottage, Shenneld-common, when he fell. He was taken into his house, and died shortly afterwards. Born in 1824, the third son of the 11th Lord Petre, he was the uncle of the present peer.

## Death of a Philanthropist

In the death of Mr. Arthur Chilton Thomas (writes a correspondent) Catholic Liverpool loses one of its most charitable and self-denying supporters. His work in connection with the Father Berry's Homes, which are to-day a credit to Liverpool, is a unique accomplishment, and will stand as an enviable and estimable monument to his name. Born at Penmaenmawr (Wales), the son of a Welsh parson, he, with the rest of his family, immediately after the death of his father, embraced the Catholic Faith. He studied for the Bar, and was a pupil of the present Mr. Justice Walton. He had many distinguished class-fellows, amongst whom were Lord Robert Cecil, M.P. Mr. Thomas was actively engaged on the Northern Circuit, but practically relinquished his profession about ten years ago. His first introduction to the work of child rescue and charity was in 1891, when he was appointed secretary and hon. manager to one of the St. Vincent de Paul Homes for Boys in Shaw street. From this date forward he threw himself into the work of child rescue, and in co-operation with the Rev. Father Berry, established all over the city what are now known as 'Father Berry's Homes.' Mr. Thomas has been in ill-health for the past twelve months, and a journey through Italy was undertaken recently in the hope of restoring health. Mr. Thomas was managing director of the Catholic Publishing Company, proprietors of the 'Catholic Times' and 'Catholic Fireside.'

## ROME—The Society of Jesus

During the past week 75 members of the Company of Jesus, representing the 25 provinces of the Order, met in Rome to elect the new General. Each provincial head was to be accompanied by two delegates elected in secret ballot by their brother members. According to the last statistics the number of members of the Order exceeds 16,000. A cable message states that Father Wernz, a German, has been elected.

## The Health of the Holy Father

The Sovereign Pontiff (writes a Rome correspondent, under date July 14) continues his daily round of audiences with unabated kindness. So far as appearances go, he is in excellent health, and this is maintained by the frequent walks he takes in the Vatican Gardens. Everyone feels that the Pontiff is profoundly preoccupied by the consideration of the remedy to be applied to the condition of affairs in France. In all probability, for many years past, no such difficult problem came before a Pontiff for solution as that which awaits his decision in the country which boasted of being the eldest daughter of the Church.

## About the Index

Two or three books which have recently excited a good deal of interest (writes the Rome correspondent of the London 'Tablet') are about to be put on the Index, and thereby hangs a little tale which may be instructive. Quite lately a distinguished Italian writer had a conversation with a Cardinal on the subject of the Index, and the practice of condemning books. The writer explained to the Cardinal that nowadays it was worse than useless to put books on the Index, because the public condemnation served only as an excellent advertisement. The moral, in his eyes, was that the more dangerous a book is, the less the ecclesiastical authorities should have to say about it. The Cardinal, however, took care to explain that the members of the Congregation of the Index were quite well aware that their condemnations sometimes served to increase the sale of forbidden books, but they continued to be necessary for all that. For the scope of the Index is twofold: first, to prevent good Catholics from reading contaminating literature, and secondly, to let the rest of the world know that this or that work, though written by a Catholic, and sometimes professing to teach Catholic doctrine, is disavowed by the Church. In this way the Index serves as a reliable guide to those outside the Church, whether they like it or not, as well as to those within.

## The Peace Congress

The question as to whether the Holy See is to be represented or not at the next Peace Congress at The Hague continues to excite some interest in Italy (writes a Rome correspondent), and some very curious revelations on the subject have been made this week. Thus, for instance, it appears that under the first Pelloux Ministry in 1899, Canevaro, who was Foreign Minister, and therefore the one whose opinion should have counted for most, was entirely in favor of the participation of Leo XIII. in the Congress, and did actually receive the thanks of Holland for his attitude on the subject. But at the last moment Vacchelli, Minister of the Treasury, and Fortis, Minister of Agriculture, bitterly opposed the admission of the Holy See, and Canevaro was obliged to eat his own words. Something of the kind appears to have happened under the Fortis Ministry last year when there was talk of summoning the Peace Congress again. Tittoni, who was then Foreign Minister, thought that Pius X. should be represented, but other Ministers objected. Just now Giolitti holds the reins, and it is believed that he is quite favorable to the idea of having the Holy See to take part in the future Congress. It is well-known that Russia, Germany and Austria-Hungary, as well as Spain and Holland, would be pleased to see the Holy See represented, and it is more than likely that President Roosevelt is strongly of the same way of thinking.

## SCOTLAND—The Commission of the Peace

Rev. Father M'Daniel, pastor of Bathgate, has just been appointed J.P. for the County of Linlithgowshire, on the recommendation of the Lord Lieutenant of the county—Lord Rosebery. There are only four or five priests throughout Scotland holding a similar position, and Father M'Daniel is the first to receive the appointment in St. Andrews and Edinburgh diocese. The new J.P. is very popular not only with his brother clergymen, but with all classes. Besides himself, his family has given three sons to the Church and three daughters to the cloister.

## UNITED STATES—A Prelate's Kindness

The Archbishop of San Francisco, Most Rev. Dr. Riordan, has turned over his house to the Presentation Nuns, whose institutions were swept away by the fire. His Grace has leased a small place at San Mateo, and will remain there until such time as his home in the city is available for his use. He goes back and forth by train almost daily, and the business of the diocese is conducted as usual at the diocesan office. The Sisters, who suffered such a heavy loss by the late catastrophe, are deeply touched by the Archbishop's thoughtful consideration in providing them a temporary home. The house is new, and the interior has been re-arranged to meet the requirements of an improvised convent. Beyond the breaking of the chimneys, the Archbishop's residence passed through the earthquake uninjured, and by placing it at the disposal of the nearly one hundred Sisters rendered homeless by the calamity which razed the greater part of the city, his Grace solved a very serious problem confronting these religious.

## Archdiocese of Chicago

In Chicago (says an exchange) there are more Poles than there are in Warsaw, more Bohemians than there are in Prague; more Jews than there are in Jerusalem; more Irish than there are in Dublin; nearly as many Germans as there are in Berlin, and there are more Catholics there than there are in Rome. The Catholic activity existent in Chicago is something almost amazing. Nothing like it obtains in any other city in the Union. There are more than one million Catholics in the city, and these are ministered to by 452 diocesan priests and 191 priests belonging to religious Orders. When you reflect that England does not contain so many Catholics as the archdiocese of Chicago, you will begin to marvel. Chicago, has, moreover, 170 churches, and these have 125 parochial schools, attended by an army of 70,000 pupils. There are six Catholic orphan asylums in the city and one for infants, four industrial reform schools, one working boys' home and three day nurseries. In all, 100,000 young people are being trained by the Church. Within the city, also, there are ten colleges and academies for the education of young men, and these are attended by nearly 2000 students annually. There are 23 academies for girls and these were this year attended by 4,265 women. In open competition the parochial schools and Catholic High Schools have proven themselves superior to the schools of the State. All this is but a tithe of the Church's work. Chicago has nineteen Catholic hospitals, and each has thousands of patients during the year. There are, in addition, nine Catholic homes for the aged poor kept by the Little Sisters of the

A HIGH AUTHORITY ON  
**WAI-RONGOA MINERAL WATER.**

Bottled only at Springs, Wai-Rongoa.

The *New Zealand Medical Journal* says

In regard to the Water itself, as a table beverage it can be confidently recommended Beautifully cool, clear and effervescing, the taste clean, with just sufficient chalybeate astringency to remind one that there are healing virtues as well as simple refreshment in the liquid, this Mineral Water ought soon to become popular amongst all who can afford the very slight cost entailed."

We supply the Dunedin and Wellington Hospitals, the Union Company's entire fleet, and Bellamy's with our Pure Mineral Water. Specially-made Soda Water for Invalids. For Permit to visit Springs apply Dunedin Office.

**THOMSON AND CO,**

Office: Dunedin.

**MISS GILLINGHAM,** Gold Medallist for PAINTING

Water Colours and Oil: Wednesday Afternoon Class, one guinea. Evening Class for Black and White, one guinea.

Classes Bi-weekly, £2 2s.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Studio: 5 LIVERPOOL ST., DUNEDIN.

**MACALISTER AND CO**

(J. J. HISKENS),

CHEMISTS, INVERCARGILL.

A Complete Stock of Everything that is looked for in a first-class Pharmacy

SPECIALTY:

Dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions and Supply of Nurses Requisites.

P.O. Box 120, Telephone 90

INVERCARGILL.

**"Elizabeth"** Rooms: 42 Princes St (Over Braithwaite's)

My selection of Millinery, Hats, Toques and Bonnets represent the latest styles from the leading Parisian and London Houses. Artistic and Exclusive Models in High-class Millinery. Prices Moderate. Your patronage solicited.

Country Orders receive prompt attention.

**R. T. Pope,**

THE LEADING DRAPER,  
KAIKOURA.

Keep your eye on this house and your mind on our Bargains.

**WILLIAM OWERS,**  
ELIZABETH STREET, TIMARU.

**Readers Note!!** OWERS' is the Shop for Groceries in this district. Quality and Prices Considered. Try our "CORONATION" TEA at 1s 6d per lb.

**PURIRI NATURAL MINERAL WATER.**

FOR RHEUMATISM, INDIGESTION  
ETC.

At all Clubs, the Leading Hotels,  
and on board the U.S.S. Co.'s  
Steamers.

PURIRI NATURAL MINERAL WATER

**Grain! Grain! Grain! Chaff! Potatoes! etc.**  
**SEASON 1906.**

OTAGO CORN AND WOOL EXCHANGE, VOGEL ST., DUNEDIN.

To the Farmers of Otago and Southland.

**A**NOTHER Grain Season being at hand, we take the opportunity of thanking our many Clients for their patronage in the past, and to again tender our services for the disposal of their Grain here, or for shipment of same to other markets, making liberal cash advances thereon, if required.

**Special Facilities for Storage, &c.**—We would remind Producers that we provide special facilities for the satisfactory storage and disposal of all kinds of farm produce. Our Stores are dry, airy, thoroughly ventilated, and in every respect admirably adapted for the safe storage of Grain, being conveniently situated, and connected to railway by private siding. Produce consigned to us is delivered direct into Store, and is saved the loss and waste incurred in unloading and again carting into warehouse.

**Weekly Auction Sales.**—We continue to hold the regular Weekly Auction Sales of Produce as inaugurated by us many years ago, and which have proved so beneficial to vendors; and owing to our commanding position in the centre of the trade, and our large and extending connection, we are in constant touch with all the principal grain merchants, millers, and produce dealers, and are thus enabled to dispose of consignments to the very best advantage, and with the least possible delay.

Account Sales are rendered within Six Days of Sale.

**Corn Sacks, Chaff Bags, &c.**—Having made advantageous arrangements to meet the requirements of our numerous Clients, we can supply best Calcutta Corn Sacks, all sizes, and at the lowest prices. Also Chaff Bags, Seaming Twine, and all farmers' requisites at the shortest notice, and on the best terms.

**ADVANTAGES.**—We offer Producers the advantage of large Storage and unequalled Show Room Accommodation. No delays in offering. Expert Valuers and Staff. The best Service. The Lowest Scale of Charges. The Highest Prices, and Prompt Returns.

Sample Bags, Advice Notes, and Labels sent on Application.

**DONALD REID & CO. LTD.**



**The Careful Housewife**

Knows that "money saved is money earned," and "Coalbrookdale" is the real money-saver! Why buy poor heatless lignites? Don't you burn Coal for heat? Then use "Coalbrookdale," which is full of strong live heat! This is the weather when you want heat! "Coalbrookdale" is uniform in quality, and it is unexcelled wherever people want "Coal with heat in it."

Your Coal Merchant will supply you.

**Do You Need Spectacles?**

If after reading or working your eyes become tired or watery, or if the eyelids smart and the head aches, it is a sign that you are overworking or straining your eyes. Proper glasses will not only afford present relief, but will preserve the eyes as well.

**WE ARE SIGHT SPECIALISTS,**

And have a room fitted up with the latest scientific apparatus for sight-testing. Twenty years' experience to guide us.

NO CHARGE FOR TESTING.....

**Johnstone and Haslett**

17 Manse Street, DUNEDIN.

**DEAR ME!**

forgotten that SYMINGTON'S COFFEE ESSENCE, whatever shall I do? Call at the nearest Store you pass. They all KEEP IT



Poor. The Sisters of the Good Shepherd, also, maintain three homes dedicated to the restoration of fallen women.

## GENERAL

### Labor Problem in Chile

The recent earthquake in Valparaiso reminds us they have other troubles in Chile. The Most Rev. Dr. Casanova, Archbishop of Chile, is deeply interested in social movements, and in a recent pastoral letter he suggested that a congress, composed of the Bishops of the province, priests, Catholic laymen and Socialist leaders, should be called for the purpose of discussing the labor problem, with the hope of reaching a Christian solution.

### God Still Lives

In the celebrated interview between Pope Pius VII. and the Emperor Napoleon, when the former was a prisoner at Fontainebleau (says the 'Ave Maria'), the Pope sought to check the blasphemies of his captor by saying:—'Emperor, take care! The God of old still lives. When your measure is full He will break it to pieces.'

Twelve years later the captive Eagle sat chained to the rock of his enforced solitude on the island of St Helena.

'Young man,' he said one day to a youth who, as a little page, had been a witness of the famous interview, 'do you remember those words of Pius VII.—his terrible prediction?'

'Yes, sire. "The God of old still lives," he said. "He will crush you to pieces."'

'The Pope was no false prophet. My sceptre has been broken, not by man, but by God.'

There were other circumstances relating to Pius VII. over which Napoleon must often have wondered during the years of his captivity at St. Helena. Las Cases relates that the fallen emperor never pronounced the Pontiff's name without emotion, calling him 'a lamb,' on account of the meekness with which he bore the trials of his pontificate. The Pope returned to Rome on the 24th of May, 1814, having been imprisoned at Fontainebleau for five years. For the same length of time his persecutor had to endure the sufferings and humiliations of captivity. The coincidence—but it was more than a mere coincidence—is thus pointed out by Dom Gueranger, recording the conquests of Our Lady of Help. 'It was not the Allied Powers, who had made common cause against his oppressor, that broke the Pontiff's fetters; the very tyrant who kept him from Rome, had given him permission to return at the close of the preceding year; but the Pontiff chose his own time, and did not leave Fontainebleau till the 25th of January.'

The City of Peter had been reduced to a head-town of a French Département, with a Prefect for its administrator; and, with a view to making men forget that it was the City of the Vicars of Christ.

A messenger from the island of St. Helena was one day ushered into the presence of Pius VII. The exiled Napoleon, whom he had consecrated Emperor in the Church of Notre Dame, and whose after conduct had brought him under the ban of excommunication, now besought the Pontiff, the true and only King of Rome, to allow him to be readmitted to those spiritual blessings of which he had been justly deprived.

Pius VII., who had so courageously braved public opinion by giving hospitality, at Rome, to the members of the unfortunate Napoleon family,—readily complied with the request thus made of him; and the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass was, shortly afterwards, offered up in the presence of the illustrious exile of St. Helena.

'But, before granting pardon, the justice of God had required a full and public expiation. He, who had been the instrument of salvation to millions of souls, by restoring religion to France, was not to be lost; but he had impiously imprisoned the Sovereign Pontiff in the castle at Fontainebleau, and it was in that very castle that he had afterwards to sign the deed of his own abdication. For five years he had held captive the Vicar of Christ, for five years he himself had to endure the sufferings and humiliation of captivity. Heaven accepted the retribution, and left Mary to complete her victory. Reconciled with the Church, and fortified by the Holy Sacraments which prepare the Christian for eternity, Napoleon yielded up his soul into the hands of his Maker, on the 5th day of May,—the month that is sacred to Mary.'

For Bronchial Coughs and Colds, WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE, 1/6 and 2/6 per Bottle.

## Domestic

By 'Maureen'

### Giving Medicine to a Baby.

In giving medicine to a baby, place the point of a spoon against the roof of his mouth. Administered in this way, the child cannot choke or eject the medicine.

### Take a Walk.

Out-of-door exercise is a great preventive of disease, a great antidote to ills physical and mental. In most cases a walk is the simplest beginning. There is no one form of exercise more beneficial. Never hurry, nor move in a nervous, jerky way, with muscles braced. Copy the long leisurely stride of the infantryman at route-step. The object is not more strain on certain muscles, but open air, a gentle acceleration of the blood, vigorous breathing, and muscular and nervous relaxation. All these come best with a long, firm, regular, unhurried stride.

### How the Japanese Cook Rice.

The Japs excel in cooking rice, and their method is exceedingly simple. Put one cup of rice which has been thoroughly washed, over the fire, with five of fast-boiling water. Add salt, and when it has boiled fast for fifteen minutes set the saucepan uncovered in a moderate oven. In fifteen minutes the water will have completely evaporated and every grain be distinct and fluffy. Not a grain will stick to the bottom of the saucepan. Rice cooked this way is a revelation.

### Coffee as a Disinfectant.

The use of coffee as a disinfectant is generally known, but it is doubtful if the majority of people are aware of its true value in this direction. It is one of the most powerful and effective agents known, as has been shown by repeated experiments. The merest pinch of coffee is usually sufficient to cleanse a sick room, even in aggravated cases. The best way to employ it is to freshly pound the coffee in a mortar, if no mill is at hand, and sprinkle it on a red-hot iron surface.

### Sulphur as a Cure for Diphtheria.

Sulphur is one of the most efficacious and simple cures for diphtheria. All that is needed is flower of sulphur and a quill, and with these, it is said, one celebrated physician cured every patient without exception. He put a teaspoonful of flower of sulphur into a wine-glass of water, and stirred it with his finger instead of a spoon, the sulphur not readily amalgamating with water. When the sulphur was well mixed, the physician gave it as a gargle, and in ten minutes the patient was out of danger. Sulphur kills every species of fungus in a man, beast, or plant in a few minutes.

### Squeaking Boots.

All sorts of devices have been suggested to stop the noise of squeaking boots. The best way is to use French chalk. You can either bore a small hole through the inner sole and filter into it as much chalk as possible, when the powder will work in between the inner and outer soles, which do not fit together properly, owing perhaps to the uppers having been sewn in too tightly or some other defect in the work; an alternative being to get your bootmaker to insert a layer of French chalk between the soles for you. Paraffin oil is also recommended as a cure, but the smell is unpleasant and clings a long time. Another idea is the plentiful application of linsed oil—you must warm the oil and then steep the soles in it.

### Regarding Blankets.

Blankets are a difficulty to many people, mostly because they cannot make up their minds as to how often they should be washed, nor how they should be treated. In many houses they are only washed once a year; but somehow this does seem rather too rare a proceeding. On the other hand, it is really not necessary to have them washed more than twice a year; but they must have proper care in the interval in the shape of airing, shaking, etc. A washing-machine is very good for the purpose, especially as they should never be rubbed by the hand. The water should be only lukewarm, and a little soap well lathered in the water is all that will be required. Wring the blankets very dry through a wringer, shake them out, and wash again in the same way, wringing each time, until they are quite clean. Do not rinse them, but pull them into shape and hang them out in the sun, which is a great help to preserving a good color.

Maureen

# PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS.

Cameras, Magazine (hand), 1-plate, from 9s upwards.  
 Folding Hand or Stand Cameras from 22s 6d.  
 Half-plate Complete Sets from 87s 6d each.  
 Camera Cases, Canvas, 3s 6d and 6s each;  
 1-plate Magazine Camera size.  
 Calcium Tubes, 6 x 3, 1s 6d each.  
 Calcium Tubes, 10 x 4, 2s 3d each.  
 Carriers, 1-plate to 1-plate, 1s 6d each.  
 Clips, for Prints, Plates, or Films, Wooden, 9d dozen.  
 Cutting Shapes Glass, 1-plate, 9d and 1s each; 1-plate, 1s and 1s 3d each.

## CHEMICALS (PHOTOGRAPHIC).

Acid Pyrogallol, 1s 3d oz. Amidol 3s 3d oz.  
 Ammon. Sulphocyanide, 6d oz; 4s 6d per lb.  
 Formalin, 3oz 1s.  
 Gold Chloride (Johnson's), 2s 6d tube.  
 Hydroquinone, 1s 3d oz.  
 Metol, 3s 3d oz.  
 Potash Bromide, 3s 6d lb.  
 Potash Carbonate, Pure, 8d oz.  
 Potash Metabisulphite, 6d oz.  
 Silver Nitrate, 3s 6d oz.  
 Soda Carbonate, Pure, 9d lb; in bottles 1s per lb.  
 Soda Sulphite, Pure, 9d per lb; in bottles, 1s per lb.

Soda Hypo. (pea crystals), 3d lb; 5lb, 1s.  
 Soda Phosphate, 3d oz.  
 Other Chemicals at Equally Cheap Rates.  
 Developers, No. 1 and 2 Solutions, 10oz size, 1s 3d.  
 Tabloid Developers, B. W. and Co.'s Amidol, Pyro Soda, Metol Pyro, and Metol Quinol, 1s 4d each.

Compressed Developers, Powell's, Pyro Metol, Pyro Soda, and Metol Hydroquinone, 1s 4d each.

## TONING TABLOIDS AND COMPRESSED TONING BATHS.

Gold and Sulphocyanide, and Gold and Phosphate, 1s 4d each.  
 Combined Toning and Fixing Compressed, 1s 4d.

Developing Dishes, Zylonite strong 1-plate, with spout, 8d each; 1-plate, with spout and lifter, 1s each; 5 x 4 plate, with spout, 10d each; 1-Plate, with spout, 1s each; 1-1-plate, with spout, 1s 9d each.  
 Developing Baths for Films, the Waverley, 5s 3d each.

Developing Dishes, semi-Porcelain, 8 x 10, 3s 6d each; 12 x 10, 5s 6d each; 12 x 15, 10s 6d each.

Developing and Printing for Amateurs done at Lowest Rates, and with utmost promptitude.

Draining Racks, Wooden, for Plates, 9d each.  
 Draining Racks and Wash Tanks, combined, 1-Plates, 9d; 1-Plate, 1s 6d.

Enlargers, 1-Plate to 1-1-Plate.  
 Enlarging Lanterns, for using with Camera, 27s 6d; enlarges up to any size.

Exposure Meters, Imperial, 1s 4d each.  
 Exposure Meter Refills, 8d each.  
 Ferrotypes-Plates, for enamelling 6d each.

Films, Kodak Roll, No. 1. Brownie, 10d; No. 2, Brownie, 1s 2d; 2 1/2 x 2 1/2, 2s 6d; 3 1/2 x 4 1/2, 3s 6d; 2 1/2 x 3 1/2, 2s 6d; 3 1/2 x 3 1/2, 4s; 4 1/2 x 3 1/2, 4s; 3 1/2 x 5 1/2, 4s; 5 x 4, 4s 6d; 4 x 5, 4s 6d.

Ensign Films, 2 1/2 x 2 1/2, 9d; 2 1/2 x 3 1/2, 1s; 1-Plate, 3s 6d; Postcard size, 3s 6d; 5 x 4, 4s 3d.

Focussing Cloth, 1-Plate, 2s 6d each.  
 Focussing Cloth, 1-Plate, 3s 6d each.  
 Focussing Cloth, Waterproof, 7s 6d each.  
 Lamps, Dark, 1s, 1s 6d, 1s 9d, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d, and 7s 6d each.  
 Measures, Graduated, 1oz, 9d each; 2oz, 1s each; 4oz, 1s 3d each; 10oz, 2s 3d each; 20oz, 3s each.

Mountant, Higgins, 3oz size, 9d bottle.  
 Mountant, 2oz size, 6d bottle.  
 Mountant, 4oz size, 9d bottle.

Mounts, Midget, from 6d doz, or 3s per 100.  
 Mounts, 1-Plate, from 8d doz, or 5s per 100.  
 Mounts, 1-plate, circle, 1s doz, or 6s 6d per 100.

Mounts, 5 x 4 plate, from 8d doz, or 5s per 100.

Mounts, 1-plate, from 1s doz; 7s per 100.  
 Mounts, 1-1-Plate, from 1s 6d doz, or 10s 6d per 100.

Mounts, Cut-out, 1-plate, 1s 6d doz; Cabinet, 1s 9d doz.  
 5 x 4, 2s 3d per doz; 1-1-Plate, 7d each.

Large Size Mounts also stocked, in Plain and Cut-out.

## PAPERS.

Wellington Ward, P.O.P., in Mauve, Matt, White, and Special Mauve, in 1-Plate, 5 x 4, Cabinet, 1-plate, and 1-1-Plate size, 1s per packet; 12-Sheet Rolls, 7s each.

Wellington S.C.F. Gaslight, in Matt, Glossy, Porcelain and Art, White and Tinted, in 1-Plate, 5 x 4; Cabinet, 1-Plate, 1s per packet; 1-1-Plate, 2s per packet.

WELLINGTON WARD, Platino, Matt, Ennamo, Bromide Papers, 1-Plates, 5 x 4, Cabinet, and 1-Plate, 1s per packet; 1-1-Plate, 12-sheet, 2s packet; 8 x 10, 12 sheet, 3s 3d per packet; 10 x 12, 12 sheet, 4s 6d per packet; 12 1/2 x 15 1/2, 12 sheet, 6s 6d per packet; 17 x 23, 6-sheet, 6s 6d per packet.

Paget Prize Self Toning, Matt and Glossy, 1-Plate, 5 x 4, Cabinet, and 1-Plate, 1s per packet.

Post Cards (self toning), 1s per packet.  
 Imperial P.O.P., 1-Plate, 5 x 4, and 1-Plate, 1s per packet; 12-Sheet Rolls, 7s each.

Gaslight, 1-Plate, 7d per packet; 5 x 4, 10d per packet; Cabinet and 1-Plate, 1s per packet.

Ilford P.O.P., Matt, Carbon, White, and Mauve, 1-Plate, 5 x 4, Cabinet; 1-Plate, and 1-1-Plate, 1s per packet; 12 Sheet Rolls, 7s each.

Ilford Bromide Papers, in rough and smooth, rapid and slow, 1-Plate, 6d per packet; 5 x 4, 8d per packet; Cabinet, 11d per packet; and 1-Plate, 1s per packet.

SUNDRIES AND ACCESSORIES.  
 ALBUMS—A large assortment in all sizes, both slip and paste down and "Sunny Memories," from 1s each.

BALLS and TUBES—For Shutters, 1s 6d and 1s 9d each; for Thornton Pickard Shutters, 3s each.

BOOKS—Ilford Manual of Photography, 1s 4d. Photography in a Nutshell, 1s 6d.

BORDER NEGATIVES.  
 Paper, 1-Plate, 1s 6d per packet; Post Card size, 1s 6d packet.

Brushes, for dusting plates, etc., 4d, 6d, 9d, and 1s each.

Bottles, stoppered or plain, all sizes.  
 Bromide Retouching Sets, 1s 6d each.  
 Bromide Pencils, 4d each.

## ILFORD PLATONA PLATINUM PAPERS.

20-Sheet Tubes.  
 1-Plates, 1s 6d; 5 x 4 Plate, 2s 3d; Cabinet, 2s 9d; 1-Plate, 3s; 1-1-Plate, 5s 6d; 10 x 8 Plate, 7s 9d; 12 x 10 Plate, 6s (13 sheet).

Post Cards, Ilford and Wellington, P.O.P., 7d packet.

Post Cards, Gaslight, Ilford, and Wellington, 1s.

Post Cards, Self-toning Paget, 1s.

## PLATES (ILFORD).

Ordinary, Empress, and Special Rapid, 1-Plate, 1s dozen; 5 x 4, 1s 9d dozen; 1-Plate, 2s 3d dozen.

Isochromatic, 1-Plate, 1s 3d dozen; 5 x 4, 2s dozen; 1-Plate, 2s 6d dozen.

Monarch, 1-Plate, 1s 9d dozen; 1-Plate, 4s 3d dozen.  
 Lantern Plates, 1s dozen.

## IMPERIAL PLATES.

Ordinary, Sovereign, and Special Rapid, 1-Plate, 1s dozen; 5 x 4, 1s 9d dozen; 1-Plate, 2s 3d dozen; 1-1-Plate, 4s 6d dozen.

Imperial Flashlight, 1-Plate, 1s 9d dozen; 1-Plate, 4s 3d.

Plate Washers and Draining Racks, combined, to hold 18 1-Plates, or 9 1-Plates, 1s 6d.

Print or Mount Trimmers, 4s 6d and 7s 6d each.

Printing Frames, 3 1/2 x 2 1/2, 9d each.  
 Printing Frames, 1-Plates, 9d and 1s each.  
 Printing Frames, 5 x 4, 1s and 1s 3d each.  
 Printing Frames, 1-Plate, 1s 3d and 1s 6d each.

Printing Frames, 1-1-Plate, 2s and 3s each.  
 Print Cutters, circular, 4s; cuts 18 different sizes. Extra Knives for same, 1s 6d each.

Post Card Printing Frames, 1s 3d and 2s each.

Push Pins, Glass, 1s set.  
 Retouching Desks, .6s and 10s 6d each.  
 Retouching Sets, 1s 6d and 3s each.

Retouching Sets, Bromide, 1s 6d each.  
 Scales and Weights, 1s 9d and 3s 6d set.  
 Weights, Spare Set, 1s set.

Squeegees, Roller, 4in, 1s 6d.  
 Squeegees, Roller, 6in, 1s 9d.  
 Spirit Levels, 1s 3d each.

Tripods, Telescopic, 3 sects., 40-inch, 6s 6d.  
 Tripods, Telescopic, 4 sects., 47-inch, 8s 6d.  
 Tripods, Telescopic, 7 sects., 48-inch, 12s 6d.  
 Tripods, Wood, 3-fold, 12s 6d.

Tripods, Heads, 3s and 3s 9d each.  
 View Finders, Direct View, 2s 3d each.  
 View Finders, in Morocco Cases, extra quality, 7s each.

Vignettes, 1-Plate, Celluloid, 2s 3d set.  
 Vignettes, 1-Plate, Celluloid, 4s set.  
 Leviathan Colours, 2s 3d and 3s 6d.

# WALLACE & CO.,

CHEMISTS,

Triangle, Christchurch.

## MR. D. EDWIN BOOTH,

MASSEUR AND MEDICAL ELECTRICIAN,

X-RAYS OPERATOR (by Exam.), Member and N.Z. Representative of the Australasian Massage Association,

## MRS. D. EDWIN BOOTH,

MASSEUSE AND ELECTRICIAN.

Member of the Australasian Massage Association.

262 GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

Specialties: Massage, Electro-Therapeutics, Radiography, and Dry Hot Air Treatment.

TELEPHONE..... 600.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth, by their various methods, treat with the greatest success all Nervous Troubles, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Paralysis, Sprains, Rheumatic Gout, Stiff Joints, and Digestive Disorders, etc.

"On the strong recommendation of a well-known priest, I consulted Mr. Booth for Neurasthenia. I have been in his hands now for about a fortnight, and I have to say that the treatment is delightfully soothing and pleasant, and the results already have far exceeded my most sanguine anticipations. For run-down teachers and brain-workers generally, I can imagine nothing more refreshing and invigorating than a course of Mr. Booth's treatment."—J. A. SCOTT, M.A.

FIRST AID TO COLDS.—Tussicura is undoubtedly the best. See you get it and no other.

## JOHN GILLIES

Furniture Warehouse,

18 GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN

Is Showing, Dining, Drawing and Bedroom Suites, Floorcloths, Linoleum, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Hearthrugs, Door mats, Window Curtains, Tablecloths, etc., Iron Bedsteads and Bedding to suit, Perambulators, Go-carts, Swings, Household Requisites in Great Variety.

Prices sent on Application.

TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED

Day Telephone, 479.

## JOHN GILLIES

Funeral Undertaker.

5 GREAT KING STREET (near Moray

Place).

Funerals Conducted in Town and Country

at Lowest Prices

Our Undertaker resides on these premises and can always be got to attend to Funeral Orders by Day or Night.

Undertaker's Residence Telephone, 186.

## Science Siftings

By 'Volt'

### A New Disinfectant.

Soap to which from one to five per cent. of naphtha acids have been added is recommended by a German chemist as a ready destroyer of virulent disease germs.

### Roller Bearings for Street Cars.

A street car equipped with roller bearings, first adjusted and graphited, has been run in Hanover without further attention for six months. The bearings have shown no perceptible wear, and tests indicate an economy in power of 23 per cent., while the actual saving includes the usual cost of oiling and attendance.

### A Medicinal Spring.

A singular spring lately discovered in New Mexico discharges a saturated solution of sodium sulphate at a temperature of 110 F. The weight of the liquid is 10 two-thirds pounds per gallon, that of distilled water being only 8 one-third pounds. The overflow from the spring has solidified into a perfectly level, snow-white bed of sodium salts, miles in extent.

### Hard and Soft Wood.

Soft wood becomes stronger than hard wood under pressure. The case of a block of Oregon pine, taken from the middle of an upright which formed a part of the timber support in the Comstock mines for twelve years, gives an example of the effect of heavy pressure on wood fibre. It is so hard that it cannot be cut with a knife; and one of its sides is polished from the squeezing it has undergone. Yellow pine from the lower levels of the Comstock has been so compressed by the enormous weight that its density exceeds that of lignum-vitae.

### Greenland's Glory.

The largest mass of ice in the world is probably the one which fills up nearly the whole of the interior of Greenland, where it has accumulated since before the dawn of history. It is believed now to form a block about 600,000 square miles in area, and averaging a mile and a half in thickness. According to these statistics the lump of ice is larger in volume than the whole body of water in the Mediterranean, and there is enough of it to cover the whole of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland with a layer about seven miles thick.

### The Origin of the Diamond.

The origin of the diamond has been long in dispute. When the stones of South Africa were traced from the river gravels to the 'blue ground'—an agglomerate filling of pipes of old volcanoes—it was supposed that the real matrix had been discovered, but it has since appeared that the diamonds were picked up by this rock from an older rock pierced by the volcanic eruptions. The Government Geologist of New South Wales has now described a small diamond, from a dolerite dyke, finding the assumption justified that the crystal was actually formed in this igneous rock as it cooled or solidified from a molten state.

### Night and Disease.

Medical treatment almost wholly confined to the daytime is thought by Dr. Lauder, a French physician, to be a serious mistake. Disease is most active at night—asthma, epilepsy, and other attacks coming then almost entirely—and observations have shown that medicine administered in the night hours, or both night and day, acts better and with greater effect than an equal dose all given in the daytime. It is explained that in the nocturnal fasting state the body absorbs remedies with greater energy, while they are eliminated less quickly. In many instances disease has resisted all medication by day, but has yielded to night treatment.

### A Novel Timepiece.

The latest novelty in timekeepers will probably appeal to lazy and forgetful people. It consists of a watch which does not require any winding. All that is necessary for its owner to do, in order to have the time with him always, is to walk half a mile a day. The watch does the rest. The winding mechanism consists of an ingenious contrivance by which a small weight is raised and lowered by the jar of walking. The motion of the weight works a small ratchet arrangement, which winds the spring to its full tension, and then is automatically held until more winding is necessary. A course of shaking up and down for a few minutes will answer the same purpose as a stroll afoot, while all the jolts and jars of ordinary existence are likewise made useful as a means of winding.

## Intercolonial

Mr. Alexander Juett, the 1905 Rhodes Scholar for West Australia, an ex-pupil of the Christian Brothers, left the other day for Oxford University.

When Mr. Donovan, the Irish envoy, was entering the hall at a Home Rule meeting in a country town he was tapped on the shoulder by a seedy-looking individual (says the 'Gundagai Independent').—A few minutes' conversation disclosed the man's identity—he was the professor in classics at the college which Donovan attended some years ago. A brilliant scholar and an only son, he suddenly disappeared from his position a few years ago, and nothing had been heard of him till he accosted one of his old pupils in a small Australian country town the other day. He has spent his time in Australia working at odd jobs, and is now off to a big western shearing-shed to take a pen.

Under the will of the late John Lalor, of Yarrawonga (Vic.), the following charitable institutions are entitled to claim bequests:—Sisters of Mercy, Yarrawonga, £284 7s 9d; Little Sisters of the Poor, Northcote, £568 15s 5d; Wangaratta Hospital, £189 11s 10d; St. Vincent's Hospital, Melbourne, £94 15s 11d; Sisters of St. Joseph, Surrey Hills, £568 15s 5d; Foundling Hospital, Broadmeadows, £189 11s 10d; Nuns of the Good Shepherd, Abbotsford, £189 11s 10d; Corowa Hospital, £47 8s; Mansfield Hospital, £95 15s 11d; Beechworth Hospital, £189 11s 10d.

On the evening of August 27 the Rev. Father Hearn was presented with an illuminated address and a purse of sovereigns in the Town Hall, Tenterfield, on the occasion of his departure from the district, owing to failing health. The Mayor (Ald. Juergens), on behalf of the Protestant community, expressed regret at the departure of Father Hearn from Tenterfield. He was a man whom all liberal-minded Protestants respected. They would miss his genial smile and happy greetings in the street, for no matter what a man's creed he would always hold out to him the hand of friendship.

The Irish envoys, Messrs. Devlin, M.P., and Donovan, arrived in Brisbane from Sydney on Monday, August 27, and were accorded a civic reception by the Mayor and citizens. In the afternoon the delegates visited Nudgee College, where they were presented with an address and £50 towards the Home Rule Fund by the pupils. A meeting was held in the Exhibition Building in the evening, which was very largely attended. Addresses were delivered by Messrs. Devlin, and Donovan, and Mr. Blair, the Attorney-General, in the absence of the Premier, moved the following resolution:—That this meeting, in welcoming Messrs. Devlin and Donovan, pledges itself to give both moral and financial support to the Irish Parliamentary Party in their magnificent efforts to secure that long delayed measure of justice—self-government for Ireland, the granting of which we are convinced would result as in Canada and Australasia, in strengthening and consolidating the British Empire. Mr. John Leahy, M.L.A., seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously. A subscription list was opened, and the sum of over £400 was handed in.

In the course of an interview with a 'S. M. Herald' reporter his Eminence Cardinal Moran referred to the local attacks on Home Rule in letters to the press. His Eminence said that what amused him was the way some few people seemed to regard the Home Rule movement as a disloyal one calculated to tear the Empire asunder. A writer in one of the newspapers recently had dealt with a speech delivered by Mr. Devlin, the Irish envoy, in America, as if it were an evidence of the gentleman's determination to take by force what it was really hoped would come about by peaceful and constitutional means. It should be remembered that Mr. Devlin's speech was delivered on a peculiar occasion, and to an audience composed largely of what he might call the fighting element in the American Home Rule movement. That element thought perhaps they might gain by force of arms what they desired, but no sensible man in Ireland, and, least of all, Mr. Devlin, had any such ideas or cherished such sentiments. Mr. Devlin's speech was aimed at disarming that element, not encouraging it. He had merely tried to lead them right, and make them understand the constitutional method of getting what they desired. His Eminence reviewed the change in sentiment in favor of Home Rule of late years, and said that no sensible man believed that the cause of Home Rule could be won by fighting.

## J. N. MERRY & CO.,

34 Bond Street, DUNEDIN.

CASH BUYERS OF WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, RABBIT-SKINS, HIDES, TALLOW, HORSEHAIR, ETC.

Consignments Promptly Attended to.

Account Sales for same, with Cheque, returned day following Receipt of Goods.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.

## AI HOTEL, Corner Cashel and Colombo Streets, CHRISTCHURCH.

P. DEVANE (late of Ashburton),

Having taken possession of the above centrally-situated Hotel wishes to inform his numerous friends and the public generally that they can rely upon

ALL THE COMFORTS OF A HOME  
And the

CONVENIENCES OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

The premises are electrically lighted, and furnished with view to the comfort of patrons.

LUNCHEON A SPECIALITY,

12 to 2 o'clock, 1s.

Best Brands Only. Night Porter.

Telephone 424.

## R I N K S T A B L E S

MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN.

SHEEHY & KELLEHER (Successors to James Jeffs) Proprietors

Drags, Landaus, Waggonettes, Dog Carts, and Vehicles of every description. Saddle Horses always on Hire. Carriages for Wedding Parties. Horses Broken to Single and Double Harness, also to Saddle

TELEPHONE No. 827.

## JAS. SPEIGHT & CO.

MALTSTERS AND BREWERS

CITY BREWERY, DUNEDIN

## W A V E R L E Y H O T E L.

QUEEN STREET,

AUCKLAND.

MAURICE O'CONNOR (late of Christchurch and Dunedin) begs to notify that he has taken over the above favourite hotel, close to Train and Wharf. Splendid view of Harbour.

Best brands of Wines and Spirits always on hand.

MAURICE O'CONNOR

## JAMES SHAND & CO.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

.. AND ..

GENERAL IMPORTERS.

AVON BOND ... OXFORD TERRACE  
OFFICES ... 209 HEREFORD STREET, CHRISTCHURCH

## A. J. S. HEADLAND

THAMES STREET, OAMARU

Importer of all kinds of Ironmongery, Glass and Chinaware  
Groceries, Bamboo Curtain Rod,  
Japanese Baskets, and all kinds of goods for  
House and Farm use.

—USE—

Brinsley & Co.'s

# CHAMPION

## RANGES

THUS SAVING TIME & MONEY

All Ironmongers. Catalogue Free.  
36 CUMBERLAND STREET,  
DUNEDIN.

**HUGH GOURLY**  
desires to inform the public he still continues the Undertaking Business as formerly at the Establishment, corner Clark and MacLaggan streets, Dunedin.  
Funerals attended in Town or Country with promptness and economy.

## MASONIC HOTEL CHRISTCHURCH.

Visitors to the above Hotel will receive  
Ocad Mile Faltte from the Proprietor,

**E. POWER**

Late of Dunedin.

## MIDLAND RAILWAY HOTEL TOTARA FLAT.

MR. H. ERICKSON (late of Orwell Creek)  
Proprietor.

An Excellent Table kept. First-class Accommodation. The Beers, Wines, Spirits, etc.; sold are of the very best. Refreshment Rooms at Railway Station. Billiard-Billiards, with an efficient marker.

Mr. Erickson, having a thorough knowledge of the whole district, will be pleased to give directions and other assistance to travellers and persons interested in Mining

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" is a  
S. Marvellous Remedy for Blood-poisoning, Poisoned Hands, Inflamed or Ulcerated Wounds.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" cures  
S. Chilblains (broken or unbroken), Chapped Hands, Sprayed-Skin, and all Smarring Eruptions.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" cures  
S. Eczema, Scaly Blisters on the Skin, and Skin Affections generally.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" cures  
S. Cancerous Sores, Boils, Burns, Scalds, Ringworm, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, and all Glandular Swellings.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" cures  
S. Ulcerated Legs caused by Varicocle Veins, Tender and Sweaty Feet, and Burning Sores.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" cures  
S. Spittacia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Mumps, Sore Throat, Pains in the Chest and Side.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT" cures  
S. Itching, Clears the Skin and Scalp Cures Dandruff & Beautifies the Complexion.

"SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT," THE  
S. GREAT-HEALER, cures all it touches. Sold every where. Price 6d. and 1s. box.

"BLOOMING," the great Corn, Wart, and  
S. Bunion Cure. Price 6d.—every where.

"SPRING BLOSSOM PILLS" cure Indi-  
S. gestion, Liver, Kidney, and Stomach troubles, 6d & 1/- every where; or post free from  
Mrs. L. HAWKINS, 108 George St., Dunedin.

## J. MCCORMACK Melville Hill Shoeing Forge,

Wishes to thank his patrons for past support, and to notify them that he will in future use his utmost endeavours to give every satisfaction.

J. MCCORMACK, Melville Hill Shoeing Forge.

## Branson's Hotel,

Corner of KING and ST. ANDREW STS.

MR. CHARLES BRANSON,  
who for many years was at the Grand, has now assumed the Management of the above Hotel, which is centrally situated at the corner of Great King Street and St. Andrew Street. At considerable cost the whole building has undergone reconstruction. It has been greatly enlarged, furnished and appointed, regardless of expense, making it the most comfortable Hotel in town. It comprises 18 bedrooms, bathrooms, large dining, drawing, smoking, billiard, and commercial rooms. Fire escape and iron balcony completely surrounds the Hotel, giving the most ample security against fire.

Tariff—5s per day; 2s per week.

Permanent Boarders by arrangement.

—TRY THE—

New Zealand Tablet Co.

—FOR—

Job Printing, etc.

CHARGES MODERATE.

# The Family Circle

## BEWARE OF 'BY AND BY'

If you have work to do,  
Do it now.

To-day the skies are clear and blue;  
To-morrow clouds may come in view;  
Yesterday is not for you;  
Do it now.

If you have a song to sing,  
Sing it now.

Let the notes of gladness ring  
Clear as song of birds in spring;  
Let every day some music bring;  
Sing it now.

If you have kind words to say,  
Say them now.

To-morrow may not come your way;  
Do a kindness while you may;  
Loved ones will not always stay;  
Say them now.

## AN INDIAN HERO

In the days when the Omahas ruled all Eastern Nebraska, and fought the Sioux twelve months in the year, the great chief, Big Elk, lay in his lodge on the banks of the Missouri sick unto death.

For many 'suns' had the great man been troubled with a sickness which the Indians were not able to overcome. The medicine men of the tribe had used all their efforts; had worked all their charms; had called on 'Pe-a-zhe-Wakan,' the Bad Spirit, and upon 'Wakan,' the Great Mystery. The chief did not improve. Even the chief's own private 'medicine,' or charm, was unavailing, and he grew worse. The entire tribe was in gloom.

Then one day, from the south, a trapper came in his boat, and stopped to exchange bright-colored calicoes, mirrors, guns, and beads with the Omahas for their skins of the otter, the beaver, and the buffalo.

The Indians refused to trade. Their chief was dying—was on the verge of the 'Shadow Land'—and they could not trade.

The white man asked to see Big Elk, and he saw that the great red man was indeed dying. Nothing could now be done for him.

'But,' said the white trapper, 'there is a white man down the Big River, three sleeps distant. He has a white powder which would have cured Big Elk. But it is too late now. No horse could get back quick enough. Big Elk must die.'

Badger, a young Indian, who was standing near when the trapper told of the white powder which would have saved Big Elk, beckoned the trapper to come outside the lodge, and asked him for the white man's 'sign' for the white powder.

The trapper wrote the single word 'Quinine' on a paper and handed it to the young red man.

Five minutes afterward Badger, armed with his precious piece of paper, four pairs of moccasins, a small quantity of dried buffalo meat, and five bright silver dollars—all the cash the tribe possessed—shot out from the south end of the Indian village and headed toward the white settlement, one hundred miles away, at Bellevue, Nebraska, several miles below where Omaha now stands.

The sun was just setting in a red blaze on the western prairie when Badger started on the run which made his name more famous in his tribe than that of any warrior of his time.

Some time during the middle of the next forenoon, probably fifteen hours after Badger left Big Elk's lodge, old Peter Sarpy was standing in his log trading post at Bellevue when a young Indian ran into the room, handed him a paper on which 'Quinine' was scrawled, laid five silver dollars down and in the Indian language asked him to 'hurry.'

The medicine was quickly wrapped up, and the Indian, in his own tongue, which Sarpy knew well, asked how it was to be taken, and was told to place it in warm water and make the sick man drink it.

Badger, for it was the Omaha Indian who had made the one-hundred-mile trip on foot in fifteen hours, then sat down, ate a little jerked buffalo meat, threw away his old moccasins, which were entirely worn out, put on a new pair, rested for a single hour and started on the return to the Omahas' village, carrying with him the white powder which was to save the life of Big Elk.

It was nearly noon when Badger left Bellevue. He was stiff and tired from his long run of the night before. He wanted to stop and rest, but did not dare to do so, for fear of going to sleep. The sun was hot and there was no path across the prairie. Last night he had travelled by the stars; to-day he was guided by the sun. There were rivers to swim and quicksands to be avoided.

Just after the sun rose next morning Badger staggered up to Big Elk's lodge on the Missouri. He had made the return trip in about eighteen hours, and had travelled the entire two hundred miles in thirty-four hours, including the time spent at Bellevue.

But Big Elk died an hour before Badger brought the 'white medicine.'

That was more than fifty years ago, and to-day when the remnants of the Omaha tribe are gathered around a dance 'lodge,' and Indians tell of the great deeds of Big Elk, the greatest warrior the tribe ever knew, almost in the same breath another Indian will rise and tell the story of Badger and the fast run he made in his effort to save the life of his chief.

## BE NOT TOO FORWARD

When you go into society think as little of yourselves as possible, and talk as little of yourselves. If a man can sing or play on any musical instrument or recite, and he is asked to do any of these things, let him not refuse. Young women sometimes say no in society when they mean yes; but young men are not justified in practising such an affectation. It is not good taste to show that one is anxious to sing or to play or to recite. If you are invited out, do not begin at once by talking about elocution, until somebody is forced to ask you to recite; and do not hum snatches of songs until there is no escape for your friends from the painful duty of asking you to sing. The restless efforts of some amateurs to get a hearing in society always brings to mind a certain theatrical episode. There was a young actress who thought she could sing, and consequently she introduced a vocal solo whenever she could. She was cast for the principal part in a melodrama full of tragic situations. The manager congratulated himself that here, at least, there was no chance for the tuneful young lady to try her scales. But he was mistaken. The great scene was on. A flash of lightning illumined the stage. The actress was holding a pathetic conversation with her mother as the thunder rolled. The mother suddenly fell with a shriek, struck dead. And then the devoted daughter said, 'Aha, mee mother is dead! Alas, I will now sing the song she loved so much in life!' And the young lady walked to the footlights and warbled 'Comrades.'

## ADVICE TO BACHELORS

The following description of the perfect wife is from a book by the late Max O'Rell:—

'Marry a woman,' he writes, 'smaller than yourself. Do not marry a woman whose laugh is forced and does not spring from the heart, but marry a woman who enjoys a joke and looks at the bright side of everything.

'Marry a girl who is a bit of a philosopher. If you take a girl to the theatre, and on hearing there are no seats in the stalls or circle, she gaily exclaims: "Never mind, let us go into the gallery," marry her. It will be easy to live happily with a girl willing to sit even on the back benches with her husband.

'Do not marry a woman who has the fast ways of what is called "smart society." If you go to pay a visit and must wait half an hour while she finishes her toilet, do not marry her. But if she comes to you immediately, her hair put up in a hurry, but neatly and simply dressed, she is a girl of common sense. Marry her, especially if she is not too prolix in her excuses for appearing negligee.

'Marry a girl who cares a lot for her father, who won't let him go out without seeing that his clothes are immaculate, who, when at length satisfied with papa's appearance, kisses him before he goes off—that girl will make a model wife.'

## IT WAS A SCOTCH ECHO

The late Sims Reeves was fond of telling a story that related to an early engagement in Glasgow, which was arranged through a metropolitan agency. One of the items on the programme was 'Hail, smiling morn,' and Reeves was put down for the solo portion. The chorus consists of an echo, and the agent assured the soloist that a satisfactory choir had been engaged.

The concert was a success, and in due course 'Hail, smiling morn,' was called for. When the soloist came to the lines requiring an echo he delivered them in his best manner—; At whose bright presence darkness flies away. Imagine his horror when the echo repeated his words in the broadest Scotch:

'Flees awa', flees awa'!

Yet Reeves averred that not a person in the audience smiled or appeared to see anything incongruous.

When he talked over the matter with a bailie after the concert, the good man assured him:

'That's just nothing at all. You were a little wrong in your pronunciation and the echo was correct. You see, it was a Scottish echo.'

### ODDS AND ENDS

Don't make home irksome. If you would not have your children lost to you in after life make home happy to them when they are young. Don't force the children to look elsewhere than at home for pleasure.

The class was discussing animals; how they walk-ed, got up, etc. After she had explained the cow's method of rising to her feet, the teacher asked: 'Do you know any other animal that gets up like the cow?'

Silence reigned for a moment, then one little girl timidly raised her hand.

'What is it?' asked the teacher.

'A calf,' was the whispered reply.

### FAMILY FUN

The entertainer known as Malini recently performed some of his card tricks before a gathering which included Queen Alexandra. At the close one of the visitors asked Malini to tell him how much money he had in his pockets.

'That is easily done,' replied the 'magician.' To allow of no deception, Malini was blindfolded, and at his request the visitor placed all the money on a table, in full view of the spectators. There was a dead silence for a few seconds. 'You are sure it is all on the table?'

Quite sure.'

'Then, sir, you have no money in your pockets.'

No one enjoyed this simple trick more than the Queen, who chaffed the 'victim' on his temporary poverty.

Place a clay pipe on the edge of a glass. The problem is to make the pipe fall without touching it, blowing upon it or agitating it, and without moving the table.

Take another glass and rub it rapidly on the sleeve of your coat. When you bring it close to the pipe you will see the pipe turn after the glass until it falls.

Place a coin and an inverted wine-glass on a shallow plate, and pour enough water into the plate to cover the coin. Now ask your friends if they can tell you how to lift the coin from the plate without wetting your fingers? They will launch forth all sorts of wild ideas, but will not think of the very simple answer. Cut a slice of cork, and place on top of it some matches and paper. Float the cork on the water, light the matches and paper and cover them carefully with the wineglass. Shortly after the matches and paper are burned out, it will be found that the water on the plate has been sucked up into the glass, and that the coin is left quite dry. This is due to the fact that the heat causes the air inside the glass to expand, and, in cooling, to contract, when the pressure of the external air forces the water up into the glass.

When is a person obliged to keep his word? When no one will take it.

Why is a candle-maker the most sinful and unfortunate of men? Because all of his works are wicked, and all his wicked works are brought to light.

Why is a seamstress always a deceptive woman? Because she is never what she seems.

Why are the houses of bald people the easiest to break into? Because their locks are few.

Why is an author more free than a monarch? Because he chooses his own subjects.

Where did Napoleon stand when he landed at St. Helena? On his feet.

What kind of a window resembles a star? A skylight.

If a man carrying two lamps drops one of them, what does he become? A lamp lighter.

What color does flogging make a boy? It makes him yell O.

By what process can you make a tea table into food? If you take away the T it will be eatable.

## All Sorts

There are four millionaires in England to every one in France.

Sixty thousand elephants are annually slaughtered in Africa for the sake of their ivory.

Golf can positively be traced in Scottish history back to 1457, and negatively to a remoter date.

When fully accoutred, a British foot-soldier carries in weight 62lb; a Russian, 68lb; a French, 62lb; a German, 61lb; a Swiss, 59lb; an Italian, 53lb; and an Austrian, 47lb.

For a short distance a lion or a tiger can outrun a man, and can equal the speed of a fast horse, but they lose their wind at the end of about half a mile. They have little endurance, and are remarkably weak in lung power.

They had just moved into a new house, and they stood surveying the situation.

'I wish,' she said, 'that this carpet was velvet.'

'I don't,' responded the husband unfeelingly. 'I wish it was down.'

A recruiting sergeant one day, seeing a fine-built young man selling milk, approached him and said:

'Would you like to serve the King?' (meaning to join the Army).

'Rather,' said the milkman. 'How much does he want? A pint or a quart?'

There are now over 250,000 words in the English language, acknowledged by the best authorities, or about 70,000 more than in the German, French, Spanish, and Italian languages combined. One can easily understand foreigners borrowing from English, but it seems inexcusable for English writers to burden their works with words taken from languages with a much smaller number of words than are to be found in our dictionaries.

A story of military red tape is being told at Dover. A requisition from Newhaven was received at the district headquarters at Dover for some safety matches. A letter went back inquiring whether they could not be obtained locally. The reply was received that they could not. This was an expenditure of 3d for stamps. A package of a dozen boxes of matches, value about 1½d, was then sent by passenger train, marked 'Explosives,' for which 2s 6d carriage was paid.

Bakers in France are subjected to several unusual rules and regulations. In large fortified towns, for instance, they must always have a certain stock on hand in case of war. Not only this, but everywhere they have to deposit a sum of money in the hands of the municipal authorities as a surety of good conduct; and the law, not content with merely looking after their weights and measures, actually decides the price at which bread is sold.

The Glasgow Corporation tramways have made a net profit of no less than £56,000 on last year's working. The total income amounted to £820,938, and the working expenses to £456,268, leaving a gross balance of £364,670. The population served by the system is about 1,050,000, and this enormous community was carried no less than 208 times over by the tramways during the year. The Corporation has decided to apply £10,000 to meeting special depreciation of buildings, to put £10,000 to the common good, and to place the balance of £36,000 to the general reserve fund.

The New York doctors have been wondering at the youthful appearance of the body of Mrs. Mary Fay, a Tipperary woman, who has just died there at the age of 105. For forty years she lived on bread and milk, and the appearance of her body was that of a woman of 35. She never ate meat or vegetables, nor did she drink anything save milk and water. She never had an ache or pain. She went to America forty years ago. Some physicians believe that the case corroborates the theory of Professor Metchnikoff, of Paris, that a diet of sour or curdled milk will successfully combat old age.

The popular idea that the age of a horse can always be told by looking at his teeth, says a veterinary surgeon, is not entirely correct. After the eighth year the horse has no more new teeth, so that the tooth method is useless for telling the age of a horse which is more than eight years old. As soon as the set of teeth is complete, however, a wrinkle begins to appear on the upper edge of the lower eyelid, and a new wrinkle is added each year, so that to get at the age of a horse over eight years old you must figure the teeth plus the wrinkles.

For Colds in the Head and Influenza, WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE, 1/6 and 2/6 per Bottle.