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AT ROME AND ABROAD.

MCKENZIE'S SPEECH.

THE very plain speech of a very plain man. Such was the address delivered in Dunedin, on Wednesday, the 20th inst, by the Hon John McKenzie There was certainly no attempt made by the speaker at a display of elequence-and we should

say that neither was he attempting to pass off for truth statements that he did not himself believe. We would fain hope, nevertheless, that he took an exaggerated, even though a sincere, view of the dealing with him of the Conservative Press in general, and the Otage Daily Times in particular. Otherwise there must be a degree of baseness among journalists that no honest man would care to contemplate. For our own part, although we have occasionally to complain of prejudice and unfairness among our contemporaries, we rarely find their conduct impossible in a gentleman, and, without very strong evidence, we should hardly be prepared to accept such an accusation as just. Mr McKenzie, no doubt, has now and then been roughly treated in the heat of political feeling-but it must be admitted that he himself can be pretty rough in returning the compliment. But Mr McKenzie does not seem at all heated in the combat. Surely the wild Highland blood that courses in his veins must be tempered by some pawky Lowland strain. In days gone by some arcestor of his had wooed and won some fair Lowland lass, and "Jock" has inherited the self-restraint of his great-grandmother. Or perhaps it was the colder tongue, that of the Sacsanach, that subdued his utterance to the more proper tone. There was not a note to remind us of the spirit in which the Celt rebukes his foe. The ring of the "salacharan an donars" was absent throughout from Mr McKenzie's sentences. To bring it out the presence of Mr Earnshaw was possibly necessary-and Mr Earnshaw was not there. At least we heard a member of the audience explain to another that he was not-and that if he was he would certainly not be on the platform. For our personal information, we may add, an opera glass would have been needful-and indeed, judging by the favour in which he stands such as it is, the naked eye of many people can hardly see Mr Earnshaw as he really exists. Mr McKenzie, as we have said, was a plain man making a plain speech. No word spoken by him disturbed the calmness of his bearers, or prevented them from reflecting on its meaning. Mr McKenzie, however, toll a tale in which it would be very hard to detect a flaw. His figures, we admit, seemed perfect. It will at least be quite impossible for any one to contradict them until some prominent member of the Opposition comes forward with a list drawn from official documents, and shows errors in the sustraction and division, if not in the addition and multiplication, that in times gone by, when the dominie was still a dominie, would have brought down the tawse heavily on the urchin guilty of them. A great part of the speech, moreover, was taken up with figures, and it should give that member of the Opposition some trouble to cook his list in reply. But Conservative politicians are skilful and well exercised cooks. the settlement of the land, the most important of all Colonial questions, Mr McKenzie dealt in a manner that was at once interesting and satisfactory. Here he was able to cite fac's as well as figures and what kind of "chiels" facts are is known to all of us. The account given of the "white elephants"-that is to say, the lands purchased by the Government-was particularly cheering and seemed to promise great things for the future. The bona fide effort of the Government to place a population on the lands, which is their chief merit-and in itself sufficient to cover a multitude of sins, is certainly that which subjec's them to the keenest and most determined opposition. Some attempt, we see meantime, has been made to discredit the character of the meeting addressed by the Minister. The meeting was a very large one, and emmently respectable both in appearance and conduct. It was more reflective than enthusiastic. as the manner of the address induced it to be-but there can be no doubt that it was fully representative, and that the vote of confidence in the speaker, and the Ministry generally-prop sel by Mr J. P. Armstrong, and seconded by Mr John Carroll-was an important

expression of the feeling of the citizens of Dunedin, Mr McKenzie, we repea', spoke as a plain man, but he spoke as a man honestly expressing his convictions-and the policy stated by him as that of his Government was a policy promising good things for the Colony in general.

MR TIMOTHY HEALY, speaking recently at Cross-MR HEALY ON maglen, gave a very decided expression of hig EDUCATION. views on education. Mr Healy had been defending himself against a charge of disse sion which was brought against him. "There are," he said, " in England large questions affecting the rights of our fellow-coun'rymen and our

fellow-Catholics. Scandal was given on a recent occasion by the action of some gentlemen in reference to this question of religions education. Now, let me say as a layman that I take a view with regard to the question of religious education and its effect on the government of men somewhat, it may be, of a civil character, as distinct from the views which you, very rev and rev friends, may hold. It is this: If the State sets the seal of secularism upon public education, paid for by the taxpayer, it cannot complain afterwards of the Anarchist and the Dynamitard. Let the people of any country be brought up in a negation of God and of the teachings of conscience and the State can have nothing to rely upon afterwards but the policeman and the convict cell and the penal hulks for the enforcement of its laws. We saw through a century of strife and bloodshed the attempt to found a Republic in France. We saw the thousands of men who were sent to the scaffold, the millions of men who fell in battle to sustain the Republican idea. And then when after a century of strife, and after all the sacrifices that the French Republicans made to attain their ideal of government, what was the result? The godless system of education which they established nursed as its product men to fling bombs in the faces of their Republican Chamber of Deputies; and we saw another of the products of their godless code stab to the heart the President of the French Republic. Therefore I say that those politicians who strive for the attainment of secular libery are laying a very poor foundation for the government of men by divorcing from the minds of youth the sanctions of faith, which, in my judgment, are a necessory cement to good citiz nahip in building up a State," "Hence," he continued, "I viewel with auxiety the action of those who, when authority, acting within its jurisdiction—as I conceive Cardinal Vaughan strictly acted on this question of education-puts forward his views not as a politician, not seeking, as I believe, to effect any political design, but simply carrying out the Gospel and the mandate of his Master with a view to provide that the children of four millions of people-a population nearly as large as that of Ireland-should not be deprived of anowledge of the tenets of Christranity common to both Protestant and to Catholic-the ordinary simple formulas of our common creed—that he should without provocation be assailed by Irish politicians on the ground that his action was inconvenient to a political party. After having thought over the matter in the months that have gone by since this scandal arose, and after I had ample time to form my cinclusions, and having remained hitherto silent, I now declare that I condemn such procedure, and will have neither part nor lot in such policies (applauss)." "Perhaps," added the speaker, "this expression of opinion will be called 'dissension.' If so, I would ask is there no dissension on the part of those who cast an outrage upon Cardinal Vaughan? (hear, hear.) Is there no dissension in creating scandal in the minds of millions of their fellow-countrymen by violently assailing the educational position of a Prince of our Faith, and is there only dissension and disunion when, not upon an eternal issue but on a matter of ephemeral politics, we ven ure to disagree either with the procedure of the chairman of the Irish Party or any one of his colleagues of the Parliamentary Committee? (Cheers.)" Mr Healy went on to refer to the case of the Irish Christian Brothers, and to point out how the recommendation made even by a Board composed of Conservative Protestants that their claim to State aid should be admitted was refused by the Home Rule Government. "There are," he concluded, "many who think that he lapse of years trings about possibilities of appeasement, and therefore that no time may after all be lost by what has occurred. I trust it will be so, and that if in the

end it should be found that the Christian Brothers and their pupils receive a larger measure of redress and of reform in consequence of the delay, we will be able to say that 'out of evil cometh good,' and we shall be very happy to forget the incident, and be prepared to turn over a new leaf in our minds."

THE recent death of Mr Thomas Dugdale Curry of the Evening Standard recalls an episode of the ODDS AND Franco-German war which, although it was of a minor nature and confined to private life, was not

without some wider interest-for Irish people particularly. Curry at the time was sub-editor of Galignani's Messenger, an English paper, as everyone knows, published in Paris. He was arrested on a charge of sympathy with the Germane, based on the fact that he was known to be a graduate of the University of Bonn, and to retain a friendly feeling for the people among whom he had been educated. It was in the anger caused by the defeat—the debacle of which Zola has written-and little evidence was needed or sought for. The prisoner stood in imminent danger of being shot, and in all probability would have suffered this penalty but for the spirited conduct of his wife. This lady-a daughter of the late James Perrin, Esq. J.P., of Leinster Lodge, in the County Kildare, and niece of the late Right Hon Louis Perrin, formerly justice of the Queen's Benchlost no time in appealing, as an Irishwoman, to the consideration of the military authorities. She, however, met with some rough treatment in the tack, and it may well be imagined that it required a heroic effort on the part of a lady of a somewhat exceptional refinement and delicacy, to go for days from one guard room to another in the middle of a soldiery who regarded her as a representative of the people against whom they were incensed. The reward of a brave woman and a good wife was that at length the authorities recognised her right as an Irishwoman to a favourable hearing and her husband was released. The fact that, at such a time, and under such circumstances, French sympathy for Ireland obtained an expression appears to us worthy of record.

The Ballarat correspondent of the Melbourne Age of February 9, records he death of a gentleman, who, he says, had been connected with the young Ireland Party, and associated with Thomas Francis Meagher, Charles Gavan Duffy, and others. The name is not familiar to us in this connection, though the associations of its bearer bespeak for him, as a young Irelander, no common independence and strength of character. The gentleman referred to is the late Mr B. Le Poer Trench, a retired judge of the County Court, who died som : three or four weeks ago at the age of 83. Deceased, says the correspondent, was a son of the late Hon and Very Rev Charles Le Poer Trench, D.D., Archdeacon of Ballinasioe, and grandson of the first Harl of Clancarty. That statement alone, we should say, proves how completely in admitting national sympathies he must have departed from the traditions of his family. Archdeacon Trench, besides, if we may judge from the manner in which his memory survived, was a man of a somewhat remarkable personality. Mr Trench, whose political falling off must have lost for him the support of a family influence in Ireland little, if anything, inferior to that of the Beresfords, had nevertheless a prosperous career in Victoria. "Sir Graham (then Mr) Berry," says the correspondent, "when forming his first Government in 1875, appointed Mr Treach, who did not occupy a seat in Parliament, his Attorney-General, and in 1877, when Mr Berry organised his second Government, Mr Trench was again placed in charge of the Crown Law Department. In 1878 he was raised to the dignity of Q.C., and in 1880 he was appointed County Court judge, He also discharged the duties of Lind Tax Commissioner." Samething, however, possibly a good deat he must be seen that Semething, however, possibly a good deal, he must have sacrificed for the sake of Ireland, and, therefore, his m mory deserves from us a word of respect. "The deceased leaves a family of fivethree daughters and two sons. One of the latter is an officer in the Crown Lands department of New South Wales. Mr Trench, in professional circles and in private life, was remarkable for his amiable and kindly disposition, and the news of his death will cause regret in a wide circle."

Here is an anecdote of "Bully " Egan-a well-known Dublin character of the last century-that seems worth reproduction. We find it in an old volume of the Irish Penny Journal-but it is pertinent to the existing situa ion. Egan, at the time when the Bill for the Union was under debate, was chairman of Kilmainham. He was expected to support the Bill, and he looked upon dismissal from his place as certain should be oppose it. " However," says the Journal, when the time for the division had arrived, his love of country preponderating over his love of pelf, he voted against the measure, exultingly exclaiming 'Ireland for ever, and Kilmainham to the devil.' " Doubtless since Bully Egan's days many poor fellows have repeated his words-and had good cause to do so.

The work of providing for the spiritual needs of Catholic sailors has now been actively taken up in New York. A reading room for their use has been opened at 296, W. Tenth-street. It is in the very heart of the seamen's district,

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DEARLY BELOVED BRETHREN AND CHILDREN IN JESUS CHRIST: ONE of the most touching and consoling characteristics of our Holy Church is embodied and shown forth in the beautiful dogma which is the outcome of the communion of saints. Soaring beyond this world of sense, we are, thanks to this sublime doctrine, enabled to hold familiar converse with our fellow members of that mystical body whereof Christ Jesus is the supreme head.

Our relations with the Church Triumphant consist in blessing and praising God for their earthly triumphs and heavenly crowns, and in imploring their powerful help to follow in their footsteps, winning like victories here below, and securing like immortal crowns hereafter. Of those who depart this life in a state which excludes them from the vision of God, some bear on their brow the indelible stamp of mortal sin; others, though not stript of grace are either sullied with some slight stain, or tave not yet fully atoned for those the eternal guilt whereof has been already remitted.

With the former we have nought to do. They have died at enmity with their Creator. They have heard the awful sentence of condemnation pronounced against them, and, objects of the wrath of an outraged God, are now, alas, lost, hopelessly lost in the flames of hell! But with the latter we have the most intimate relations of duty and affection. At the approach of the holy season of Lent which, this year, begirs on Ash Wednesday, February the 27th, and ends on Holy Saturday, the 13th of April, it were well for us to dwell upon much that is implied in these most intimate relations.

With the Bible before us, sound theology, the writings of the Fathers and well known ascetical writers as our guide, let us implore the help of our dearest Lady, of the great St Joseph, and of the whole Church Triumphan', whilst we strive to increase our faith, our love, and sympathy in behalf of the poor suffering souls in Purgatory.

Tous shall we practically realise with the inspired penman, that " It is therefore a holy and a wholesome thought to pray for the dead, that they may be loosed from sins" Let us first consider some of the grounds of our belief in this consoling doctrine. We may then meditate on the terrible nature of the sufferings endured by the souls in Purgatory, and on the claims they have upon our charity. These claims, which are so many motives, too, impelling us to devotion for the dead, arise from their dignity and merit in the sight of God, as well as from their relationship with us.

Ever docile to the voice of holy Mother Church, the divinely appointed witness and guardian and teacher of all truth, the devout Oatholic fieds no difficulty in admitting the consoling doctrine of Purgatory. He readily believes in a middle state of souls who depart this life in God's grace, yet not without some slight stains which retard their entrance into the kingdom of heaven, whilst consigning them to a temporary place of punishment. He believes that while thus detained, they still remain members of that mystical body of which Jesus Christ is the invisible head, and are, consequently helped by the prayers and good works of their fellow members of the Church upon earth.

The light of reason no less than that of faith leads him to this belief. Is it not written "Nothing defiled shall enter into the kingdom of heaven?" (Apoc. xxi. 27) "none but the clean of heart shall see God?" (Mat. v. 8) and, despite the heroism of their lives, are not the very just declared to "fall seven times?" (Prov xii 17). Now we know that the least sin is a defilement, a stain on that purity required to enter upon the Bestific vision. We see the Almighty obviously alluding to the cleansing flames of Pergatory, when he declares that they "shall not go out from thence till they pay the last farthing" (Matt v 26). So, too, the Apostle asserting, that "some shall be saved, yet so as by fire" (1 Cor iii 15). We know that God is infinitely just and infinitely holy "the searcher of hearts and reins" (Ps vii 10). Where we see the most dazz'ing perfection He may behold nought but blemishes. For, He will judge justices." He will not, He cannot suffer the least taint or imperfection to abide with Him in heaven. We know, too, that His goodness is infinite, that His mercy hath no limits, and that He is too just and bountiful to doom the upright with the wicked; to punish alike slight faults and grievous transgressions; to treat alike true penitents and wilfally obstinate reprobates. Bearing all this in mind, what shall we think of the thousands who daily go forth from the land of the living to the valley of the dead, passing from time Shall we place them all in the realms of to eternity? the blessed? Have we not often been witnesses, aye, for sooth partners of their guilt? H.w many wilful omissions, faults or imperfections in their very exercises of piety, in the fulfilling of the ordinary duties of their state? How many breaches of charity, slight backbitings or untruthfulness? Now we must never forget that the least defilement or

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imperfection debars one from entering the kingdom of heaven. Yet death, it may be, mowed down many a Caristian suddenly, without a moment wherein to expiate their faults. Even though they died after a lingering illness, this very illness may have been to them a fresh cause of offence. There was a lack of patience to the end, a want of self-denial, of generous detachm at from creatures, of submussion to God's adorable will Besides well-known faults, how many secret sine unknown to man; nay m re, even lost sight of by guilty self? But, it may be urged, they confessed them in the sacred tribunal of penance. True, but even then, have they fully satisfied the justice of God? David tell grievously, and he repented of his crime. God forgave him the guilt thereof, yet had he not long to expiate it by the greatest of sufferings? How, then shall we expect such souls to be admitted to God's kingdom immediately after death? What shall be their lot? Shall we condemn them to bell? Is not the bare thought hateful to us and repugnant to the infinite mercy and justice of G d? Mercover, is it not written · Out of hell there is no redemption?"

We may have witnessed their faults, but have we not often witnessed their heartfalt sorrow and humility too? Does not the Boyal Psalmist proclaim this consoling fict: "A contrite and humble heart, O God, Thou wilt not despise ?" (Ps, 50-18).

Is it not then more in harmony with our thoughts of God's justice and mercy that there should be a middle state for such souls? Have not all peoples believed in such a state, and in the efficacy of prayer offered in behalf of those condemned for a time to suffer therein. You, too, dearly beloved brethren and c'i-dren in Christ, glory in believing, with the inspired writer, that "it is a holy and a whole some thought to pray for the dead that they may be loosed from sins" (ii Mach, xii, 46). And if, at times, it seems strange that a God of infinite goodness suffer these holy souls to linger so long amid such fearful torments, marvel not, but recall to mind the many and striking examples recorded in the sacred pages of the chastisements inflicted by the Almighty on what we call vental sin. His just anger spares neither Moses nor David. Nadab, Abiu, and others fail in the observance of mere ceremonial rites under the Old Law, in matters,

dogma is older than Christianity, that it is unmistakably taught in the Old Testament. Open the inspired pages for the proof of our assertion. Do we not read in 12th chapter of the second book of Machabees, verses 39 to 46, that one hundred and fifty years before the light of the Gospel dawned on the world, after a long and glorious victory, the first care of Judes Machabous was to pray to the Lord in behalf of those of his brethren who died smid the triumph of war? Was he not afraid lest, though they fell fighting for God and their country, some sine they may have committed rendered them displeasing to the Almighty? Hear the very words of Holy Writ: The day following Judas came . . to take away the bodies of them that were slain and to bury them . . and making a gathering, he sent twelve thousand drachms of silver to Jerusalem for sacrifice to be offered for the sins of the dead thinking well and religiously concerning the resurrection. For if he had not hoped that those that were slain should rise again, it would have seemed superfluous and vain to pray for the dead. And because he considered that they who had fallen asleep with godliness, had great grace laid up for them. It is therefore a holy and wholesome thought to pray for the dead that they may be loosed from sins." Does not the inspired penman here praise Judas Machabens for his act of piety towards the dead? Does he not present him as a model to future ages? Are not these striking words of Holy Writ strong Scriptural grounds warranting our belief in Purgatory? Do they not amply prove its existence? The dead for whom the Inspired Writer declares it a ho'y and a wholesome thought to pray are not in heaven. The civizins of heaven are confirmed in grace, hence they can need no prayers. It cannot be for the dead who are banished to hell. For, confirmed in woe, the inmates of hell are beyond all hope of salvation. Wherefore, prayers for either are useless. Again, the sins to be forgiven the dead by the prayers of the living are not mortal. One single mortal sin were enough to burl the offender iato the depths of helt. The demons were damned for one single sin of pride. If the sins from which the dead are delivered through the prayers of the living are not mortal then they must be venial sins. If venial, they are enough to prevent those dying with such stains on their soul from entering into the kingdom

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too, of seemingly little import, and in circumstances which should apparently excuse them. Yet God's dread are fell heavily upon them. Ozia thoughtlessly stretches forth his hand to uphold the tottering Ark, when, lot he is immediately struck dead in the sight and to the great consternation of the whole people! Why all this severity? Because the awful purity of God's majesty so deeply abbors the least b'emish, that, were we able to closs for ever the dread gates of hell, save all who are burning therein, free Purgatury and secure the salvation of all mankind by telling one little, the least lie, it were unlawful to do so. For, whatever accidental glory the Almighty might receive from the salvation of so ma y myriads, it would not adequately atone for the outrage inflicted upon the Godhead by this single violation of truth.

Let us hasten to consider other grounds of our belief in the beautiful devotion for the dead. From the remotest times till the fatal schism of the sixteenth century, the dogma of Purgatory was believed and oberished everywhere throughout the Christian world. Courches and cloisters were everywhere reared, rich foundstions were made vividly to remind the survivors of their obligation to pray for the departed. Covetous men gloated over the sight of the spoils which would fall to their lot if the dogma of Purgatory could be denied. Hence the wicked assertion that it was an innovation, a new-fangled doctrine due to the wiles of a crafty and designing priesthood, and the ignorant simplicity of a superstitious and priest-ridden people. Hence the cry which was at once taken up and repeated to our own days: "Purgatory has neither Scriptural nor historical grounds to warrant our belief therein," The dogma of of Purgatory an innovation? Prayers for the dead a new-fangled doctrine! Far from this. We fearlessly proclaim that they are older than Christianity itself. The dogms of Purgatory and prayers for the dead are clearly taught in the Old and obviously implied in the New Testament. They are to be found in the writings of the ent f Fathers and Doctors of the Church Embodied in all the ancient Laurgies of the East and the West, they are taught in all the religious systems of old, whilst the doctring is one of the most reasonable and consoling to the human heart. We have said that the

of heaven. For it is of faith that "There shall not enter into it anything defiled" (Apoc. xxi, 27). Yet such faults and defilement must be expeated and atoned for. The dead cannot expeate them in this world. They must do so to the next, in the place of expiation, which we call Purgatory. If we pray for them, we hasten their deliverance and do "a holy and a wholesome thing." What have the so-called reformers done to snatch this and other no less glorious monuments of our faith from the C tholic Church? Finding it impossible to weaken the force of the foregoing passage, like an unscrupulous criminal in presence of an adverse witness, they boldly denied the books of the Mashabres to be canonical. Yet we know that these very books have the same authority as the boly Gospels or any other part of the Bible. On what other authority save that of the Catholic Church rests the Canon of Holy Writ? Long centuries before the sad schism of the sixteenth century snatched so many children from the bosom of the true Church, long before there was any dispute about Purgatory or prayers for the dead, was not the Catholic Church every where recognised as the sole depository, the faithful guardian of the Word of God contained in the sacred pages of Holy Writ? Was it not through her judgment alone that the world knew what was canonical or not? What right had anyone to reject the authority of books which for sixteen hundred years Christ's Infallible Church had pronounced to be inspired? What right save the fact that these inspired books condemned their opinions which were the offspring of their arrogant pride, and the cause of their unnatural revolt? But warving for the moment the question of their inspiration, who would dare deny their truthfulness as grand historical monumen's, proving to a demonstration, that to pray and offer sacrifice for the dead was the prevailing practice among the Jewell Furthermore we knew that our blessed Lord came "not to destroy but to perfect the law." He would purify the Jewish Church from He condemns the Pharisees for prohibiting all false traditic works of charity on the Sabbath day. He rebukes them for their many innovations in doctrine and discipline, as we may see in the 25th chapter of the Gospel according to St Matthew. But nowhere does He ever rebuke the Jews for their belief in a middle state, or in

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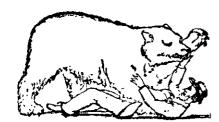
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praying for the dead, though He well knew this practice to prevail amongst them. Far from this, more than once does He use words which obviously imply the doctrine of Purgatory.

Turn to the New Testament, open the Gospel of St Matthew. Do we not bear Eternal Truth declaring in the 12th chapter and the 26th verse, " Whosoever shall speak a word against the Son of Man, it shall be forgiven him; but he that shall speak against the Holy Ghost it shall not be forgiven him, neither in this world nor in the world to come," What is the obvious meaning of these divine words? Is it not that there are some sins forgiven in the next life? Now it cannot be in heaven, since "nothing defiled can enter therein" cannot be in hell where the blood of Jesus Christ, says St Bernaid, is not applied, and out of which there is no relemption. It must, then, be in a middle state between heaven and hell, that is to say, in Purgatory, out of which our dear Lord affi ms that one shall not go until the last farthing be paid. Listen to the entire text. agreement with thy adversary betimes whilst thou art in the way with him, lest, perhaps the adversary deliver thee to the judge, and the judge deliver thee to the officers, and thou be cast into prison. Amen I say to thee thou shalt not go out from thence till thou repay the last farthing" (St Mait v 25-26). These are the words of God, Rternal Truth Himself. In his first epistle to the Corinthians, 3, v 15, following his divine master, the apostle of the Gentiles, declares the same doctrine in these memorable words, " Other foundation no man can lay, but that which is laid; which is Christ Jesus Now if any man build upon this foundation, gold, silver, precious stones, wood, hay, stubble: Every man's work skall be manifest, for the any of the Lord shall declare it, because it shall be revealed in fire; and the fire shall try every man's work of what sort it is. If any man's work abide which he hath built thereupon: he shall receive a reward. any man's work burn, he shall suffer loss; but he himself shall be saved yet so as by fire." Now this cannot be the fire of earth, nor of beaven, nor of hell, it must be in the purifying flames of Purgatory. This in erpresation is the unanimous voice of Christendom, made known to us by the Fa hers and Obetors of the Church, from the cradie of her existence down to our own times. Ani, aske the illustrous Cardinal Gibbons, in his admirable work. "The Faith of our Fithers," shall we submit to have the time-ho oured marks of Christian faith ruthlessly rem ved by discontented men, wto impatient of religious yoke reject the doctrine of Parantory sixteen hundred years after the birth of Christianity, when alone they appeared on the stage? Whom should we follow? To know the meaning of some legal point would you not think it more ie-sonable to follow the decision of our best jurists than that of some political demagogue or rebellious criminal who could bring neither learning, nor

authority, nor history to support his obviously wicked purpose? Should not a like motive which urges us to reject the opinions of ignorant politicians or depraved criminals, and embrace that of learned jurists on a constitutional question impel us to cast aside novelties of religious innovators, and follow the unanimous teaching of the Fathers of primitive Christianity on the great subject of Purgatory? Let us go back to the earliest ages and ask what was the Catholic belief and practice on this dogma of Purgatory. Tertuilian, who died shout the year 240, says, "The faithful will pray for the soul of her departed husband, percueularly on the anciversary day of his falling asleep, and if she fail to do so she hath repudiated her husband as far as in her lies."

In several of his writings, O igenunmistakably proves the teachings of the early Church on the docume of Purgatory. He tells us that they believed it to be a temporary state in which certain souls are detained until they are thoroughly purified and fitted for heaven.

"Let the third day of the departed," says St Hippolytus, "be observed in psaims and prayers, on account of Him Who rose again in the space of take days; and the minth for a memorial of the living and the dead; and the fortieth, according to the ancient pattern, for thus the people bewarled Moses; and the anniversary day in memory of the dead."

Describing the funeral of Constantine the Great, Eusebius, the his'orian, says, in the fourth century, that the body of the prince was laid on a lofty bier, and the ministers of God, and the multitude of the people, with tears and much lamentation, effered up prayers and sacrifices for the repose of his soul. He adds that this was done according to the desires of this pious monarch, who had erected in Constan mople the great church in boncur of the Apostles, so that after his death the faithful might remember him therein. In the same century St Cyril, of Jeru a em. writes; "We commemorate the holy Fathers, Bistops, and all who have fallen asleep amongst us, believing that the supplications which we present, will be of great assistance to their souls." To those who might be tempted to doubt the officacy of prayer for the dead, he says: "If a king had bantshed certain persons who had offended him, and their relations having woven a crown should effer it to bim in behalf of those under his vengeance, wou'd be not grant a respite to their punisament? So we, in off-ring up a crown of prayers in behalf of those who have tallen asleep, will obtain for them torgiveness through the menus of Jesus Christ." In the same century St Ephrem says: "I conjure you, my brethren and friends, in the name of that God Who commands me to leave you, to remember me when you assemble to proy. Do not bury me with perfumes. Give them not to me but to God. Me conceived in sorrows, bury with lamentations, and increase of perfumee, assist me with your prayers. For the dead are benefitted by the prayers of the living saints." In nearly one hundred of his funeral pangyrics, the same holy Father speaks of the Christian duty of praying for the dead. In his sermon on the death of the Emperors Gratian and Valentinian, St Ambrose says: "Blessed s all both of you be if my prayers can aught avail. No day shall pass you over in silence. No prayer of mine shall omit to honour you. No night shall burry by without bestowing on you a mention in my prayers. In every one of the Oblations will I remember you.' On the death of Theodosius he thus ends a beautiful prayer for his soal. "I loved him, and therefore will I follow him to the land of the living. Nor will I leave him till, by tears and prayers, I shall lead him unto the holy mount of the Lord, where life is undying, where corruption is not, nor sighs nor mourning." St Chrysostom says: "It was not without good reason, nay, ordained by the Apostles, that meution should be made of the dead, in the tremendous Mysteries, for they well knew that these would derive great benefit

In the ninth book of his Confessions, St Augustine tells us that his mother was at the point of death when she made him this last request: "Lay this body anywhere. Let not the care of it in any way disturb you. This only I beg of you, that you remember me at the altar of the Lord, wherever you be." Liven, dearly beloved in Christ, to the impassioned words in which this great Doctor, one of the loftiest geniuses the world ever saw, prays for his dear departed mother. "O God of my heart, I now bessech Thee for the sins of my mother. Hear me through the merits of the wounds that hung upon the woods of the Cross. May she then be in peace with her husband. And do thou, O Lord, inspire Thy servants, my brethren, whom with voice and heart and pen I serve, that as many as shall read these lines may remember at thy altar Monica, thy servant."

"The sonls of the dead," says the gentle St Bernard, "dwell in three different abodes, according to the difference of their merits, hell, Purgatory, and Paradise. In Purgatory they undergo expiatory sufferings which dispose to redemption."

With the light of civilization and Christianity StAugustine, who was sent into England by St Gregory the Great, taught our Sax a forefathers the bodour and invocation of saints and devotion to the dead. St Patrick did the same in faithful Ireland. In those far away lands at home splendid architectural piles, churches and chantries, monasteries and convents were built and endowed by their founders for the especial purpose that prayers and Masses should be offered in them for ever in behalf of the donors when departed This is more than enough to show that far from being a new fangled view, the doctrine of Purgatory and prayer for the deal were enforced in the earliest and what are called the pirest ages of the Church.

The most illustrious Fathers and Doctors of the Courch treated this beautiful doctrine not as a purely theoretical principle, but as an imperative duty, an act of daily piety, which should be, as, in fact, it was in the early ages of faith, embedded in the daily exercises of devotion. The dear departed were prayed for mining and night in the Divine Office, in the Holy Sterifice at which our Catholic forefathers made it a duty to assist every day of their lives. On Sundays they did what we do to-day, they asked the prayers of the congregation for the souls of the faithful departed. In excavating the Boman catacombs many most interesting inscriptions have been brought to light. Many most touching in their pious simplicity, implore peace and rest, and prayers for those over whose sepulcine the inscriptions had been placed. They are speaking memorials proclaiming that the Ohurch of God, at the very crafte of her existence, taught her children, as she teaches them to-day, to offer up fervent prayers in behalf of the dead.

The beautiful doctrine of Purgatory, together with the practice of praying for the dead is embodied in all the most ancient Liturgies of the world. In the 4th and 5th cestures the heresurchs Arms. Nestorius, and Butyches, snatched countless sonts from the centre of unity which had hitherto and happily united the churches in the East and in the West. The sects founded by these wretched apostates have since formed many distinct communities, exparating from the one and only Catholic Church in the E.st, as the Protestant Churches, with their hosts of off prings, have separated from her in the West. The Greek schismatic Church, of which the present Russo-Greek Church is the offshoor, severed her connection with the Apostolic See in the 9th century under the unhappy Pho ius. Now in all these Liturgies, that is to say in the established formulary of public worship containing the authorised form of prayers in the several sec s, we find formularies of prayers for the dead, almost identical with those to be found in our authorised Liturgical formulary, the Roman Missal. Listen to this: "Remember, O Lord, Thy servants who are gone before us, with the sign of faith, and sleep in peace. To these, O Lord, and to all who rest in Christ, grant, we beseech Thee, a place of refreshment, light and peace, through the same Christ Jesus our Lord." During the Vatican Council the illustrious Cardinal Gibbons called upon the Oriental Patriarche and Bishops, belonging to Armenian, Obaldaic and Coptic, Maronite and Syriac Rites. They all assured him that the schismatic Christians of the

East among whom they live, have, without exception, prayers and sacrifices for the dead. Now how could all these sects who have so long been separated from the Church, have adopted the Catholic practice of praying for the dead, unless they knew that it had come down from the Apostles?

It may not be out of place to remark that the Jews, who, two thousand years ago, offered up prayers for the dead, still retain that pions practice in their Liturgy.

In justice to our separa'ed brethren, we must add that many, better then their religion, are returning to the faith of their fore-fathers as to the belief of Purgatory. Of 1 te several English Protestant works have been published all bearing on the subject of Purgatory. They all contain prayers for the deal, and prove from Catholic grounds the existence of a middle state after death, and the duty of praying for the departed brethren. So true is this doctrine of Purgatory that some in our own days go so far as to deny that hell is evernal. Now a hell which is not eternal must be Purgatory. Luther and Calvin declare their belief that the Apostles themselves approved of prayers for the dead. Treating of the text of the beloved Disciple, St John, 'He that knoweth his brother to sin a sin which is not death.' Luther says: "I believe that there is a Purgatory. I am certain of this truth, I believe that the souls imprisoned there are helped and relieved by the prayers of the living.

In face of such strong scriptural and historical warrant for our belief in purgatory, it will doubtless occur to some amongst you to wonder how the contrary opinion has gained ground among non-Catholics? How Rogland, though for some time after she had thrown off her allegiance to the true Church of the Bible and held the Catholic dectrine, so soon caused this astounding assertion to be inserted in her Thirty-nine Articles. "The Romish doctrine concerning purgatory, pardons . . . is a fond thing vainly invented and grounded upon no warranty of scripture, but rather repugnant to the Word of God." From whom did this lying article emanate? Was it not from the apostate Cranmer? Is it not a stern, stubbord, historical fact that this perjured priest, the first Protestant Archivishop of Canterbory, would fain panier to the passions of the Protector S-ymour, who had obtained from a service Parliament an Act, in virtue of which he might serz upon the rich foundations made by our Catholic ancestors for Masses for the dead? Is not the Catholic doctrine of purgatory most reasonable, one most consoling to the human heart? Is it not a comfort to know that with the funer littee all is not over between us and thise who were once so near and dear to us on earth? How dreary the religion which would set up impassible barriers between the living and the dead? Do not the very instincts of our heart urge us to follow our dead beyond the cold grave? Do not they tell us that in praying for our dear departed ones we are acting with the strongest scriptural and historical grounds—with the voice of the whole Church from the very dawn of her existence? Is it not a consolation to feel that if, I ke Augustine, we findly watch over the couch of a dying mother or father, we may, too, like Augustine, follow those beloved ones even beyond the tomb by praying for the repose of their souls? Oh! what a cemfort for the gref-stricken soul to know that the golden bond of the communion of saints still unites us to those who full select in the Lord, and

Our late Laureate se ms to have grasped this Catholic feeling, when he makes his hero Arthur, in his last momen's thus address his comrade in arms, Sir Bedivere:

"If then shouldst never so my face again, Pray for my soul. More things are wrought by prayer Than this world dreams of. Wherefore let thy voice R so like a fountain for me night and day. For what are men better than sheep and goa's That nourish a blind life within the brain, If, knowing God, they lift not han is of prayer B ith for themselves and those who call them frend? For so the whole round earth is every way B and by gold chains about the feet of God. But now, farewell. I am going a long way.

Where I will heal me of my grievous wound."

This it is, dearest in Christ, which robs death of its bitterest sting and enables us to bear up under the sad separa ion of those who were once more to us then all the world beside.

To sum up what we have hitherto said on the dictrine of Parga-

To sum up what we have hitherto said on the dictine of Pargatory and devotion for the dead:—This doctrine and devotion are grounded on the authority and teaching of the Bible. Enforced in the Church of the O'd Law, it is equally so in the Spingogue of today. Coming down from the Apostles, is has been taught by the Fathers of the Church in every agrant clime, which the East at the West have incorporated it in their Liturgies. It is preclaimed and practised by the schismatic thristians scattered over different parts of the East. It was the cher shed belief of every nation, civined and pagan, Greek and Roman, Breish, Celt, or Saxon. It is a devotion firmly beltived and fondly treasured by the three hundred millions of the children of the Church of England. What but pride or presumption could prefer a private opinion to this immense weight, cirrying with it, as it does, the greatest learning, biliness, and authority? Were is not a proof of implety to hold back with sile t lips while the Catholic world is uncessingly sending up to the throne of God an "Eternal rest give to them, O Lord" for our dear departed? Were it not cruelly cold, heartlessly cold, to referse a fervent prayer for your dear departed father or mother, sister or brother, wife or busband, out of a mere prejudice, "gauss ever; Scrip ural, historical, in logical authority?

(To be concluded)

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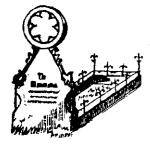
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PIETRO'S REVENGE.

(By B. BARR, in the Weekly Freeman.)]

(Concluded.)

It was late in the season and the weather was slightly uncertain, but they had a lovely Italian foreneon for going up the wonderful mig-zag road on the Western side of the pass. At the top there was a slight sprinkling of snow, and clouds hung over the lofty Ortler group of peaks. As they got lower down a steady, persistent rain set in, and they were glad to get to the shelter and warmth of the oblong stone inn at Franzensbone, where a good dinner awaited them. After dinner the weather cleared somewhat, but the clouds still obscured the tops of the mountains, and the roads were slippery. Standish regretted this, for he wanted to show his bride the splendid scenery of the next five miles, where the road zig-zage down to Trefoi, each elbow of the dizzy thoroughfare overhanging the most awful precipices. It was a dangerous bit of road, and even with two horses requires a cool and courageous driver with a steady hand. They were the only guests at the inn, and it needed no practised eye to see that they were a newly-married couple. The news spread abroad, and every lounger about the place watched them get into their carriage and drive away, one hind wheel of the carriage sliding on its skid, and all brakes on.

At the first turn Standish started, for the carria e went around it with dangerous speed. The whip cracked, too, like a succession of pistol shots, which was unusual going down the mountain. He said nothing to alarm bie bride, but thought that the driver had taken on more wine than was good for him at the inn. At the second turn the wheel actually slid against and bumped the stone post that was the sole guard for the fearful precipice below. The sound and shock sent a cold chill up the back of Standish, for he knew the road well, and there were worse places to come. His arm was around his wife, and he withdrew it gently so as not to alarm her. As he did so she looked up and shricked. Following her glance to the window of the closed carriage where the back of he driver is usually to be seen, he saw pressed against the glass the distorted face of a demon. The driver was kneeling on his seat instead of sitting on it, and was peering in at them, the reins drawn over his shoulder and his back to the horses, It seemed to Standish that the light of insanity gleamed from his eyes, but Tina saw in them the revengeful glance of the vendetta, the rage of the disappointed lover.

"My God, that's not our driver!" cried Standish. He did not recognise him as the man who had endeavoured to kill him. He sprang up and tried to open the front window, but the driver yelled out:—

"Open that window if you dare, and I'll drive you over here before you get half way down. Sit still and I'll take you as far as Weisse Knott. There you'll have a drop of milk," (un miglio).

"Turn to your horses, you scoundrel," shouted Standish, "or I'll break every bone in your body!"

"The horses know the way, Signor Inglese, all our bones are going to be broken, yours and your sweet bride's as well as mine."

The driver took the whip and fired off the fusillade of cracks over head, beside them, and under them. The horses dashed madly down the slope almost sending the carriage over at the next turn. Standish looked at his wife. She had apparently fainted, but in reality had merely closed her syes to shut out the horrible sight of Pietro's face. Standish threw his arm out of the open window, unfastened the door, and at the risk of his neck jumped out. Tina shrieked when she opened her eyes and found herself alone, Pietro now pushed in the frame of the front window and droppel it out of sight, leaving him face to face with her, with no glass between them

"Now that your fine Inglese is gone Tina, we are going to b

married; you promised it you know,"

"You coward!" she hissed. "I'd rather die his wife than live yours."

"Yon're plucky, little Tina, you always were; but he left you—
I wouldn't have left you. We'll be married at the chapel of the
Three Holy Springs, a mile beyond the Weisse Knott; we'll fly
through the air to it, Tina, and our bed will be at the foot of the
Madatsch glacier. We will go over together near where the man
threw his wife down. They have marked the spot with a marble slab,
but they will put up a bigger one for us, Tina, for there's two of us,"

Thus crouched in the corner of the carriage and watched the face of the Italian as if she were fascinated. She wanted to jump out as her husband had done, but she was afraid to move, feeling certain that if she attempted to escape Pietro would pounce down upon her. He looked like some wild beast crutching for a spring. All of a sudden she saw something drop from the sky on the footboard of the carriage. Then she heard her husband's voice ring out—

"Here, you young fool, we've had enough of this nonsense."

The next moment Pietro fell to the road, propelled by a vigorous kick. His position lent itself to a treatment of that kind. The carriage gave a bump as it passed over Pietro's leg, and then Tina thinks that she fainted in earnest, for the next thing she knew the carriage was standing still, and Standish calling her pleasant names. She smiled wanly at him.

"How in the world did you catch up to the carriage and it going so fast?" she seked, a woman's curiosity prompting her first words.

"Oh, the villain forget about the short cuts. As I warned him, he ought to have paid more attention to what was going on cutside. I'm going back now to have a talk with him. He's lying on the road at the upper end of this slope."

Tina was instantly hereelf again.

"No, dearest," she said carelessly; "you musto't go back. He probably has a knife,"

"I'm not afraid."

"No, but I am, and you musn't leave me."

"I would like to tie him up in a hard knot, and take him down to civilisation bumping behind the carriage as luggage. I think be's the fellow who knifed me, and I want to find out what his game is."

Here Tina unfortunately began to faint again. She asked for wine in a far-off voice, and Standish at once forgot all about the demon driver. He mounted the box and took the reins himself. He got wine at the little cabin of Weisse Knott, a mile or two further down. Tina, who had revived amazingly, probably on account of the motion of the carriage, shuddered as she looked into the awful gulf and saw five tiny toy houses in the gloom nearly a mile below.

At Trefoi they found their own driver awaiting them.

"What the devil are you doing here and how did you get here?" hotly inquired Standish.

"By the short cuts," replied the bewildered man. "Pietro, one of master's old drivers, wanted, I don't know why, to drive you as far as Trefoi. Where is he, sir?"

"I don't know," said Standish. "We saw nothing of him. He must have been pushed off the box by the madman. Here, jump up and let us get on."

Tina breathed again. That crisis was over.

They live very happily together, for Tina is a very tactful little woman.

MISSING FRIENDS.

BYRNE, MICHAEL, native of Ballinvally, Molmolin, Gorey, County Wexford; left Ireland 35 years ago; last heard of 10 years ago in Sydney and Melbourne; sought for by his sister Eliza.

Canney or Kenny, Bridget and Margaret, of near Tulla, County Clare; emigrated to the Australian Colonies; Bridget about 41 years ago, and Margaret about 40 years ago; sought for by a friend.

Donahoe, Ann, left Annaghan, County Cavan, 15 years ago for Australia; sought for by her brother John, ox. Thomas, left Kilfoylan, King's County, 13 years ago, for

ox. Thomas, left Kilfoylan, King's County, 13 years ago, for Australia; last heard of 9 years ago; was then in Melbourne; sought for by his brother John.

Keeffe, Thomas, left Cappoquin, County Waterford, 15 years ago for Australia; last heard of 10 years ago was then in Adelaide, South Australia; sought for by his mother.

Mrs M'Ketrick (maiden name Mary Dunn), left Luigh, Thurles, County Tipperary, 33 years ago for Australia; last heard of 20 years ago; was then in Melbourne; sought for by her sister.

O'Connor, Daniel, left Maghera, County Derry, 25 years ago; last heard of 14 years ago; was then living near Dunedin, New Zealand; sought for by his brother James.

O'Neill, John; left Ballyclane, County Antrim, years ago and proceeded to Philadelphia, from whence he went to New York; last heard of 2 years ago, was then in Australia; sought for by his father.

Punny, John, left Haslingden, Lancashire, 32 years ago, sailed from Birkenhead for New Zealand; last heard of was living in Christchurch; sought for by his sister Bridget.

Regan, Patrick, left Ballycourigan, Ballina, County Tipperary, 30 years ago, for Australia; when last heard of was serving in Melbourne Police; he resigned and left for New Zealand; sought for by his sister Ann Regan.

Rowe or Roe, Mathew and Malachy, of Dublin, emigrated to Australian Colonies, Mathew, 43 years ago, last heard of at Ballarat; Malachy sailed from Liverpool 39 years ago for Melbourne; sought for by their brother Paul.

Sargeant, Anne (maiden name Nolan), left Dublin 13 years ago; last heard of 4 years ago, was then at Bito Creek, Clermont Branch, Queensland; sought for by her brother William.

Sheehan, Michael M, left Dromkerry, and proceeded to Philadelphia, from whence he went to New York; last heard of 2 years ago, was then in Australia; sought for by his father.

Wilson, Peter, left Leabeg, Ballycumber, King's County, 10 years ago; last heard of was staying at Burke's Royal Hotel, Bowen, Queensland; sought for by his brother Patrick.

Replies to the above to be addressed to the Weekly Freeman office, Dublin.

Long, John, native of Donaghmore, County Cork, Ireland; father's name, Terence Long; mother's name Ellen Morrisson; was last seen at Home, but subsequently went to Australia. Any information of him will be thankfully received by his brother, James Long, 17 Orient street, Worcester, Mass., or M. J. Toomey, 38 Green street, Worcester, Mass.

H. J. SMITH, 127 Manchester St., Christchurch (opposite Burke's Hotel), is still Selling his large stock of Booms BOOTMAKER, Lad es' Boots and Shoes, 5s 6d; Children's from 1s; Shoppers from 1s 6d; Leggins from 5s.

Please Note—I have several lines of CLOGS that I am clearing at absurdly Cheap Prices. Call and Inspect, and don't you forget it.

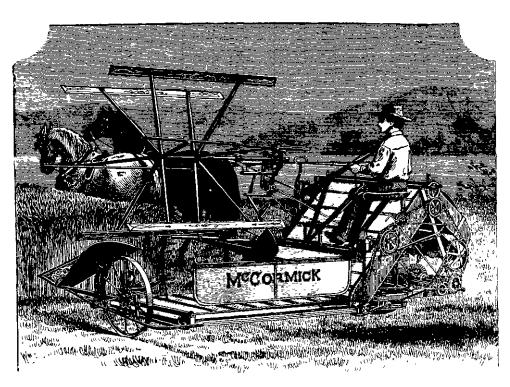
IF ECONOMY IS WEALTH

THE PURCHASER OF

MCCORMICK MACHINES

Is Taking the Right Step to Secure it. They have proved themselves to be the Most Economical Machines on the Market.

SEE THE MACHINE OF STEEL.



- THE MAIN FRAME, used solely by us, the most substantial known.
- THE MAIN AND GRAIN WHEELS, strong and with removable Hubs.
- THE SIMPLE GEARING.
- THE STEEL PLATFORM.
- THE UPPER FRAMEWORK, made of specially formed parts so connected as to give Greatest Strength with Smallest possible weight of metal.
- THE DOUBLE-JOINTED REEL with wide Bearings, and having both an up and down and forward and backward movement
- THE LEVERS are all within convenient and easy reach, and easily handled.
- THE PLATFORM APRON, controlled by a Spring, so as to do away with the many annoyances formerly common to
- THE BINDING ATTACHMENT of Steel and Malleable Iron Construction weighing only 200 lbs., and so simplified as to give the operator no trouble whatever.
- THE McCORMICK SIMPLE KNOTTER the most Perfect and Least Complex device of its kind to be found on any Harvester.
- THE STEEL SWINGING BUNDLE CARRIER, light and perfect in operation.
- THE STEEL TRUCK OR TRANSPORT. Loaded easily by one man.

These and many other features make the McCormick what it is-

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

MORROW, BASSETT & CO.,

CHRISTCHURCH AND DUNEDIN,

NEW ZEALAND LOAN LIMITED. AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY, DUNEDIN.

GRAIN.

GRAIN.

The Company have pleasure in intimating that they are now prepared to receive Consignments of

OATS, WHEAT, BARLEY, &c.,

At their DUNEDIN STORES, which are connected with Main Railway Lines by PRIVATE SIDING.

LIBERAL ADVANCES made on GRAIN when received into Store.

Large Stocks of Cornsacks and Twines on hand.

FAT STOCK SALES CONDUCTED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT BURNSIDE YARDS.

ANDREW TODD, Manager.

Commercial.

A, TODD, on behalf of THE NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY Co., LIMITED, report for week ending February 27, as

Store Cattle—The market remains quiet, but immediately the stubble is free and turnips ready grown cattle will be in more request, during the past week we placed 40 dry cows at full market rates.

Store Sheep—A moderate amount of business is passing in these

during the past week we placed 40 dry cows at full market rates.

Nore Sheep—A moderate amount of business is passing in these although up to the present transactions are mostly confined to cross-bred wethers, age i ewes are neglected and only a very few sales of merinos have so far been effected though as soon as barvest is over an improvement in the demand can hardly fail to be experienced.

Wool—Latest cablegrams to hand report the London market firm, and prices realised for lots sold privately since the closing of the last series show a slight advance. There is nothing being done in the local market pending the sales to be held on Thursday of this week when a good attendance of buyers is expected to put in appearance, the firmer tone of the market at Home should influence the local in sellers' favour on this occasion.

Sheepskins—We submitted a full catalogue at our suction sale on Monday when the full compliment of buyers usually to hand on these occasions were present: Country dry crossbred, inferior to medium brought le 4d to 1s 9d; ds do merino, 1s 3d to 1s 8d; medium to good crossbreds, 1s 10 i to 2s 4d; heavy, 2s 6 i to 3s 4d; extra do, 3s 6d to 4s 3d; good to best merino, 1s 9d to 2s 3d; heavy, 2s 4d to 2s 9d; extra do, 2s 10d to 3s 3d; dry pelts, 1d to 2d; green crossbred pelts, 10d to 1s 3d; green lambskins, 1s to 1s 9d each.

Rabbitskins—The market is neccessarily quiet owing to the absence of supplies. Small lots come to hand from time to time for which there are buyers at all times but the business done is unimportant; ringer ruling for the few lots offering are as follows, say for

absence of supplies. Small lots come to hand from time to time for which there are buyers at all times but the business done is unimportant; prices ruling for the few lots offering are as follows, say for spring skins 6d to 7½d; summer do, 5d to 6d; suckers, half-grown, and inferior sorts, 1½d to 4½d per lb.

Hides—Inferior and hight, 1d to 1½d; light to medium weights, 1½d to 1½d; heavy, 2d to 2½d; extra well saved, free from scars, 2¾1 to 3d per lb.

Tallow and Fat—All available supplies are disposed of analysis.

Tallow and Fat—All available supplies are disposed of readily to the local manufactures at prices showing no change on those ruling lately. Bist rendered mutton, 17s to 18s 6d; medium to good, 15s 6d to 16s 6d; inferior to medium, 12s 6d to 14s 6d; best fresh mutton caulifat, 12s 91 to 13s; medium to good, 11s 6d to 12s 6d; inferior to medium, 10s to 11s per cwt (ex store).

Wheat—Bince our last report this market has not undergone any significant change. The demand is by no means brisk, buyers being only disposed to operate when sellers show a disposition to quit at prices more in accordance with the former's idea of value. Best milling velvet, 2s 9d to 2s 10d; good to best do, and best Tuscan, 2s 8d to 2s 9d; good to best red wheat, 2s 7d to 2s 8d; medium 2s 6d to 2s 7d; good whole fowls' wheat, 2s 6d to 2s 7d; broken and inferior to medium, 2s 3d to 2s 6d (ex store, sacks weighed in, terms)

-Transactions during the past week have been unimportant confined chiefly to the supplying of the small demand existing for local requirements. Best bright stout milling, 1s 4½d to 1s 5d; stout bright short feed, 1s 4d to 1s 4¼d; medium to good, 1s 3¾d to

stout bright short feed, 18 4d to 18 44d; medium to good, 18 34d to 18 34d; inferior, 18 2d to 18 3d; musty, 18 to 18 1d (ex store, eacks extra, net).

Barley—There is no demand for local requirements, malsters having the idea that the supply this season is so very much heavier are not desposed to operate until prices are established and more to their satisfaction. Prime malting, 3s to 3s 3d, medium, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; milling, 2s to 2s 6d; feed, 1s 6d to 1s 9d (ex store, sacks extra, net).
Grass Seed—Best dressed perennial, 3s 9d to 4s 3d; undressed,

extra clean, guaranteed perennial, 3s to 3s 3d; good to best, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; foul and medium, 1s 6d to 2s 3d (ex store, sacks extra, net).

Cocksfoot—Best, 4d to 1½d; medium, 3d to 4d per 1b.

Chaff—Consignments being rather more than sufficient for requirements prices this week show little or no improvement, best

fetching L2 7s 6d to L2 10s; extra prime, L2 12s 6d; medium to good, L2 to L2 5s; inferior, L1 7s 61 to L1 17s 6d per ton (net, ex truck, sacks returned).

Dairy Produce—Market quiet confined to retail parcels, and not much enquiry at any time Best dairy-made salt butter difficult to place at 4½d to 5d; medium, 3d to 3½d; factory-made, 10d per lb. Factory-made cheese, medium size, 4½d to 4½d; loaf-shape, 4½d to 5d; dairy-made, 2d to 3d per lb.

Flax—Small parcels are occasionally placed for local manufacturing but hardly any for export. Quotations nominal, say for medium to good, L13 10s to L14 10s; inferior to medium, L10 to L12 per ton (ex store).

per ton (ex store).

WELLINGTON STOCK, HORSE, AND PRODUCE MARKETS A. G. TAINE and Co, report on the markets for February 22 :-

Fat Sheep-Home prices being so unfavourable, values are coming down, 8s to 9s being top prices; fat ewes 5s to 6s 6d.

ing down, 8s to 9s being top prices; fat ewes 5s to 6s 6d.

Fat Lambe—7s to 8s.

Store Sheep—Wethers, 5s to 6s; ewes, 4 to 6 tooth, good lines, 7s; medium, 5s; f.m., 1s 6d to 3s. The present panic in sheep (for it is nothing less) is not warranted.

Fat Cattle—17s per 100 lbs.

Store Cattle—Easier, as they generally are at this time of the year. Weaners, 20s to 25s; yearlings, 30s to 40s; two-year-olds, 1.2 10s to 1.3; three-year-old steers, 1.4 to 1.4 10s.

Pigs—Slips 10s to 11s; porkers 20s to 25s; heappers, 35s to 45s.

Pigs-Slips, 10s to 11s; porkers, 20s to 25s; baconers, 35s to 45s,

and inclined to ease.

Horses—We held our usual horse sale on Saturday. Horses—We held our usual horse sale on Saturday. There was a moderate entry of horses in our yards, and a fair attendance. The horses consisted mostly of light harness horses and backs, including a few express horses. Bidding was not brisk, except for express sorts, We sold a medium five-year-old draught for L12 10s; a well-bred hack by Ascot, another by Foulshot, and a young express horse were withdrawn at L12 10s. A well-bred hack mare brought L10; aged harness horses, L4 15s to L7 10s; weedy and aged sorts, L2 10s to L3 15s. We sold a spring trap for L10 5s, and a lot of harness at satisfactory prices.

Wool—We have placed some late clips privately. Stained wool, 5d; light, 5½d to 7d; pieces, up to 3½n per lb.

Sheepskins—All coming forward selling freely at well up to late quotations.

quotations.

MR F. MEENAN. King street, reports:—Wholesale price only—Oats: Quieter, feed, 1s 3½d to 1s 4½d; seed, nominal. Wheat: Milling 2s 9d to 3s; fowls' wheat, 2s to 2s 7½d. Chaff: Inferior, to medium, 30s to 40s; good to prime, £25s to £2 10s 04. Hay: Oats, £3; ryegrass, £2 0s. Potatoes: new locals, L2 to L2 15s per ton; market full, imported, unsaleable. Flour: Stone, £6 10s to £7 0s; roller, £7 to £7 10s. Oatmeal, 25lbs, £8; bulk, £7 15s; Butter fresh, 4d to 10d, salt, 5d, duil demand Eggs, 9d per dozen (plentiful). (plentiful).

The New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency offer liberal advances on grain. Sales are conducted by them every Wednesday at the Burnside yards. Cornsacks and twines supplied to order.

The City Boot Palace, 71 George street, Duncdin, paints the lily by adding daily to its fame. Nothing can be found to surpass its stock of boots and shoes,

Mesers A, and T. Inglis have received a large consignment of autumn and early winter goods. Ladies should visit the emportum in George street and see the display.

Those who enjoy a bright, cheerful fire may obtain what they desire by burning the Kaitangata coal. No other fuel can compare with it.

The musical public will find a great convenience in Messrs Charles Begg and Co's catalogue. It places before them a large collection from which to select, with a price list much lower than might be expected.

VOICE & PEAT (COACHBUILDERS & Drags, Hansom Cabs, Tandem Carts, Polo and Pagnal Carts, Racing and Road Sulkies a specialty. Business Carts and Waggons. Written Guarantee with all new work. Write for Prices to Lichfield Street. Christoburch.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

DUNEDIN, SYDNEY, or MELBOURNE to LONDON

Overland from MAESEILLES via PARIS,

Steamers under Postal Contract with the Government of France.
Calling at MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, KING GEORGE'S SOUN', MAHE, SUEZ, and PORT SAID.
Passengers Booked to BOMBAY, REUNION, MAURITIUS, & EAST COAST of AFRICA

Steamers	Tons	Leave Sydney	Mel- bourne	Ade- laida	
Ville de la			ļ		
	6428	Jan. 27	Jan. 31	Feb. 2	
Polynesien Armand	6428	Feb. 27	Mar. 3	Mar. 5	
	6537	Mar. 27	Mar 31	April 2	

PASSENGERS BOOKED THROUGH FROM DUNEDIN.

Bates of passage money to Marseilles, from \$24 to £65, including table wines and Suez Canal dues on passengers.

RETURN TICKETS issued at the follow-

ing rates :-

Class Class. Class Available nine months £105 £70 £42 Saloon Passengers booked through to Lon-on, via Paris. Best railway accommodation, don, via Paris. luggage conveyed free, and a formight allowed from Marseilles en route. First-class, £70;

Second-class, £50.

By special arrangement an ENGLISH INTERPRETER will attend on board upon arrival of steamer at Marseilles, to give passengers every assistance in disembarking, passing their luggage through the Customs, etc. He will also accompany them in the train to Paris and Calsis.

NEILL & CO., LIMITED, Agents, Dunedin.

NORDDEUISCHER - LLOYD IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL.



SYDNEY, MELHOURNE and ADELAIDE to SOUTHAMPTON

ANTWERP, and BREMEN, Via Colombo and Suez Canal. Taking Passengers for London,

Connecting from Alexandria by Direct Mail and Passenger Line To BRINDISI and GENOA.

Will be despatched as follows (if practicable):--

Steamers	Tons	Leave Sydney		Leave Mel- bourne		Ade-	
			-				_
Oldenburg	5318	Jan.	28	Feb.	2	Feb	6
Hobenzollern	3288	Feb.	27	Mar.	2°	Mar.	6
Printz Regent							
		Mar.	27	Mar	31	April	2

And thereafter every four weaks,

Passage from Dunedin to Southampton, Autwerp, and Bremen ... £18 to £67 10s. SPECIAL BETURN TICKETS TO EUROPE Passages from Europe can be prepaid in

the colonies.

For freight or passage apply to NEILL & CO., LIMITED Agents, Dunedin.

O to the WEST END HAIR-DRESSING SALOON for a comfortof Tobacco, Cigars, and Cigaretres always in Stock. Address—Opposite Zetland Arms, Casbel Street. E. P. JERMAN, Propr.

UGH GOURLE desires to inform the public he sall continues the Undertaking Business as formerly at the Establishment, corner Clark and

Maclaggan street , Dunedin. Funerals attended in Town or Country with promptness and economy.

SYRUP \mathbf{OF} SACRED BARK

This is without doubt one of the best remedies ever introduced into New Zealand for the relief and cure of Indigestion, with its accompanying symptoms, I pains and fulness after meals, flatulence, constipation, biliousnies, want of tone and appetite, sick headache, and the fired, listless feeling caused by a aluggish liver. It is easily token as the dose is only a few drops and the price, 1s 6d, places it within the reach of all.



The Trade Mark bas bren registered and anyone infringing the same will be proceeded against.
Prepared only by
THOS. JOHNSTONE,

Pharmaceutical Chemist Licentiate of the Pharmaceutical Society

of Ireland,
MANSE STREET, DUNEDIN Almanace for 1895, with view of Dunedin, on application.

BY SPECIAL



APPOINTMENT

TO HER LADYSHIP THE COUNTESS OF OF GLASGOW.

HOUSE, ARIS No 9 OCTAGON, LADIES' TAILORING AND FINE DRESSMAKING.

Mr BROOKS, Manager of the above Establishment, begstoinform the Ladies of Dunedin that the Establishment is now OPEN, and will be pleased to receive an early call.

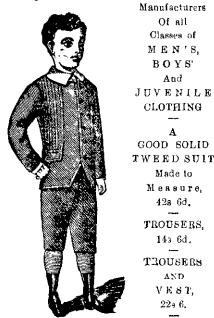
In order to enable every Lady to patronise the above firm we have Reduced our Prices astonishingly. Ladies can furnish their own material, which will be made up under Mr Brooks's personal supervision for the price of 17s 6d per DRESS,

We have a choice selection of Tweeds, Serges, and Worsteds, specially suned for this climate, and offer a first-class genuine Tail rmade Gown, perfect in fit, cut, and exclusive ın design, trom £3 10s.

Our Speciality, RIDING HABITS, Perfect in Fit and workmanship, from £4 1s.

Mr BROOK'S ability as an expert Cutter ard Fitter is well known throughout the Australian Colonies and New Zealand, and has secured him a large number of distinguished patrons—Her Ladyship the Countess of Glasgow, Lady Boyle, etc., etc.

TRIBE Α. AND



219 HIGH STREET (Next to Ashley, Berg & Co, Iron mongers), CHAISTCHURCH.

ANGLEY (Late Oxford Terrace),
MILITARY HAIRDRESSER and
IOBACCONIST, 126 Colombo Street (near Nason Struthers and Co), Christchurch.

BARRELL EORGE UNDERTAKER, 25 Durham St. South CHRISTCHURCH. Telephone 531. Adult Funerals respectably conducted from £2 10s.

Having had 27 years' experience in Eigland and the Colony should be sufficient guarantee that entire satisfaction is given in every case.

THE KAITANGATA RAILWAY AND COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE OBIGINAL AND BEAL KAITAN-GATA COAL,

The KAITANGATA COAL From this Company's Pit
CAN BE RELIED UPON FOR SUPERIOR
QUALITY

And most satisfactory results, and the Public are respectfully requested to ask their Merchants for the

ORIGINAL AND REAL KAITANGATA
COAL,

This Company has ALWAYS KEPT FAITH WITH THE PUBLIC

In representing the Quality of its Coal, but unfortunately for this class of business they cannot guide the Public as in the case of patent medicines, where it is said that nothing is genuine except such and such is on the cook, the seal, the label, or the bottle. Consumers, however, can depend on certain characteristics—namely, that the ORIGINAL AND REAL KAITANGATA Coal has a BRIGHT, SHINING LUSTRE, LIGHTS QUICKLY, LASTS LONG,

And is thereby EASILY DISTINGUL-HED from COALS MINED IN THE DISTRICT.



UNJON STEAM SHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, LIMITED

The above Company will despatch steamers

FOR LYTTELTON, WELLINGTON. -WAKAIIPU, s.s., on Monday, March 4.
Passengers from Dunedin by 2 30 p.m. train.
PICTON AND NELSON (via Lyttelton and
Wellingtor)—PENGUIN s.s., on Monday, March 4. Passengers from Dunedin wharf at

JR. AUCKLAND, VIA LYTTELTON WELLINGTON, NAPIER, and GIS-BOLNE-BOTOMAHANA, 8.8, on Thursday, March 4. Fassengers from Dunadin

day, March 4. Fassengers from Dunsum by 2 30 p.m. train.
FOR NAPIER WHARF, VIA OAMARU, TIMARU & LYITELTON—DINGADEE, s.s. on Tuesday, 5th March. Passengers from Dunedin Wharf.
FOR SYDNEY, VIA LYTTELTON, WELLINGTON, AND AUCKLAND—ROTOMA-HANAss in Thursday, March 7. Passen-

1NGTON, AND AUCKLAND—ROTOMA-HANAs.s., in Thursday, March 7. Passengers from Dunedin by 2 30 p.m. train.
FOR MELBOURNE, VIA BLUFF AND HOBART—TARAWERA, s. s. on Monday. March 4. Passengers from Dunedin by 2 30 p m train
FOR SYDNEY, VIA LYTTELTON AND WELLINGTON—WAKATIPU s. s., on Monday. March 4. Passengers from Dunedin by 2.30 p.m. train.

Monday, March 4. Passengers from Dunedin by 2.30 p.m. train.

FOR WESTPORT, via TIMARU, AKAROA, LYTTELTON, AND WELLINGTON.
—CORINNA, s.s., on Friday, March 7
Passengers from Dunedin Wharf at 5 p.m.

Cargotill 1 pm FORGREYMOUTH AND HOKITIKA, VIA OAMARU, TIMARU, LYTTELTON, and WELLINGTON.—HERALD, s.s., about Widnesday, March 6. Passengers from Dunedin Wiarf at 10 p.m. Cargotill 3 p.m.. FOR FIJI, trem AUCKLAND.—TAVIUNI

ss., about Thursday, March 28.
FOR TONGA, SAMOA and SYDNEY, from AUCKLAND—OVALAU, about March 14.
OFFICES:

Corner Vogel, Water, and Cumberland street

NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.

(laranaki Herald, February 18.)

Ir was indeed a memorable day on Sunday for the Catholics of New Plymonth, for never before had there been such a large and representative assemblage as was present at the consecration of the new St Joseph's Church. The building, which is remarkably imposing as a specimen of architectural skill, has been erected from designs by Mr P. G. Smith, of this town. It is in the Early English Guthic style of architecture, and built of wood, on a cut stone foundation. The nave is 60 feet by 30 feet, with walls 20 feet high, stayed with buttresses and rouled with an open Gothic-framed rib principal roof, disgonally sheeted and covered with galvanised corrugated iron, disgonally sheeted and covered with galvanised corrugated iron, There is a neat, roomy porch on the front elevation, with two double doors, and dressed stone steps permitting of easy and comfortable exit. The sanc usry, at the end of the pave, for the High Altar, is 20 feet by 20 feet with a larged ep-moulded arch, supported on heavy turoed columns, and on each side are the small chaples of the same design. The vestries, one on each side of the sanctuary, are 14 feet by 12 feet, placed in the angles, giving a uniform appearance neatly breaking up the outline of the plan. The building was erected under the superintendence of Mr P. G. Smith, architect, New Plymouth.

Sunday was a most exquisite day. The sky was clear, and the sun shone brightly during the whole of the day. Everything was in favour of the auspicious event. A special train from Hawera, which stopped at intermediate stations, arrived at 10 45 a.m., which brought up not only the choir from the Hawera Catholic Church, but about a hundred and thirty of the members of that denomination. Others came by the train, which is said to have brought to New Plymouth 250 settlers from Hawera and intermediate stations.

The permanent seating in the church could not accommodate all the congregation, and a good deal of improvised seating had, therefore, to be provided. At 11.15 a.m. the ceremony of consecrating the the church was commenced by his Grace Archbishop Redwood, assisted by the Rev Father Mulvibill (Hawera), the Rev Father McKenna and the Rev Father Cognet (New Plymouth), and alter boys walking in procession from the Sanctuary to the main entrance of the building, where the ceremony of blessing the new edifics was commenced. The procession then passed around the outside, and on entering the the procession then passed about the outside, and on entering the church again prayers were said. After that the interior was blessed, his Grace sprinkling the walls of the building with holy water. The procession then passed into the Sacristy. On the return of the clergy his Grace was robed in full canonicals, and took his seat to the left of the altar, looking from the congregation. The ordinary service of the Mass was then proceeded with

of the altar, looking from the congregation. The ordinary service of the Mass was then proceeded with.

Just before the "Credo," his Grace Archbishop Redwood preached. He prefaced his sermon by saying it was only a few months since the beautiful church that they were consecrating that day had been deditated to God on the occasion of the ceremony of laying and blessing the foundation stone. He was going to preach to them that day about God, and the obligations they owed their laying and blessing the foundation stone. He was going to preach to them that day about God, and the obligations they owed their Creator, whose creatures they and he were. It was his intention to base his remarks on the words, "I am Thy servant; give me understanding that I may know Thy Commandments." He said his remarks were addressed to those who he assumed believed there was a God. His Grace then proceeded to demonstrate what was the nature of the services they should render to The Creator to whom they owed all they possessed. They mu t believe in The Creator, Anyone who denied there was a creator went against all teaching, stultified himself, went against his conscience, and against the common sense of those around him. It was no use talking to such a man. On the other hand if they believed in the Creator, which they must necessarily do, then they must obey all His divine commands and injunctions. Archbishop Redwood then showed the power of the commands of God, which was unlimited and unfettered, and then proceeded to point out that His love was extended to all, and was not confined to any particular one of God's creatures. The preacher gave several striking comparisons, illustrating his remarks on the power and beneficence of God, and exhor ed his hearers to obey the Commandments. His Grace concluded a powerful and reasoning sermon by congratulating the people of New Plymouth on the erection and possession of such a beautiful church as they were in, which was a credit to the architect who designed it, to the builders, to the priest who arranged the interior, and to the people who so liberally subscribed.

A collection was then made, and a substantial sum wa subscribed.

The music was in the hands of the Hawers chair, under the con-The music was in the hands of the Hawera choir, under the conductorship of Mr Joseph Higham, assisted by an orchestra consisting principally of members of Mr Garry's orchestra. The respective parts were as follows:—Sopranos, Mesdames Flynn, Weitraker, and Miss Kuight. Altos, Misses K. and N. Flynn, and Edwards. Tenors Messes J. Gilman, Bachelor, Collins, and Hall. Basses, Messes J. Russell, E. Walton (of Auckland), and J. Higham Orchestra: Organ, Miss A. Flynn; first violin, Mr B. Cottier: second violin, Mr Booth; double bass, Mr F. Hughes; first clanonet, Mr S. Cottier; second clarionet Mr Fred Newell; first trump t, Mr E. Tate (Hawera); second trumpet, Mr F. Hornman (Hawera). The music rendered in the morning was Haydn's No 1 Mass. Of all that great author's masses the No 1 is the most Mr E. Tate (Hawera); second trumpet, Mr F. Hors (Hawera). The music rendered in the morning was Ha No 1 Mass. Of all that great author's mass is the No 1 is the sublime, the choruses being quite as great and massive as those of the composer's Creation. The "Kyrie" opens with a grand solemn adagio in which the trumpets form an important feature, where it is a change to 3-4 time in which the fugato makes its appearance.

respective parts took up well the fugue theme.

After the sermon came the "Credo," a weighty sllegro chorus.

The next movement is the "Et Incarnatus," one of Haydo's most beautiful, heavenly compositions. It is in the form of an alto solo, then repeated with soprano and alto in duet; the same theme is again repeated in trio, 1st and 2nd soprano and alto. The so o parts

were sustained by Mesdames Flynn and Whittaker, and Miss N. Flynn. The clarionet solos in this passage were a beautiful feature, and Messrs S. Cottier and Fred Newell did them full justice, and the pizz cato accompaniment of the strings was most efficive. The "Urucitizus" changes to the minor, and is a solitino for tenor and first "Crucitxus" changes to the minor, and isas ill trio for tenor and first and second bass, the respective parts being taken by Mr Gilman, Russil, and Walton. The next passages, the "fit Resurrexit" and "Et Vitam" are again two heavy and brilliant choruses. At this part of the service is sung the Offertory, the piece rendered being a 'Tan'um Ergo," a dust for soprano and alto in allegretto 3-4 time, composed by the organist, Miss Flynn. It is a most melodious and devotional composition, and does the young lady composer the highest honour and credit. It was very appropriate in its position in the service. The dust was sung by Mrs Flynn and Miss Nellie Flyon. The "Sanctus! Sanctus! Sanctus!" ("Holy! Holy! Holy! Holy!") opens with a full solema adagio chorus, which breaks into an allegro fugato. The "Agius Dei" is a solemn adagio chorus, which brings the Mass to a most brilliant completion. The voice parts were well sustained throughout. The orchestra was a great factor in the music. The instrumentation is a most difficult one, and requires first-class artists to perform and an able and talented conductor to lead them, and the way they attended to their respective parts proves them all to be artists. to be artists.

This concluded the morning service.

There was another large congregation at the Vespers service, when Archbishop Redwood delivered a sermon on how to keep the Commandments, which was a sequel to the sermon in the morning. Before proceeding to deliver the sermon, His Grace, on behalf of himself and the Rev Father McKenna, the priest of the parish, heartily thanked the Hawera choir and the orchestra for the valuable services they had rendered that day. His Grace then proceeded to show that the Commandments could only be kept by onscientious and constant prayer, and, in an impressive address, he exhorted his bearers to always coltivate praying. Mothers and fathers, he added, should always set a good example in this respect to their children like Jesus Christ had set thetexample to the Apostles.

their children like Jesus Christ had set thetexample to the Apostles.

The musical portion of the services consisted of the Vesper realms; the Magnificat (Webb), a sparkling chorus interspersed by solve, which were taken by Mrs Whittaker, Miss N. Flynn, and Mr Gilman; Zingarelli's Laudate, tenor solo and chorus, the soloist being Mr Gilman; Offertory, Ave Maria (Cherubini), Miss Carrie Knight, soloist; Benedicti in. O Salutaris (Steinforth), the trio being taken by Misses K and N. Flynn, and Messrs Bachelor and Higham; Litany, solos and chorus (Higham), the solois's being Mesdames Whittaker and Flynn, and Mr Gilman; Tantum Ergo (Lambalotte), and Hallelujah chorus completed the musical service.

The Hawera choir and visitors from other centres left the same night by the 9 o'clock special train.

night by the 9 o'clock special train.

OBITUARY.

"THE remains of the late Mr Thomas Dugdale Curry, for 23 years a member of the Frening Standard sub-editorial staff (says the Journalist of January 5), were on Saturday last interred in the soman Catholic churchyard at Mortlake. The deceased gentleman troman Catholic chirefyard at Mortiage. The deceased gentleman had been in failing health for two or three years past, suffering at times from acute atta ks of heart disease. His friends, however, had of late no special cause for anxiety until last Friday week, when he was taken ill at the office and had to return home. Very serious symptoms set in on Chrisimas Day, and on the 26th he expired without a struggle while seated in his chair, the cause of death being contamination and storage of the hear's action. The coffice which without a struggle while tested in his chair, the cause of death being peritonitis and stoppage of the hear's action. The coffin—which hore the inscription 'Thomas Dagdale Curry; died 26 h December, 1894, aged 57 years; R.i.P.'—left the house, 21 Albert Squire, Clapham Road, on Sa'urday afternoon, conveyed in an open hearse, and followed by two mouthing coaches. On arrival at Mortlake it was carried into the church of St Mary Magdalene, where the offer the dead was repeated by the Very Rev Canon Wenham. The brief concluding portion of the service was read in the graveyard, which immediately adjoins the church. Mr Huntly Pryse Gordon (brother-in-law) and Mr Louis John Forrest (nephew) were the chief mourners; and other friends present were Mr Henry Coulter (Morning Post), Mr Thomas Cargill, and, from the staff of the Standard, Mr mourners; and other friends present were Mr Henry Coulter (Morning Post), Mr Thomas Cargill, and, from the staff of the Standard, Mr George A. Henrz, Mr James Geddes, Mr Edgar Barnes, Mr William Maxwell, Mr William Mudford, and Mr Arthur Wood. A number of wreaths were sent, including one from the proprietors of the Standard and one from the staff, Mr Curry, who leaves a widow but no family, commenced his career as a journalist many years ago on Galignani's Messenger in Paris, and witnessed some of the most stirring scenes during the siege, being once arrested and placed in a position of the most imminent danger. During his long connection with the Standard he had earned the warm esteem and affection of his colleagues, and of a large circle of pressmen generally. None of recent losses will be large circle of presimen generally. None of recent losses will be more sincerely regretted."

The imprisonment alluded to took place on a charge of sympathy

with the Germans, unjustly made in the fever of the French defeat, Mr Curry being a graduate of the University of Bonn. His wife's nationality as an Irish woman obtained for her a hearing, and, after much suffering and anxiety on her part also, led to his release. Mr and Mrs Curry then left Paris, and were engaged for nine days in travelling, by means of open cuttle trucks on 'he Continental railways, traveling, by means of open cattle trucks of the Continental ratingly to London, passing on the way under fire of the guns of Phalsburg which was at the time besieged. MrejCurry, we may add, is a sister of Mrs John F. Perrin, wife of the editor of the NEW Zealand Tablett. Deceased, who was of a singularly bright and kindly nature and as much beloved in private as esteemed in his public capacity, was a convirt to the Catholic faith. He had been constantly visited during his illness by the Redemptorist Fathers, who had a house in the neighbourhood of his residence.—Requiescet in pace.

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All communications connected with the Commercial Department of the N.Z. TABLET Newspaper are to be addressed to John Murray, Secretary, to whom also Post Office Orders and Cheques are in all instances to be made payable.

To insure publication in any particular issue of the paper communications must reach this office not later than Tuesday morning.

Sunday Corner.

CALENDAR. - MARCH 3-9.

Sunday, March 3-FIRST SUNDAY OF LENT. Monday, 4—St Lucius I., Pope, martyr. Tuesday, 5—St Casimir, king, confessor. Wednesday, 6—CQuarter Tense) St Fridolin, abbot.
Thursday, 7—St Thomas Aquin, confessor, doctor,
Friday, 8—(Quarter Tense) St Cataldus, E.O. Saturday, 9-(Quarter Tense) St Frances of Lome.

Lent begins on Ash Wednesday, and ends on Easter Sunday. Excluding the six Sundays, on which there is no fast, there are forty days in Lent. Hence the Latin term. Quadragesima, forty. The forty days of Lent are said to have been instituted by the first Pope, St Peter himself. Pope Telesphorus ordered it to observed as an apostolic custom. In the Old Testament we find that Moses fasted for forty days on the mountain, and the Elias fasted forty days in the desert. Our Divine Lord, the Great Teacher by example as precept, fasted for forty days. An ancient tradition, mentioned by Durandus, tells us that Jesus Christ, who was born on Sunday, and was baptised on a Tuesday, began His fast on Wednesday. We begin the Lent, "humbling our heads before the Lord," on Ash Wednesday. Ash Wednesday is so called because of the custom of sprinkling ashes on the heads of clergy and people on that day. According to the usage of the Bible sorrow for sin was often exteriorly expressed by "sprink-ling dust upon their heads towards heaven." The sorrows of the daughters of Israel are seen in the dust upon their heads (Lam, 2-10). In distributing the asbes the priest says, "Remember, man, that thou art dust, and into dust thou shalt return" (Gen. 3-19). In the early centuries ashes were only sprinkled on the heads of public sinners, who before Mass, confessed their sins, and formed in a solemn procession walking barefooted. These penitents were told by the bishop to leave the church. They departed as he said the words :- "We drive you from the bosom of the Church on account of your sins, and for your crumes, as Adam, the first man was driven from Paradise because of his sin." They were re-admitted to the celebration of the Divine Mysteries on Holy Thursday, Public penances ceased about the eleventh century, but the custom of receiving blessed ashes still continued. It is on record that in the twelfth century the Pope and his retinue came all the way to the Church of St Sabins in bars feet. The people for a considerable time observed this custom.

DRATH.

CURRY. Of your charity pray for the soul of Thomas Dugdale Curry, who died at his residence, 21 Albert Square, Clapham Road, London, on December 26, aged 57 —R.I.P.

R. R. TUCKER, Shocing Smith, begs to inform his nunacrous customers and the 2 Public that he has removed from his late premises Montreal street, to By Special Approximent to

The New Zealand Tablet.

FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1895.

PROGRESS AND JUSTICE IN THE NINETEENTH

THE Cathones of New Zealand provide, at their own sole expense, an excellent education for their own children. such is the sense of justice and policy in the New Zealand Legislature that it compels these Catholics, after having manfully provided for their own children, to contribute largely towards the free and godless education of other people's children!!! This is tyranny, oppression, and plunder.

THE EARLY ENGLISH BIBLE.

FALSE STATEMENT OF A SYDNEY SCHOOL MANUAL.



HERE are no lies that die so hard as lies that have a controversial importance." This saying, quoted in our last issue, is true of the oftrepeated assertion of D'Aubigne that, in the sixteenth century, the Bible was "a rare book, almost unknown." Leaving almost innumerable editions of the Latin Vulgate, in manuscript and print, out of account, LUTHER was

not, as recently stated in Dunedin, the first to give the Bible to the Germans in their own tongue. The art of printing dates, we may say, from 1455, when the Latin Bible—the first printed book—issued from the press of Gutenberg and Fust. Before the appearance of LUTHER'S German Bible, in 1534, nearly thirty different editions of the whole periptures, copies of which are still extant, were printed in the vulgar tongue in Germany. To the true student of history the false statements about the preservation and circulation of the Bible are " like the father that begot them, gross as a mountain, open, palpable." Yet still the enemies of the Catholic Church, unabashed, repeat to willing ears their "wicked lie." The great anti-Catholic tradition must be maintained. It was founded on falsehood, and can only be perpetuated by lies. The opening sentence in this article, taken from a writer in the Quarterly Review, may also with truth be applied to an assertion about the early English Bible which we have discovered in a manual for circulation in the schools of Australasia. The book in qu stion, which lies before uz, WAS sent a few days ago by the publishers, Tunner and Henderson, Sydney, to the Most Rev Dr Moran. It is entitled, "Questions on Australian and General Geography, with other useful facts for the junior classes in schools, compiled by Miss Johnson, with corrections and additions to date by George Thornton, late headmaster, Cleveland Street Superior Public School." The publishers, in a preface to the twelfth edition, state that their work has been carefully revised. They hope that the amendments and additions introduced "will serve to maintain for it the high place in the esteem of teachers and pupils which it has hitherto kept.' There is question, therefore, of a book which has been closely examined by many critics and for which the associate authors have to accept the fullest responsibility. Chapter twentyfour deals with "Palestine or the Holy Land and the Bible." One of the questions has reference to the Early English Bible:-

When was the Bible first translated into English, and by whom?

A. In the year 1360, by Wickliffe.

In a manual for school use we look for greatest accuracy. Now was the Bible really translated by Wickliffe? Was it translated by Wickliffe in 1360? Was Wickliffe the first translator of the sacred Scriptures into English? have in our possession a copy of an "Introduction to the Study of the Bible," by THOMAS HARTWELL HORNE, M.A., an eminent Protestant Biblicist. Having spoken of John DE TREVISA, Vicar of Berkeley, in Gloucestershire, who "is said to have translated the Old and New Testament into the English tongue," HORNE goes on to speak of WICKLIFFE.

" Nearly contemporary with him (John de Trevisa) was the celebrated John Wickliffe, who, about the year 1850, translated the entire Bible from the Latin Vulgate. The New testament of Wickliffe was published in folio by Lewis in 1731, and was handsomely redited in quarto in 1810 by the Rev Henry Henrey Baber, one of the librarians of the British Museum, who prefixed a valuable memoir of this 'Apostle of England' as Wickliffe has sometimes been called." The Sydney manual makes the date 1360. Horne makes it 1380! Twenty years is of some importance when there is question of two translators, according to Horne, "nearly contemporary." Did Wick-Liffe, or Wycliffe, as he is sometimes styled, really translate the whole Bible? If we are to believe Sir Frederick Madden, one of the librarians of the British Museum, who, with ample means of arriving at a correct opinion, investigated the matter, with Rev Mr Forshall as collaborateur, it must be held that the Wycliffe Version, published by LEWIS in 1731, again by BABER in 1810, and to be found in BAGSTER'S Hexapla is not Wycliffe's translation but the work of Purvey his curate. Anyhow, the supposed Wycliffe translation, containing books which many Protestants reject, was made from the Latin Vulgate, which the Council of Trent afterwards declared to be authentic. Fault is not so much found by Catholic writers with the so-called Wycliffe Version, as with the conduct of the man, who, in the spirit of revolt, made unwarranted use of the translation. The mention of the later date, 1380, by Horne, of the translation by JOHN DE TREVISA towards the end of the fourteenth century, and of the version by Purvey, the curate of WYCLIFFE, suggests grave reason for doubting that this "Apostle of England" was, if at all, first in the field. About one hundred and seventy MSS copies of the Scriptures in the English tongue, which date from this period, are preserved in the Home libraries. From autographs and other evidence we gather that they were long ago possessed and used by loyal Catholics. They show that at the very time of Wycliffe, the Bible in English was not "a rare book, almost unknown." A MS copy of the New Testament translated by Purvey, with the prologue in his own hand-writing, is in the library of Trinity College, Dublin. Fortunately we have not to rely on mere conjecture in answering the question "was Wycliffe the first translator into the vernacular of England?" Leaving out of consideration Anglo-Danish and Anglo-Norman versions, the whole Bible was many times, at different periods, translated into Anglo-Saxon. The fact that a translation, according to the Protestant Archbishop Usher, was made in 1290, nearly 100 years before Wycliffe's version, completely disproves the false statement of the Sydney manual. "A systematic description of the extant Anglo-Saxon translations, accompanied by a critical collation is "according to a writer in one of the reviews "a felt want in English biblical literature." Still, the jublic libraries of England, readily accessible to the curious, contain a sufficient number of MSS to show that the Ecriptures in the vernacular were diligently copied and read by the people The question of the early biblical literature of Britain is extremely interesting. The Romans were masters of the country till the beginning of the fifth century. The Latin tongue was much spoken. The Christians used the Latin Scriptures. A Celto-British version is not extant. St Agustine of Kent came and it is on record that the Latin Bible was used by his preachers. A certain Archbishop of Canterbury was accustomed to board every foreign ship likely to have books, in order to secure for his diocese copies of the Sacred Volume. The country was split up into several kingdoms; wars were common among the various tribes, and with great difficulty progress in religion was made. England is greatly indebted to Irish missionaries for the spread of Christianity. The Irish monks brought with them and taught the Saxons the art, in which they excelled, of copying and illuminating the Sacred Scripture. Company, who lived in the 7th century, the first writer of note in the Anglo-Saxon tongue, versified the Sacred Scriptures. Originally a cowherd in the neighbourhood of Streamshalch (Whitby), he frequented the monastic church, and was fond of turning into verse the Scriptural lessons read by the monks. His genius and turn for poetry attracted attention. He was admitted into the monastery and received the habit of the Order. MILTON, in "Paradise Lost," is said to have imitated Coedmon. According to Sir F. Palgrave, passages of Coedmon's poem may be "literally translated into English by a canto of

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"Paradise Lost," taking line for line." verses from CORDMON died about 680, seven hundred years before WYCLIFFE! The Coedmonian version is said to have been in common use when Alfred the Great was pursuing his studies. The Oxford University Press in 1835 published from the MS, preserved in the Bibliothèque Nationale of Paris, a copy of the Psalms translated into Anglo-Saxon in 706 by Aldhelm, Bishop of Sherborne. This version is also in verse. It was customary in those early times to relate legend, story, and even sober history in verse. The Sacred Scriptures were in their several parts, when versified, more easily learned by the people who did not possess anything like our advantages for acquiring and retaining knowledge. Venerable BEDE, who died about 785, translated the Bible. account of his death it is related that, shortly before the end, he was employed in the dictation, to an amanuensis, of the last words of his translation of St John's Gospel. About this time, in the 8th century, the four Gospels were translated into Anglo-Saxon by EADFRID, of Lindisfarne. Many writers believe that King ALFRED THE GREAT translated the entire Bible. He certainly gave the Psalms in the vernacular, From the remote ages we have still extant a copy of the four Gospels by Aelfric, a monk of Bath. The MS. is in Corpus Christi College, Cambridge. This AELFRIC must not be confounded with AELFRIG, Archbishop of Canterbury, who translated Pentateuch, Josue, Jos, Judges, Ruth, Kings (portion), ESTHER, and MACHABEES. In the British Museum there is a MS. of "St Cuthbert's Gospel," or the "Durham Book." The work is specially interesting because there is an interlineal Anglo-Saxon translation of the Latin Gospels. The whole book is beautifully illuminated. Mac Regols Gospel, from the tenth century, is also in Latin and Anglo-Saxon. A quotation from Sir F. Palgrave may be appositely given. He says:—"A colloquial language, approaching nearly to modern English, seems to have existed concurrently with the more cultivated language, which we call Anglo-Saxon, at a period before the Conquest, and one of the versions of the New Testament is in this language. This version, commonly known as the Codex Hattonianus, is in the Bodleian Library, Oxford." An English translation of the Bible, "is placed," says the Protestant HORNE, "by Archbishop (Protestant) Usher to the year 1290. Of this there are three manuscript copies preserved in the Bodleian Library and in the Libraries of Christ's Church and Queen's Colleges, Oxford." We have written sufficient to show our readers that the Bible was not, as the Sydney school manual asserts, first translated by WycliffE in 1360. There is abundant evidence to bear out the statement of Sir Thomas More, Chancellor of England in the time of HENRY VIII., and glorious martyr for the Faith, where he says:—"The Holy Bible was, long before WYCLIFFE's days, by virtuous and well-learned men translated into the English tongue; and by good and godly people, with devotion and soberness, well and reverently read."

OWING to pressure on our space we are obliged to hold over to next week several interesting and important contributions.

THIS (Ash Wednesday) morning, there was a very large congregation at the 7 a.m. Mass in St Joseph's Cathedral—when, as usual, the ashes was distributed. During the lent as in preceding years, instructions will be given after the Rosary in Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday evening. On Thurs lay there will be Benediction of the Most Holy Sacrament, and on Friday the Stations of the Cross.

WE have to remind our readers that the celebration of St Patrick's Day in Dunedin will be held on Friday evening, March 15, taking the shape of a musical entertainment. The cossay on the Irish language and literature which has won the medal: flered by the Very Rev Father Lynch will be read on the occasion. Essays intended for the competition are to be sent in—signed with mottees and accompanied by the name of the writers in separate envelopes—to the cliter of the New Zealand Tablet, not later than Saturday, March 9

THE Hon John Gavan Duffy, Post Muster General of Victor.a, paid a visit last week to Dunedin, where he was the guest of his relative, Mr John B. Callan. Mr Duffy during his stay called on the Most Rev Dr Moran. He left on Monday for Melbourne.

The following paragraph taken from the Christchurch Press of February 22nd, testifies to the superiority of Catholic education. The only three Christchurch young ladies who passed the late Junior Civil Service examination are pupi's of the Barbadoes street Convent school. Their names are Katle Kinny, Theresa McRae, and Margaret Water. The former, Katle Kinny, also passed the Matri-

culation examination. This is very creditable to both pupils and teachers, and speaks well as to the teaching power of the good Sisters of the Missions, who are in charge of this school."

Among the successful caudidates at the recent Junior Civil Service examination were three pupils of the Marist Brothers at Timaru, and one pupil of the Sisters of Mercy at Greymouth. The names are respectively, Alexander F. McDonald, Felix J. McGowan, and Thomas C. Mara; and Margatet O'Connor.

THE Itish Athletic Society of Southland will hold their ninth annual gathering at Invercargill on Wednesday, March 20. A remarkably fine programme has been drawn up for the occasion.

JUST as we go to press a circular letter has been handed to us which his Lordship Dr Moran has this day received from the publishers of the geography mentioned in our leader, As some of the quest ions under the heading of Palestine or the Holy Land are found to be cut of harmony with the teaching in certain schools the remaining copies of the edition are withdrawn from sale and the book will in fu'ure be issued without this chapter. A cursory glance at the chapter on New Zealand reveals some inaccuracies which are scarcely excusable-e.g., Question: Name the principal towns in the South Island? Answer: Christoburch, Dunedin, and Lyttleton. A large sale of the manual need not be expected in Invercargill, Oamaru, Timaru, Blenheim, Nelson, Westport, and Greymouth, if Lyttelton however important as the port of Christchurch, be ranked with Christchurch itself and Dunedin. The associate authors must have read some work on the New Zealand goldfields in the sixties, or omitting Beefton, Kumara, and Otago, they would not have only mentioned Hokitika as a goldfield in the South Island, and, with the Thames, one of the principal goldfields of this Colony.

On Sunday evening, February 17, after Vespers, the congregation of St Mary's, Napier, held a meeting in the Marist Brothers' Schools (Rev Father Grogan in the chair), to devise ways and means for holding a monster pienic on St Patrick's Day. The rev chairman said the celebration of the feast of our great national Saint is a usual thing in every English speaking country in the world, particularly where there is a strong Irish element and feeling as here in Napier. But there is, he said, a special reason for the celebration of the feast of our national Saint this year. Our new church is dedicated to Ireland's patron Saint. It is known as St Patrick's, and as this is the first time we have had the happiness of celebrating the festival of our national Saint in our beautiful new church, it is only right that we celebrate it in a manner to be remembered. Two strong committees, one of men and one of ladies, were appointed to make the Decessary arrangements, leaving the selection of the day for a future meating.

MISS May Leahy, an accomplished musician and pupi of the Convent Schools, Dixon street, Wellington, was one of the successful candidates at the recent Matriculation examinations. Creditable results have also been achieved by the pupils of St Patrick's College who competed at the public examinations this year.

In a recent issue we noted with pleasure the success achieved by the boys sent up from the Christian Brothers' school, Dunedin, for the University examinations held at the end of last year. We are happy to say that we have still further successes to record to-day in as much as on the list just published by Government of the successful candidates at the Civil Service examinations held in January of the present year, appear the names of Misters Hugh Miles and Andrew Costelloe both pupils of the Brothers. This goes to prive, if proof were needed, what we have again and again repeated, that boys who are kept by their parents sufficiently long at the school, if not devoid of ability and application, have every facility for passing with credit the University and Civil Service examinations

Excellent groceries of all kinds are offered to his customers and the public generally—at exceptionally low prices—by Mr W. E. Goode, 103 V. etoria street, Christohurch.

Elsewhere Mr George Barrell, undertaker, of Durham street, Coristchurch, announces that to persons of limited means he conducts adult tunerals complete for the low price of £2 10°, and that having had 27 years experience in this particular business in England and the Colony should be a sufficient guarantee that any orders entrusted to him will be well and faithfully performed in all details. Mr Barrell's advertisement should be good news especially to persons of limited means who are suffering bereavement.

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INVERCARGILL.

(From an occasional Correspondent.) February 16, 1895.

LAST week the children attending the Catholic schools held their annual picnic, which turned out a very successful affair. The day broke very inauspiciously. Heavy showers fell during the morning, and the weather looked most unfavourable for an outing, However, by eleven o'clock most of the children had assembled at the railway station and were soon speeding on to Ocean Beach, the site chosen for the picnic, and with the exception of a slight shower soon after landing there, the rain, though threatening, held off during the remainder of the day. After luncheon the business of the day commenced, and the children were constantly engaged racing, jumping, skipping, and ecrambling. They entered into the sports with all their youthful enthusiasm and apparently thoroughly enjoyed themselves. But the vièce de résistance was the tug-of-war, married ladies v. single. A goodly team of each "toed the mark," and the struggle though not prolonged, was fierce. Each side put forth its utmost strength, and if a few did fall, it only reflected more credit on those who stood up. After a brief struggle the end came; the superior weight and form of the married ladies asserted itself and, "tell it not in Gath," the single ladies were pulled over the mark. A loud cheer greeted the victors, who immediately repaired to their luncheon baskets, and, doubtless, made up their spent energy. A facetious onlooker said the struggle reminded him of the lines (somewhat altered) of a famous poet :-

> They pull, they strain, they tug; Down, down they go, The single above, the married below.

It was darkly hinted that the single ladies purposely allowed the rope to slip to see their opponents measure their length on Mother Earth, but as this was always whispered with bated breath and never in the presence of the victors, I leave you to form your own conclusions. The committee are to be congratulated on the successful way they kept the fun going, the children appeared pleased with their prizes and the whole proceedings passed off without a bitch. A word of praise is also due to the ladies who undertook the onerous duty of canvassing for subscriptions, and for the success that attended their labours,

The Catholic schools reopened a fortnight ago after midsummer vaction. The Rev Father Vereker made a strong appeal to parents to do all in their power to mantain their schools. A small measure of justice had been obtained in having our schools examined by Government inspectors. He had no fear of the result if the parents would only do their part. Yet they could not expect the teachers to would only do their part. Yet they could not expect the feachers to do impossibilities, and unless parents sent their children regularly to school it would be impossible for the pupils to pass their standards. The Rev Father told parents that if their children were not present a certain number of days during the year they would not be presented for examination, and he concluded by exhorting all to do it eir duty in that respect.

The annual games of the Irish Athletic Society promise to be this year more successful than ever. Nearly £100 is to be given in prizes. The programme includes, besides the Sheffield handicap of £30 and a trophy, a mile and a quarter-mile race, 100yds maiden race, Irish dancing, and all kinds of athletic sports. Enquiries have been made concerning the Sheffield handicap from as far North as Rangiera and Gisborne, and all our local peds are in training for the various events, so that given a fine day everything augurs well for a very successful meeting.

Persons interested in selecting monuments or other fittings for the graves of their relatives or friends will do well to visit the yard of Mr Tait, corner of Cashel and Montreal streets, Christohnrob. They will find there an extensive and admirable stock, offered at very low

TIMARU.

(From an occasional Correspondent.)

A LARGELY attended meeting of the parishioners of both sexes met at the boys' schoolroom on Sunday last for the purpose of hearing the annual statement of receipts and expenditure in connection with the boys' school and also to elect a school committee for the ensuing twelve months. The secretary of the retiring committee, Mr J. P. Corcoran, produced a bulky document from which he explained the financial position of the school-which was considered highly satisfactory. The Rev Father Hurlin explained that the debt of £200 which existed two years ago was now reduced to £60, which he thought the incoming committee would devise means to pay off. A concession had also been made by the Marist Brothers, which would be a considerable annual saving. The election of a school committee was then proceeded with and excited no little interest as it was the first occasion on which the parochial franchise was extended to the ladies. The elected committeemen are Messrs, Harney, Yening, Corcoran, Delaney, Stapleton, P. and A. Kane, O'Shea, Dennehy, Dunne, and J. Cunningham. The Rev Father Hurlin informed the meeting of the very successful examination the school underwent, there being only 8 failures out of 167 pupils. Mr Sheehy spoke of the excellent re-ults of the examination, and moved the following resolution, seconded by Mr D. O'Shea, and carried unanimously :- "That this meeting accords to the Marist Brothers a hearty vote of thanks for the zeal and devotedness with which they bave worked during the past twelve months in the great cause of Catholic education, and that we pledge ourselves to support them in the future to the best of our ability." A similar resolution, on the motion of Bro. Corcoran, seconded by Mr. Harney, was passed on the ladies of the Sicred Heart, the secretary being instructed to forward copies of both resolutions.

It is worth recording that we had a visit a few weeks ago from the Rev Father Tymons, of St Patrick's College, Wellington. Father Tymons is an old Timaru boy, being a pupil at the boys' school before the advert of the Marist Brothers. The Rev Father celebrated High Mass to a large congregation, many of whom were deeply moved to see the first priest that Timaru has given to the Church celebrating Mais on the same altar where he had so often served Mass as a boy. A number of Father Tymon's friends waited after Mass to see him at the vestry door, where he was the subject of many congratulations. At a meeting of the local branch of the Hibernian Society, a resolution was passed directing the secretary to forward to Brother Tymons, Greymouth, a letter of congratulation on his son's attaining to the pricethood. Mr Tymons was one of the most active spirits in the branch when it was first initiated, and contributed in no small degree to its success.

The district executive of the Hibernian Society has issued rules and regulations for the formation of a female division in connection with the Society. The establishing of a female branch here is at present under consideration, and if established it should prove a great boon to the female portion of the congregation. Sick pay during illness, medical attendance and medicine at a nominal charge, and a funeral allowance at death, are the principal benefits, and these should be sufficient inducement to secure a large membership,

Mr James Dealy, of the Railway Hotel, Thorndon Quay, Wellington, is still ready to give his friends who visit the Empire City a warm welcome and comfortable accommodation. The hotel occupies lington, is still ready to give his friends who visit the Empire City a warm welcome and comfortable accommodation. The hotel occupies a most convenient and desirable position—and the travelling public in particular will find its close proximity to the railway station most suitable to them. The house is in every respectively lifted up and furnished, and the manner in which it is conducted by its obliging and hospitable proprietor leaves nothing to be desired.



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(From he Irish World.)

Antrim. -At a recent meeting of the council of the Linen Merchants' Association, Belfast, Mr William Crawford, president, in the chair. It was unanimously agreed "that we indorse the resolution by the Council of the Belfast Chamber of Commerce regarding the mail contract, and that, in communicating with the Postmaster-General our secretary be instructed to strongly urge from a patriotic point of view the great importance of insuring the transit of the American mails via Queensland."

Cavan .- Mr Justice Bewley and Mr Commissioner Lynch sat in the courthouse, Cavan, recently, and delivered judgment in the following cases: James Beilly vs. Richard Hossard, L3 15s., L2 15s raised to L3 5s; Dennis Cooney, vs. W. A. Adams, L8 5s, L4 15s, raised to L6 on increased area; Isaac Jackson vs Earl of Lanesborough, L13 4s, L8 10s, raised to L9; Patrick Blessin ve same, L19 5s 3d, L13 raised to L14 10s; Francis Murphy vs same L3 7s 7d, L2 10s, raised to L3; Martin Armstrong vs same, L21 1s 6d, L14, raised L15: Patrick Reilly vs same, L8 18s, L5 18s raised to L6 10s; James Fitzpatrick, vs same, L14 19s 4d, L11 10s, raised to L12 10s; Catherine Vescy vs J. H. Sclator, L19 18s 6d, L13 10s, reduced to L12 10s; Catherine Fitzpatrick ve Sir Fenton Hort, L17 19s, L10 10s, raised to L11 10s; Bridget Fitzpatrick vs same, L11 17s 10 i, L7, raised to L8 10s: Thomas Prior vs R. Anderson, L16 12s 3d, L12, raised to L13: Thomas McDonald vs Henry Ptkins, Newell Atkins, L8 8s 2d, L7 confirmed; Patrick McManus vs Samuel Saunderson, L6, L4 5s, confirmed; Patrick McMahon vs Robert Cowan, L8 10s, dismiss, dismiss confirmed; Charles Maguire vs Countess of Morley and another, L89 2s 6d, L65, raised to L70.

Clare. We regret to chronicle the death of Mr J. A. Carroll, an old and respected resident of Kilrush, and editor and proprietor of the Clare Advertiser, Mr Caroll settled in Kilrush over half a century ago, when he established the Advertiser. He was a journalist of considerable ability, of refined literary taste, and as a public man took part in many stirring and historic incidents in the county. In private life he was of the kindly and social disposition, and his warm and genial manner secured him hosts of friends.

Cork .- The following resolution was adopted at the great demonstration held in Cork city on the anniversary of the Manchester Mr B. Cronin proposed "That while we honour the memories of the patriot dead, we must not forget our countrymen who are suffering a living death in Irish and English prisons for political offences, and once more protest against the injustice with which they are treated, and demand their release.

Last week Dr Douglas Hyde delivered a lecture on "Irish Folk Lore," in the large hall of the Assembly rooms, under the auspices of the Cork Literary and Scientific Society. The hall was filled and the lecturer, who dealt in an excellent manner with his subject, was followed with interest throughout. Mr William Lane (president of the society) occupied the chair, and among those present was the Protestant Lord Bishop of Cork (Dr Meade). Having accounted for the difference in the stories and the Scotch Highlands and the Irish, Dr Hyde said no one could lay down anything with cer. tainty until their folk lore had been accurately gathered. They had already pretty well gleaned central Connaught, Achill and Donegal, but in the great province of Munster scarcely a thing had been done to rescue what was perishing and what in a few years would be absolutely irrecoverable. If now caught and fixed for posterity, it would have an European interest and might turn out to be of the very highest value in elucidating the most difficult problems of ethnology.

Donegal.-On Lord Templemore's estate in this county five tenants have purchased their holding for £9,688. A pretty round sum, considering all the Templemores got out of some land in the past, and that they were not the legal owners of the soil. It was stolen in the olden times.

The tenants of the Townwilly estate, held under the Commissioners of Endowed Schools, have purchased their holdings at four-teen and a half years' purchase. Mr Jerome Boyce went among them taking affidavits of agreement which they have all signed, and the only thing now required is the sanction of the Land Commissioners. They purchased through an arbitration made by Right Rev Dr O'Donnell, Bishop of Raphoe, who was appointed by the Commissioners. They have already paid the first instalment of the purchase money, which is 8s 61 in the pound less than the original rent.

Down .- A most extraordinary high price for land has just been obtained in Newry district. Mr John Anett, Jr., auctioneer, Kilkeel, put up for sale, a small farm of land in Derryogue, near Kilkeel, containing not quite four Irish acres, belonging to the representatives of the late Mr William Norris, and held at a yearly tenancy from the Earl of Kilmorey at £6 14s. After some very spirited bidding it was purchased by Mr James O'Brien, farmer, at the handsome figure of £360, or £90 per acre.

Dublin.-During his recent visit to Dublin Mr Henry Irving visited the Royal Hospital, and was shown over the institution by Field-Marshal Viscount Wolseley. On taking leave of the Commander of the forces, Mr Irving most generously handed him a check for 20 guineas, to be added to the fund instituted by Lady Wolseley for the benefit of the wives and families of old soldiers.

Galway .- A coursing meeting came off during the week at Dunsandle, Longbres, over the property of Mr William Daly, J.P. Game was plentiful, and several interesting trials were witnessed. Ravensdale, who carried off the principal honour, has since gained fresh laurels at Borris-in-Ossory, where he was victor in the Champion Stake against such competitors as Regular Demon and Geoffrey. This dog was bred by Mr James Craughwell, Ballmasloe.

The fox hunters met on Monday at Correen Castle, a couple of miles from Baltinashe and among the ladies and gentlemen who assembled in the field were the Earl and Countess of Clancarty, Mr W. T. Potts, Mrs Balson, Mr J. M. O'Brien, C.J., and Miss Mollie O Brien, Mr P J. Leamy, Dr Bossiter, Mr J. Golding, Captain Craddock and Miss Craddock, Mr H. D. Tyacke, D.I.; Mr Dobbyn and Master Fergusson. The covert at Correce was no sooner tried than a fox was found. The "varmint," after being started, made in the direction of Shairea, on to Kulgarriff, and across the country with the hounds in full cry. Reynard cleared all obstructions, and reached the high road on the Roscommon side of Ballinasloe, when he dashed by the residence of Mr R. D. Tighe, solicitor, and made into the River Suck, which he safely crossed. Over hedges and ditches and through fields he sped, until after crossing the Grand Canal water he reached the second canal bridge from Ballinasloe harbour, when he wheeled and ran through the village of Poolboy, the hunting party going fast and furious to try and intercept their intended victim. which they came up with at length, and he was killed at a crossroads near Poolboy, about a mile from Ballinaslie.

Kildare.-In the Land Commission Court recently the following case was heard: Ambrose More O'Ferrail, tenant; E. M Quirke, landlord. The holding contained 142 acres, situate, near Moyvalley, held under a fee farm grant at a rent of £207 16s per annum. The case had been dismused by the sub-commission on the ground that the bolding was demesne land, and Mr O'Ferrall appealed. A dismiss was the result.

Mr I. A. Duncan, it is stated, will be the next Member of Parliament for South Kildare, as Mr M. J. Minch intends to resign. Mr Duncan was recently appointed a Justice of the Peace.

Limerick.-The bacon-curing trade in Limerick city is going through a period of great depression owing to the competition from Denmark. Last week over 20,000 cured pigs were forwarded by the Danes to the English markets, and this plethora of bacon caused a serious decline in prices. As a consequence there has been a fall in quotations, and buyers from Limerick at the fair of Borrisoleigh did not perchase.

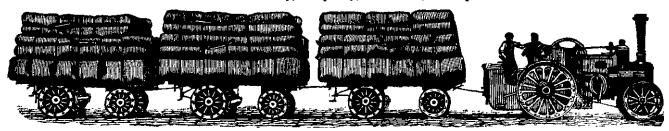
Monaghan. -- Last week Mr Justice Bewley, Mr Commissioner Fitzgerald and Mr Commissioner Lynch sat in the courthouse,

MR. J. S. ATKINSON Late Partner of Mr. Hoby, L.D.S., Wellington, having Purchased the PRACTICE of the late Mr. THOMAS, MAY BE CONSULTED daily at his late Rooms, No. 11 CATHEDRAL SQUARE, Next Post Office. Telephone 602.

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Monaghan, and heard appeals. Judgment was delivered in the following cases: Margaret Graham vs W. H. McKean, £10 5s 9d; L5, raised to L6. James Conroy vs B. J. McGeough, L18 2s; L11; confirmed. John Ashton vs J. E. Molyceux, L53 10s; L27; raised to L29. Peter McMullen vs E. C. Moulray, L7 3s 7d; L3; confirmed. Thomas McCabe vs Mrs Cross, L51 1; L30; confirmed David Gillespie vs Rev W. Riddell, L69 1s 2½1; L47 10s raised to L50. Thomas McMahon vs Michael Bellew, L18; L9; confirmed. Deuis Trodden vs R. J. McGeough, L3 17s; L2 6s confirmed.

Tipperary.—At the meeting of the Tipperary Board of Guardians last week Mr Daniel Byan proposed "That as the Judicial Commissioners of the Educational Endowment Act has failed to agree to a scheme for the future government and distribution of Brasmus Smith's trust or charity schools, we, the Tipperary Board of Guardians, call on the Government to introduce a bill and make it an Act of Parliament to restore the property to its rightful owners, the children of the tenants on the Smith estate."

Edmond Donovan, Killnsty South, was evicted recently from a wretched holding of fourteen acres, situated a mile up Slievneamon, on the property of Mr R. Cooke, D.L., Kiltinan.

Tyrone.—Last week Mr John Malone, coroner, Cooktown, held an inquest on the body of Michael Morris, living at Crook. Morris was in Cookstown market on Saturday and went home with some neighbours. Deceased's son in the front cart missed the others on reaching home. The occupants of the other cart stopped in Dungate and got a dram of ether. One of the horses got restive, overturning the cart. One man fell under the horse's head, another below the cart and got off safely, but the cart rested on the deceased, who was fatally injured and died soon after.

Waterford.—At the last meeting of the Waterford Board of Guardians these eviction notices were served: Mr Osborne, Christmas, plaintiff, vs James Phelan and David Kiely, defendants, for part of the lands at Ballycraddick, containing 37 ac es 2 rolds and 17 perches, in the parish of Duohill. Same plaintiff against Thomas Sullivan and Mary Walsbe for part of the lands at Ballycraddick, containing 16 acres 2 roods and 7 perches. Sime against Matthew Power and Mary Whelan, defendants, for part of the lands of Baheens, containing 56 acres 2 roods and 31 perches, in the parish of Kilmeaden. Same against Laurence Sprice, Patrick Mornssey and James Power for lands at Raheins containing 46 acres 1 rood and 11 perches.

Westmeath.—Mr J. Vaughan, Athlone, attended at Euffield during the week to receive the rents on the Killer and Cartron estate of Mr E. Hughes, Roscommon. He granted a reduction of 3s in the pound on judicial rents.

Wexford.—Sir John Talbot Power, Bart., through his agent, Mr P. J. O'Flaberty, solicitor, of Enniscorthy, has granted to all his tenants on the Sampton estate a reduction of 20 per cent, on the present rents. Mr James Talbot Power and Mr Thomas Talbot Power have dealt in like manner with the tenants on their several estates in the County Wexford.

Wicklow.—We regret to learn of the death of the Bev Ruseby D. Cleaver, M.A., at Delgany on Monday. The deceased was a son of a former rector at Delgany, and grandson of R ght Ray Dr Cleaver, Bishop of Ferns, afterward Archishop of Dublin. Mr Cleaver was well-known for his life-long and generous support of the movement to preserve the Celtic language in Ireland. He was a vice-president of the old Ossiante Society, his colleague being Mr Standish Hayes O'Grady, who was also his class fellow in Trinity. During the last ten years since Celtic became a subject of primary education in the national schools, Mr Cleaver spent thousands of pounds in supplementing the allowances to teachers, in giving prizes in Celtic to pupils, and in publishing Celtic literature for free distribution among the Celtic-speaking population. At the time of his death he was vice-president of the recently founded Gaelic League, and he was also a prominent member of the Irish Literary Society.

Aublin Aotes.

(From the Weekly Freeman January 12.)

THE Catholic Five Hundred, which has been formed to advance Catholic interests in South London, has just been elected. Each mission was requested by the Most Rev Dr Butt to elect a certain number of representatives, calculated on the number of children attending its schools, an arrangement which secured proportionate representation. All the South London priests are to be ex-officio members, and the first meeting is to be held next Wednesday for the election of officers and the transaction of other business.

A meeting of the parish pricets of Down and Connor to nominate a Coadjutor Bishop was held on Tuesday, in St Malachy's ollege, Belfast, under the presidency of Cardinal Logue. The voting resulted as follows—Very Rev Dr Henry, V.G., President St Malachy's College, and Rev D. M'Cashio, Adm, St Malachy's, 13 votes each, Dignissimi; Rev Professor O'Loan, Maynooth, 10 votes, Dignior; Most Rev Dr O'Donnell, Bishop of Raphoe; Very Rev Alexander M'Mullan, P.P., V.G., Ballymena, and Very Rev Dr Marner, D.D., P.P., Kilkeel, 2 votes each Digni; Rev Henry Laverty, Adm., St Mary's, 1 vote. The names will in due course be forwarded to Rome.

The exterminator is on the warpath in Arran once more. The Christmas bells were not permitted to toll their last note of peace and gladness for the season until the joy of the impoverished islanders was turned into gloom and despair by the appearance of the rent office emissary in our midst with a large sheaf of eviction-made-easy notices, which he posted on the courthouse door, and returned by steamer to Galway again. No less than 35 families will have to go adrift and to the workhouse because they are unable to meet the landlord's demands. Your readers at home and abroad, who know the story of Arran distress last year, are convinced of the misery of the poor Arranite in his struggle to keep body and soul together. Even that he cannot do when his crops fail without the aid of a generous public.

The At Home which was given by the Metropolitan Branch of the Irish National League of Great Britain at the Adelphi Hotel, Strand, on Monday evening was a most successful function. The company included many representative London Irishmen, and a very enjoyable evening was spent. In addition to an admirable concert there was also a dance, and Mr Naoroji, M.P., who is becoming a familiar figure at many Irish reunions, delivered a brief but very appropriate address. It may be added that the proprietor of the Adelphi Hotel has very generously placed a splendid suite of six rooms at the disposal of the Metropolitan Branch whenever it may wish to use them. Stimulated by the success which has attended the "at home" just given, the committee propose to hold similar reunions at frequent intervals throughout the season; and as a very effective means of bringing Irishmen resident in different districts in London into touch with one another their desirability cannot be gaineaid.

Important communications from Auckland which we elsewhere publish are conclusive and encouraging proof that the Irishmen at the Antipodes still follow with the keenest interest the movement for Irish National Self Government, and are prepared to back it with substantial aid. From the other side of the world comes a declaration of confidence in the Irish National Party and an emphatic protest against dissension. The lesson so often inculcated in these columns is preached as far away as New Zealand. There as here the appealing cry is raised for unity in the National ranks. The subscriptions are liberal. They would be far more liberal if unity prevailed. The Auckland Branch declares with regret that " the dissensions in the ranks of the Party at Home have influenced unfavourably the amount of the subscriptions and the general progress of the movement in New Zealand." It is to be most earnestly hoped that this last obstacle-the last but the most formidable-to the Nationalist movement-will disappear. This matter is in the hands of the people; if

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they make their will plain there is no gain saying their judgment. The old faction has almost passed away. We believe that the danger of the new faction will be averted. We would fain remind those who exercise their minds on this small point or that, and exaggerate their molehills into mountains, that there is not and caunot be a hope of eatisfying everyhody in every petty detail. If the Irish Party prove false to their trust, disband them, without hesitation. But so long as the country keers them the country must trust them, and he is no friend of the Irish movement who seeks to fetter their influence by constant cavilling and calumoy. There are times when folly assumes the gravity of crime. The Nationalist who, for petty personal motives, would breed dissension in the Irish Party, which is one effective instrument of the people's will, is guilty, wittingly or unwittingly, of treason to Ireland. Mingled with Ireland's gratitude to her exiled children for kind and wise words, and generous aid, is the hope that such bright example and persuasive precept will inspire Irishmen at Home to go and do likewise.

Correspondence.

[We are not responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.]

MR DAVITT AND CATHOLIC EDUCATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW ZEALAND TABLET. SIB,-I must confess to feeling more than a little mild surprise on reading your note " Michael Davitt on Catholic Education." Mr Davitt and the infidel propagandist, T. P. O'Connor, are fresh from a campaign of insult and insuboidination to the bishops and priests of London; a campaign gratuitously undertaken by these men in connection withithe London School Board elections, in support of anti-Christian secularists and blatantly offensive anti-Catholic undenominationalists; a campaign undertaken in support of such men against candidates, some Catholic, all denominationalist.

in those elections. Would you kindly allow me a little space for a

very brief summary of information on the matter? The Archbishop of Westminster, acting within the lines of duty, told his people that, in the coming School Board elections, every Ca holic should vote for men favourable to denominational schools, and willing to place them on an equality with Board schools; that this was not a political, but a purely religious question—a question on which depended the safety of the religion and morality of their children; and that the Catholic must be grossly ignorant or grossly indifferent to the interests of his religion and his God, who would vote for the narrow, intolerant, and unchristian " Progressives"-1 party whose aim was to starge out and destroy the denominational schools. An appeal of like import was made to the Catholic congregations in all the churches of Westminster and Southwark on the same Sunday. But, lo! appeals, directly counter, are issued by Messrs Davitt and O'Connor-Davitt declaring that, as "an enlightened Catholic," were he a voter in London, he would not obey bishop or cardinal; he would vote for the party of progress. A series of letters by Davit, and of editorials by O'Connor, insulting to Cardinal Vaughan and the Catholic clergy, and written to excite the people to a schismatic revolt, were published in the infidel London Sun. "No return of the Mass!" "no re-introduction of the confessional!" "no priestism!" "no Apostles' creed or divinity of Christ in our schools!" no re-lighting of the fires of Smithfield!" no massicre of St Bartholomew 1" no surrender of the traditions of our ancient city!" "None of the abominations of a system which our forefathers wisely swept away at the blessed Reformation!" Such were ordinary loci communes of the election rhetoric of Mr Davitt's meek and progressive allies; at whose feet he would have his feliorcountrymen wallow in the mire, by hiding away their faith, violating obvious Catholic principles and disobeying the authorities of their Church! Indeed, "Davitt" and "no Popery" shone conspicuous on green placards handed to Catholic voters entering the polling booths! But, enough of the particulars of this disgraceful and filthy business.

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Mr Davitt is, as can be learned from his letters to the Melbourne Advocate, coming very soon to the Colonies, on a money-gathering expedition. The money is not, I understand, to be collected for the evicted tenants; nor is it to go to the l.N.F. fund. It is intended to replenish the Davittian exchequer. Mr Davitt has been publicly challenged to dare, in the light of his late foolish and scandalous antics in connection with the London School Board elections to visit his countrymen in the Colonies-men who have had some practical experience of Mr Davitt's proteges - secularists and undenominationalist bigots. Evidently Davitt espied danger ahead-danger to his money-making project. So, serzing upon an opportunity afforded by a bazaar at Greenock, he has fallen ou his knees and poured forth a profession of orthodoxy. His act of repentance consists of some outrageous nonsense as to the method he thinks best suited to securing the redress of Catholic educational grievance, tacked on to a few threadbare quotations from Phierry and Dr Johnson, about the saints and scholars who belonged to Erin in the days before "Malachi wore his collar of gold !"

Any white man, or black man, for that matter, who finds it to his purpose may crate about the saints and scholars who were in Erin in the times long, long ago. Lindon Jews, and even "coloured" gentlemen of New York have been known to do so, when appealing to Irish people whom they thought verdant. Yet it would appear that Davitt's Greenock second-hand litary to the Hibernian holymen of the dim distance touched a soft cord in your breast. For, you gave a column and a half of your paper to his pious garbage, and waving your absolving hand over his bowed head, you solemnly assured your readers that there was now "left no room for doubt as to the soundness of Mr Davitt's views on education and his complete loyalty as a Catholic 1"

I think, Sir, that those of your readers, who are even slightly acquainted with the story of Mr Davitt's doings during the closing months of the past year, will not be so soft and in inigent cowards him as is your charitable self. Much public interest has been shown at Home in the late London School Board elections. Home papers, especially Catholic papers have teemed with items of news on the subject. Platforms, Catholic and Irish, are still ringing with denunciations of the shameful part taken by two or three Irish "patriots"

So great has been the indignation aroused among the Irish Catholics of London by the action of Mesers Davitt and O'Connor that branch after branch of the Irish National League have passed resolutions emphatically condemning it. Here is just one sample: "Proposed by Mr J. Buckley and seconded by Mr W. Brown :-That we, the members of the St Laurence O'Toole Branch of the I. N. L. of Great Britain, take this opportunity of strongly condemning the action of Mr Michael Davitt, in involving himself in the recent School Board Elections, and helping the raisers of the 'no Popery' cry, and of expressing our regret that he did not find it convenient to visit London before or on the polling day (he had been challenged to do so by four of the London Irish clergy), as the Catholic electors of Bethnal Green were prepared to meet him and give him a reception bediting the occasion." The reading of those resolutions and of the speeches in which they were proposed must have been interesting reading to Mr Davitt, and must have aided very much in despening his repentance and defining his orthodoxy.

Now, Sir, I do not presume to lecture an editor. I vegerate too much the halo that hovers over his sanetum. But I may, perhaps, be permitted most respectfully to submit that, were I the editor of an Irisa Catholic paper-a coryphens of rectitude in the mat er of education and an impulsive skull-cracker in the matter of suppo ed charlatans, making a lever towards selfish ends of the patriotic and religious sentiments of Irish people—I should, in the present case, first give my readers some idea of the bistory of the late London School Board elections. I should in the second place give some extracts from Mr Davitt's letters to the infilel London Sun -letters displaying very hazy and queer ideas on the subject of education. Finally, having given sufficient space to Mr Davitt's profession of orthoxy, I should modestly stand aside and allow my readers to decide for themselves whether or not "Mr Davitt's speech left no room for doubt as to the soundness of his views on education and his WILLIAM BURKE. complete loyalty as a Catholic .- I am, etc,

The Presbytery, Queenstown, February 20, 1895.

[It seems, however, that we have left our readers almost an infinity of room for doubt on the matter. Indeed, it would appear that we have left some of them room enough to pass over the region

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lam, yours truly, A, J. S. HEADLAND, Oamaru, September 11, 1893.

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f doubt altogether and go into perfect certainty on the other side. The severe view, however, taken of Mr Davitt's conduct by our rev correspondent has evidently not been shared by the priesthood generally. We shall not point to the rev gentleman who invited Mr Davit to speak on the occasion, for referring to which our rev correspondent castigates us. And we do not know that "Bub" need squeak any tht less for the balmy words that accompany his whipping. A bazaar, we admit, is an exceptional occasion. We shall, therefore, only remark in passing that eleven priests were present, and that the Archbishop sent his good wishes and blessing. But we see that at a meeting addressed by Mr Davitt at Loughres on Sunday, January 5, the chair was taken by the Bev R. Meagher, Adm, and the second chair by the Very Rev Canon Canton, P.P., Athenry. These priests, who undoubtedly had carefully watched, and were aware of all that had been said or written in London, would not have countenanced Mr Davitt had be been accountable for the furious anti-Catholic language quoted by our rev correspondent, or had they had reason to believe that he could approve of any such language. Our Catholic contemporaries besides—the Edinburg Herald and the Glasgow Observer-had taken the same view of the Greenock speech s we took. The fact is, we took the speech as we found it. We had already, in the more authoritative and solemn portion of our paperour leading columns—condemned, in the strongest manner possible, the opposition given in London to Cardinal Vaughan. We had with great regret seen Mr Davitt implicated in the matter, and we were relieved to find an utterance in which he seemed to give expression to a penitent spirit. We cannot for our part accept Mr Davitt as a vulgar adventurer who is ready to disguise his opinions on mercenary considerations. There are some points in his opinions with which we totally disagree, but his whole life has given proof of his honesty and disinterestedness. He certainly does not deserve to be ranked and disinterestedness. He certainly does not deserve to be ranked with "charlatans" of any class. If, moreover, we have shown any exceptional softness with regard to Mr Divitt, and, with all due respect to our rev correspondent, we cannot even now see that we have done so. We are hardly ready to clush for it. the pathos of his history as well as his services to Ireland, meri's for him some especial consideration.—Ed. N Z TABLET]

DEATH OF A BRILLIANT YOUNG MAN.

(Thames Advertiser, January 30),

(Thames Advertiser, January 30).

PAPERS to hand by the last Sydneymail announce the death of J hn de Lacy O'Reilly, son of Mr Peter O'Beilly, headmas er of the Superior Public School, Camdinvile, and cousin of the Rev Father O'Reilly, of the Thames. The following appears in the local paper on the subject:—"The deceased, a brilliant young Catholic native, was for four years one of the most successful members of the teaching staff of St Ignatius' College, Riverview. He fell a victim to typhoid fever in his 28th year. Mr O'Reilly had only been called to the Bar in October, and on the very day he wis stricken down by the itlness which carried him off he was to have appeared in Court with his first brief. Mr O'Reilly had all the qualities that go to make a favourite—a sunny disposition, a manly bearing, a kindly heart, and a genial temper. Everyone who knew him held him in affectionate esteem; and those who had opportunities of correctly estimating his high personal chracter and great ability looked to him as a man who was destined to make a mark, and a big one, in the world. In the best sense he was a 'esti-made man,' and he owed the position he had reached entirely to his brains and his industry. During the four years Mr O'Reilly was connected with St Ignation' College be enjoyed a remarkable popularity, both with the Jesnit Fathers and the boys, and all were very sorry when the hardworking and rood-hearted masterleft Riverview to sudy for the Bar. In St Joseph's Charch, Newtown, the Sunday after the funeral, the Very Rev Dean Slattery spoke it very sympathetic terms of the sad closing of the bright young life. The Dean said the decensed was a man of admirable moral character and great intellectual strength and bad he been spared, he woud, in all probability, bave proved a, worthy successor to Edward Buthr at the Bar. In Our Alma Mater

(the college magazine of St Ignatius', Riverview), which was issued on the day Mr O'Reilly died, the following paragraph appeared:— 'Our greatly respected and esteemed master, Mr J. de L O'Reilly donned the barrister's wix and gown in October. All his Riverview friends congratulate him.'"—R.I.P.

THE HANDFUL OF THINGS WE KNOW.

SEVERAL years ago an American humourist and poet published some verses called "Little breeches" This was an odd name given to a very small boy who was caught out in a tremendous snowstorm, and very small boy who was caught cut in a tremendous snowstorm, and finally found in some hay quite a distance from the house. However the boy got there bothered everybody to explain. It was certain he never could have walked. So his fathar said the angels must have done it; they just stooped down and toted him to where it was safe and warm," he said. The poetry about it (supposed to have been written by the youngster's father) starts off in this way:—

I don't go much on religion, I never ain't had no show; But I've a middling tight grip, sir, On the handful of things I know.

That's it; The handful of things we know. There aren't many of 'em, but there are a few. And one of them is this: that for a hundred results there is only one cause. Nature develops and makes

hundred results there is only one cause. Nature develops and makes differences; never a new force.

Here, for example, is an incident which shows our meaning. About Christmas 1889, Mr E. B. Wright had an attack of influenza. Previous to this he had always been strong and hearty. Well, he got over the influenza; still it had given him (as he says) "a shake," Atter this he got along fairly well, until February of this year (1892) when the influenza attacked him again. This time the malaly "meant busin-ss." Nearly every bone and muscle in his body ached like sore teeth. His skin was hot and dry, and to bed he was obliged to go. For sixteen days he was under a doctor. At the end of that time he found himself alive and that was about all you could say for him.

him.

In his letter he goes on to tell what happened next. "I had a foul taste in the mouth," he says, "and my teeth and tongue were covered with a thick slimy phlegm. My wife says my tongue was like an oyster shell, and I'm sure it was rough as a nutneg grater. What I ate, which wasn't much, gave me pain in the chest and sides. After a mouthful or two I felt full and blown out, and I used to swell to a great size. By-and-by a hacking cough set in and my breatning got short and quick. At night I lay for hours gasping for breath, and often coughed so I was afraid I should burst a blood vessel. I got weaker and weaker and mas like a broken-winded horse. The doctor said it was asthms, but he wasn't able to reliever. Although I live only two minutes walk from the factory where I work, I had to stop and rest on my way many a time.

doctor said it was asthms, but he wasn't able to relieve?. Although I live only two minutes walk from the factory where I work, I had to stop and rest on my way many a time.

"Thus marters went with me until Jine, 1892. Then ole day I took up the Essew Neveman, and read of a man living at Esrsham, near Bungay, having been cured by Mother Seigel's Carative Syrup. I got some of this midicine from the International Tea Company, Braintree. After a few doses my breathing grew easter, and by keeping on with the Syrup my food soon digested, the cough left me, and I gained strength. I am now as strong as ever, can eat anything, and walk for miles. I am now as strong as ever, can eat anything, and walk for miles. I am a brusbmaker, and work at the factory, of Messrs John West and Sons, High Street, Braintree, and have lived in this town over forty years. (Signet) E. B. WRIGHT, Sandpit Road, Braintree, Essex, August 23:d, 1892."

Now let us see how this illustrates the proposition we started out with. For almost three years Mr Wright was ill with what seemed like a series of different diseases. He had the influenza twice, the asthma one, and another disease which he gives no name to—even if he recognised it. Look for a moment at the varie y and incongruity of the pains and troubles he mentions, but he doesn't dearries the m all, either. You would fancy he had half a dozen ailments at least. Ye the half but one—indigestion and dysp pain—of which all a shodily disturbances (influenza included—a bood disease) were symp oms. All came out of the stomach, and when Seigel's Syrup at that right the others quietly departed.

What, then, is one thing of "the handful of things we know"?

the others quietly departed.

What, then, is one thing of "the handful of things we know"?

Answer: That nearly all sorts of diseases are really symptoms of indigestion and dyspepsia, and that Mother Eeigel's Curative Syrup cures it.

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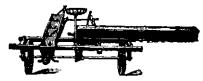
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