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## Guxxent ${ }^{\text {Uopics }}$ <br> AT HOME AND ABROAD.

лоск MCEENZIE'S SPEECH.

The very plain spapeb of a very plain man. Such *as the address delivered in Dunedin, on Wednesday, the 20th inst, by the Hon Jinn McKenzie There was certain!y no attempt made by the apeaker at a display of elcquence-and we should say that neither was he attempting to pass off for truth statements that be did not bimself believe. We would fain hope, neverthelegs, that be took an exaggerated, even though a sincere, view of the dealing with bim of the Conservative Press in general, and the Otago Daily Tïmes in particulsr. Otherwise there must be a degree of baseness amog journalists that no honest man would care to contemplate. For our own part, although we have occasionally to complain of prejudice and unfairness among our contemporaries, we rarely find their conduct impossible in a gentleman, and, without very strong evidence, we sbould hardly be prepared to accept such an accusation as just. Mr McKenzie, no doubt, has now and then bepn roughly trea'ed in the heat of political feeling-but it mnst be admitted that he himself can be pretty rough in returoing the compliment. But Mr McKenzie does not seem at all heated in the combat. Surely the wild Eighland blood that courses in his veins mast be temnered by some pawky Lowland strain. Indapg gone by some ancestor of his had wooed aod won some fair Lowland lase, and "Jock" has inberited the self-restraint of his great-graodmother. Or perhaps it was the colder tongue, that of the Sacsauach, that aub. dued his utterance to the more proper tone. There was not a note to remind ne of the spirit in which the Celt rebukes his foe. The ring of the "salacharan an donars" was absent throughout from $\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}$ Mckenzie's sentences. To bring it out the preaence of Mr Earnsbaw was possibly necessary-and Mr Farnahsw was not there. At least we beard a member of the andience explain to another that he was not-and that if be was he would certainly not be on the platforan. For our personal information, we may add, an opera glass would have been needfal-and indeed, judging by the favour in which he stand such as it is, the naked eye of many people can bardly see Mr Earnshaw as he really exista. Mr McKenzie, as we have aid, was a plasa man making a plain apeech. No word spoken by bim diaturbed the calmness of his bearers, or prevented them from reflecting on its mesaing. Mr McKenzie, however, tolla a tale in which it would be very hard to detect a flaw. His figures, we admit, seemed perfect. It will at least be quite impossible for any one to contradict them until some promiont member of the Opposilion comeaf rward with a list drawn from official documents, and shows errors 10 the su, traction and division, if not in the addation and multiplication, that in time gone by, when the dominie was etill a dominie, would have brought down the tawse beavily on the urchin guilty of them. A great part of the speech, moreover, was taken up with figares, and it shouid give that member of the Opposition rome trouble to cook hie list in reply. But Congervative polituciana are bkalfal and wall exarcisad cooks. Witb the settlement of the land, the most important of all Colonial questions, Mr McKerzie dealt in a manner that was at once intereating and antisfactory. Here be was able to cite fac'r as well as figures and what kind of "chiels" facts are is known to all of us. The account given of the "white elephanta"一uhat is to say, the lands purchastd by the Govarnment-was particularly cheering and seemed to promise great thinge for the future. The bona fode effort of the Goveroment to place a population on the lands, whien is their chief merst-and in itself sufficient to cover a multitude of sins, 18 certainly that which subjec's them to the keenest and most determined oppouition. Some atteropt, we see meantime, has been made to dis. credit the charactor of the mecting addiegsed by the Minister, The meeting was a very large ooe, and emmently respectable both in sppearance and conduct. It was more reflective than enthusiastic, as the manner of the address induced it to be-but there can be no doubt that it was fully representative, and that the vote of confileace in the spoaker, and the Ministry generally-prop sel by Mr J. P. Armstrong, and seconded by Mr Jgha Carroll-was an important
expression of the feeling of the citiz zas of Dunedin, MrMcKenzie, we repea', apoke as a plain man, but he spoke as a man boneatly expressing his convictions-and the policy stated by him as that of his Government was a policy promising good things for the Colony in general.

Mr Timotey Healy, speaking recently at OrossMr Healy on magled, gave a very decided expression of hid enucation. views on education, Mr Healy had been defending bimself against a cbarge of disee sion which wat brought apainst him. "Thery are," he asid," in Kingland large questions affecting the rights of our fellow-conn'rymen and our fellow-Catholics. Scandal was given on a recent occasion by the action of some gentlemen in reference to this queation of religions education, Now, let me say as a lsyman that I take a view with regard to the question of religious edacation and its effect on the government of man somewhat, it may be, of a civil character, as diatinct from the views which gou, very rev and rev friends, may bold. It is this: If the State sets the seal of secolarism upon pablic education, paid for by the taxpayer, it cannot complain afterwards of the Anarchist and the Dynamitard. Lat the people of any country be brought $n p$ in a negation of God a ad of the teachings of conscence and the State can have nothing to rely upon afterwarda but the policemon and the convic! cell and the penal hulke for the enforcment of its laws. We saw through a cantury of atrife and bloodshed the attempt to found a R public in France. We saw the thousands of men who were sent to the scaff ild, the millions of men who fell in battle to suatain the Republican idea. And then when after a century of strife, and after all the acrifices that the French Repubhcans made to attan their ideal of governcent, what was the result? The godess aystem of education which they eatablished nursed as its product men to fling bombs in the faces of their Bepublican Chamber of Deputies; snd we saw another of the products of their godless code stab to the beart the President of the French Republic. Therefore I asy that those politicians who strive for the attainment of secular laber $y$ are laying a very poor foundation for the government of men by divorcing from the minds of youth the sunctions of failh, whicb, in my julgment, are a ntcess,ry cement to good citiz nobip in building up a State." "Hence," be continted, "I viewel with acriety the action of those wh", when autbority, acting within its juris/fiction-as I conceive Cardiaal Vaughan strictly acted on thas question of education-pata forward his viewa not as a politician, not seeking, as I believe, 10 effect any pohtical design, but amply carrying out the Gospel and the mandate of bis Master with a view to provide that the children of four millions of people-a population nearly as large as that of Ireland-sbould not be deprived of snowledge of the tenets of Obrittravity common to both Protestant and to Catbolic-the ordinary simple formulas of our common creed-that he ehuu!d without provocation be assaited by Irish pohticians on the ground that his action was inconvedient to a political party. After baving thought over the matter in the montbs that have gone by since this ecandal arose, and after I had ample time to furm my cinclosions, and baving remained hithertosilent, I now deciare that I cundemn such procedure, ani will have neitber part nor lot in such policies (applausi)." "Perbaps," added the spaker, " thiy expression of opinion will be called 'disseasion.' If as, I would ask is there no dissension on the part of those who cast an outrage upon Cardinal Vaughan? (bear, hear.) In thיre no disseasion 11 ceceating scandal in tae minds of millions of their feltow-coustrymen by vio'ently asvaling the edacational posituon of a Prance of our Faith, and is there only dissension and disunion when, not upon an eternal isnae but on a matter of ephemeral politics, we ven ure to disagree etther with the procedure of the chairman of the Irish Party or any one of his colleagues of the Parliamen!ary Commictes? (Uheers.)" Mr Healy went un to refer to the case of the Irisb Christian Brothers, snd to point out how the recommedation made even by a Board compozed of Conservative Protestants that therr claim tc Staleaid shuld be admitted was refuged by the Home Rule Governm nt. "Taere are," he coacluded, "many who think that he lapse of yeara tringe nbout pos. sibilides of appoasement, and therefore that no time may after all be lost by what has occurred. I trust it will be so, and that if in the
ond it should be found that the Christian Brothers and their papils receive a larger measure of redrese and of reform in consequence of the delay, we will be able to eay that 'out of evil cometh good,' and We etall be very happy to forget the incident, and be prepared to turn uver a new leaf in our minds."

ODDS AND ends.

Tefe recent death of Mr Thomas Dugdale Curry of the Evening Standard recalls an episode of the Franco-German war which, altbough it was of a minor nature and confined to private life, wes not without some wider interest-for Irish people particalarly. Mr Ourry at the time was sub-editor of Galignani's Messenger, an English paper, se evergone knows, published in Parip. He was ariested on a charge of aympathy with the Germane, based on the fact that he was known to be a graduate of the Uaiversily of Bond, and to retain a triendly feeling for the people among whom he bad been educated. It was in the anger caused by the defeat-the debabole of which Zola has written-and little evidence was needed or sought for. The prisoner stood in imminent danger of being ahot, and in all probsbility would heve suffered this penalty but for the spirited condact of his wife. Thia lady-a daughter of the late James Perrin, Esq: J.P., of Leinster Lodge, in the Connty Kildare, and niece of the late Bight Hon Louis Perrin, formerly justica of the Queen's Benchlost no time in appealing, as an Irishwoman, to the consideration of the malitary anthoritieg. She, however, met with some rough treatment in the taek, and it may well be imggined tbat it required a heroic effort on the part of a lady of a somewhat exceptional refinement and delicacy, to go for days from one guard room to another in the middle of a soldiery who regarded her as a representative of the pecple ugainst whom they were incensed. The reward of a brave woman and a good wife was that at length the authorities recognised ber right as an Iribhwoman to a favourable hearing and ber buaband was released. The fact that, at such a time, and under such circumatances, French sympathy for Ireland obtained an expression appears to us worlhy of record.

The Ballarat correspondent of the Melbourne Age of February 9, records he death of a gentleman, who, he says, had been connected with the young Ireland Party, aut assucisted with Thom is Francis Meagher, Oharles Gavan Duffy, and othere. The name ia not familiar to us in this connection, though the asacciatione of its bearer beapeak for him, as a young Irelander, no common indepeudence and gtrength of character. The gentleman referred to is the late Mr K . Le Poer Trencb, a retired judge of the County Court, who died som 3 three or four weeks ago at the age of 83 . Deceased, bays the correspondent, was a son of the lite Hon and Very Bev Charles Le Poer Trench, D.D., Archdescon of Ballinasioe, and grandson of the first Earl of Clancarty. That atatement alone, we ahould asy, proves how completely in admitting national sympathies he must have departed from the traditions of his family. Arcbdeacon Trench, besides, if we may judge from the manner in which bis memory barvived, was a man of a somewhat remarkable personality. Mr Trench, whose political falling off must bave lost for him the support of a family inflaonce in Ireland little, it anything, inferior to that of the Beresforde, bad nevertheless a prosperous career in Victoria. "Sir Grabam (then Mr) Berry," aays the correspondent, "when forming his first Government in 1875, appointed Mr Treceh, who did not occupy a seat in Parliament, Lis Altorney-General, and in 1877, when Mr Berry organised his second Guvernment, Mr Trench was again placed in charge of the Orown Law Department. In 1878 be was raised to the dignity of Q.O., and in 1880 he was ajpointed County Court judge, He also diecharged the duties of Land Tax Conmissioner." simething, however, possibly a goud deat, be must have ascrificed for the aske of Ireland, and, therefore, his mory deserves from us a word of respect. "The deceased leaves a family of fivethree daughters and two sons. Ons of the latter is an officer in the Crown Lands department of New south Wales. Mr Trencb, in professional circles and in private life, was remarkable for his amiable and kindly diaposition, and the news of bie death will canse regret in a wide circle."

Hera is an anecdote of "Buily" Egan-a wull-kzowa Dablin charac'er of the last century-that seems worth repruduction. We find it in an o!d volume of tae Irish Penny Journal-but it is parti nent to the existing situa ion. Eg an, at the time when the Bill fot the Union was under debate, was chairman of Kilmsinham. He was expected to support the Bull, and he looked opon dismissal from bis place as certain ahould he oppose it. "However," asya the Journal, "When the time for the division had arrived, his love of conatry preponderating over his love of pelf, he voted against the meanare, exultDuobtlesa since Bully Eur'a days many porf fellows bave re peated his words-and bad good cause to do 60 .

The work of providing for the spiritual needs of Catholic sailors has nuw been actively taken up in New Yurk. A ieading room for their nee bas been opened at 296 , W. Tench-street. It is in the very beart of the seamen's district,

## L ENTEN PASTORAL OF THE BISHOP OF

 OHBISTORUBOH.John Joserf, by the Grade of God and favour of the Apostolic Sife, Bishop of Ohbistchubch.
To the clergy, secular and regular and faithfol of the gatd diocese healith and senediction in the Lord.
Dearly Beloved Brethren and Chlldren in Jesus Chribt :ONE of the most touching and consoling characteristics of our Holy Church is embodied and ehown forth in the beautiful dogna which is the outcome of the 'communion of saints. Noaring beyond this world of sense, we are, thanks to this sublime doctrine, enabled to hold fumiliar converse with our fellow members of that myatical body whereof Cbrist Jesus is the supreme head.

Our relations with the Charch Triumphant consist in blessing and praising God for their earthly triumphs and heavenly crowns, and in imploring their powerful help to follow in their footeteps, winning like victories here below, and securing like immortal crown 3 hereafter. Of those who depart this life in a state which excludes them from tae via'on of God, some bear on their brow the indelible stamp of mortal sin ; others, though not stript of grace are either sullied with some slight stain, or tave not yet fully atoned for those the eternal guilt whereof bas been already remitted.

With the former we have nought to do. They have died at enmity with their Creator. They have heard the a wfol sentence of, condemnation prononnced against them, and, objecte of the wrath of an outraged God, are now, alas, loat, hopelessly lost in the flames of hell I Bat with the latter we bave the most intimate relations of duty and affection. At the approach of the boly aeason of Lent which, this year, begirs on Asb Wedneaday, February the 27th, and ends on Holy Saturday, the 13th of April, it were well for us to dwell upon much that is implied in these most intimate relations.

With the Bible before ne, sound theology, the writings of the Fathers and well known ascetical writers as our guide, let ne implore the help of our dearest Lady, of the great St Joseph, and of the whole Church Triumphan', whilst we strive to increase our faith, our love, and sympathy in behalf of the poor suffering souls in Purgatory.

Tone shall we practically realise with the inspired penman, that "It is therefore a holy and a wholesome thought to pray for the dead, that they may be loosed from sins" Let us first consider aome of the grounde of our belief in this cotsoling doctrine. We may then medisate on the terrible natare of the sufferings endured by the souls in Pargatory, and on the claims they have upon oux charity. These claims, which are so many motives, too, impelling us to devotion for the dead, arise from their dignity and merit in the sight of God, as well as from their relationship with us.

Ever docile to the voice of holy Mother Ohurch, the diviaely appointed witness and guardian and teacher of all trath, the devont Oatholic fiads no difficulty in admitting the consoling doctrine of Pargatory. He readily believes in a middle state of souls who depart this life in God's grace, yet not withont some slight stains which retard their entrance into the kingdom of beaven, whilat conaigaing them to a temporary place of puoishment. He believes that while thus detained, thes still remain members of that mygtical body of which Jesu; Christ is the invisible head, and are, consequently helped by the pragers and good worka of thair fellow membera of the Church apon earth.

The light of reason no less than that of faith leade him to this bsilief. Is it not written "Nothing defiled shall enter into the kingdom of heaven?" (Apoc. xxı. 27) "none but the clean of heart shall see God?" ( पat. v. 8) and, despite the heroiam of their lives, are not the very just declared to "fall seven times?" (Prov xii 17). Now we know that the least sin is a defilement, a stain on that purity required to enter upon the Beatific vision. Wo see the Almighty obviously alluding to the cleansing flames of Pargatory, When he declares that they " shall not go out from thence till they pay the last farthing" (Matt v 26). So, too, the Apostle asserting, that "some shall be saved, yet so as by fire" (1 Cor iii 15). We know that God is infinitely just and infinitely holy "the searcher of hearts and reins" (Ps vii 10). Where we see the most dazz'ing perfection He miy behold nought but blemishes, For, He will judge justices." He will not, He cannot suffer the lesst taint or imperfection to abide with Him in heaven. We know, too, that His goodness is infinite, that His mercy hath no limits, and that He is too just and bountifal to dom the upright with the wicked; to punish alike slight faults and grievous transgressions ; to treat alike true penitents and wilfally obstinate reprobates. Bearing all this in mind. what shall we think of the thousands who daily go forth from the land of the liviag to the valley of the dead, passing from time to eternity? Shall we place them all in the realms of the blessed? Have we not of ten been witnesses, aye, forsocth partners of their guilt? H, w many wilful omissions, fanlts or imperfections in their very exercises of piety, in the fulfiling of the ordinary duties of their state? How many breachee of cbaritg, slight backbitings or untrathfulness? Now we must never forget that the least defilement or

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Men out of the trade-
Well,
Our frienda knew !
Otbers were incredulous.
Others didn't erquire.
Others dida't care to know.
Bat now

## EVERYBODY KNOWS

That the
HMEIRE
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$\int O M P A N Y$
BEATS THE VORLD:
The facta are these :
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EMEIRE TEA COMPANY, W. $\& \quad a \quad$ TURNBULL $\& ~ C O$. Propaietors,
imperfection debars one from entering the kingdom of beaven. Yet death, it may be, mowed down many a Cariatias audealy, without a momeat wherera to expiste their faulta. Even though they diad after a lingering illness, this very illness may have been to them a fresh cause of offinca, There was a layk of patience to the end, a want of self-denit, of generons djtachm at from creatures, of submisaion to God's adorable will Byyidus woll-known fanlta, how many secret sije unkaown to man; arym re, even loat gight of by gailty self ? But, it may be urged, they co-feosed them in the bacred tribunal of penance. Trae, bat even then, have they fuilg gatisfied the justice of God? David fell grievously, and he repented of his crime. God forgave him the guilt therrof, yet bad he not long to expiste it by the grestest of sufferings? How, then sball we expect such soula to be admitted to God's kingdom immediately after deatb? What shall be their lot 9 Shall we condemn them to bell? Is not the bare thought hateful to as and repagnant to the infinite mercy and justice of $G$ id $?$ Mereover, is it not written "Out of hell there is no redemption?"

We may bave witnessed their faulta, but have we not often witmeseed their hearifalt garrow and humility ton? Dres ant the Boyal Panlmist proclaim this consoling f et: "A contrite and humble heart, O God, Thou wilt not despise?" ( $\mathrm{P}, 50-18$ ).

Is it not then more ia harmoay with our thoughts of God's jantice and mercy that there thould be a middle atate for such bouls? Hive not all peoplea believed in such a state, aud in the efticacy of prayer offered in behalf of those condemned for a time to saffer therein. Yon, too, deariy beloved brethrea and $\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{i} \cdot \mathrm{cir} \mathrm{n}$ in Cbrigt, glory in believing, with the inspired writer. that "it is a holij and a wholesome thonght to pray for the dead that they may be loosed from sins" (ii Mach. xis, 46). And if, at times, it aeems strange that a Gud of infinite goodnese suffer these holy suals to inger a long amid auch fearfal torments, marvel not, but recall to mind the many and striking examples recorded in the asored pages of the chastisements inflicted by the Almighty on what we call vental sin. His just anger spares neitber Moses nor David. Nadab, Ablu, ant othera fail in the observance of mere ceremonial rites under the Old Law, in matters.
dogma is older th.n Chriatianity, tbat it ia unmistakably tanght in the Old Teatament. Open the inspired pages for the proot of our assertion. Do we not raad in 12th rhapter of the second book of Machaboco, verses 30 'o 46, that ooe huodred and fifty years befors the light of the Guapel dawned on the no-ld, after a logg and glorious vistory, the first care of Judas Machabous was to pray to the Lord in behall of thoss of his bretteren who died amid the triamph of war? Was henctafraid lest, though they fell fighting for God and tbir country, some sing they m"y bave committed readered them displeasing to the Almighty? Hear the very words of Holy Writ: The day following fudas came . . to take aray the bodies of them that were slain and to bury them . . and making a gathering, he sent twelve thousand drachms of silver to Jerusalem for sacrifice to be offcred for the sins of the dead thinking well and religiously concerning the resurrection. For it he had not hoped that those that nere slain should sise again, it would have seemed superfluous and vain to pray for the dead And because he considered that they who had fallen asleep with godliness, had great grace laid up for them. It is therefort' a holy and wholrsome thought to pray for the dead that they may be loosed from sins." Does not the inspired penman here praise Judas Machabous for bis act of piety towards the dead? Does be not present him as a model to futare ages? Are not these striking words of Holy Writ atrong Scriptural grounds warranting our belief in Pargatory? Do they not amply prove ite existence? The dead lor whom the Inspured Winter deciares it a bo'y and a wholesome thought to pray are not 14 heaven. The cirizat of beaven are confirmed in grace, hence they can netd no prayers. It cannot be for the dead who are bansbed to hell. For, confirmed in wof, the inmatee of hell are begond all hope of ealvation. Wherefore, prayers for either are useless. Again, the sins to be forgiven the dead by the prayers of the living are not mortsl. One single mortal sin were enough to burl the offeader iato the deptbs of hell. The demons were damned for one aingle sin of pride. If the sins from which the dead sre delivered through the prayers of the living are not mortal then they must be venial sins. If venial, they are enough to prevent those dying with sucb staing on that soul from entering into the kingdom

R E M E M B ER
too, of aeemingly little import, and in circumatances which sbould apparently excuse them. Yet God's dread ire fell beavily upon them. Ozia thoughtlessly stretches fortb bis had to uphold the tottering Ark, when, lol be is immediately gtruck drad in the sight and to the great coosternation of the whole people! Why all thas eeverity? Because the awful parity of God's majesty so deeply abbors the le as b'emish, th it, were we able tis clos for ever the direalgates of bell, ave all who are burang therein, free Purgatury and secure the sal. vation of all maokind by telling one little, the least lie, it were unlawful $t$ ) do 80. For, whatever accidental glory the Almighty migbt receive from the salvation of so ma y myriade, it wuald not adequately atone for the outrage infleted upan the Guchead by this aingle violation of tratb.

Lat us basten to consider other grounds of our belief in the beautifal derotion for the dead. Fram tie remsteat $t_{100} \rightarrow 8$ till the fa'al schisin of the aixteenth century, the dogma of Purgatory was believed and cberibbel everywhere througaout the Cbristian world. Onarchan and cloisters were evergwiry rearet, rich foundotions were made vividly to remind the surgivors o: their ob igation to pray for the departed. Covetous men gloated over the sight of the sporls which would fall to their lot if the dogma of Pargatory could be deniad. Hence the wicked asertion that it was an ingovation, a new-fangled doctrine due to the wiles of a crafty and designing priesthood, and the ignorant simplicity of a superstitious and prieat-ridden people. Hence the cry which was at once taken up and repeated to our own days: "Purgatory bas nether Scriptural nor histoncal grouade to warrant our behef theren," The dogma of of Purgatory an innovation? Prayers for the dead a new.fangled doctrinel Far from this. We fearlegaly procham that they are older than Cbristianity ireelf. The dogma of Purgatury and piayera for the dead are clearly taught in the Old and obviounly imphed in the New Testament. They are to by found in the writiogs of the ent.f Fathers and Doctory of the Cburch Embuliced is all the ancient Liturgies of the Esst and the Weat, they are taught in all the religious aystems if old, whilst the doctron 18 one of the most reasonable and consoling to the buman heart. We bave said that the
of heaven. For it 18 of faith that " Chere shall not enter into it anything elefled" (Apoc. xxi, 27). Yet auch fauits and defilement must be explated and atoned for. The dead cannot explate them in this world. They must do so 10 the next, in the place of expiation, which we call Purgatory, If we pray for them, we hasten their deliverance and do "a boly and a wholesome thing." What have the so-called reformers dore to snatch this and other mo lesq glorions monuments of our fwith fiom the C tholic Chureh? Finding it impossible to weaken the furce of the forgoing passage, like an unscrupulous criminal in presence of an adverse witness, they boldls denied the bouks of the Marbabres to be canoaical. Yot we know that these very books have the same authority as the boly Gospels or any other part of the Bible. On wbat other autbority asve that of the Cathohe Chorch reats the Canon of Hoily Writ? Long centuries before the sad scbism of the sisteenth century snatched so many chaldren from the bosom of the true Church, long before there was any dispute about Purgatory or prayers for the dead, was not the Catbolic Chutchevery where recognised as the sole depository, the faithful guardian of the Word of God contained in the ascred pages of Holy Writ? Was it not throngb her jodgment alone that the world knew what was canonicul or not? What nght bad anyone to reject the authority of booka which for sixteen hondred yeara Christ's Infallible Churcb bad pronounced to be inspired? Wbat right asave tbe fact that these iospired borks condemoed their opinons which were the offepring of their ariogant pride, and the cauae of their unnatural revolt? Rut waiving for the moment the question of their inspiration, who would dare deby their truthfulness as grand historical monumen's, proving to a demonstration, that to pray and offer bucrifice fur the dead was the prevailing pracrice among the Jewe? furthimore we kniw that our beesed Lord came "not to deastroy but to perfect the law." He would puify the Jewish Chureb from all faipe traditic

He condemuy the Pbarisees for probibiting wims of chanty ua the sabbath diy. He rebukes them for their many maovations in doctrinc and dreciphne, as we may see in the 25 th chafiter of the Gospel aecording to st Mattbew. But nowbere does He ever rubuke the Jews for their behef in a middle etate, or in

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#### Abstract

praying for the dead, though Ho well knew this practice to prevail amonget them. Far from this, more than once, does He use worde which obviously imply the doctrive of Pargatory.

Turn to the New Testament, open the Goupel of St Matthew. Do we not bear Eternal Truth declaing in the 12th chapter and the 26th verse, "Whosoever shall sypak a nord against the Son of Man, it shall be forgiven him; but he that Whall speak against the IIoly Ghost it shall not be forgiven him, neither in this world nor in the norld to come," What is the otvious malling of these divine words? Is it not that there are somesmafuration in the next lif ${ }^{\text {? }}$ ? Now it cannot be io beavia, since " ooteng difiled can enter therem" It cannot be in hell where the blood of J, quat Christ, gaye St Bernaid, is not applied, and cut of whick there at no relempion. It mat, then, be in a middle state between he sena a ded bell, that is to say, in Purgatory, out of which our desr Lord ifflims has one shall not go natil the last farthing be pard. Liaten to the entire text. "Be at agreement with thy adrersary betimes mhilst thou art in the way with him, lest, perhaps the adeersary delwer thee to the judye, and the judge delwer thee to the officers, and then be cast onto prison. Amen I say to thee thou shalt not go out from thence till thou repay  Eterbal Truth Himself. In bas fist epastle to the Conathiana, 3, v 15, following bis divino master, the apostle of the Gentiles, deciares the same doctrine in these memorable words, "Othr foundation no man can lay, but that which is laid; which is ('hest Jesks Now if any man build upon this foundation, qoild, selver, precious stones, wood, hay, subble: Every man's work skall be manetest, for the aay of the Lord shall declare it, because it shull be revealed in fire; and the fire shall try evory man's work of what sort it is. If any man's nork abtde which he hath buile thereupon: he shall receace a renard. If any man's work buen, he shall suffer loss; the he homself shall be saved yet so as by fire." Now this cannot be the file of eartb, nor of beaven, nor of bell, it must le in the punfying flamea of largators. Thia in erprestion is the ananmous volve of Christendom, made koown to us by the Fa'hers and Ductors of the Church, fr m the cradie of ber exis ence down to our onn timets. Ans, a.ky the illusirous Cardinal Gibbone, in bis admirable wo.k. "The Faith if on, Fitberr," sball we sabmit to have the nme-bo oured malks of Christian faith ruthleasly rem ved by dircontentad men, wio impatieat of religioua gole reject the docirice of Purantory fixteen bundred years alter the birth of Curistianity, whell alcoe they appeard on the stage? Whom snould we folluw? Tu know the meaning of aome legal point would you not thak " mote leabunabe to follow the decision of our best juriste than that of some poltical derasgogue or rebellious criminal who could bring netther learnigg, nor


authorily, bor tistory to support bis obviously wicked parpose? Should not a like motive which urges us to reject the opinions of ignorant polnuciade or depraved criminala, and embrace that of learned jurista ol a constitutional question impel us to cast aside novelties of relighous innovators, and follow the unanmous teaching of the Fathers of primitive Cbristianity on the great subject of Purgatory? Let ua $g^{\prime}$ ) back to the earhest ages and aak what was the Catbohe helief and practice on this dogma of Purgatory. Tertullian, who ded ahout the year 240 . sayn, "The fathful will pray for the soul of ber departed hasband, paricularly on the anoiversary day of his falling asloep, ard if she fall to do s) she hath repudiated her hayband ay far abin her lies"

In st varal of Lis writings, O igenunaistakably proses the teachings of the early Church on the doctnne of Pargatory. He telle us that they believed it to te a temporary s'ale :a which certain monla are detained onth libeg are thoroughly puille iand fitted for beaven.
"Let the third dav of tie departed," mays it Hippolytus, "be obsirelim pasimy and prayera, on account of Him Who rose again in the epace of thate days; and the ninth for a memorial of the fiving sud the deat; hat the forticth, accor fing to the ancient pattern, for thus the pe ple bewalled doses; and the anoiversary day in memory of the dead."

Describing the funeral of Constantine the Great, Eusebius, the bis'orian, says, in the fourth century, that the body of the prince was latd on a lufty bier, and the minmters of Gud, and the multitade of the neople, whit teare and much lamentation, ffered up prayera and bacrificte for the repose of bis soul. Ho udds that tbis was done accouling to the distree if this puras monarch, who had erected in Constan mople the great church in bormar of the Apostles, so that after his dath the fathful might rimember bim therein. In the same ceniury St Cyril, of Jeru'atm. writes; "We commemorate the holy Fathers, Bistopa, and all who bave fallen asleed amongat as, belleving that the gupplications which we present, will be of great assintance to their soulb" To those who might be tempted to diabc the efficacy of prayer for the dead, be saya: "If a king bad bantahed cettrin $p: r 80 L 4$ wh bad uffended thm, and their relations having wopina crown ghould affer it to bim in bebalf of thuse under his vequeaner, wou'd be not graot a respite to their pubiament? So we, in iffring up a crown of prayers in behatt of those wio bare tallet anlerp, willobtan for them torgiveness through the menas of Jesu, Christ" In the aame century St Ephrem aaya: " ! conjure jon, my breibreu and fucnia, in the oame of that God Who cummands me to leave vou, to remember me whon you assemble to proy. Do not bury me with perfumes. Give them not to me but to Gjd. Me concelved in sorrows, bury with lamentations, and
ingrease of perfumes, aserst me with your prayers. For the dead are benefitted by the prayers of the living sainte." In near!y ons huadred of bas fueral pangyrics, tue same holy Frather speakg of the Christian duty of praying for the dead. In his aermon on the desth of the Emperors Gratian and Vdlentinian, St Ambrose aays: "Bleseed a all both of you be if my prayers can aught avail. No day bball pass you over in ailence. No prayer of mine shall omit to bonour you. No night shall burry by without beatowing on you a mention in my pragers. In every one of the Oblations will I remember you.' Cn the death of Theodosius be tbon ends a beautif.el prayer for his goul. "I loved him, and therefore will I follow him to the land of the living. Nor will I leave bim till, by tears and prayera, I sball lead him unto the holy mount of the Lord, where life is undying, where corruption is not, nor sughs nor mourning.

St Carysortom says: "It wes not without good rason, nay, ordaioed by the Apostles, that mention sbould be made of the dead, in the tremeadous Mysteries, for they well knew that these would derive great benefit therefrom,'

In the ninth book of his Confessions, St Augustine tells us that his mother was at the point of death when she made bim this last riquest: "Lay this body anywhere. Let not the care of it in any way disturb you. This only I beg of you, that you remember me at the altar of the Lord, wherever you be." Liaten, dearlg beloved in Obrist, to the impassioned words in which this great Doctor, one of the loftieat geniuses the world ever asw, praya for his dear departed mother. "O God of my heart, I now beseech Thee for the sins of my mother. Hear me through the merite of the wound that hang upon the woode of the Cross. May she then be in peace with ber husbend. And do thou, $O$ Lord, inspire Thy servante, my brethren, whom with voice and heart and pen I serve, that as many as sball read these lines may remember at thy aliar Monica, thy servant."

The souls of the dead," says the gentle St Bernard, "dwell in three dilerent abodes, according to the difference of their morits, hell, Purgatory, and Paradise. In Purgatory they undergo espiatory sufferings which dispoae to redemption."

With the light of civilization and Christianity StAugustine, who was sent iato Eogland by St Gregory the Great, taught our B.ax ar forefathers the hooour and isvocarion of sainte und devo'ion to the dead. St Patrick did the ome in fathful Ireiand. In those far away landa at home splendid architectural piles, churches and chantries, monseteries and convents were built and endowed by their founders for the especial parpose that prayers and Masses should be offered in them for ever in behalf of the donors when departed This is more than enougb to sbow that far from being a new fangled view, the doctrine of Purgalory andprayer for the dea! were enforced in the earliest and what are callad the parest ages of the Chareh.

The most illustrious Fathers aud Ductors of the Cuurch treated this beantiful doctrine not as a purely theoreticul principle, but as an imperative duty, an act of daly piety, which should be, a4, 10 fact, it was in the early ayes of faitb, embidied on the dally exercises of derotion The dear departed were prayed for manog and night in the Divine Offise, in the Holy Sicrifies at which our Catholic forefathera made it a duty to ass:st every day of thir liver. Oo Sundaya they did what we do to-day, they anked the prayers uf the congregation for the souls of the faithful departed. In exeavating the Boman catacombs many most interesung inscriptiona bave been brought to light. Many most toucbing in their pious simplacity, implore peace and rest, and prayers for those over whoss sepulchre the ingcriptions had been placed. They are speaking memorialn proclaiming that the Oharch of God, at the very cralle of ber axiatence, taught her children, as she teachis them to-day, to dffer up fervent prayers in bebalf of the dead.

The beautiful doctrine of Purgatory, logether wab the practice of praying for the dead is embodied in all the must ancient Liturgies of the world. In the tiband 5tb ce, tuates the herisiarchs Arias, Nestorius, and Eutyches, bratched countlegs sonas from the centre of unity which had hitberto and hippily united the churcber in the Hast and in the Went. The secis foundrd by these wretcbed apostates bave since formed many diatiuc' communiti a, et parating from the one and only Catholic Church in the E.at, as the Protertant Churches, with their boste of offipriagy, have separa'ed from ber is the West, The Greek achismatic Charch, of whech the present KussoGreek Charch is the offthoo', gevered her coaucetion with the Apostolic See in the 9:h century urder the unbappy Pbu ius. Now in all thess Liturgies, that is to say in the eatabhathed furmuary of public worship contaning the authoraed form of pragers in the seperal sec $s$, we find formularies of pragers for tho dead, almost iderincal with those to be round in our authorsed Liturpical formulary, the Homas Massal. Listen to this: "Remember, O Lord, Thy eervante who are gone before us, with the alga of faith, and sleep in peace. To these, O Lord, and to all who rest in Cbrist, grast, we begeech Thee, a place of refreshment, ligbt and peace, through the eame Corist Jesus our Lord." Daring the $\mathbf{V a t i c a n}^{\text {Councal the illastrious }}$ Cardidal Gibbona called upon the Oriental Patriarcha and Bishops, belonging to Armenan, Obaldaic and Copuc, Maronte aod Ngria? Rites, They all assured bim that the scrusmatic Cbustians of the

East pmong whom they live, have, without exception, prayers and sacrificey for the dead, Nuw how cuali all these sects who bave so long been separated from the Church, have adopted the Catholio practice of prising for the dead, unless they knew that it had come down from the A postles ?

It may not be out of plecs to remark that the Jews, who, two thourand years ago, offered up prayers for the dead, still retsin that pions practice in their Liturgy.

Ia justice to our eeprara'ed brethren, we must add that many, better than their religion, are retarning to the faith of their forefathers ne to the belief of Pargatory. Of 1 te several Ringlish Protestant worka have been publighed all bearing on the aubjest of Purgatory. They all contain pragerafur the des 1 , and prove from Cathohe grounds the existence of a middle state after daath, and the duty of praving for the departed brethren. So true is this doctrine of Purgatory that some in our own days go so far as to deny that hell is eternal. Now a bell which is not eternal mast be Pargatory. Lather snd Calvin declare their belief that the Apostles themselves approved of prayers for the dead. Treating of the text of the beloved Disciple, St Jobn, "He that knoweth his brotber to sin a gin which is not death let him ask and life shall be given him who sinneth not to death. Lather eays: "I believe that there is a Pargatory. I am certain of this truth, I believe that the souls imprisoned there are helped and relieved by the prayera of the living.

In face of such strong scriptural and historical warrant for our belief in pargatory, it will doubtless occur to some amongat you to wonder bow tbs contrary opiaiun bas gained ground among nonCatholica? How England, though for some time after she had thrown off her allegiance to the true Cnurch of the Bible and held the Catholic dcetrine, so soon caused thia astoundiog assertion to be inserted in ber Thirty-nine Ariicles. "The Romish doctrine concerning purgatory, pardons . . . is a fond thing vainly invented and grounded upon no warranty of acripture, bat rather repuganat to the Word of God." From whom did this lying article emanate ? Was it not from the spost at's Crammar? Is it not a atera, stabboro, historical fact that thas perjured priest, the first Protestant archbishop of Carterbary, wuald faia pan ier to the pasaions of the Protector Siymour, who had obcailed frum a servile Parliament an Act, in viriue of which be might geiz: upon the rich foundations made by nur Catho ic ancegturs for Manses tor the dead ? Is not the Cathohe ductrine of purgatory must ruasmable, one most consoling to the buman heart? Is it not a cum ort to know tnat with the funer littes all io not over betwere us and thase who ware once so near anit dear to us on earth? How dreary the religion which woald ae: up impassible barriers between the living and the dead? Do not the very instincts of our heart urge us to follow our dead beyond the cold gravel Do not they tell us that in praying for our dear departed ones we are acting with the strongest geriptural and historical grounds-with the voice of the whole Charch from the very dawn of her exia'ence? Is it not a consolation to feel that if 1 ke Augustine, we $f$, ndly watch over the couch of a dying mother or farber, we may, too, hike Augustine, follow those beloved ones even beyond the toab by praying for the repose cf their souls? Ob! what a comfort for the grief-stricken mon to know that the golden bond of the cowmunion of raints athl unites us to thnee who f all agleep in the Lord, aud that, th. nks to this huly communion, we may stid bold fonid converge with our dear departed, and help them by our prayers and indulgencts.

Oar late Laureste re ms to have grasped this Catholic feeling when be makels biy hero Artbur, ith his last moments thas addees his comrade in arms, Sir Bedivere

If thon ehouidst Lever a e my face again,
Pray for my aoul. More things are wrought by prayer
Than this world dreams of. Wherefore let thy vuics
R se like a fuuntain for me ought and day.
For what are men better than sheep and goa's
That nourtsb a blad life withon $h \rightarrow$ brain,
If, knowidg God, they lift not han is of prayer
Bith for themselves and those who call them fread?
For so the whole round earth is every way
b und by gold chains nbout the fert of God.
But now, farewell. I am going a lorg way.
Where J will beal ma of my grievous wound."
This it if, dearest in Christ, which robs death of ita bittereat ating and enables ua to bear up under the sad separa ion of thoss who were once mire to us thin all the wird b side

To tum ap what have hitherto said on the d ctrive of Paigatory and devotion for the datat:-This doctriua and devotion are grianded on tbe authori'y and teaching of the Bible. Eoforced in the Cburch of the O't Law. it is fqually so in the $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{n}$ igogue of t )
 Fatherg of the Crume: in every ag: and clim", whist the E ast an the Weat have weorporated it in then Liturgiey, It is pruclaimed and practised by tba schismatic (hriatiads seatterud over differint parts of tse Eant It waa tha cher shed behtef of every nation. civi. irsed and pagan, Greek and Roman. Bra 18h. Celt, or Sayon. It 18 a aevotion firmly beit $v t d$ and fondly treasured by the three kundred millame of the chaldren of the Catholic Courch, as well as hy nt a few of the chidirna of the Chureh of England. What but pride or piesumption could prefer a private opinon to this 1 menare weight, carring with it, as it does, thp greateat learning, h oliaens, and authority? Wi re in not a preof of impiety to bold back with sile $t$ lip
while the Catholic world is uncensingly sending up to the throna of God an "Eternal $r$ "st give to them, O Lord" for our dear departed Were to not cruelly cold, hesitlessig cold, to refosp a fervani prayer ior your dear departed father or mother, sister or brother, wife or buebans, out of a mere pri judice, "ganis ev.rj Surip ural, ustorical, bueband, out of a mert?
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## PIETRO'S REVENGE.

## (By B. Batap, in the, Weekly Freeman.) I <br> ( Onxoluded.)

It was late in the season and the weather was alightly ancertain, but they had a lovely Italian forenoon for going up the wonderful sig-rag road on the Western side of the pass, At the top there wrs \& alight aprinkling of snow, and clouds hung over the lofty Ortler group of peske. As they got lower down a steady, persistent rain set in, and they were glad to get to the abelter and warmoth of the oblong atone inn at Franzensbone, where a good dinner awaited them, After dinner the weather cleared somewhat, bat the clonds atill obscured the tops of the mountains, and the roads were slippery. Standiah regretted this, for he wanted to show his bride the eplendid scenery of the next five miles, where the road eig-zage down to Trefoi, each elbow of the dizzy thoronghfare overhanging the most awful precipices. It was a dangerous bit of road, and even with two horses requires a cool and courageons driver with a ateady hand. They were the only gueats at the inn, and it needed no practised eye to see that they were a newly-married couple, The news apread abroad, and every lounger about the place watcher them get into their carriage and drive away, one hind wheel of the carriage aliding on its skid, and all brakes on.

At the firat turn Standiab atarted, for the carria e weat around it with dangerous apeed. The whip cracked, too, like a succession of pistol shote, which was unueual going down the mountain. He said nothing to alarm bis bride, bat thought that the driver had taken on more wine than was good for him at the ina. At the second tarn the wheel actually alid against and bumped the atone post that was the oole guard for the fearful precipice bulow. The sound aud shock sent a cold chill up the back of Standiah, for he knew the road well, and there were worse places to come. Hia arm was around bis wife, and he withdrew it gently so as not to alarm her. As be did so she looked up and ehrieked. Following her glance to the window of the closed carriage where the back of he driver is asually to be seen, he eaw pressed againat the glass the distorted face of a demon. The driver was kneeling on his seat instead of sitting on it, and was pearing in at them, the reing drawn over hia shoulder and bis back to the horses, It seemed to 8tandiah that the lighi of insanity gleamed from bis eyee, but Tiaa saw in them the revengeful glance of the vendetta, the rage of the disappointed lover.
"My God, that's not our driver !" cried Staudish. He did not recognise him as the man whohad endeavoured to kill him. He eprang up and tried to open the froat window, but the driver yelled out :-
"Open that window if you dare, and I'll drive you over here before you get half way down. Eit still and I'll take you as far as Weisse Knott. There you'll have a drop of milk," (un miglio).
"Turn to your horees, you scoundrel," shoatad Standiah, " or I'll break every bone in your body!"
"The horses know the way, Signor Inglese, all our bones are going to be broken, youra and your aweet bride'd as well as mine."

The driver took the whip aod fired off the fusillade of cracks over head, beside them, and under them, The horses dasbed madly down the slope almost sending the carriage over at the next tarn, Standish looked at his wife. She bad apparently fainted, but in reality had merely closed her syes to shat out the horrible sight of Pietro's face. Standish threw his arm out of the open window, unfastened the door, and at the riak of his neck jumped out. Tina obrieked when she opened her eyes and foand herself slone, Pietro now pashed in the frame of the froat window and droppel ic out of night, leaving him face to face with her, with no glass between them:
"Now that goar fine Ingleae is gone Tina, we are going to $b^{*}$ married ; you promised it you know.
"You coward!" she hissed. "I'd rather die his wife than live yours."
"You're placky, little Tina, yon always were; but be left youI woaldn't have left gou. We'll be married at the chapel of the Tbree Holy Springs, a mile beyand the Weisee Knott; we'll fly through the air to it, Tina, and our bed will be at the foot of the Madatsch glacier. We will go over togetber near where the man threw his wife down. They have marked the spot with a marble slab, but they will put up a bigger one for un, Tina, for there's two of na."

Tius crouched in the corner of the carriage and watched the face of the Italian as if she were fasciarted. She wanted to jump out as her husband had done, but she wis afraid to move, feeling certain that if ahe attempted to escape Pletro would pounce down upon her, He looked like some wild beast cruching for a spring. All of a sudden she saw something drop from the aky on the footborrd of the carriage. Then she heard her husband's voice ring oat-
"Here. you young fool, we've bad enough of this nonsense."
The next moment Pietro fell to the road, propelled by a vigoroas kick. His position lent itself to a treatment of that kind. The carriage gave a bump as it passed over Pietro's leg, and then Tina thinks that she fainted in earnest, for the next thing she knew the carriage was standing still, and Standish calling her pleasant names. She smiled waaly at him.
"How in the world did you cated up to the oarriage and it going so fast f" she eaked, s woman's curiosity prompting ber first words.
"Oh, the villain forget about the short cats. As I warped him, he ought to have paid more attention to whal was going on oftaide. l'm going back now to bave a talk with him. He's lying on the road at the upper end of this alope."

Tina was ingtantly herself again.
"No, dearest," she aaid carelessly; " you muatn't go back. He probably has a knife,"
"I'm not afraid."
"No, bat I am, and you musn't leave me."
"I would like to tie him up in a hard knot, and take him down to civilusation bumping behind the carriage as laggage. I think be's the fellow who knifed me, and I want to find out what his game is."

Here Tina unfortunately began to faint again. She asked for wine in a far off voice, and Standisi at once forgot all about the demon driver. He mounted the box and took the reins himself, He got wine at the little cabin of Weisee Kaott, a mile or two further down. Tina, who had revived amazingly, probably on account of the motion of the carriage, shuadered as she looked into the awful galf and saw five tiny tos houses in the gloom nesrly a mile below.

At Trefoi they found their own driver awaiting them.
"What the devil are you doing hereand how did you get here?' hotly inquired Standtsh.
"By the short cuta," replied the bewildered man. " Pietro, one of master's old drivers, wanted, $I$ don't know why, to drive you at far as Trefoi. Where is he, sir ?"
"I don't know," said Standish. "We saw nothing of him. He must have been pushed off the box by the madman. Here, jump up and let na get on."

Tina breathed again. That crisia was over.
They live very happily togethar, for Tins is a very tactiol little Woman.

## MISBING FRIENDS.

Byrne, Micharl; native of Ballinvally, Molmolin, Gorsy, County Wexford ; left Ireland 35 yeare ago; last heard of 10 years ago in Sydney and Melbourne ; gought for by his sister Klliza,

Canney or Kenny, Bridget and Margaret, of near Talla, County Clare ; emigrated to the Australian Colonies; Bridget about 41 years ago, and Margarat about 40 years ago; sought for by a friend.

Donahou, Ann, left Annaghan, Connty Cavan, 15 years ago for Australa; ; bought for by her brother John,
cox. Thomas, left Kilfoylan, King's County, 13 years ago, for Australia; last heard of 9 yeara ago; was then in Melbourne; sought for by his brother John.

Keeffe, Thomas, left Cappoquin, County Waterford, 15 years ago for Anstralia; last heard of 10 gears ago was then in Adelaide, South Australia ; sought for by his mother.

Mrs M‘Ketrick (maiden name Mary Dunn), left Laigh, Tharles, County Tipperary, 33 years ago for Australia; last beard of 20 years ago; was then in Melbourne ; eought for by her sister.

O'Connor, Daniel, left Maghera, County Derry, 25 years ago; last heard of 14 years ago; was then living near Danedin, New Zealand ; sought for by his brother James.

O'Neill, John; left Ballyclane, County Antrim, years ago and proceeded to Philadelphia, from whence he went to New York; last heard of 2 years ago, was then in Australia; songht for by his father.

Punny, John, left Haslingden, Ladocashire, 32 years ago, sailed from Birkeohead for New Zealand; last heard of was living in Christchurch; sought for by his sister Bridget.

Regan, Patrick, left Ballycourıgan, Ballina, County Tipperary, 30 years ago, for Auatralia; when last heard of was serving in Melbourne Police ; be resigned and left for New Zealand; sought for by his sister Ann Regan.

Rowe or Boe, Mathew and Malachy, of Dablin, emigrated to Australian Colonies, Matbew, 43 years ago, last heard of at Ballarat; Malachy sailed from Liverpool 39 yeara ago for Melbourne; sought for by their brother Panl.

Sargeant, Anne (maiden name Nolan), left Dublin 13 years ago ; last heard of 4 geara ago, was then at Rito Oreek, Clermont Branch, Queansland; sought for by her brother William.

Sheehan, Michael M, left Dromkerry, and proceended to Pbiladelphia, from whence he went to New York; last heard of 2 years ago, was then in Australia; songht for by bis father.

Wilson, Peter, left Leabeg, Ballycumber, King's County, 10 years ago; last beard of was staying at Burke's Boyal Hotel, Bowen, Gueensland; sought for by his brother Patrick.

Replies to the above to be addressed to the Weekly Freeman office, Dublin.

Long, John, native of Donaghmore, Connty Cork, Ireland; father's name, Terence Long ; mother's name Ellen Morrisson; was last seen at Home, but anbsequently went to Australia, Any informan tion of him will be thankfally received by bis brother, James Long, 17 Orient atreet, Worcester, Mass., or M. J. Toomey, 38 Green street, Worcester, Masg.

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A, Todd, on behalf of Thei New Zealand Loan and Mercantile agency Co., Limited, repert tor week ending February 27, as follows:-

Store Cattle-Tbe market remains quiet, but immediately the stubble is free and turnipa ready grown cattle will be in more request, during the past week we placed 40 dry cows at full market rates.

Ftore 8teep-A moderate amount of basiness is passing in these aithongh up to the present trensactions are mostly confined to crossbred wethere, age 1 ewes are negiected and only a very few sales of merinos bave so far been effected though as soon as barvest 18 over an improvement in the demand can bardly fall to be experienced.

Wool-Latest cablegrams to hand report the London market firm, and prices realised for lots sold privately since the closing of the lagt series show a slight advance. There is nothing being done in the local market pending the salea to be held on Thursday of this week when a good attendance of buyers is expected to put in an appearance, the firmer tone of the market at Home should influence the local in sellers' favour on this occasion,

Sbeepskins-We submitted a full catalogue at our anction sale on Monday when the fall compliment of buyers aenally to hand on these occasions were present: Country dry crossbred, inferior to medium brought $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{g}} 4 \mathrm{~d}$ to 1 s 9 d ; ds do merioo, 1 g 3 d to 1 s 8 d ; mediam to good crossbreds, 1s 101 to 2 s 4 d ; beavy, 2 s 6 j to 3 s 4 d ; extra do, 3 g 6 d to 493 d ; good to best merino, 1 g 9 d to 2 s 3 d ; heavy, 2 s 4 d to 2893 ; extra do, 2810 d to 383 d ; dry pelts, 1 d to 2 d ; green crossbred pelts, 10 d to 1 s 3 d ; green lamesting, 19 to 1 g 9 j each.

Rabbitekins-The marker is neccessarly quiet owing to the absence of aupplies. Small lote come to hand from time to time for which theresre buyers at all times but the busineas done is unimpor. tant; paices raling for the few lots offering are an follows, say for epring ekins 6 d to $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$; summer do, 5 d to 6 d ; suckers, halt-grown, and inferior sorte, $1 \frac{1}{2} d$ to $4 \frac{1}{2} d$ per lb .

Hides-Inferior mod hight, $1 d$ to $1 \frac{3}{4}$; light to medium weights,
 to 3 d per db ,

Tallow and Fat-All available supplies are disposed of readily to the local manufactures at prices showing no change on those ruling latelg. $B \cdot s t$ rendered mutton, 17 s to 18 a 6 d ; medium to good, 15 g 6 to 16 B 6 d ; inferior to medium, 12 s 6 d to 14 e 6 d ; best fresh mutton caul fat, 12 s 91 to 13 s ; medinm to good, 1186 d to 12 a 6 d ; inferior to meduum, 108 to 11 s per cert (ex store).

Wbeat-Bince our last report his market has not undergone any aigniffeant change. The demand is by no means brisk, buyers being only disposed to operate when sellers show a disposition to quit at prices more in accordance with the former's idea of value. Best milling velvet, 2 s 9d to 2910 d ; good to best do, and best Tuscan, 2 d 8 d to 2 s 9 d ; good to best red wheat, 2 s 7 d to 2 s 8 d ; medium 2 d 6 d to 287 d ; gond whole fow 'h' wheat, $2 s 6 d$ to 237 d ; broken and inferior to mediam, 2s 3 d to 2 s 6 d (ex store, ascks weighed in, terme)

Oats-Transactions during the past week have been unimportant confined chiefly to the aupplying of the small demand existing for local requirements. Best brigbt stont milling, ls $4 \frac{1}{2} d$ to 1 s 5 d ; atout bright short feed, 1 a 4 d to $1 \mathrm{~s} 4 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$; medinm to good, $1 \mathrm{~s} 3 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~d}$ to
 extra, net).

Barley-There is no demand for local requirements, malstera baving the ides that the supply this season 18 so very mach heavier are not desposed to operate until prices are eatablished and more to their aatisfaction. Prime malting, $3 s$ to 383 d , medium. 2 a 6 d to 2 g 9 d ; milling, 2 s to 2 s 6 d ; feed, 1 g 6 d to 1e 9d (ex store, sacks extra, net).

Grasa Seed-Best dressed perennial, 3s 9d to 4a 3d; undressed, extra clean, guaranteed perenaial, $3 s$ to 393 d ; good to best, 2 g 6 d to 2 s 9 d ; foul and medium, is 6d 102 s 3 d (ex atore, sacks extra, net).

Cocksfoot-Best, 4 d to $\frac{12}{2} \mathrm{~d}$; medinm, 3d to 4 d per lb.
Cbaff-Consignments being rather more than sufficient for requirements prices this week show little or no improvement, best
fetcbing L2 7s 6d to L2 108; extra prime, L2 12s 6d; medinm to good, L2 to L2 5s ; inferior, L1 7 s 61 to Li 17s 6d per ton (net, ex truck, sacks returned).

Dairy Produce-Market quiet confined to retail parcels, and not moch enquiry at any time Best dairy-made salt batter difficult to place at $4 \frac{1}{2} d$ to $5 d$; medium, 3 d to $3 \underset{i}{1} d$; factory-made, 10 d per lb: Factory-made cheese, mediam size, $4 \frac{1}{3}$ d to $4 \frac{3}{4} d$; lomerbape, $4 \frac{3}{4} d$ to 5d; dairy-made, 2d to 3d per 3 b .

Flax-Smail parcels are occasionally placed for local mannfacturing but hardly any for export. Quotations nominal, say for medinm to good, L13 10s to L14 10s; inferior to medium, L10 to L12 per ton (ex atore).

WELLINGTON STOOK, HORSE, AND PRODUOR MARKETS A. G. Taine and Co, report on the marketa for Febramey 22 :-

Fat Sheep-Home prices being so unfavourable, values are coming down, 89 to $9 s$ being top prices ; fat ewes 5 s to $6 a 6 d$.

Fat Lamber- 7 s to 8 s ,
Store Sheep-Wethers, 59 to 68 ; ewes, 4 to 6 tooth, good lines, 7 s ; medium, 5 s ; f.m., 1s 6 J to 3 s . The present panio in sbeep (for it is nothing lees) is not marranted

Fat Cattle-17s per 100 lbs.
Store Cattle-Easier, sa they generally are at this time of the year. Weaners, 20 s to 25 s ; yearlinge, 30 a to 40 s ; two-year-olde, L 2 IOs to L3; three-year-old steers, I, to L4 10 s.

Pige-Slips, 10 s to 11 s ; porkere, 20 s to 25 s ; baconers, 35 s to 45 s , and inclined to ease.

Horses-We held our neual horse sale on Saturdsy. There wan a moderate entry of horses in our yards, and a fair attendance. The horsea consisted mostly of light harness horses and backs, including a few express horses. Bidding was not brisk, except for expreas sorts, We sold a medum five-jesr-old draught for L12 10s; a wellbred hack by Ascot, another by Foulshot, and a young expresa horee Were withdrawn at L12 10s. A well-bred hack mare broagbt L10; aged harness horses, L4 $155^{3}$ to L7 103; weedy and aged aorts, L2 100 to L3 15s. We sold a spring trap for LiO 5a, and a lot of harnesa at aatiafactory prices.

Wool-We bave placed some late clips privately. Stained wool, 5 d ; light, $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ to 7 d ; pieces, up to $3 \mathrm{~d}^{1}$ per 1 b .
sheepskan-All coming forward selling freely at well up to late quotations.

Mr F. Mernan. King street, reports:-Wholesale price onlyOats: Quieter, feed, is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ d to $1 \mathrm{~s} 4 \frac{1}{2} d$; geed, nominal. Wheat : Milling 2 s 9 d to 3 s ; fowle' wheat, 2 s to 2 s 7td. Chaff: Inferior, to medium, 30 s to 40 s ; good to prime, $£ 25 \mathrm{~s}$ to $£ 2$ 10s 01 . Hay: Oatu, £3; ryegrass, £2 0s. Potatoes: new locals, L2 to L2 15s per ton; market full, imported, unsaleable. Flour: Stone, $\boldsymbol{2 6} 10$ s to $£ 7$ Os; rollor, £7 to $£ 710 \mathrm{~s}$. Oatmeal, $251 \mathrm{be}, \AA 8$; bulk, $£ 7$ 15s; Butter fresh, 4 d to 10d, salt, 5 d , dull demand Eggs, 9 d per dozen (plentiful).

The Naw Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency offor liberal advances on grain. Sales are condurted by them every Wednesday at the Burnaide yards. Cornsacks and twines supplied to order.

The City Boot Palace, 71 George atreet, Danedin, paints the lity by adding dasly to its fame. Nothing can be found to sarpass ite stock of boots and ahoes.

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FOK MELBOURNE, VIA BLOFF AND HOBAKT - TAKAWHRA, s. s, on Monday. March 4. Probengers from Danedin by 230 pm train
FOK SYUNEY, VIA LYTTELTON AND WELLINGTON - WAKATIPU g. \&., oo Monday. March 4. Passengers from Dunedin by 2.30 p.m. train.
GOR WEST'ORT, via TIAARU, AKAROA, LYTTELTON, AND WELLINGTON' -COBINNA, s.s., on Fridsy, March 7 Pazsengera from Dunedin Wharf at 5 p.m. Oarg, till 1 pm
FORGKEYMOUTH AND HOKITIKA, VIA OAMAKU, TAMAISU, LYTTELTON, and WKLLINGTON.-HERALD, 日.s., about W, doesday, March 6. Parseogers from lowedin Wharf at $10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Cargotill 3 p p.m, FUA FIJI, from AUCELAND.-TAVIUNI s\& whout Thuscuay, march 28.
FOR TONGA, SAMOA RDD SXDNEY, from $A U C K L A N D-O V A L A U$, about March 14. OFFIOES:

Corner Voge), Water, and Cumberland street

## NEW CATHOLIC CBURCH．

## （ $/$ aramaki ILerald，Fubruary 18．）

IT was indeed a memorable day on sunday for the Catholics of New Plymouth，for never before had there been such a large and repre－ entative resemblage se was present at the consecration of the vew St Josepa＇s Caurch．The butidirg，wh．ch is remarkably imposing so a specimen of architectaral skil，thas been erected from designs by Mr P．G．Sma＇h，of this town．It is in the Early English Guthic atple of architecture，and bult if woud，na a cut stone foundation， The nave is 60 feet by 30 fent，wi．h walls 20 feet high，staycd with buttresses and rouled with an upen Coikic－framed rib pribelsal roof， diagonally sheeted and covered with galvanised corrugated iron， There is a nest，ronmy porch on the front elevation，with two doable doors，and dressed stons steps permitting of easy and com fortable exit．The annc uary，at the end of the vave，for the High Altar，is 20 feet by 20 fett with a larged +4 －moulded arch，aupported on heavg turoed columas，and on each si le are the small caspels of the same design．The vestries，one ou esch side of the sanctuary，are 14 feet by 12 feet，placed in the anglea，giving a uniform appearave neatly breaking up the outline of the plan．The building was erected under the superintendence of Mr P．G．Smith，architect，New Plymonth．

Sunday was a most exquisite day，The sky was claar，and the aun abone brightly during the whole of the day．Everything was in favour of the anepicious event．A special train from Hawera，which stopped at intermediare stations，arrived at $1045 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ ，which brought up not only the choir from the Hawera Catholic Charch，but about a hundred and tharty of the members of that deoomination．Others came by the train，which is said to have brought to New Plymouth 250 gettlerg from Hawera and intermediate atations．

The permanent seating in the charch could not accommodate all the congregation，and a good deal of improvised seating bad，there－ fore，to be provided．At $11.15 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{m}$ ．the ceremony of consecrating the charch was commenced by his Grace Archbigbop Redwood，assiste＇l by the Rev Father Malvibill（Hawera），the Rev Father McKenna and the Rev Father Cognet（New Plymouth），and altar boys walking in procession from the Banctaary to the mand entrance of the build ing，where the ceremony of blessing the new edifics was commenced． The procession then passed around the outside，and on entering the church again prayers were sald．After that the interior was blessed， his Grace sprinkling the walls of the bualding with boly water．The procession then passed into the Sacristy．On the return of the clergy his Grace was robed in fult canontegls，and tock his seat to the left
of the altar，looking from the coogregation．The ordinary service of the Mase was then proceeded wut．

Just before the＂Oredo，＂hin Grace Archbishop Redwood preached．He prefaced bis germon by eaying it was only a few monthe since the beautiful church that they were cuosecrsting that day had been deditated to God on the occasion of the ceremony of laying and blessing the foundation stooe．He was gorg to preach to them that day about God．and the obligatiuns they owed their Creator，whose creatures they and be were．It was his intention to base kia remarke on the words，＂I am Thy gervant；give me under－ standing that I may koow Thy Commandmente．＂He said his remarks were sddressed to thoss who hd assumed believed there was a God．His Grace then proceeded to demonstrate what was the nature of the services they should render to The Ureator $t$＂whom they owed all they paseessed．They mat beheve in Tre Creator． Anyone who dentec there whs a（reator went aghingt all teaching， stultified bimself，went againgt bis conscienze，and agsinst the common sense of those aronad him．It was no use taiking to such a man．On the otber hand if they belleve in the＂reator，which they must decessatily do，then they must obey all His divine commands sad injunctions．Archbishop Redwood then showed the power of the commands of God，which was unhmited and unfettered，and then proceeded to pant out that His love was extended to all，ani was not confined to any particular one of Gud＇s cresiures．libe preacher gave several striking comparisons，llustrating bis remarks on the power and beneficence of God，and exhor ed his hearers to obey the Commandmeata．His Grace concluded a pnwerful and reasoning sermon by congratulating the people of New llymouth on the erec－ tion and possession of such a beaulful charch as they were in，which Was a credit to the arciitect who dengned it，to the builders，to the priest who arranged the interior，and to the people who so liberally subscribed．

A collection was then made，and a substantial sum was subscribed．

The music was in the hands of the Hawera choir，under the con－ ductorship of Mr Joseph Higham，aselsted by an orchestra consisting principally of members of Mr Garry＇s orchestra．The respective parts were as follows ：－Sopranos，Meadsmes Fiynn，Wait＇sker，an i Miss Koight．Altos，Misees E．and N．Flynn，aud Edwards Tenors Mesers J．Gilman，Bacbelor，Oohno，and Hall．Babees，Messrs J． Bussell，E．Walton（of Auckiand），and J．Higham Orchestr Organ，Miss A．Flyna；first violin，Mr H．Cotier ：secood viulin，
Mr Booth；double bass，Mr IS，Hughes；first elarionst，Mr
 （Hawera）．The music rendered in the morning was Haydn＇a No 1 Aass．Of all that great author＇s masg s the No 1 is the most aublime，the chorases beang quite as grest and massive as thoge of the composer＇s Creation．The＂Kgrie＂opens with a grand solema adagio in which the trumpets furm an important feature，where it is a change to $3-4$ time in which the fugato mamee its appearance．The
respective parts took up well the fugue theme． apective parts took up well the fugue theme．
After the sermon came the＂Credo，＂

After the sermon came the＂Credo，＂a weighty nilegro oboras．
next movement 18 the＂Et Iacarzatus，＂ooe of Haydtr＇a most brantiful，heavenly compositions．It ia in the form of an alto solo， then repeated with soprano ant sloo in duct；the same theme is again repeated in trio，1st an＇l 2nd soprano and alto．The soo parta
were enatained by Meadames Flynn and Whittaker，and Misa N． Flyn．The clarionet a tos in tbis passage were a beantiful feature， and Messrs S．Cottier and Gred Newell did them full justice，and the pizz esto accompaniment of the strings was must eff ic ive．The Urustusas changas to the m：nor，and wassintrio for tenor and arat and secund bass，the respective parte beigg taken by Mr Gilman， Rugs il＇，and Waiton．Tbe next pasezges，the＂Et Regurrexit＂and ＂Rit Vitam＂are again two heavy aud brilliant choruses，at this part of the survice is gang the Offertory，the plece rendered being a ＂Tan＇am Ergo，＂a duat for soprano and alto in allegretto 3.4 time， composed by the organist，Mias Flyna．It is a mosit melolious and devo＇ional composition，and does the young lady composer the highest hovour and credit．It way very appripriate in its pasition
in the service．The duet was aing by Mra Flynn and Misa Nellie Flyon Toe＂Sanetus！Sanctus！Sanctus！＂（＂Holy！Holy！ Huly 1 ＂）opans with a full soluma alagio chorus，which brebks into an allegro fagato．The＂Agaus Dai＂is a aolpmnadagio choras， which ia followed by the＂Dona Nobis，＂the last choros，which brings the Mass to a most brilliant completion．The voice parte were well austanced throughout．The orchestra was a great factor in the masic The instrumentation is a most difficull one，and requires firat－clags artists to perform and an able and talented conductor to lead them， and the way chey attended to their respective parts proves them all to be artista．

This concluded the morning eervice
There was snother large congregation at the Vespars eer－ vice，when Archbishop Redwood delivered a sermon on bow to keep the Coramandmonts，which was s sequel to the sermon in the morning．$B$ fifore procseding to deliver the sermon， $\mathrm{H}_{18}$ Gisce，on bebalf of himself and the Bev Fatber McKonna，the priest of the parish，heartily thanked the Hawera choir and the orchestra for the valuable servic es they had readered that day．His Grace then proceeded to show that the Commandments could only be kept by conscienious and constant prayer，and，in an impressive address，he exhorted his bearars to always caltivate praying．Mothers and fathers，be added，should alwaye sat a good example in this respect to their children like Jeens Cbrist bad set the lexample to the Apostles．

The masical portion of the services conssted of the Vesper psalme；the Magnificat（Webb），a sparkling chorus intersparsed by sol：s，which were taken by Mrs Wbittaker，Miss N．Fiynn，and Mr Gilluan ；Zingarelli＇s Lquadate，tenor solo and chorus，the soloist being Hr Qulman；Offertory，Ave Marla（Cherubini），Mips Carrie Knight， soloint ；Binedietis， 0 Salataris（Stemforth），the trio bing taken by Misgea $K$ and $N$ ．Flynn，and Mears Bichelor and Higham； Litany，solos and chorus（Higham），the solorits being Meadames Whittakerani Fignn，and Mr Gllman；Tantum Ergo（Lambalotte）， and Halielujah chorus completed the musical service．

Tha Hawera choir and visitors from otber centres left the same night by the 9 o＇clock special train．

## O B ITUARY．

＂The remsing of the late Mr Thomas Dugdale Carry，for 23 yeara a member of the Fiening Standard sab－editorial staff（says the Journalist cf January 5），were on Saturday last interred in the troman Catbotic cburchyard at Mortiake．The deceased gentleman har been in falling health for two or three years past，suffering at nimes frum acuto atta ks of heart disease．His friends，however，had of tate no spectal cause for anxiety until last Friday week，when he was thken ill at the cffice and had to return home．Very serious oymptims set in on Chris！mas Day，and on the 26th he expred wh houi a struggle whle ceited ia his chair，the cause of death being peritunitis and stoppage of the hear＇s action．The coffin－waich hore the inseription＇Thomas Dagdale Curry；died 26 h December， 1894，aged 57 years ；R．I．P．＇一ifft the house， 21 Albert $\$ q u \cdot r e$, Clapham Road，on Sa＇urday afternoon，conveyed in an open bearse， and followed by two mouning coucber．On arrival at Mortlake it was carried into the church of 8 Cl Mary Magdalene，where the office for the deat was repeated by the Very bur Canon Wenham．The brief concluding portion of the service was read in the graveyard which immediately adjoine the church，Mr Hantly Pryse Gordon （brotber－in－law）and Mr Lobis Juth Forrest（nephew）were the chief mourners ；arid other friends present were Mr Hoary Coniter（Morning I＇ost），Mr Thomas Cargill，and，from the staff of the Standard，Mr George A．H上n＇z，Mr James Geddes，Mr Edgar Barnea，Mr William Maxpell，Mr Whiliam Mudford，and Mr Arthur Wood．A number of wreatha were bent，including one from the proprietors of the Standard and one from the ataff． Mr Curry，who leaves a widow but no family，commenced his career as a juurnalist many years ago on Galignani＇s Messenger in Hanis，and witnessed some of the most stirring scenes during the slege，being once arrested and placed in a position of the most immineot danger．Daring has long conoection with the Standard ho bad earned the warm esteem and aff ction of bis colleagues，and of a large circle of pressmen ，gederally．None of recent losses will be mor ：fincerely regretted．

The imprisoument alluded to took flace on a charge of sympathy with the Germans，unjustly made in the fever of the erench defeat，Mr C＇urry belog a graduate of the University of B an．H：s wif ${ }^{\prime}$＇s nationality as an Irlsh woman obtaned for her a bearing，and，after much suffering and anxiety on her part also，led to bis release．Mr and Mrs Curry then left Paris，and were engaged for oine days ia travelling，by means of open cattle trucks on＇he Continental railwaya， to London，passiog on the way under fire of the guns of Pbalsburg which was at the 11 me besieged．MrelCurry，we may add，is a sister of Mre Jobn F．Perrin，wife of the editor of the New Gealand Tablet Deceased，who was of a singularly bright and kindly dature and as mancb beloved in private as esteemed in his public capacity，was a onv it to the Cathohefath．He had been constantly vinited during his illaess ny the Redemplurift Fathers，who had a house in the neighbour hood of bis resmence．一Rrquiescat in pace．

RITERION STA BLEA. T T
E $\quad$ M
$\underset{\sim}{H} \mathbf{O}$ T E L,

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To insure publication in any particular issue of the paper communications must reach this nffice mot later than Tuesday morning.

## Sunday $\mathfrak{C o x n e x}$.

## CALENDAB.-MABCH 3-9.

Sunday, March 3-FLBST SUNDAY OF LENT.
Monday, 4-St Lacina I, Pope, martyr.
Tuesday, 5-St Cabimir, king, confeseor.
Wednesday, 6-(Quarter Tense) St Fridolin, abbot.
Thureday, 7 - $8 t$ Thomas Aquin, confessor, doctor,
Friday, 8-(Quarter Tense) St Cataldus, E.O.
Saturday, 9-(Quarter Tense) St Frances of bome.
Lent begins on Ash Wednesday, and onds on Easter Sunday. Excluding the six Sundsys, on which there is no fast, there are forty days in Lent. Hence the Latin term, Quadragesima, forty. The torty deys of Lent are said to have been instituted by the first Pope, St Peter himself. Pope Telesphorus ordered it to observed as an apostolic custom, In the Old Tastament we find that Moses fasted for forty days on the mountain, and the Elias fasted forty days in the desert. Our Divine Lord, the Great Teacher by example as precept, fasted for forty days. An ancient tradition, mentioned by Darandag, tells us that Jchus Obrist, who was born on Sunday, and was baptised on a Tuesday, began His fast on Wednesday. We begin the Leat, "humbling oar heads before the Lord," on Ash Wedneaday. Ash Wedneeday is so called because of the eugtom of sprinkling asbes on the hesds of clergy and people on that day. According to the asage of the Bible sorrow for sin was ofien exteriorly expressed by "sprink. ling dast apon th'it beads towarda heaven." The sorrows of the danghters of Isracl are seen in the dust upon thair heade (Lam, 2. 10). In destributing the asbes the prieat says, "Remember, man, that thou art dust, and into dast thou sbalt return" (Gen, 3.19). In the early centuries sabes were only springled on the heade of public sinners, who before Mass, confessed their sins, and formed in a solemn procession walking barefooted. These penitente were told by the biabop to leave the church. They departed as he waid the words :-" We drive you from the bosom of the Church on accoant of gour sine, and for your critnes, as Adam, the first man was driven from Paradise beciuse of bis sin." They were re-sdmitted to the celebration of the Divine Mysteries on Holy Thuraday, Public penances ceased about the eleventh ceatury, but the anstom of receiving blessed ashes atill continued. It is on record that in the twelfih century the Pope and big retinue came all the way to the Charch of St Sabina in bare feet. The people for a considerable time observed this custom.

## D R A TH.

Curry. Of your charity pray for the soul of Thomas Dugdale Curry, who died at his residence, 21 Albert Square, Clapham Road, Loncon, on December 26, aged $\hat{\text { in }}-R . I P$.

# The dere tyatame flablet. 

Fiat jus itia.

FRIDAY, MARCH $1,1895$.

## Progress and Jubtice in the nineteenth CENTUEX.

Ther Cathoncs of New Zealand provide, at their own sole erpense, an excellent education for their own children. Yet such is the sense of justice and policy in the New Zealand Legislature that it compels these Catholics, after having manfully provided for their own children, to contribute largely towards the free and godless education of other people's children !1! This is tyranny, oppression, and plunder.

## THE EARLY ENGLISH BIBLE.

false statement of a sydney school manual.


HERE are no lies that die so hard as lies that have a controversial importance." This saying, quoted in our last issue, is true of the oftrepeated absertion of D'Aubigne that, ingthe sixteenth ceatury, the Bible was "a rare book, almost unknown." Leaving almost innumerable editions of the Latin Vulgate, in mauuscript and print, out of account, Luther was not, as recently stated in Dunedin, the first to give the Bible to the Germans in their own tongue. The art of printing dates, we may say, from 1455, when the Latin Bible-the first printed book-issued from the press of Gutenberg and Fust. Before the appearance of Luther's German Bible, in 1534, nearly thirty different editions of the whole ecriptures, copies of which are still extant, were printed in the vulgar tongue in Germany. To the true student of history the false statements about the preservation and circulation of the Bible are " like the father that begot them, gross as a mountain, open, palpable." Yet still the enemies of the Catholice Church, unabashed, repeat to willing ears their "wicked lic." The great anti-Catholic tradition must be maintained. It was founded on falsehood, and can only be perpetuated by lies. The opening sentence in this artich, taken from a writer in the Quarterly Review, may also with truth be applied to an assertion about the early English Bible which we have discovered in a manual for curculation in the schools of Australasia. The book in qu stion, which lies before up, was sent a few days ago by the pabhshers, Tunser and Hendrrbon, Sydney, to the Most Gev Dr Moran. It is entitled," Questions on Australian and General Geography, with other useful facts for the junior classes in schools, compiled by Miss Jounson, with corrections and additions to date by George Thornton, late headmaster, Cleveland street Superior Public school." The publishers, in a preface to the twelfth edition, state that their work has been carefully revised. They hope that the ayendments and additions introduced "will serve to maintain for it the high place in the esteem of teachers and pupils which it has hitherto kept." There is question, therefore, of a book which has been closely examined by many critics and for which the associate authors have to accept the fullest responsibility. Chapter twenty-, four deals with "Palestine or the Holy Land and the Bible." Une of the questions bas reference to the Early English Bible:-
Q. When was the Bible first translated into English, and by whom?
A. In the year 1360 , by Wichliffe.

In a manual for school use we look for greatest accuracy. Now was the Bible really translated by Wickirres? Was it translated by Wicklifer in 1360? Was Wickliffe the first translator of the sacred Scriptures into English? We have in our possession a copy of an "Introduction to the Stady of the Bible," by Thomas Hartwell Horne, M.A., an eminent Protestant Bblicist. Having spoken of Join mid Trevisa, Vicar of Berkeley, in Gloucestershire, who " is said to have translated the Old and New Testament into the English tongue," Horne goes on to speak of Wickliffe.
"Nearly contemporary with him (John de Treviba) was the celebrated John Wickliffe, who, ahout the year $13 \times 0$, transinted the entire Bible from the Latin Vulgate. The New testament of Wickurefe was published in folio by Lewis in 1731, and was handsomely redited in quarto in 1810 by the Rev Henki Hervey Baber, one of the librarisns of the British Museve, who prefixed a valuable memoir of this 'Apostle of England' as Wickuffee has sometimes leen called." The Sydney manual makes the date 1360. Horne makes it 1380 ! Twenty years is of some importance when there is question of two translators, according to Horne, " nearly contemporary." Did Wickliffet, or $W_{\text {ycliffe, }}$ as be is sometimes styled, realif translate the waole Bible? If we are to believe Sir Frederick Madden, one of the librarians of the British Museum, who, with ample means of arriving at a correct opinion, investigated the matter, with Rev Mr Forshall as collaborateur, it must be held that the $W_{\text {seliffe }}$ Version, published by Lewis in 1731, again by BABER in 1810, snd to be found in Bagster's Hexapla is not Wycliffe's translation but the work of Purvey his curate. Anyhow, the aupposed Wycliffe tranclation, containing books which many Protestants reject, was made from the Latin Valgate, which the Council of Trent afterwards declared to be authentic. Fault is not so much found by Catholic writers with the so-called Wycliffe Virsion, as with the conduct of the man, who, in the spirit of revoit, made unwarranted use of the trenslation. The mention of the later date, 1380, by Horne, of the translation by John de Treviga towards the end of the fourteenth cen'ury, and of the version by Purvey, the curate of Wycliffe, suggests grave reason for donbting that this "Apostle of England" was, if at all, first in the field. About one hundred and seventy MSS copies of the Scriptures in the English tongue, which date from this period, are preserved in the Home libraries. From autographs and other evidence we gather that they were long ago possessed and used by loyal Catholics. They show that at the very time of Wycliffe, the Bible in English was not "a rare book, almost unknown." A MS copy of the New Testament translated by Purvey, with the prologue in his own handwriting, is in the library of Trinity College, Dublin. Fortunately we have not to rely on mere conjecture in answering the question "was WYCLIFFe the first translator into the vernacular of England?" Leaving out of consideration Anglo-Danish and Anglo-Norman versions, the whole Bible was many times, at different periods, translated into Anglo-Saxon. The fact that a translation, according to the Protestant Archbishop Usher, was made in 1290, nearly 100 years before Wycliffe's version, completely disproves the false statement of the Sydney manual. "A systematic description of the extant Anglo-Saxon translations, accompanied by a critical collation is "according to a writer in one of the reviews "a felt want in Engl s'l biblical literature." still, the ublic libraries of England, readily accessible to the curious, contain a sufficient number of MSS to show that the $r$ criptures in the vernacular were diligently copied and read by the people 1 he question of the early biblical literature of Britain is extremely interesting. The Romans were masters of the country till the beginning of the fifth century. The Latin tongue was much spoken. The Cbristians used the Latin Scriptures. A Celto-British version is not extant. St Agustine of Kent came and it is on record that the Latin Bible was used by his preachers. A certain Archbishop of Canterbury was accustomed to board every foreign ship likely to have books, in order to secure for his diocese copies of the Sacred Volume. The country was split up into several kingdoms; wars were common among the various tribes, and with great difficulty progress in religion was made. England is greatly indebted to Irish missionaries for the spread of Chistianity. The Irish monks brought with them and taught the Saxons tbe art, in which they excelled, of copying and illuminating the Sacred Scripture. Совdиon, who lived in the 7 th century, the first writer of note in the AngloSaxon tongue, versified the Sacred Scriptures. Originally a cowherd in the neighbourhood of Streanshalch (Whitby), he frequented the monastic church, and was fond of turning into verse the Scriptural lessons read by the monks. His genius and turn for poetry attracted attention. He was admitted into the monastery and received the habit of the Order. Militon, in "Paradise Lost," is said to have imitated Coedmon. According to Sir F. Palarave, passages of Coednon's poem may be " literally translated into English by a canto of
verses from "Paradise Lost," taking line for line," Cordmon died about 680, seven hundred years belore Wrocurfe! 'The Cuelmoniau version is said to have beon in common use when Alpred the Gueat was purouiuy his atudies. The Oxford University Press in 1835 published from the MS. preserved in the Bibiustheque Nutionach of Paris, a copy of the Psalms translated into Anglo-Saxon in 706 by Aldhalm, Bishop of Ste:borne. This persion is also in verse. It was customary in those early times to relata legend, story, and even sober bistory in verse. The अacred Scriptures were in their several parts, when versified, more easily learned by the people who did not possess anything like our advantages for acquiring and retaining knowledga. Venerable Bedr, who died about 785, translated the Bible. In the account of his death it is related that, shortiy before the ead. he was employed in the dictation, to an amanuensis, of the last words of his translation of St Josw's Gospel. About this time, in the 8th century, the four Gospels were transiated into Anglo-Saxon by Eadrrid, of Lindisfarne. Many writers believe that King Alfred the Great translated the entire Bible. He certainly gave the Psalms in the vernactlar. From the remote ages we have still extant a copy of the four Gospels by Aelfric, a monk of Bath. The MS. is in Corpus Christi College, Cambridge. This a mefric must not be confounded with Aelfric, Archbishop of Canterbury, who translated Pentateuch, Josuk, Jor, Judges, Ruyu, Kings (portion), Esther, and Machasees. In the British Museum there is a Ms. of "St Cuthbert's Gospel," or the "Durham Book." The work is specially interesting because there is an interlineal Anglo-Saxon translation of the Latin Gospels. The whole boolk is beautifuly illuminated. Mac Regors Gospel, from the tenth century, is also in Latin and AngloSaxon. A quotation from Sir F. Palchave may be appositely given. He says :-"A colloquial language, approacliing nearly to modern English, seems to have existed concurrently with the more cultivated language, which we call AngloSaxon, at a period before the Conquest, and one of the versions of the New Testament is in this language. This version, commonly known as the Collex Hattomianus, is in the Bodleian Library, Oxford." an English translation of the Bible, "is placed," says the Protestant Horne, "by Archbishop (Protestant) Usher to the year $1 \geq 90$, i,f this there are three manuscript copies preserved in the Bodleian Library and in the Libraries of Christ's Church and Queen's Colleges, Oxford." We have written sufficient to show our readers that the Bible was not, as the Sydney school mannal asserts, first tranalated by Wxclirfe in 1360. There is abundant evidence to bear out the statement of Sir 1 homas Mone, Chancellor of England in the time of Henry Vill., and glorious martyr for the Faith, where he says :-" The Holy Bible was, long before Wrcurret's days, by virtuous and well-learned men translated into the English tongue ; and by good and godly people, with devotion and soberness, well and reverently read."

Owist to pressare on our space we are obliged to hold cuer to nest week seecral interesting and important c intributions.

Turs (Ash Wediesday) morning, there wao a very large congrigation at the 7 a.m. Mass in St Joseph's Calhodral-wher, as usual, the ashes was diatributed. Duriag the lent as in preceding yeare, inotructions will be given after the Rosiry in Mondiy, Tuecday, and Wednewday eveniog. On rhurs lay there will be Benedwhon of the Most Holy Sacrament, and on Friday the Stations if the Cross.
$W_{E}$ have to remind our readers that ihe culebration of $B t$ Patrick's Day is Danedin will be beld on Fritay evenngg, March 15 , 'akiog the thape of a masical entertainm nt. The crady on the Lish langu،ye and literature which has won the medal Iffered by the Very Rev Pat ter Lynch will be read on the occasion Essays intended for the competition are to be gent in-signed wilh muttees snid accompanied by the name of the writers in sepgrate envelopes -to the elitur of the New Zesland Tablet, not later than Saturday, Hach 9

The Hon John Gavaa Duffy, Poyt Muster Goneral of Victor.a, paid a visit last week to Danedin, whers he was the guest of hie relative, Mr Jobn B. Callan. Mr Duffy during his atay called on the Moot Rer Dr Mioran. He left on Monday for Melbourne.

Tbe following paragraph taken from the Christchurch Press of February 222 d, tesilfes to the suppriority of Catholic education. "The oniy three Chistchurch young ladies who pssed the late Juanor Civil Service examioation are puppl's of the Barbadoes street Convent school. Their namea are Katie Kinny, Tberesa McRae, and Margaret Water. The former, Katie Kiony, also passed the Matri-
culation examination. This is very creditable to both pppils and teachers, and apeaks well as to the teaching power of the good Sisters of the Missione, who are in charge of this achool."

Among the suce ssful cauldites at the recent Jubior Oivil Service examiontion were three puphls of the Marist Brotherg at Timaru, a nd cne pupil of the Sistere of Mercy at Greymouth. The names are re;pectively, Alexander F. McDonald, Felix J. M•Gowan, and Thomas C. Mara; and Margaret O'Gonnor.

The Liah Atbletic Society of Southland will hold their ninth anuual gathering at Invercargill on Wedne日lay, March 20. A remarkably fine progiamme bat becn drawn up for the occasion.

Just as we go to press a circular letter has been handed to us which bis Lordship Dr Moran has this day received from the pablishers of the geography mentioned in our leader, As aome of the quest ions under the headiag of Palestine or the Holy Land are found to be cut of harmony with the teaching in certain schoole the remain ing copies of the edition are withdrawn from sale and the book will in fu'ure be issued without this chapter. A cursory glance at the chapter on New Zealand reveais some inaccaracies whioh are scarcely excusable-e.g, Question: Namo the principal town in the 8outh Island? Answer: Ohristcburch, Danedin, and Lyttletod. A large sale of the manual need not be expected in Invercargitl, Oamara Timaru, Blenbeim, Nelson, Wesiport, and Greymouth, if Lyttelton however important as the port of Christchurch, be ranked with Christchureb itself and Dunedia. The associate anthora must have read some work on the New Zasland goldfields in the sixties, or omitting Beefton, Kamara, and Otago, they would not have only mentiven Hokitiks as a goldfield in the South Island, and, with the Thames, one of the principal goldfielde of this Colony.

On Sunday evening, February 17, after Vespera, the congrege. t'on of Et Mary's, Napier, held a meeting in the Marist Brothers' Schools (RCD äather Grogan in the chair), to devige ways and means for holding a monster picnic on St Patrick's Day. The rev cbairman said the celebration of the feast of our great national Saint is a usaal thing in every English speaking coontry in the world, particularly where there is a strong Irish element and feeling as here in Napier But there 1e, he eaid, a special reason for the celebration of the feast of our catical Saint this year. Our new church is dedicated to Ireland's patron Sainu, It is isnown as St Patrick's, and as this is the first time we bave bad the bappiness of celebrating the festival of our national Saint in our beantiful new church, it is only right that we celebrate it in a manner to be remembered. Two strong committe' g , one of men and one of ladies, were appointed to make the atcessary arraugem: nte, leaving the selection of the day for a future meating.

Miss say Leahy. an accompished musician and pupi of the Convent Schisols, Dixion strest, Wellington, was one of the successfu! candidatea at the recent Matriculation examinations. Creditable resul a bave also bren achieved by the pupils of St Patrick's Collige who ermpeted at the public examinations this year.

In a rejent issue we noted with plensure the success achieved by the biofs seat up from the Caristian Brothers' school, Danedin, for the University extminations held at the end of last year. We are bappy to say that we have atill further successes to record to-day in as much is on the list just prblighed by Government of the successful candidates at the Civil service eximinations held in Jamuary of the present year, appear the ormong of Maters Hugh Milea and Andrew Cortclloe buth pupils of the theribis. The goes to prove, if proof were needed, what we have again and agan redeatel, that boya who are kept by their parents sufficisatly long at ihe school, if not devoid of abulity and application, have overy facuhty for passing with credit the University and Civil Service examinationa

Excellent groceries of ail kinds are offered to his customers and the public enneraliy-at exceptionally low prices-by Mr W. E Goode, $103 \frac{1}{V}$ etons street, Chrietchureb.

Elsewhere Mr George Barrell, undertaker, of Durbam streat, Curistchurch, announces that to $p$ raons of limited means he conducte adult tunerals complete for the low price of $£ 210$, and that having Lad 27 years experience in this particular businesa an England and the Colong sbould be a sufficent guaranteo that any orders entrusted to him will be well and failhfully performed in all detanls. Mr Parrell's advertisement should be good newa especially to persons of limited means who are suffering bereavemont.

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## INVERCARGILL. <br> (From an occasional Corraspondent.)

February 16, 1895.
LAST week the children attending the Catholic schools held their ansual picnic, which turned out a very succossful affair. The day broke very inauspicioualy. Heavy sbowera fell during the mornisg, and the weather looked most unfavourable for an outing. However, by eleven o'clock mont of the children had assembled at the railmay station and were soon apeediag on to Ocean Baach, the site chosen for the picnic, and with the exception of a slight shower soon after landing there, the rain, though threatening, held off during the remainder of the dyy. After luncheon the business of the day commenced, and the chuldren were constantly engaged racing, jumping, skipping, and acrambling. They ensered into the sporto with all their youthful enthusiasm and apparently thoroughly enjuged themselves. But the piece de resistance was the tug-of-war, married ladies v. single. A goodly team of each "toed the mysk." ant th = struggle though not prolonged, was fierce. Kach side put forth its utmost atrength, and if a few did fall, 1 only refl cted more credit on those who atood up. After a brief struggle the end came; the superior weight and form of the married ladies asserted itself and, "tell it not in Gatb," the single Iadies were pulled over the mark. A loud cheer greeted the victore, who immediately repaired to thear luncheon baskets, and, doubtless, made up therr spent cnergy. A facetious onlooker said the struggle reminded him of the lines (somembat allered) of a famous poet:-

They pull, they strain, they tug;
Down, down they g',
The single above, the married betow.
It was darkiy hinted that the single ladies parposely allowed the rope to slip to see their opponen is measure their length on Molver Earth, but as thas was always whispered with bated breath and never in the presence of the victors, I lesve you to form your own conclayions. The committee are to be congratulated on the successful way they kept the fungoing, the children appeared pleared with their prizes, and the whole proceeduga passed off without a butch. A word of praise is also due to the laries who unjertook the onerous duty of canvassing for eubscriptions, and for the success that attended ther labours.

The Catholic schools reopened a fortnight ago after midsummer vaction. The Rev Father Vereker made a strong appeal to parenta to do ull in their power to muntan their erhools. A small measure of juatice bad been obtained in baving our schools examutred by Government inspectors. He bad ao fuar of the result if the parents would ouly do their part. Yet they could not expect the feacbers to do imposabilifes, and unloss pareate seat them chaldren regularly to school it would be impossible for the pupils to pasa their st andards. The Rev Father told parents that if their children were not present a certain number of days duriag the year they would not be presented for examination, aud be concluded by exhorting all to do tieir duly in tbat respect.

The annual games of the Irish Athletic Society promise to be this yeat more successful than ever, Nearly $£ 100$ is to begiven in prizos, The programme includee, besides the thiffield bandicap of f30 and a trophy, a mile and a quarter-mile race, 100 yds maiden race, Irish dancing, and all kinda of athletic sports. Enquiries have been made concerning the Sheffield handicap from as far North as Rangurd and Gisborne, and all our local pedsare in training for the variuns eventr, so that given a fine day everytbing augurs well for a very successfal meeting.

Persons interested in seiecting movuments or other fittings for tre graves of their relatives or frienda will to well to vist the yard of Mr Tait, corner of Cashel and Montreal atreets, Chriatcharcb. They will fiad there an extensive and admirable stcek, cffered at very low prices.

## T I M A R U.

## (From an occasional Correspondent.)

A labgely attended meeting of the parishioners of both seres met at the boys' bctoolroom on Sunday last for the parpose of bearing the annual atatement of receipts and expenditure in connection with the boys' achool and also to elect a school committee for the ensuing twelve months. The secretary of the retiring committee, Mr J. P. Coreoran, produced a bulky document from which he explained the financial poyition of the school-which was considered bighly satisfactory. The Rev Father Hurlin explaiaed that the debt of $£ 200$ which existed 1 wo years ago was now reduced to $£ 60$, which he thought the incoming committee would devise means to pay off. A cuncession had alsa bean made by the Marist Brothers, which would be a coosiderable anoual savisg. The election of a scboul committee was then proceeded with ani excited no little interest as it was the first occasion on which the parochial franchise was extended to the ladies. The elected committeemen are Messrs. Hirney, Yirning, Corcuran, Delaney, stapleton, P. and A. Kane, O'Shea, Denntby, Junae, and J. Cunnitgham. The Rav Faher Hurlin informed the meering of the very successful examination the scbool underwent, there being only 8 fallures out of 167 papils. Mr Sheeby spoke of the excelleat re-ulta of the examination, and moved the following resulution, seconded by Mr D. O'shea, and carried unanimously :-" That this mutiog accords to the Marist Brotbere a hearty vote of thanke for the zcal and devotednese with which they bave worked during the past twelve months in the great cause of Catholic education, and that we pledge ourselves to support them in the futare to the begt of our ability." A aimilar resolution, on the motion of Bro. Corcoran, seconded by Mr. Harney, was passed on the ladies of the Siered Heart, the secretary being instructed to forward coptes of both reseluitions.

It is wortb recording that we bad a visit a few weeks ago from the Rev Fatber 'fymons, of St Patrick's College, Wellington. Father Tymons is au old Timaru boy, being a pupil at the boys' school before the adve:'t of the Marist Brohers. The Bev Father celebraled High Mass to a inrge congregation, many of whom were deeply moved to sce the luat priest that Timari has given to the Church celebrating Mass on the same altar where he bad so often served Mass as a boy. A number of Father Tymon's friende waited after Mass to see him at the vestry door, where be was the subject of many codgratulations. At a meeting of the local bracts of the Hibernian Society, a resolution was passed directing the secretary to furward to Brother Tymons, Greymonth, a letter of congratulation on bis son's attaining to the priesthood. Mr Tymone was one of the most ac' 1 ve spirits in the branch when it was first initiated, and con. tributed in no small degree to its success.

The district executive of the Hibernian S ciety bas issued rules and regulations for the formation of a female division in connection with the society. The establishing of a female branch bere is at present conder consideration, and if estabhahed it should prove a great boon to the female portion of the coogregation. Suck pay duriog illness, medical attendance and medicine at a nomanal charge, and a funeral allowarce at death, are the priacipl beutita, and these should be sufficient inducement to secure a large membersuip.

Mr Jamea Dealy, of the Railway Hotel, Thoradon Qany, Wellington, 18 still ready to give bis friends who visit the Empire City a warm welcome and comfortable accow modation. The hotel oecuples a most convenent and desirable postion-and the travelling public in particular will find ite close proximity to toe railany station most suitable to them. The bouse is in every respec well fit ed up and furnished, and the manner in which it is conducted by uts obliging and hospitable proprietor leaves nothing to be desired.


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#### Abstract

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# まrisb 想ems. 

## (From 'he Irish, World.)

Antrim.-At a recent meeting of the council of the Linen Mercharta' Association, Belfast, Mr William Crawford, president, in the chair. It was unsn!mously agread "that we indorse the resolstion by the Conncil of the Belfast Chamber of Commerce regarding the mail contract, and that, in commanicating with the PostmasterGeneral our secretary be instructed to atrongly urge from a patriotic point of view the great impurtance of insuring the transit of the American maila via Queeasland."

Cayan.-Mr Justice Bewley and Mr Commissioner Lynch sat in the courthonee, Cavan, recently, and delivered jadgment in the following cases: James Beilly vs. Bichard Hossard, L3 15s, L2 15 s raised to L3 5s; Dennis Cooney, vs. W. A. Adame, L85s, L4 15s, rased to L6 on increased area; Iraac Jackson va Earl of Lanesborough, L13 4s, L8 10s, raised to L9; Patrick Blesein ve same, L19 5s 3d, L13 raised to L14 103; Francia Murphy vs aame L3 78 7d, L2 10a, raised to L3; Martin Armatrong ve same, L21 1s 6d, LI4, raised L15 ; Patrick Reilly v8 bame. L8 188, L5 18s raised to L6 10 o ; James Fitzpatrick, ve same, L14 19s 4d, Ll1 10s, raised to L12 10s; Catherine Vesey va J. H. Sclator, L19 18a 6s, L13 10s, reduced to L12 10a; Catherine Fitzpatrick ve Sir Fenton Hort, L17 19a, L10 10s, raised to L11 10s ; Bridget Fitzpatrick va 8ame, L11 17s 101 , L7, raised to L8 108; Thombs Prior vs R. Anderson, L16 12a 3d, L12, raised to L13; Thomas McDonald vs Henry Ptkins, Newell atkins, L8 8s 2d, L7 confirmed; Patrick McManus ve samuel Sanaderson, L6, L4 5s, confirmed; Patrick McMahon va Robert Cowan, L8 10s, diamıss, diamiss confirmed ; Charles Maguire vs Countess of Morley and another, L89 2s 6d, L65, raised to L70.

Clare,-We regret to chronicle the deatb of Mr J, A. Oarroll, an old and respected resident of Kilrusb, aud editor and proprietor of the Clare Adrertiser, Mr Caroll settled in Kilrush over balf a century ago, when he established the Advertiser. He was a journaliat of considerable ability, of refined literary taste, and an a public man took part in many stirring and hiatoric incidents in the connty. In private life he was of the kindly and social disposition, and bis warm and genial manner secured him hoats of friends.

Cork.-The following resolution was adopted at the great demonetration beld in Cork city on the anniversary of the Mancbeater martyrs. Mr B. Cronin proposed "Tbat while we bononr the memories of the patriot dead, we mast not forget our countrymen who are anfering a living death in Irich and Eaglish privons for political offences, and once more protest againat the injuatice with which they are treated, and demand their release.

Last week Dr Douglas Hyde delivered a lectare on "Irish Folk Lore," in the large ball of the Assembly rooms, under the auspices of the Cork Literary and Scientific Society. The hall was filled and the lecturer, who dealt in an excellent manner with his anbject, wa followed with interest throughout. Mr William Lane (president of the society) occupied the chair, and amnag those present was the Protestant Lord Bishop of Cork (Dr Meade). Having accoanted for the difference in the stories and the Scotch Highland and the Irish, Dr Hyde anid no one could lay down anything with cer. tainty until their folk lore had been accurately gatherad. They had already pretty well gleaned cestral Connaugbt, Achill and Donegal, but in the great province of Munster scarcely a thing had been done to rescas what was perishing and what in a few years would be absolately irrecoverable. If now saught and fixed for posterity, it would have an European interest and might turn out to be of the very highest value in elacidating the most difficult problems of ethnology.

Donegal.--On Lord Templemore's estate in this county five tenants bave parchased their holding for $£ 9,688$. A pretty round num, considering all the Templemores got out of some land in the paat, and that they were not the legal owners of the sonl. It was stolen in the olden timee.

The teannis of the Towawilly estate, held under the Commis. aioders of Endowed Bchools, have purchased their holdings at tourteen and a half gears' purchase. Mr Jerome Boyce went among them taking affidavits of agreement which tbey have all signed, and theonly thing now required is the eanetion of the Land Oommiesioners. They purcbased through an arbitration made by Right Rev Dr O'Donnell, Bishop of Raphoe, who wes appointed by the Commissionarg. They have already paid the first instalment of the purchase money, which is 836 in the pound leas than the original rent.

Down.-A moat extraordinary high price for land has jutt been obtained in Newry diatrict, Mr John Anett, Jr., auctioneer, Kilkeel, put op for sale, a small farm of land in Derryogue, near Kilkeel, containing not quite four Irish acres, belonging to the representatives of the late Mr William Norris, and held at a yearly tenancy from the Earl of Kilmorey st 26 14s, After some very spirted bidding it was purchased by Mr James O'Brien, farmer, at the handsome figure of $£ 360$, or $£ 90$ per acre.

Dublin.- During his recent visit to Dablin Mr Henry Irving visited the Royal Huspital, and was shown over the institution by Field-Marshal Viscount Wolseley. Oo taking leave of the Commander of the forces, Mr Irving moat generously handed him a check for 20 guineas, to be added to the fund institated by Lady Wolseley for trie benefit of the wives and families of old aoldiers.

Galway.-A coursing meeting cams off during the week at Dunsandle, Longarea, over the property of Mr William Daly, J.P. Game was plentiful, and several interesting trials were witnessed. Ravensdale, who carried off the priacip.l honour, has since gained fresblaurels at Borris-1n-Ossory, where he wasvictor in the Ohampion Stake agaiust such competitors as Regular Damon and (keoffrey. This dog was bred by Mr James Craughwell, Ballinasloe.

The fox bunters met on Monday at Correen Castle, a conple of miles from Ballinaslue and among the ladies and geatiomen who assembled in the field were the Earl and Countess of Clancarty, Mr W. T. Potta, Mrs Balson, Mr J. M. O'Brien, C.J., mod Miss Mollie O Brien, Mr P J. Leamy, Dr Boesiter, Mr J. Golding, Captain Oraddock and Mise Craddock, Mr H. D. Tyacke, D.I.; Mr Dubbyn and Master Fergusbon. The covert at Correen was no sooner tried than a fox was found. The "varmint," after being started, made in the direction of Shairea, on to Kilgarriff, and acrosa the country with the bounds in fall cry. Beynard cleared all obstructions, and reached the higb road on the Roscommon side of Balliaasloe, when be darhed by the residance of Mr R. D. Tighe, solicitor, and made into the Biver Suck, which be safely crossed. Over hedges and ditches and tbrough fields he aped, until aiter crossing the Grand Canal water he reached the second canal bridge from Balinasloe barbour, when be Wheeled and ran through the village of Poolboy, the bunting party going fast and furious to thy and intercept their interded victim, which they came up with at length, and be was killed at a crossroads near Poolboy, about a mile from Ballinasl e.

Kildare,-In the Laud Commiesion Court recently the following case was heurd: Ambrose More O'Ferrall, tenant; E. M Qairke, landlord. The holding contained 142 actes, situste, near Moyvalley, held under a fee farm grant at a rent of 220716 s per annam. The case had bern dismased by the sab-commisston on the gronad that the bolding was demenne land, and Mr O'Ferrall appealed. A diemise was the resalt.

MrI. A. Duncan, it is stated, will ke the next Member of Parlisment for Bouth Kuldare, as Mr M. J. Minch intends to resign. Mr Dancan was recently appointed a Juatice of the Peace.

Limerick.-The bacon-caring trade in Limerick city is going through a period of great depression owing to the competition from Denmark. Last woek over 20,000 cured pigs wore forwarded by the Danes to the Englioh markets, and this plethora of bacon canted a serious decline in prices. As a conssquence there has been a fall $\mathrm{i}_{\text {. }}$ quotations, and buyers from Limerick at the fair of Borrigoleigh did not porchase.

Monaghan. -Last week Mr Justice Bewley, Mr Commisaioner Fitzgerald and Mr Commissioner Lynch sat in the courtbouse,

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## Monaghan, and heard appeals. Judgment was delivered in the

 tollowing case日 : Margaret Grabam ve W. H. McKean, £10 5s 94; L5, raised to L6. James Conroy va B. J. McGeough, L18 28; L11; confirmed. John Ashton va J. E. Molyceux, L53 10s; L27; raised to L29. Petor McMallen va E. O. Moulray, L7 3s 7d; L3; confirmed. Thomas McCabe vs Mre Crobs, L51 1; L30; confirmed David Gillespie ve Rev W. Ridde!l, L69 ls $2 \frac{1}{2} 1 ;$ L47 10a raised to L50. Thomas McMahon va Michael Bellew, L18; L9; confirmed. Deuis Trodien vi R. J. MeGejugb, L3 17s; L2 6s confirmed.Tipperary. - At the meeting of the Tipperary Board of Guardians lest week Mr Daniel Byan proposed "That as the Judicial Commissioners of the Edacational Endowment Act bas failed to agree to a scheme for the fulure government and distribution of Erasmus Smith's trust or charity schoole, we, the Tipperary Buard of Guardians, call on the Goverament to introduce a bill and make it an Act of Parliament to restore the property to ith nighafu! owners, the children of the tenants on the Smith eatate."

Edmond Donovan, Killosty South, was evicted recently from a wretched bolding of fourieen acres, situated a mile up Sliepneamon, on the property of Mr R. Coose, D.L, Kiltinan.

Tyrone, -Last week Mr John Malone, coroner, Cooktown, held an inquest on the body of Micbael Morrie, hiving at Crook. Morris was in Cookstown market on Saturday and went home with some neighbours. Deceaned's son in the front cait miseed the others on reaching home. The occupante of the oiber caris stopped in Dungate and got a dram of etber. One of the horses got reative, overturning the cart. One manfell under the horse's head, another below the cart and got off safely, but the cart rested on the deceased, who was fatally injured and died goon after.

Waterford.-At the last mesting of the Waterford Board of Guardians these evicion notices were served: Mr Osburae, Chxistmas, plaiotiff, vs James Pbelan and David Kiely, defedante, for part of the lande at Bullycraduck, containiog 37 ac es 2 rolde and 17 perches, in the parisb of Duabill. Same planntiff againat Thomas Sullivanani Mary Walsbe for part of the landsat Ballyoraddick, containing 16 acris 2 roode and 7 percbeg, Sime aghot t Mattbew Power and Mary Whelad, defendants, for part of the latda of Raheene, containing 56 acrea 2 rooda and 31 percher, in the parist of Kilmeaden. Same agaiast Laurence Sprice, Patrick hornisey and James Yower for lands at Rahens cuntaning 46 acres 1 ruod and 11 perches.

Westmeath.-Mr J. Vaghan, athlone, attended at Eufield during the week to recelve the rents on the 5 ller and Cartron eatate oi Mr E. Hughes, horcommon, He granted a redaction of 3a ia the pound on judicial rente.

Wexford.-Sır John Talbot Power, Bart., through his agent, MrP.J. O'flaberty, solicitor, of Enmacortby, baegranted to all his tenants on the Sampton estate a reduction of 20 per cent, on the present rente. Mr James Talbot l'ower and Mr Thomas Talbit Power have dealt in like manner with the tenants on thetr several estates in tbe Cunaty Wextord.

Wicklow.-We regret to learn of the death of the Bev Euseby D. Cleaver, M.a., at Diljany on Monday. The deceased was a aon of a former rector at Delgany, and grandson of F ght Rav Dr Oleaver, Btahop of Ferne, afterward archishop of Dubho. Mr Cleaver was well-known for his life-'ong and genercus support of the movement to preaerve the Coltic language in lreland. He was a vicepresident of the old Usviantc Nociety, his colleague being Mr Standish Hayes O'Grady, who was also his clats fellow in Trinity. During the last ten yeare since Celtic became a aubject of prumary education in the antional schools, Mr Cleaver epent thousands of pounds in supplementing the allowances to teachers, in gaving prizes in Celtic to puplls, and in publishing Celtic literature for free distribution among the Celtic-speaking population. At the time of bis death be was vice-president of the recently founded Grelic League, and he Wha alao a prominent member of the Irıab Literary Socie'y.

## 

## (From the Weekhi Freeman Janaary 12.)

The Catholic Five Hundred, which has been formed to advance Cath olic interests in South London, has just been elected. Each mission was requested by the Most Rev Dr Butt to elect a certain number of representatives, calculated on the number of children attending ita achools, an arrangement which secared proportionate representation. All the Sunth London priesta are to be ex-officio membere, and the first meeting is to be held next Wednesday for the election of officers and the transaction of other business,

A meeting of the parish priests of Down and Connor to nominate a Coadjutor Bishop was held on Tuesday, in St Malachy's ollege, Belfast, under the presidency of Cardiasi Logue. The voting resulted as follows-Very Rev Dr Henry, V.G., President 8t Malachy's College, and Rev D. M'Cashio, Adm, St Malachy'g, 13 votes each, Dignissimi ; Rev Professor O'Loan, Maynooth, 10 votes, Dignior ; Most Rev Dr O'Donnell, Biabop of Raphoe; Very Rev Alexander M'Mullan, P.P., V.G, Ballymena, and Very Rev Dr Marner, D.D., P.P., Kılkeel, 2 votea each Digni ; Rev Heary Laverty, Adm., St Mary's, l vote. The names will in due course be forwarded to Rome.

The exterminator is on the warpath in Arran once more. The Christmas bells were not permitted to toll their last note of peace and gladness for the reason until the joy of the imporerished islanders was turned into gloom and despair by the appoarance of the reat oflice emiasary in our midst with a large abeaf of eviction-made-easy noticee, which be poated on the courthoase door, and returned by stesmer to Galway again. No less than ${ }^{5} 5$ families will bave to go adrift and to the worlshouse because they are unable to meet the landlord's demands. Your readers at home and abroad, who know the story of Arran distress last jear, are convinced of the misery of the poor Arranite in bis struggle to keep body and sool together. Even that he canoot do when bis crops farl without the sid of a generous public.

The At Home which was given by the Metropolitan Branch of the Irısh National League of Great Britain at the Adelph1 Hotel, Stradd, on Monday eveniog was a most successfol function. The company tacluded many represuntative London Irishmen, and a very enjoyable evening was epent. In addition to an admarable concert there was also a dance, and Mr Naoroji, M.P., who is becoming a familiar figure at many Ir sh reuniona, deltvered a brief but very appropriate a dress, It may be added that the proprietor of the Adelphi Hotel has very generously placed a splendid auite of six rooms at the disposal of the Metropohtan Branch whenever it may wish to use them. Stimulated by the success which has attended the "at bome" just given, the committee propose to bold similar reunins at frequent intervala throughout the season; and as a very fff ctive means of brimging Irishmen resident in different districts in Londoo into touch with one another their desurability candot be gaingaut.

Important communications from Auckland which we elsewbere publishare conclusive and encouraging proof that the Irishmen at tha Antipodes still follow w.th the keenest interest the movement for Iriah Nationsl Self Government, and are preparad to back it with substantial aid. From the other side of the world comes a declaraticn of confidence in the lrish National Party and an emphatic protest againat disacnsion. The lesson so often inculcated in these columns is preached as far away as New Zealand. There as here the appealing ory ie raised for unity in the National ranks. The sub. ecriptions are liberal. They would be far more liberal if anity prevailed, The Auckland Branch deciares with regret that " the diseenaions in the ranks of the Party at Home have in fluenced unfavourably the amount of the subscriptions and the general progress of the movement in New Zealand." It is to be most earnestly boped that this last obstacle-the last but the most formidable-to the Nationalist move-ment-will disappear. Ti,is matter is io the bands of the people; it
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to me iassitude and pain. My druggist had hnown me fion childthood, amt advised me to take, eatly in the Shling. Alel's Sarsapirilla, 1 commenced ubing it and have not find, smee then. the firet sumptum of head-



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they make their will plain there is no gaingaying their judgment. The old faction bas almost passed away. We believe that the danger of the new faction will be averted. We would fain remind those who exercise their miods on this small point or that, and exaggerate theis molehills into monntains, that there as not and caunot be a 4 y yo of gatiof ping evesybody in every patty detail. If the Irish Party prove false to their trust, disband them, without hesitation. Bat so long as the country keeps them the country must trust them, and be is no friend of the Irigh movement who reeks to fetter their influence by constant caviling and calumoy. Taere are times when folly assubace the gravi'y of crime. The Nationalist who, for petty persona motives, would breed diseension in the Irisi Party, which is one effective instrument of the people's will, is guilty, wittingly or unwittingly, of treason to Ireland. Mingled with Ireland's gratitude to her exiled children for kind and wise words, and generous aid, is the bope that auch bright example and persuasive precept will inapire Irishmen at Home to go and do likewise.

## Corxespondente.

[Weare not responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.]

## MR DAVITT AND CATHOLIC EDUCATION.

to the editor of the new zealand tablet,
Str,-I must confess to feeling more than a little mild surprise on reading your note "Micheel Davitt on Catholic Education." Mr Davitt and the infidel propagandist, T. P. O'Connor, are fresh from a campaign of insult and insubordination to the bishops and priesta of London ; a campaign gratuitously undertaken by these men in connection withlthe London School Board elections, in sapport of anti. Christian secularists and blatantly offensive anti-Catholic undenominationalists; a campaign undertaken in support of such men againat candidates, some Catbolic, all denominationalist.
n those elections. Would you kindly allow ma a little spice for a very brief summary of information on the matter?

The Archbishop of Westminster, acting within the lines of daty, told his people that, in the coming School B ard elections, every Ca bolic sbould vote for men favourable to denomioational schools, and willing to place them on an equality with Board achoola; that this was not a political, but a purely religious question-a q iestion on which depecded the safety of the religion and morality of their cbildren ; and that the Catholic must be grosely ignorant or grosely indiffirent to the intereate of his religion and his God, who wonld vote for the narrow, intolerant, and unchriatian "Prozressives"-3 parly whose aim war to etarye out and dextroy the denominational scbools. An appeal of like import was made to the Catholic congregations in all the churches of Westminster and Southwark on the same Sunday. Bat, lo 1 appeals, directly connter, sre issued by Messrs Davitt and O'Connor-Davitt declaring tbat, as "an enlightened Oatholic," were he a voter in London, be would not obey bishop or cardinal ; he would vote frr the party of progress. A series of letters by Davitt, and of editorisls by O'Connor, insulting to Cardinal Vaughan and the Catholic clergy, and written to excite the people to a schisma'ic revolt, were publiehed in the infidel London Sun. "No retarn of the Mass!" "no re-introduction of the confersional!" "no priestism!" "no Apostles' creed or divinity of Christ in our schools !" no re-lighting of the fires of Smithfisld!" no massic:e of St Bartholomew 1" no surrender of the traditions of our ancient city!" "None of the abominations of a system which our forefathera wisely awept away at the blessed Reformation!" Sich were ordinary loci communes of the election rhetoric of Mr Davitt's meek and progreseive allies; at whose feet be would have bis fellowcountrymen wallow in the mire, by hiding away their failh, vinhting obvious Catholic principles and disobeying the authorities of their Church 1 Indeed, "Davitt" and "oo Popery" shone conspicuons on green placards handed to Cathohe voter entering the polling booths! But, enough of the particulara of this diagraceful and filthy business.


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## BURRELL BROS., Photographers, Victoria Studio, VICTORIA ST., CHRISTCHURCH.

Mr Davitt is, as can be learned from bis letters to the Melbourne Advocate, coming very soon to the Colonies, on a money-gatbering expedition. The money is not, I unders'and, to be collected for the evicted tenarte ; nor is it to go to the I.N.F. fund. It is intended to repleniah the Davittian exchequer. Mr Davitt has been publicly challerged to dare, in the light of hia late foolish and scandalous antics in connection with the London School Board elections to visit bis countrymen in the Colnmes-men who have had some practical experience of Mr Davitt's proteges-secularists and undevominanona. last bigots. Evidently Davit espled danger abuad-danger to his money-making project. So, selziog upon an opportunity aff rded by a bazaar at Greenock, be has fallen on his knees and poured furth a profession of orthodoxy. His act of repentance conslets of some outrageous noseense as to the mett od be thinka best suited to securing the redrese of Catholte educational grievance, tacked on to a few threadbare quotations frum l'hierry and Dr Jubnoon, about the gaints and scholars who belonged to Erin in the days before" Malacho wore his collar of gold!

Any white man, or black man, for that matter, who fioda it to bis purpose may orate abuut the sainta and scbolara who were in Enn in the times loug, long ago. Landon Jews, aud even "coloured" gentlemen of New Yurk have been kuown to do $\begin{gathered}\text { bo, when appealing }\end{gathered}$ to Irish people whom they thought verdant, Yet it would appear that Davitt's Greenuck second-band litany to the Hibernita holgmen of the dim distance toucbed a soft cord tn your breast. For, you gave a column aad a balf of your paper to his pious garbage, and waving your absolving hand over bis bowed head, you solemoly assared your readers that there was now "left no roorn for doubt as to the soundness of Mi Davitt's views on education and his complete loyaltg as a Catholic!

I think, Sir, that those of your readers, who are even elightly acquainted with the story of Mr Davitt's dohiga daring the closing moathe of the past year, will not be so soft and in lulgent cowarla him as is your charitable self. Much public intereat has been shown at Home in the late London School Hoard elections. Home paporn, especsally Catholic papers have teemsd with items of newa on the subject. Platforms, Oatholic and lrish, are atill ringiag with denunciations of the shacaetul part taken by two or three lrish "patriots

Su great has been the indignation aroused among the lrish Catholica of Loudon by the action of Meserg Davitt and O'Ononor that branch after branch of the Irioh National League have parsed resolutions emphatically condemning it. Here is just one sample: "Proposed by Mr J. Buckley and geconded by Mr W. Bronn:Tbst we, the members of the St Laurence O'Toole Brach of the I. N. L. of Great Britain, take this opportunity of strongly c indemning the action of Mr Michael Davitt, in involving bimself in the recent School Board Elections, and belping the raisers of the 'no Popery' cry, and of ixpressing our regret that he did not find it convenient to visat London befure or on the polling day (be had been challenged to do so by four of the London Irish clergy), as the Catholic electors of Beinal Green were prepared to meet him and give bum a reception befittog th: occasion." The reading of those resolutions and of the speechos in which they were proposed must bave been interesting readug to Mr Davitt, and must have added very much in deepening bis repentance and defiuing his ortboioxy.

Now, Sir, I do not presume to lecture an editor. I veaerate too much the balo that hovers over his sanctum. But I may, perbaps, be permitted most respectfully to submit that, were I the editur of an Irisn Cathohc paper -a corgpheus of rectitude in the mat er of education and an impulsive skull-crackar in the mitter of suppo ed charlatans, making a lever towards eclish ende of the patriotic and religiuss sentiments of Irssh people-I should, in the present case, first giremy readers some idea of the bistory of the late London Echool Board elections. I should in the second place give some extracts from Mr Davitt's letters to the iufitel Ludion Sun-letters displaying very hazy and queer ideas on the subject of education. Finally, havidg given suffyent space to Mc Davitt's protession of orthosy, I should motestly stand aside and allow my readers to decide for themselves whether or not "Mr Davitt's speech left no rom for doubt as to the soumln'ss of his views on educithol and tha complite logalty as a Cathohc. I am, etc, Williay Bu'ki.
rhe Presbytery, Queenstowa, February 20, 1895.
[It seems, however, that we bave left our readers aimoet an infinaty of room for doubt on the matter. Indeed, it would appear that we have left some of them room enough to pass over the region

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J. A. X. RIEDLE, Maaager.

f doubt altogether and go into perfect certainty on the other side. The severe view, bowever, taken of Mr Davitt's conduct by our rev correspondent bas evideatly not been abared by the priestbond generally. We sball not point to the rav gentleman who invited Mr Davilt to spesk on the occsaion, for referring to which our reveorrespoodent castigates us. And we do not know that "Bub" need squeak any tht less for the balmy words that accompany bis whip. ping. A bazaar, we admit, is an exceptional occasion. We shall, therefore, only remart in passing that eleven priests were preseat, and that the Arehbishop sent bis good wiabes and blessing. Bat we see that at a meeting addresaed by Mr Davitt at Longhrea on Sunday, January 5, the chair was taken by the Rer R. Meagber, Adm, and the second chair by the Very Bev Canon Oanton, P.P., Athenry. These priesta, who undoubtedly had carefully watched, and were aware of all that bad been said or written in London, would not have countenanced Mr Davitt had be been accountable for the furious anti-Catholic language quoted by our rev correrpondent, or had they had reason to believe that he could approve of any such langaage, Our Catholic contemporaries besides--the Ediaburg Merald and the Glaggow Observer-had taken the same view of the Greenock speech a we took. The fact is, we took the apeech as we found it. We had already, in the more autboritative and solemn portion of our paperour leading columns-condemned, in the atrongeat manner possible, the opposition given in Loodoo to Cardinal Vaughan. We bad with great regret seen Mr Davitt implicated in the matter, and we were relieved to find an utterance in which he seemed togive expression to a penitent spirit. We cannot for our part accept Mr Davits as a vulgar adventurer who io ready to dieguise bis opinions on mercenary considerations. There are some prints in his opinions with which we totally disagree, but his whole life has given proof of bis honesty and disintereatedness. He certainly does not deserve to be ranked with "charlatans" of any class. If, moreover, we bave sbown any exceptional softuess with regard to Mr Divitt, and, with all due respeat to our rev correspondent, we cann it even now see that we have done an. We are hardly ready to olush for it. the pathoo of bis bistory as well as bis services to Yreland, meri's for bim some especial consideration.-Ed. $\mathrm{N} Z$ TABLET $]$

## DEATH OF A BRILLIANT YOUNG MAN.

(Thames Advertiscr, January 30),
Papers to hand by the last Bydney mail announce the dealb of J bn de Lacy O'Rellly, son of Mr Puter O'kelly, headmag or of the Superior Pablic School, Camdinvilt, and cusin of the Rev Father O'Reilly, of the Thames. The following appears in the local paper on the subject :-"Tno deceased, a brilliant young Catholic native, was for four years one of the most successfal members of the teaching staff of st Ignatius' College, Riverview. He fell a victim to typhoid fever in his 28th year. Mi O'Reilly had only been called to the Bar in October, and on the vary day he wa stricken down by the illness which carried him off be was to have appeared in Court with his firat brief. Mr O'Reilly had all the qua ities tatat go to make a favourite-a sunny dispostion, a manly beariag, a sindiy heart, and a genial temper. Epelyone who knew him held him in affactionate esteem; and those wo had opportunities of correctly estimating his bigh personal chracter and great ability looked to him as a man who was destided to make a mark, and a big one, in the world. In the beat sense hi was a 'self-made mas,' and h* yowed the pasition he bad reacesd entirely to his brains and his industry. During the four years Mr O'Leilly was connected with st Ignatius' College be enjoyed a remarkable popularity, both with the Jesait Fathers and the boys, andall were very borry when the hardworking and pood-hearted masterleft Riverview to a ady for the Bar. In St Jooept's Charch, Newtow, the Bunday after the funeral, the Very Rev Dean slattery spoke ir very aympathetic terras of toe and closing of the bright yonng life. The Dasa said the deceased wis a man of admirable moral charater and great intellectual strength and had be been spared, he woud, in all probability, bave proved a, worthy successor to Bdward Butbr at the Bar. In Our Alma Mater
(the college magazine of st Igastius', Riverview), which was isened on the day Mr O'Reilly died, the following paragraph appsared :'Our greatly regpected and esteemed master, Mr J. de L O'Railly donned the barrister's wir and gown in Octobsr. All his Riverview friends congratulate him.' "-R.I.P.

## THE HANDFUL OF THINGS WE KNOW.

Several jears agu an American humourist and poet pablished aome verges called "Little breeches" This was an odd name given to a very sman boy who was caught out in a tremedous snowstorm, and finslly found in some hay quite a distance from the honse. However the boy got there bothered everybody to expluin. It was certain he never could have walked. So his fathar sald the angels mast bave done it; they just stooped down and toted him to where it was safe and warm," hessid. The poetry about it (supposed to have been written by the youngster's father) sterts off in this way :-

I don't go mach on religion,
I never ain't had no show ;
But I've a middling tight grip, sir,
On the bandful of thinge I know.
That's it; Ths Landful of things we know. There aren't many of 'ew, but there are a few. And one of them is that: that for a hundred resulta there is only one cause. Nature developa and makea differencts; never a new force.

Here, for example, is an incident which shows our meaning. About Ohristmas 1889, Mr E. B, Wright had un attack of infiaenza, Previous to thia he had always been acrong and bearty. Well, he got over the influenza; sill it bad given him (as be says) "a shake." Atter this he got along fairly well, until February of thle gear (1892) when the influenzs attacked him again. This time the malaily " meant busin -ss." Nearly every bone and muscle in his body ached like sore teath. His akia was bot and dry, and to bed be was obliged to go. For aix ceen days he was under a doctor. At the end of that time he found bimeelf aive and that was about all you could aay tor him.

In bis letter he goes on $t n$ tell what happened next. "I had a foul taste in the mouth," he says, "and my teeth and tongue were covered with a thick slimy phlegm. My wife sage my tongae was like an oyster shell, and l'm sare it was rough as a nutmeg grater, What I ate, which wasn't macb, gave me pain in the chest and sides, After a mouthful or two I felt full and blown oat, and I need to swell to a greit alz. By-and-by a hacking colgh aet in and my breataing got short and quick. At night I lay for hure gasping for breath, and often coughed so I was afraid I should hursi a blood vessel. I got weaker and weaker and was like a broken-vinded horse. The doctor said it was asthma, but he wasn't able to religver'. Although I live ouly two minutes walk from the factory where I work, 1 had to stop and rest on my way many a time.
"Thas ma'ters went with me until Jane, 1892. Then oie day I tooiz up the Essex Newsman, and read of a man living at Earsham, near Buagay, baring been cured by Mother Nepgol's Oaratíve Syrap. I got some of this $m$ dicine from the International Tea Company, Braintree. After a few doses my breathing gre w easter, and by keeping on with the Syrup my food soon digested, the cuugh left me, and I gained alrength. I am now as strong as ever, can eat anything, and walk for milea, I am a bruabmaker, and work at the factory, of Messrs John West and Sons, Hiyh Sireet, Braintras, and have lived in tbis town over forty years, (Signe 1) E. B. Walght, Bandpit Road, Braintree, Essex, August 23td, 1892,"

Now let us see how this illustrates the prop with. For almost three yars Mr Wright was ill with what seem od like a series of different diseases. He bad the influenza twice, the astuma one, and anotber disease which he gives no nama to-even if he recognised it. Look for a moment att he varie y andin anongruity uf the pans and troubles he mentions, but he doesn't deasribe thim all, elther. You would fance he had half a dozen ailmenta at least. Yit be bal but oue-indigestion and dysp psaz-of which all $\mathrm{t} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { g }}$ bodily disturbances (influenza included-a b ood disease) wore sy mp oms. All came out of the stomuch, and when Seigel's By rup $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{t}$ that right the othere quietly departed.

What, then, is one thing of "the handful of thinge we know"? Answer: That nearly all soris of diseases are really symptoms of indigesti n and dyspepsia, and that Motber Eeigel's Curative Syrup cures it.

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