

# New Zealand Gazette

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## Current Topics.

AT HOME & ABROAD.



THE mantle of Pope IX. has certainly fallen upon the shoulders of Leo. XIII. Amongst the first acts of our Holy Father's reign has been the conferring of his blessing upon the Catholic Press. On 26th February last, M. Eugene Venillot wrote as follows to the *Univers* from Rome:—"I had the honour and the happiness of being received by His Holiness yesterday evening. Christ's Vicar has blessed our work and all those connected with it. He said that he knew and had long been a reader of the *Univers*, whose devotion to the Church he praised. He asked me about Louis Venillot, whose services he highly esteems. The Pope added that the religious Press, that is, like us, faithful to the teaching of the Holy See, had a noble part to play; that it must maintain firmly the rights of the Church. His Holiness concluded repeating that he blessed us all, and sent a special blessing to Louis Venillot." We recognise the claim of M. Louis Venillot to receive so great a reward for his long years of labour in upholding the Catholic cause in Europe, and it gives us great pleasure to see him thus fortified against the sneers and open attacks of his multitudinous enemies. He is one, indeed, who has encountered a large share of the vituperation of the Protestant and infidel newspapers, and his truly Catholic aspirations for the welfare of the Church have even been made the standard against which the anti-Catholic voice has especially declaimed. "It is the contemplation of the behaviour of the Christian subjects of Turkey," says the *Saturday Review*, "which has kept Europe in such a state of mind as to make it hope that the idea of a moderate Pope, and not the idea of M. Venillot, will prevail in the Catholic world." Europe must indeed be singularly acute if it can detect any connection between the behaviour of these Christians of the Greek Church and the See of Peter. Does it not know that Rome has no more bitter enemy or more rebellious child,—for all baptised Christians belong in some sort to the Pope as our late Holy Father informed the Emperor of Germany? But this drivel—and it is the merest disconnected drivel—is beside the question. What we have to do with is the fact that the great "Reviler" has been disappointed, and that a Pope, who does fulfil the idea of M. Venillot sits in the chair of the Fisherman, and has conferred his blessing on M. Venillot, and the *Univers*, and the Catholic Press. For ourselves we feel our courage renewed once more by the benediction of His Holiness, and we trust that we shall continue to be included in it by doing our utmost, in our limited sphere, towards maintaining at all times the rights of the Church.

"Oh! hoo I hate to hear a hash insist."

THERE is somewhere or other in Dunedin a certain club which is bent on deep discussion. We do not know where is its place of meeting, nor do we recognise the names of any of its members. But the Club must be in existence, for a contemporary furnishes us with long reports of its proceedings. We are not in the habit of perusing these reports regularly, for we desire to avoid the state of confusion arrived at by those unfortunate devils, who, Milton informs us, sat apart upon a hill and reasoned of all sorts of things which it was impossible for them to understand. Therefore we spare our limited intellect, and avoid placing ourselves in danger of going daft. We are not in a position then to criticise the proceedings of this club, and feel justified only in saying that, so far as we have followed its conversations, they by no means remind us of those out of which we have gathered our motto—the "Noctes Ambrosianæ." There is, however, one gentleman amongst the members of the club to which we refer in whom we ought to feel some interest. He is an Irishman and a Roman Catholic; both of which facts entitle him to our consideration. We know he is an Irishman because there is an O' before his name, and we know he is a Roman Catholic because he has plainly stated such to be the case. We need hardly enter into any very long argument to prove that the O' before a man's name at once points out his nature, characteristics, and race to be Irish, for, on all hands, it is admitted to have done so from the very earliest times. In fact we recognise one of the elders who attended on King Priam at the Skaean gate to have been Irish

because he was named O'Calet-m. Although, by the way, the Greek scribe who took down the name from Homer's dictation stupidly wrote the O' with a u instead of the apostrophe,—a mistake which was not detected by the poet, no doubt owing to his blindness, and which, therefore, has been continued to the present day. This elder, then, was Irish, made so by his O' which plainly shows that he was not a Trojan in the same way that the O' of Mr. O'Donnell, of whom we speak, shows that he is not to be mistaken for a Cockney. Of this Irish elder's religion we cannot certainly judge, for it is not distinctly mentioned that he was a Roman Catholic, but there is nothing in the world to prevent his having had very nearly as clear ideas on the creed in question as the Milesian of whom our contemporary reports. For if there were such things as Roman Catholic crows this gentleman might be hung up up to frighten them by the display of his ignorance and imbecility, just as at present he has been introduced to amuse the geese of other creeds, or no creeds, by the exhibition of his assumed knowledge. There is a Scotch gentleman, too, in the club, who is very short and very sharp, but the soul of reason, and he, to be sure, takes it out of Mr. O'Donnell at his will, and by a home thrust or two makes our Irish friend show to the assembly how very big a fool he is. We have, however, no intention of following the course of a discussion at the club: we desire to shun the megrim, and therefore we shall confine ourselves to an answer, which it strikes us is an obvious one to that stock argument, "Search the Scriptures," which we find last week advanced, to his discomfiture, against our Irish scarecrow. The Jews were told to search the Scriptures, not for the purpose of interpreting them at their will, but to find in them a certain definite meaning. The interpretation was given to them: it was that Jesus of Nazareth was the Messiah, and that, and that only, was what it was lawful for them to discover by their search. The passage in question really is condemnatory of the Protestant position, for it proves that our Lord did what the Church now does,—i.e., declared the meaning of certain passages, and desired that those who read them should place such an interpretation on them. The Church recommends the faithful to study the Scriptures in this same sense to-day.

A CONTEMPORARY, amongst certain paragraphs culled from the news brought by the *Suez Mail*, gives us one which it heads "British Pluck." The "British pluck," however, exemplified, proves to be the gallant conduct of a number of men of that distinctly Irish Regiment, the Connaught Rangers, led on by Major Garrett Moore, a member of the ancient Irish family of O'Moore, and who hails from the banks of the Shannon. The paragraph runs thus:—"The 88th Regiment, the Connaught Rangers, were always hard hitters, and I never knew the enemy yet that was pleased at meeting either the 87th or the 88th Regiments when they came down to the charge with fixed bayonets, shouting 'Fagh-a-ballagh'—clear the road or clear the way. The following will prove how Irishmen can fight, as the Kaffirs are no chickens, and also that British soldiers will always succeed with the bayonet, if properly used. The small body of men of the 88th Regiment (only forty in number) engaged in the recent battle with the Gaika Kaffirs, near the Komgha, behaved splendidly, and maintained the prestige of the 88th as one of the best fighting regiments of the British army. They were confronted by a large number of Gaikas, variously estimated at from 600 to 1,000, who came out shouting, yelling, and brandishing their guns. Forming his small band into square, Major Moore told them to wait until the enemy were within a distance of 100 yards, when a volley from the Sniders did fearful execution, and caused the Kaffirs to halt, but only for a moment. Shouting, hooting, and yelling as only naked savages can do, they came on like a stone wall until within five yards distant of the small band of soldiers, when Major Moore gave the order, 'Men of the 88th, fire a volley and charge bayonets!' Quick as lightning the order was executed, the men of the 88th were in amongst the Gaikas, and handled the bayonets in fine style. The Kaffirs fought desperately, but Irish pluck was too much for them, and the result was that they turned and fled, leaving 100 dead on the field. Major Moor is a dashing officer. While attempting to save a mounted policeman named Guise, who was badly wounded at the time, he was attacked by two Kaffirs, and wounded through the arm with an assegai. He succeeded, however,

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in shooting both the Kaffirs with his revolver." Major Moore is all that is said here of him and more besides. He is not only a brave soldier, but, as we have good reason to know, a true-hearted gentleman, an honour not only to the service in which he has distinguished himself, but also, what is still more, to the country which gave him to that service. His "pluck" however is not "British pluck;" it has descended to him with the ancient blood of Irish chieftains which flows in his veins, and which has ere now asserted itself on many a battle field.

A FEW years ago when the Burnese embassy was in London, the Archbishop of Canterbury made some remarks with respect to the number of Easterns that were in England, referring especially to the religions professed by them. An answer was written to his Grace in the *Times*, if we understand aright by the ambassadors themselves or some members of their suite, in which the Archbishop was accused of commenting on systems of which he knew nothing, and whence it was clear that the writers had a perfect comprehension of the state of religion in his Grace's arch-diocese, and were by no means inclined by it to the adoption of Protestant Christianity. We read the correspondence at the time, and were much amused with it, but unfortunately we have not retained a very distinct recollection of its particulars. It appears, however, that the affair was even more ominous than we supposed, for now it seems that the Archbishop bids fair to have one of the heathen creeds, which he considered it a blemish to find professed uninterfered with in London, actually preached not only openly, but even controversially, under his very nose. At least we find a paragraph in a contemporary to the effect that certain Buddhist priests are about to make a missionary tour in America and England, and, strange to say, there is nothing either extraordinary or incredible in the statement. Extremes have met, and "modern thought" has prepared the way in the West for the engrafting there of this ancient Eastern system of belief to which we refer. It may be remembered that a little time ago we gave a sketch of that German outcome of the evolutionary theory which is known as "Pessimism," and which bears a strong resemblance to the teaching of Bhuddism. This is widely spread, and supported by men of reputation for genius and learning, and there can be no doubt but that for those minds which reject Christianity, and rush on to the eager adoption of evolution in a rash anticipation of the cautious steps of science, there is much that is specious in the system. Europe, then, presents a fair field for the efforts of these Eastern apostles, and we shall be by no means surprised to find them secure there, as well as in America, a large body of adherents. It may be, indeed, that we are also destined to see them welcomed to the shores of New Zealand, and that here in Dunedin, as a set-off to the Princess Theatre, we shall have a Temple of Fo, where another evolutionist sect will dispute the doctrine that mankind is on a stampede between the ape and the angel, by asserting the axiom of Sakyamouni, "Evil is existence," and declaring that the *summum bonum* consists in the attainment of Nirwana. In fact, the man may not only be born, but may even be already a good lump of a gossoon, who as a cabinet minister shall endeavour to introduce and support measures calculated to prepare the minds of New Zealand children for the adoption of the system in question, and it may be that in his sinister design he will be aided by the assent and approbation of such ministers of Christian sects as shall still be found amongst us. Whether he be now engaged in handling the plough or the tawse, however, it is a pity that the accidents of colonial life are favourable to his rise in the social and political scales, so that it shall be hereafter in his power to help in heathenising the land.

WHEN some fifty or sixty years ago, the Signor Silvio Pellico was arrested by the Austrian Government and imprisoned, first in the leads of Venice, and afterwards at Spielberg he was harshly treated. It is impossible to read his account of his prison life without great indignation against the perpetrators of so gross an injustice and cruelty, but dark as is the picture, it is relieved by contemplating the sympathy felt for the poor captive by certain of those officers to whose care he was committed. Tremereello, the turnkey at Venice, was not unkind, and, at Spielberg, Schiller was in truth a rough diamond. Considerate warders were, in short, the rule, and we cannot but think that it speaks well for a Catholic country that a class of its people, of all others exposed to the most hardening influences, remained humane and kind-hearted. We are in a position to-day to contrast the treatment this Italian gentleman received in Austria, half a century ago, at the hands of the turnkeys and prison officers generally, with that of some other prisoners lately shut up in a gaol of the period, and placed under the care of officials belonging to that Anglo-Saxon race which boasts itself the most enlightened and Christian in the world. And what do we find? The benighted Austrians continued men, and kind-hearted men. They fulfilled, indeed, the duties of their calling, and carried out the rigorous discipline enjoined upon them, but so far as it was possible they alleviated

the sufferings of their prisoners by sympathy and humanity. The American warders in the prison of New Jersey, on the contrary, became as brutes: the prisoners were relinquished to their mercies, and, as it has recently been proved, they treated them horribly. They invented tortures, and applied them so cruelly that sometimes their victims died of the suffering inflicted. They gagged and fettered them, and bound them for fifteen hours at a time to a thing called a stretcher, which was declared, by an official who made a trial of it, to be unendurable for even a few minutes. The prison doctors, also, have been convicted of the most savage conduct. At Spielberg, the surgeon who cut off Maroncelli's leg shed tears when his patient presented him with a rose, the only reward in his power to give; but the doctors at New Jersey, when they were called to attend a prisoner who had fainted, or otherwise become unconscious, an occurrence which seems to have been frequent, poured alcohol upon his flesh, and ignited it. If the wretched sufferer then sprang up under the torture of the burn he was declared to have been shamming. Certainly it is a world progressing towards perfection, and the great land of secularism has all but developed into a terrestrial Paradise.

AN American editor has produced the following from his queer brain:—"Clothes pins are now shipped to New Zealand. The natives use them for earrings, but an old chief who got hold of one with a half horse power spring in its back, and hooked it on his nose, was looking around ten minutes afterward for a missionary to kill." We cannot say anything about the clothes pins, but we can assure our unknown contemporary that we in New Zealand have had one other of his country's institutions introduced amongst us, which aspires to lead us all by the nose, and which will indubitably end in killing, not missionaries, perhaps, but missionary work. It is secularism, whose victim is Christianity.

THIS is the age of strange discoveries, and, if that announced by Mr. A. H. Severn arrive at being established, it will indeed, as he says, "open up another field for thinking minds." This gentleman, who is very well known in New Zealand, professes to have discovered a simple instrument by which sound may be conveyed without the intervention of the ear to the brain of deaf persons. We are reminded by it of the lament of Samson Agonistes:

"—if it be true  
That light is in the soul,  
She all in every part; why was the sight  
To such a tender ball as the eye confined,  
So obvious, and so easy to be quenched;  
And not, as feeling, through all parts diffused,  
That she might look at will through every pore?"

One discovery may lead to another, and the soul may at length be enabled to see, also, although the ordinary organ of sight be destroyed.

IF our secular schools in Dunedin are to prosper under the management of their school committees, we shall have an instance of "progression by antagonism." It is a pity the *Daily Times* considered it necessary, as he informs us in his leader of last Monday, to thin out his report of the late meeting of the committee, for the slight sketch of their shindy he has given is very amusing. We do not know that any of it is very profitable, although our contemporary seems to imply that he considers it so, for he tells us that he "omitted much which it would have been no profit to the public to hear discussed," and therefore, we conclude that what he has published is considered by him as useful to the community in general. We have read the report, however, carefully, and cannot perceive exactly wherein its profitableness consists. The impertinence, and truculence, and something more, of Mr. Fish, we are well acquainted with, and we are fully persuaded no profit may be gained by reading these oft displayed characteristics reported of. The dignity of Professor Macgregor and Mr. Bell, indeed, might afford a lesson had it been acted upon, but that of the editor was, editor-like, but verbal, and the Professor's only succeeded in carrying him as far as the door of the room in which he found himself; so that nothing decided may be acquired from contemplating this. It may nevertheless be profitable, perhaps, to know that the Board and the Committee are at loggerheads, that the former has connected itself with a ring, as we learn from Mr. Robin, and that the latter cannot enter upon the discussion of a petty appointment without coming to the verge of a free-fight. That we say may, perhaps, be profitable, but it is certainly amusing. Meantime, it is to be hoped that the discipline of the Educational Olympus may not be introduced into the regions governed, for if it be, we may look out to see an abundance of road metal flying through the air, and black eyes and broken noses by the hundred. Both schoolmasters and pupils must learn to take warning by their superiors of the committee, and to shun rigorously their example.

FIVE years ago, when the secular system was introduced into Victoria it was predicted that all the wants of society in the educational line were about to be supplied; larrikism was to perish utterly and the gutter children to become a nightmare of the past. Five years

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Containing a carefully selected assortment of

MEN’S, BOYS’, AND YOUTHS’ CLOTHING.

Ulster Overcoats	Fancy Tweed Trousers	Crimean Shirts
Tweed Paget Suits	Fancy Tweed Trousers and Vests	Winey Shirts
Tweed Waterproofs	Beaver and Cloth Jackets	Jean Shirts
Macintosh Coats	Frieze Cloth Jackets	Serge Pants
Knickerbocker Suits	Tweed Hats and Caps	Lambwool Drawers
Jacket Suits	Stiff Felt Hats	Lambwool Shirts
Pilot and Witney Jackets	Soft Felt Hats	Under Flannels
Double-breasted Jacket Suits	Silk Hats	White Shirts
Witney Overcoats	Blue Blankets	Winter Gloves
Worsted Pagets	White Blankets	Cardigan Jackets
Fancy Tweed Pagets	Scarlet Blankets	Wool and Cotton Sox
Fancy Double-breasted Vests		

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Trousers, Trousers and Vest, and Suits made to order at the Lowest Cash Prices. Two hundred patterns of the best Tweeds and Coating to select from, comprising every variety of Mosgiel, Geelong, Scotch, and English manufacture.

J. H. and Co. would respectfully direct the attention of the public to the fact that they never, by the questionable practice of so-called cheap sales, attempt to delude their patrons.

The whole of the present stock has been most carefully selected, and each article is marked the lowest price it can be remuneratively sold at for cash. They, therefore, submit their varied Stock of Clothing to the public, confident that at no other establishment in the city can better value be had for money.

J. HARDIE & CO.,

TAILORS, CLOTHIERS, AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,  
CORNER OF PRINCES AND RATTRAY STREETS, DUNEDIN.

## EXPERIENCE THE BEST TEACHER.

E. LOFT would direct the attention of his Friends and Customers to the above fact, and solicits a continuance of the patronage which has been so liberally extended to him for the last few years.

Special attention is directed to the following:—All measures are taken, and all lasts fitted up by himself. He employs none but best workmen, who do all the work on the premises, under his immediate supervision. Best materials only are used; consequently he can guarantee a perfect fit, superior workmanship, and the greatest durability.

E. LOFT, 9, Royal Arcade,  
(Opposite Messrs. Clifford and Morris,  
Photographers.)

## WILLIAM CONNOR, BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

FREDERICK-STREET, DUNEDIN.

All goods turned out in first-class style. Fit and quality guaranteed. Repairs neatly executed. Charges moderate.

## QUEEN’S HOTEL, OAMARU.

“CIVILITY, COMFORT, ATTENTION.”

JAMES MARKHAM, having taken the above establishment, has just made extensive alterations and improvements, and is now prepared to accommodate a number of respectable Boarders on moderate terms.

The cellar is stocked with the choicest wines, and the ales and spirits supplied at this house are of the very best brands.

Don't Forget!

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL,

THAMES-STREET, OAMARU.



THE GLOBE HOTEL,

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH.

THE GLOBE HOTEL is now replete with every modern appliance, and is furnished after the latest and most approved method.

The accommodation it now offers cannot be surpassed by any Hotel in the City. Persons desirous of obtaining the comforts of a home, combined with moderate charges, will do well to make early application at the Globe.

Billiards.—One of Alcock’s Prize Medal Tables, the best in town.

First-class Stabling, for twenty horses. An experienced groom always in attendance.

A. OWEN, PROPRIETOR,  
PRINCES-STREET SOUTH,  
DUNEDIN.

however, have gone by, and still the gutter seems to have raised its goodly brood; at least, if we may judge from the fragrance of its blossom, the larrikins. The Melbourne *Sun* and the *Australasian* furnish us with a few details concerning those young gentlemen that show they are still to the fore and as charming as ever, if not more so. The place in which they the most present themselves to good society is in the gallery of the theatres, and Professor Pearson might learn a lesson by going there to contemplate their "tricks and their manners." He had better, however, wait until the Truant Inspector is *un fait accompli*, and secure a phalanx to accompany him; the "repose," of the Vere de Vere caste will not there meet his gaze, nor will his nostrils be greeted by the *mille fleurs* of the Ladies' College. The statements of our authorities are briefly these: the young "beasts" lean over the front of the gallery, howling, shrieking, blaspheming, and spitting. The actors can hardly be heard, but all too plainly are the filth and blasphemies of the odious crew rehearsed in the ears of the audience, so that the place is hardly fit for the presence of ladies and children. Here is a specimen of a conversation with one of the band. "Why," said I, (correspondent of *Sun*) "do you not go into the pit these hot nights. It is nothing like so hot as where you have been?" His reply rather startled me, but he appeared to be essentially a "gentle" youth, who had studied economy. "No (expletive) fear, cocky. I only pays a tanner to go up with the gods, and then I has a tanner to spend on lush, and drink jolly old Greville's health." Again we are told by "Tahite" in the *Australasian* "Untamed gorillas would behave better. They are loud in voice, filthy in language, boisterous in manner, dirty in person, barren in thought. They give no attention to the performance, and they pay their sixpences, presumably, for the opportunity of gratifying their love of imbecile horseplay. I can imagine well enough what sweet husbands and fathers they will make in a few years from this time." Such is the state of Melbourne, after five years of education, free, secular, and compulsory, — the system which it was boasted would reach all classes and provide for all needs. But only think what fine fellows these would be for companions for the girls and boys of reputable parents. The *Sun's* correspondent was worked up into a fever by witnessing decent children within hearing of the ruffians; our gasconading ex-Professor, and many like-minded with him amongst ourselves, would compel such children into close association with them. This is the soul of secularism, the three almighty R.'s, and libertinage unlimited.

We confess that the warning to fortify their ports received from the Imperial Government by the colonial authorities is to us anything but reassuring. We had so far concluded that the Pacific fleet would have been sufficient to have prevented the ravages in these seas of Russian cruisers or privateers, and it is by no means agreeable to be thus authoritatively undeceived. We do not desire, on the other hand, unnecessarily to alarm our readers, but we consider that the duty devolves upon us of preparing them to meet what may, perhaps, happen, so that they may not be taken unawares, but may now adopt measures to prevent not only the probability but the possibility of their becoming victims to the violence of unbridled and ferocious men. The fortification of our harbours should undoubtedly be proceeded with at once, but it would be most unwise to depend only upon this. Let us not disguise it from ourselves; should a Russian privateer or cruiser succeed in gaining an entrance into any port in the colonies, and thus have the town at its mercy, a mere raid on the banks would not satisfy its requirements. The armed ruffians manning it would not be so easily contented, nor would they leave the place without marking their presence with many a blood-stained and dishonoured hearth. It is against this that we have to provide, and to its possibility every man and youth in the colony should be furnished with, and exercised in the use of a rifle and revolver. This need not involve any devotion of time that cannot be spared to volunteer exercises or military discipline, all that would be needed would be for each man or lad possessing a weapon to be sufficiently versed in its use to be able to handle it carefully and familiarly, load it without delay, and discharge it with a fair aim. We address our remarks especially to our Catholic readers, for they may depend upon it that, in event of a Russian attack upon or entry into any of our towns, the Catholic Church, Presbytery, and Convent would indubitably be selected for sack and outrage. Although all sects and classes amongst us, then, are interested in insuring a warm reception to our possible, unwelcome visitors, we, Catholics, are doubly bound to make ourselves ready for them. But let the whole community everywhere be on the alert, the participle *cosaque* was not groundlessly invented.

The conviction of the Catholic mind for the last few years has been that our late beloved Holy Father had attained to heroic sanctity, but, for obvious reasons, the opinion was not very loudly expressed

during the life-time of the holy Pontiff. Already, however, there is evident a disposition to declare openly that Pius IX was a saint in the strict sense of the word, and none of the proofs of his great sanctity appear to be wanting. We do not presume to anticipate the judgement of the Church, and what we now write is written with the understanding that it is but the expression of a private individual's belief, adopted from the study he has made of the subject he writes of, but we are emboldened to put forward such a view by the knowledge that a dignitary of the Church, lately preaching before an assembly of the Cardinals, professed a similar belief, and alluded to the probability of the late Pope's being honoured with the honours due to sanctity in the heroic degree. It may be, therefore, that, even in our own days, we shall have the great happiness of hearing him, whose memory we must ever revere as that of a saint, and love as that of a father, authoritatively recognised as Pope St. Pius the Great.

### THE PROTESTANT PRESS AND FATHER HENNEBERY.

THE leading journal of Auckland, the *Herald* cannot have raised itself much in the estimation of impartial Protestants by the part it took in circulating the slanderous misstatements against Father Hennebery. I cannot but think that Bishop Moran would have done well if he had taken no notice of the *Herald's* paragraphs. To notice such slanders is a sort of humiliation.

Every Catholic worthy of the name, knows what the Church teaches on the subject of marriages. Every Protestant who marries, or intends to marry, a Roman Catholic knows, or may know that too. He does not require to go to the columns of a Protestant newspaper for instruction on that point. No Catholic would for a moment believe that any regularly ordained Catholic priest, exercising his functions with the approval of the bishop of the diocese, would utter such impious nonsense as the *Herald* and others reported to have been spoken by Father Hennebery.

A certain personage they say can quote Scripture in a certain way and for his own purposes. On the same principle Protestant newspaper reporters and editors, and others, can quote the words of a Catholic priest to serve their own ends. We have seen many adepts at this sort of thing. Surely the subject of mixed marriages is sufficiently delicate and often embarrassing without adding to the unpleasantness by such a line of policy as the *Herald* and his coadjutors have adopted. The *Herald* can have little respect for the feelings of that numerous class of Protestants and Catholics who have contracted a mixed marriage. He and others have tried to damage the Catholic Church or Father Hennebery at their expense. The evil has been done. No explanation or denial of Father Hennebery can meet it altogether. It will still be widely believed by the Protestant public that all which the *Herald* has reported to the prejudice of Father Hennebery is Gospel truth.

A mixed marriage may be a blessing to the parties on religious grounds, or it may be very much the reverse. The Church warns us that to the Catholic party it is always dangerous. On some occasions it may be impossible to avoid the danger, The *Herald* and his coadjutors may be overshooting the mark by these slanders against a distinguished Catholic missionary.

It has happened in America, and it may happen here, that Protestants of good will have been induced by slanders like these to enquire into the tenets of the Catholic Church. The result has been that they have at last entered into her communion. I could quote the particulars of one remarkable instance of this. I say then to the *Herald* and others in his line, Go on, gentlemen, multiply your slanders and season them more strongly still to gratify the morbid taste of certain of your Protestant readers. You are thereby likely to do the Church a great good which you are, I am sure, far from intending to do her.

Lord Beaconsfield tells us that so late as 40 years ago when he entered Parliament, the ignorance which pervaded the public mind in regard to the political history of England was something incredible. We may well say that the ignorance which pervades the public mind at this hour on the real tenets of the Catholic Church is more than astonishing.

Men like the editors of our Protestant newspapers, who set up to be "Leaders of the people" should surely know what these tenets are. They have a most intimate relation to every political and social question. I would have the editor of every Protestant newspaper to make himself fully acquainted with the tenets of the Catholic Church ere he undertake his office as instructor and leader of the people. The public would also gain if he went through a course of moral philosophy and Christian ethics. Most of them do not seem to have the most remote idea that they are under any obligation to do as they would be done by. If that were an article of their creed we should not see them acting to us as they now do. Indeed the Protestant ministers are no better in that way.

J. WOOD.

HISTORICAL! Vide "Jurors Reports and Awards, New Zealand Exhibition." Jurors: J. E. Ewen, J. Butterworth, T. G. Skinner "So far as the Colony is concerned, the dyeing of materials is almost entirely confined to the re-dyeing of Articles of Dress and Upholstery, a most useful art, for there are many kinds of material that lose their colour before the texture is half worn. G. HIRSCH, of Dunedin (DUNEDIN DYE WORKS, George-street, opposite Royal George Hotel) exhibits a case of specimens of Dyed Wools, Silks, and Feathers, and dyed Sheepskins. The colors on the whole are very fair, and reflect considerable credit on the Exhibitor, to whom the Jurors recommended an Honorary Certificate should be awarded. Honorary Certificate, 29: Gustav Hirsch, Dunedin, for specimens, of Dyeing in Silk, Feathers, &c.

**PROFESSOR STANICH**  
THE ONLY PALESTINIAN AURIST  
IN THE WORLD,

Will remain in DUNEDIN for a few days,  
and may be consulted as before, at the  
CRITERION HOTEL.

From Dunedin the Professor will proceed  
to Oamaru, Waimate, and Timaru en route to  
Christchurch, staying a couple of days in  
each place, and will leave Dunedin Monday,  
May 13.

**TESTIMONIALS.**

To PROFESSOR STANICH,

DEAR SIR,—I have great pleasure in testi-  
fying to the great relief I have experienced  
at your hands, in the short space of two hours,  
of a chronic case of deafness extending for a  
period of over ten years.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

GEO. J. RICHARDSON.

To PROFESSOR STANICH.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in testi-  
fying to the truth of the above, as the party  
in question has been in my employment for  
over twelve months.

REGINALD BREE,

Merchant, Gore.

Gore, Mataura, 29th April, 1878.

To PROFESSOR STANICH.

(Testimonial from Dr. Macaffer.)

DEAR SIR,—Having requested Mr. Kelly to  
visit you, and have your advice regarding a  
deafness with which he has been afflicted for  
four years, I have much pleasure in testifying  
to the success of your treatment.

I am, yours truly,

JOHN MACAFFER, M.B., C.R.

Gore, Mataura, April 29, 1878.

To PROFESSOR STANICH.

DEAR SIR,—Mr. P. Shepherd, to whom I  
gave a note of introduction, has asked me to  
say that his hearing has been much improved  
through your treatment. On questioning him  
he assured me that he now hears more dis-  
tinctly.

Yours, &c.,

D. M. STUART,

of Knox Church, Dunedin.

Dunedin, April 1, 1878.

To PROFESSOR STANICH.

SIR.—I have much pleasure in testifying to  
your successful treatment of the girl, M. S.,  
whom I recommended to you some weeks ago,  
suffering from severe deafness. She is now  
thoroughly cured, thanks to your skill and  
tells, with joy beaming in her countenance,  
how she heard the town clock striking yester-  
day for the first time when nearly half a mile  
distant from it.

I am, &c.,

P. O'LEARY,

Catholic Clergyman.

Dunedin, April 11, 1878.

To PROFESSOR STANICH.

DEAR SIR,—I am happy to say that the  
patients you have, at my request, charitably  
treated for the loss of their sense of hearing,  
have in every case recovered.

I therefore return you my best thanks on  
my own and their part for your generous help  
to suffering humanity.

Very faithfully yours,

W. J. LARKIN,

Catholic Clergyman.

Dunedin, March 22, 1878.

To the Editor of the *Herald*.

To PROFESSOR STANICH.—SIR.—Suffer-  
ing from my earliest recollection from deaf-  
ness—sometimes painfully so—about four  
weeks since I consulted Professor STANICH.  
The affliction being chronic and so long stand-  
ing, I had little hope of recovery. To my  
astonishment I found an improvement in my  
hearing in three or four days, which improve-  
ment has continued until to-day. I have  
pleasure in testifying I find little defect in  
the social circle or public hall. I may add I  
never knew what it was to hear a sermon  
through until the past fortnight. My surprise  
is increased from the fact of the Professor's  
treatment is so simple and painless. With  
gratitude I hand you this tribute to the Pro-  
fessor's ability as an aurist.

I am, &c.,

T. GLUYAS PASCOE,

Clothing Manufacturer.

High-street, 8th April, 1878.



**HENDERSON AND FERGUS,**

GEORGE-STREET, DUNEDIN,

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Importers of Marble and Slate Mantel-pieces.

Arbroath, Castlemaine, and Malmesbury

Flagging.

Marble, Granite, and Oamaru Stone  
Monuments.

A large supply of Building Materials always  
on hand.

Estimates given, and communications punctu-  
ally attended to. Designs sent to all  
parts of the colony on application.  
Minton's Paving.

**WE HAVE FOR SALE,**

On Hand, and to Arrive—

Sheep Nets, 40 to 50 yards long

Corn Sacks—full weight—Calcutta's

400-gallon Iron Tanks and 200-gallon  
Water Butts

Rock Salt

Fencing Wires

Clovers—We have a shipment of sorts, just  
to hand, fresh and good

Turnip Seeds, both Colonial grown and im-  
ported

Rape Seed to arrive, also

Cocksfoot and Rye-grass Seeds

A shipment of Mitchell's Grain and Grass  
Seed

Sowing Machines (with the latest improve-  
ments) adapted for sowing turnip seed  
broadcast at from 6 to 12 oz. per acre.  
These machines soon recoup the cost,  
through the saving of seed.

We are Agents for Nicholson's Reapers, and  
have on hand a variety of Extras.

We have still a few Extras for Pirie's  
Ploughs.

Double-furrow Ploughs by Murray and Co.,  
of Banff—we have a few of these for Sale,  
cheap.

Barn Fanners

Potatoe Digging Machine, &c., &c.

**NIMMO AND BLAIR,**  
FORWARDING

AND  
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,  
Princes-street South, Dunedin.

**W A I M E A B R E W E R Y,**  
STAFFORD.

MESSRS M. HOULAHAN & CO.,

AND PORTER BREWERS AND BOTTLERS,  
Ginger Beer, Lemonade, and Cordial  
Manufacturers,

Having made extensive alterations in their  
Brewery at Stafford beg to call the attention  
of the public to the Superior Quality of their  
PRIZE ALES AND PORTER, which is recog-  
nised by connoisseurs to be the best in New  
Zealand.

Orders left at their Depot, Kumara, and  
at the Brewery, Stafford, will be punctually  
attended to.

**I N T H A N K I N G** my numerous

Friends and Customers for the very liberal  
patronage I have received, I beg that they  
will extend the same to my successor,

MR. A. DORNWELL,

Whom I have every confidence in recom-  
mending.

JOHN MACKLEY.

With reference to the above, the under-  
signed pledges himself to keep up the good  
reputation of the Oldest Establishment in  
Dunedin by keeping none but the very  
Primest of Ox Beef, Wether Mutton, Dairy  
Fed Pork, &c.

Families and Shipping supplied with every  
article in the trade.

Agent for Mr. GRAY, of Wellington, for  
his Superior Preserved Meats, Soups, &c.

Agent for Mr. GREEN, Christchurch, for  
Hams, Bacon, and Lard.

WANTED, a Suitable Site for a Model  
Slaughter-house, within easy distance of  
town, guarantee given that no smell or  
nuisance therefrom, the cattle being all  
housed and the place cleaned up hourly.

I wish to arrange for a Regular Supply of  
Dairy-fed Pork and Veal.

Beef Hams, Pork Hams, and Bacon, from  
Dairy-fed Pigs; Mutton Hams, Spiced Beef,  
Smoked Beef and Tongues, from 10th inst.

A. DORNWELL,

Smithfield Market Co.



**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS**

THE GREATEST

WONDER OF MODERN TIMES.

Long experience has proved these famous  
remedies to be most effectual in curing either  
the dangerous maladies or the slighter com-  
plaints which are more particularly incidental  
to the life of a miner, or to those living in  
the bush.

Occasional doses of these Pills will guard  
the system against those evils which so often  
beset the human race, viz.:—coughs, colds,  
and all disorders of the liver and stomach—  
the frequent forerunners of fever, dysentery,  
diarrhoea, and cholera.

**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.**

Is the most effectual remedy for old sores  
wounds, ulcers, rheumatism, and all skin dis-  
ease; in fact, when used according to the  
printed directions, it never fails to cure alike  
deep and superficial ailments.

These Medicines may be obtained from all  
respectable Druggists and Storkeepers  
throughout the civilised world, with direc-  
tions for use in almost every language.

They are prepared only by the Proprietor  
Thomas Holloway, 533 Oxford-street, Lon-  
don.

\*\* Beware of counterfeits that emanate  
from the United States.

## Poet's Corner.

A S S A R O E.

BY ANTHONY M'NEELY.

Back through the misty, vanished years my heart flies evermore,  
To early scenes of childhood's days by Ballyshannon's shore;  
Where Erne's laughing waters seek the chasm far below,  
And sparkle onward to the sea by Abbey Assaroe.

Its shattered walls are lonely now; the stillness of the tomb  
Has reigned around its trampled fane through centuries of gloom;  
For, oh! it felt the heat and power of Ireland's ruthless foe;  
Razed are the walls Tyrconnell built round Abbey Assaroe.

Along the banks of Erne to the cascades of Belleek  
The fond old tongue of motherland the prattling infants speak,  
And saintly clerics come to pray, and kneel in joy or woe,  
Above the graves where slept the brave in Abbey Assaroe.

Fair are the glens and heathy hills fanned by the ocean breeze,  
As the bright Summer sunbeams woo and kiss the rowan trees;  
The swelling tide, outspreading wide, doth proudly ebb and flow,  
And grand and fair the loved scenes there, round Abbey Assaroe.

Back, back again in memory round Erne's banks I stray.  
And muse and dream amid the haunts of childhood's happy day;  
And as I see the mountain soar, and watch the waters flow,  
I sigh to rest and hope to sleep near Abbey Assaroe.—Exchange.

### THE POLITICAL ASPECT IN FRANCE.

LOVERS of liberty and lovers of France cannot behold that Republic, after passing through the trying ordeal from which she has just emerged, without mingled feelings of joy and admiration. With noble patience, exercising an unexampled self-restraint, displaying heroic calmness and forbearance, she has walked like the martyrs of old over red-hot ploughshares, and with the sword of Representation has given the death blow to monarchical despotism amidst the world's applause. It was with heartfelt thankfulness and unmixed delight that I heard of the peaceful and decisive triumph of parliamentary principles last October, and of the success which had attended the silent expression of the people's will. It was a trying moment for France when she saw her most cherished institutions threatened, and when under the free folds of her Republican flag acts of tyranny were perpetrated and legal coercion practised, which were almost without parallel in the days of the monarchy. It was demanded of her that she should return a Chamber, like our last Irish Parliament, to strike the knell of its own doom, or if not absolutely to legislate itself out of existence, to hand over to Napoleon Quatre its liberties, privileges, and mission. *Le spectre rouge* was flaunted in her face, and it was told her that if "social order" was to be maintained Frenchmen must use a little self-denial, and give up the idea of free Parliamentary Government. Republicanism, it was averred, was not consistent with Catholicism, and that if the Revolution was to be overcome, if infidelity and socialism were to be swept out of France, the nation must put on the iron glove of monarchy. It was thought that thus all sincerely religious people would be placed upon the horns of a dilemma. It was hoped that the sophistry would be undetected, and the fraud unexposed, until the honest Catholics of France had sacrificed their freedom, under the delusion that by so doing they were saving their faith. An attempt was made to place the issue before the electors as one between the Church and the Revolution, between Marshal MacMahon and "le lion" Gambetta, as M. Louis Veuillot calls him. But for once Frenchmen went to work with prudence and moderation, flung passion to the winds, and brought reason to bear on the subject, and the consequence was they saw how falsely the question had been stated, how artfully the intriguers had planned a *coup d'etat*, and they went and, under the threatening eye of a gendarme, recorded their votes for liberty and constitutional government.

Whatever may be M. Gambetta's faults, however dangerous his principles yet announced may be, there is no use denying the fact that he is now the popular tribune in France, and that his counsel to the nation all through the crisis was both sensible and patriotic. He everywhere inculcated confidence in pacific and constitutional action and submission to the law. He never questioned the right of Marshal MacMahon to appeal to the constituencies, but he stated his firm determination to abide by the result of that appeal whatever it should be. So far he must necessarily have the confidence of all lovers of Parliamentary institutions. The appeal was made; France spoke, but still for a while her voice was disdained; until the honest heart of the soldier President at last felt a pang when the scales were removed from his eyes, and he saw how he was enticed upon perilous quicksands, and without the path of strict legality; and immediately, like a pure souled patriot, he sprang to obey the clearly defined will of his country, and spurned the *mal conseils* incessantly poured into his ears by the worshippers of kingly pomp. He thought it no humiliation to avow before the world his complete submission to the new parliament, and to affirm his confidence as the nation's representative in the stability of Republican institutions. This triumph of moral force and constitutional action will unmistakably cause a great revolution in the minds of Frenchmen. They will see that that which they formerly endeavoured to win with rifle and barricade can now be obtained by the magic power of the voting paper, and that the voices of their parliamentary representatives, clothed in their *habits noirs*, are more effectual to strike down tyranny whenever it presents itself than the arms of a whole people aroused at Freedom's watchword.

The Catholic Church has nothing to fear from freedom and free institutions, and those who aver that she does not love both, libel her fair name. She was the nurse of freedom, as well as the protectress of learning, through the ages of mediæval darkness, and her voice ever rang out in no uncertain tones against the "weaponed arm" of oppression. And now, though—

"Tortured and torn by Persecution's rage,  
And bound with chains in cruel vassalage;  
Tho' all the Cæsars on her shrine have trod,  
Still, still she shines, the beacon of a God."

A politically and morally educated free people is what the Church desires, and to train up which is the one grand object of the noblest minds in her fold. Nothing, therefore can be more false and criminal than to say that the Catholic Church is a foe to Liberty.

Were the Empire in France possible, without despotism, secrecy, and plotting, there is good reason to think that Frenchmen themselves—as well as most observant, thinking foreigners—would prefer it. But though the young, honest, and gifted Prince, who would ascend the throne in the event of a re-establishment, might entertain large and enlightened views which were foreign to the mind of his father, and though he might at first determine to loyally, hold the crown for no personal interest or gratification, but for the good and welfare of the whole of his subjects, yet the influence of evil advisers might at any moment overcome all his good resolutions and make him embark on a career of combat against the institutions which would limit and watch the exercise of his power. It is this consideration which has made the majority of the professional and commercial classes Republican, and which secured the safety of the Republic in the crisis through which it has just passed. And should the lessons which they have recently learned sink indelibly into the minds of Frenchmen, and the nation become inured to the machinery of Parliamentary Government, the new France now arising may survive the intrigues of the factious, and live on in increasing vigour and unimpaired beauty, as the home of liberty and the mother of the arts.

W. J. N.

Auckland, April 25th, 1878.

### OUR INDIAN POSITION.

THE number of British troops in India may be estimated as follows: British soldiers, 60,000; other British born subjects, 70,000; in all 130,000 men in 240,000,000 inhabitants of India.

A very high military authority, commenting on this, writes as follows:—

"I look upon our position in India as most critical, and if Russia ever made a serious advance we should in all probability be turned out before she arrived at the Gates of the Empire. We are doing nothing to improve our communications with our Eastern possessions; but Russia is pushing forward a rail between Tiflis and Teheran, which will be carried on to Herat which latter valley will then form a new base of attack. To meet this we ought to push on to the head of the Persian Gulf by the Valley of the Euphrates; but the power of doing this will have passed away when Armenia forms part of the Russian Empire, which it is about to do with the sanction of England so far as I can see."

Another authority adds:—

To me Armenia appears at least half of the Eastern Question, on account of our through express route to India being to Constantinople by existing railways across Europe. Constantinople through Anatolia to Diarbekir and Mosul, and skirting the hills—say 100 to 150 feet above the plain—on *left bank of the Tigris*, to Bussorah; thence by steamer *in meantime* in 84 to 87 hours to Kurachee—later by railway throughout. A branch railway from Alexandretta (Scanderoon) by Aleppo to join main line between Mosul and Diarbekir. Mosul appears to be only 350 to 400 feet above the sea, about 500 miles distant as the crow flies, showing how very level that country is."

For the moment the most prompt and practicable method of effectively securing a speedy route to India is the obtaining a territorial interest in the Suez Canal, either alone or jointly with France. A pamphlet is about to be published on this subject, which from the proof we have seen is well worthy of the serious consideration of both English and French Governments.—Home Paper.

### THE POPE AND THE IRISH M.P.'S.

A MEETING of the Catholic Members of Parliament was held at Westminster, on Monday, 25th February, to consider an address of congratulation to the Holy Father, on his elevation to the Pontifical Throne. The chair was occupied by Mr. A. M. Sullivan, and there were also present Sir J. M. McKenna, Mr. O'Clery, Mr. Gray, Mr. D. M. O'Connor, Dr. Ward, Mr. Collins, Mr. O'Shaughnessy, Mr. Biggar, Mr. Kirk, and Mr. Redmond. Mr. O'Clery briefly submitted the object of the meeting. It was decided that the following telegram be despatched to the Cardinal Secretary of State:—

"The Irish Catholic members in the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland humbly present to the Holy Father, Pope Leo XIII, the expression of their homage and congratulation on his elevation to the Pontifical Chair. They desire for his Holiness many years' reign over the universal Church, and pray for themselves and for Ireland, their country, the Pontifical Benediction."

The following gracious reply has been telegraphed from the Vatican:—

"Rome, 27th Feb.—To Chevalier O'Clery, Member of Parliament, London. The Holy Father has received, with especial gratification, the felicitations and good wishes of the Irish Catholic Members of the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland.

"His Holiness returns them his heartfelt thanks, and bestows, from the bottom of his heart, his Benediction on each one of them, and on Ireland, their country.

"P. LABAGNI, Pro-Secretary of State."

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The Directors find business people perfectly prepared to enter the Association upon such allotments as are proportional to their influence while calculated to permanently secure their support. The interests of the general body of smaller insurers will also be consulted in the allotment, but an important feature in the proposal is the determination of the Directors to reckon one half the total capital for future allotment to actual insurers, upon a definite and equitable basis.

Several of the Directors have had experience of the great advantages of mutuality in connection with the most successful Life Association existing and after long consideration the Board are satisfied that the present proposal comprehends the most practical embodiment of that principle applicable to fire and marine business.

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The Directors have been justified in thinking that the shares would be favourably regarded, and it was in that view, now fully confirmed that they decided upon retaining in hand the half of the capital in the interests of insurers in general, and consequently of the Association.

A representative of the Company will shortly be in Otago.

The rates and general terms of business of the Association will be similar to whatever may be current from time to time.

F. E. A. GRAHAM,

Secretary.



## WELLINGTON.

(From our own Correspondent.)

April 30th.

THE services for holy week were held at St. Mary's Cathedral, for the Catholics of the entire city, and were carried out with great solemnity; commencing on Wednesday evening with the office of the Tenebrae, which was chanted by his Lordship Dr. Redwood; and the Rev. Fathers Yardin, McGuinness, and Kerrigan, assisted by the Marist Brothers. On Holy Thursday Pontifical High Mass was celebrated by the Bishop, after which were the blessing of the holy oils and the procession of the blessed sacrament. In the evening the Tenebrae office was sung followed by the washing of the feet. The cathedral, the decorations of which are now fully finished, when draped with the emblems of mourning which the church assumes during this holy season, completed a *soufflet* of striking beauty. On Good Friday the Passion was sung, followed by the kissing of the foot of the cross, and the procession of the blessed sacrament from the side to the high altar. His Lordship preached a most earnest and feeling sermon on the various stages of the passion of our Saviour to His death on the cross on Calvary's Mount. During the delivery of the discourse the Right-Rev. Prelate was deeply moved, and not a few amongst the congregation shed tears. The usual collection in aid of our Holy Father was made after the sermon. The services were brought to a close on Saturday, by the blessing of the holy water and paschal candle.

On Easter Monday the Hibernian Society gave their annual *fête*, which took the form of an excursion by special train to the Lower Hutt. The members of the society in their regalia, started from their hall in Boulcott-street headed by their brass band, and marched through the main streets to the railway station, and were much admired for their fine turn out. His Lordship Dr. Redwood, with Father McGuinness and a large number of the Catholics of the city proceeded with the excursion. The sports were held in Mr. Parker's large paddock, bordering the Hutt River, and situated about a mile from the railway station, which was kindly placed at the disposal of the society. There was no pre-arranged programme but a series of events were got up and fair prizes offered, which brought forth numbers of competitors. While the athletic members of the society were holding their events in one portion of the ground, others amused themselves in another part with scratch football matches. Small picnicking parties of the elder portion of the excursionists were formed under every bush and hedge, and everybody seemed to be making merry. The band discoursed some very pleasant music during the day. The society are deserving of praise in permitting no intoxicating liquors to be sold on the ground, and for the very efficient manner in which they conducted the *fête*. The sports were brought to a conclusion in time to get back to town by the 5 p.m. train. The proceeds of the excursion after payment of prizes will be applied in aid of the band fund.

On Tuesday, 23rd April, at St. Mary's Convent, a pleasing though impressive ceremony took place, being the religious profession of three young ladies, and the reception into the sisterhood of seven others, who arrived here a short time since, having been brought out from Ireland by the former Rev. Mother of the Convent, who proceeded about two years ago, for the purpose of collecting together a little band of those estimable teachers who in their love for God are so willing to leave behind their happy homes and dearest friends, to scatter the seeds of piety and knowledge amongst the children of the most distant clime. The Right Rev. Dr. Redwood officiated, on the occasion, assisted by the Rev. Fathers Yardin and Kerrigan, and at the conclusion of the ceremony delivered an address appropriate to the occasion.

The quiet little village, of Pahautauani, about twenty miles distant from Wellington on the main road to Foxton, on Sunday last, was the scene of an interesting ceremony, and one of a nature alike gratifying to the Roman Catholics of the district as to those of the colony at large, who have the interest of the Church at heart, and wish to see her raising temples throughout the land dedicated to the honour and glory of God. The occasion was the consecration of the new Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, which has been erected by the Catholics of the district, assisted by their neighbours of every denomination, and the ever generous Catholics of Wellington. When it is remembered that the Catholics of the district of Pahautauani are comparatively few and scattered, and mainly composed of the settler class, it redounds highly to their honour, and shows in a most conclusive manner that the spark of their holy religion is far from being dead among them, when they took upon themselves the erection of this church in their midst, and the accomplishment of which has been to them a source of deep-felt joy, as was manifest to the most casual by the ceremony of Sunday last. The building stands upon half an acre of land, purchased for the purpose of a church and cemetery. It is situated in an exceedingly picturesque position about a quarter of a mile from the township, on the side of a gentle slope fronting the sea, with a heavy belt of "forest primeval" for a back ground, from the shades of which the sharp, plaintive note of the tui is poured forth into the fresh atmosphere. On this occasion, when nature seemed to have put on her gayest colours, and directed her minstrels to join in their sweet music with the solemn psalms of the Church, the ceremony of dedication was one the remembrance of which will linger in the minds of those present for some time to come. The building viewed from the exterior, though not an imposing, is still a tasteful and appropriate structure, and reflects great credit on the architect, Mr. Turnbull, who has produced some beautiful designs of architecture for Catholic purposes in Wellington and its vicinity. The new church, which is of the early Gothic style of architecture, is 38 feet in length, 18 feet in breadth, and about 14 feet in height, and will seat about 100 people. It has five windows on either side, with two on either side of the entrance. Above the altar is a large stained-glass window, and a circular one is placed over the main entrance. There is a sacristy attached to the building, with doors leading into the church, one on either side of the altar. With the exception of the altar and sanctuary, which are of a light varnish colour, the interior of the building is not yet completed, but when

this is effected, and the pews and seats varnished, it will add greatly to its appearance. The total cost will amount to about £200, of which £150 has been already subscribed, leaving a debt of £50, which the committee hope soon to have cleared off.

The interior of the church was beautifully decorated with ferns and evergreens; an archway of the same festooned with creepers glistening with berries of various hues, was erected in front of the entrance. There was a large attendance of the residents of the district of all denominations, besides several ladies and gentlemen from Wellington, the number of whom would be more considerable, had not the morning appeared so threatening. Immediately before the ceremony of consecration commenced the following address was presented to his Lordship Dr. Redwood:—

To the Right Reverend, F. Redwood, Bishop of Wellington, &c., may it please your Lordship,—My Lord, with most sincere pleasure and a depth of gratitude which we feel more than we can express, we, the Catholics of Pahautauani and Porirua, meet here to-day to give your Lordship a hearty welcome. We have been long waiting for an opportunity to feel the presence of your Lordship in our midst, but being few and very much scattered, we had no fit place wherein to meet together and receive your Lordship. By very great exertions and the help of kind friends to whom we express our sincere gratitude, here now stands the building which we ask your Lordship to dedicate to the glory of God, under the title of the Sacred Heart of Jesus. Deign therefore to bless it with the rites of our holy Church, and deign also to call down the blessing of heaven upon us, your children, and upon all who have given their generous assistance.

His Lordship expressed his thanks for the very cordial reception accorded to him, and congratulated the congregation on the good work they had accomplished. He tendered his most sincere thanks to all who had in any manner contributed to the work, and invoked upon all of them the blessings of divine Providence.

His Lordship, assisted by Rev. Father Yardin, then proceeded with the ceremony of consecration. The exterior and interior of the church having been blessed, and the altar prepared, the door was thrown open and the congregation entered. In a few minutes every available seat was occupied, while many were happy in obtaining standing room. After the gospel, the Rev. Father Yardin read a list of the contributions towards the erection of the church, amounting to £150, besides which presents of vestments and altar ornaments had been made and promised. He thanked them all for their generosity and in particular those of other denominations who had lent a helping hand. At the conclusion of the Mass, the Bishop having assumed his canonicals, preached a most eloquent and logical sermon, which was listened to throughout with the most devout attention, taking his text from the 1st chapter of John, "Behold the Lamb of God; behold Him who taketh away the sins of the world." This was the great mission of Jesus Christ, who had died on the cross to expiate the sins of the world—and of the Catholic Church, His representative upon earth—which was to efface the sins of men in this world. No more appropriate words could be chosen to illustrate the mission of the Catholic Church than those words of St. John. He had come there to be useful to them and to instruct them, and not for the purpose of making a show. Men of the world said that the aim of the Catholic Church was to make a show. The object of the Catholic Church did not aim at making a show. Wherever she went she was great, and whatever she did must make an impression. It was in spite of herself that the Catholic Church made an impression, and it was solely on account of her greatness. Her object was to rescue the souls of men from sin and bring them into the friendship of God, so that one day they may praise Him in heaven. The whole aim of the Catholic Church was to do away with sin, and she would rather prevent one mortal sin from being committed in this land, than, for instance, she would cover all New Zealand with railways, or have all its cities properly drained, or see the prosperity of all the nations of the universe. The mere material misfortunes or good fortunes, of the world, were as nothing in the eyes of Jesus Christ, compared with sin. Jesus Christ did not come into the world to tell men how to secure riches or become great, but to take away sin and show men how to save their souls. That was the mission of Christ and of His Church. His Lordship said He was there to instruct; and then, at great length, and in the plainest terms, pointed out the nature and different kinds of sins and transgressions against God, and showed with what base ingratitude man treated God, who had done so much for him and without whose benefits man could not for a moment exist. Some men of the world contended that there was no hell. The existence of an eternal hell of material fire is expressly mentioned in scripture, wherein it is described as "everlasting fire," "unextinguishable fire," and compared to an undying worm; it was also consonant with reason. It was but rational that the soul, having used nature to rebel against God that God should use nature, and one of the elements of nature, fire, to punish. But even if fire were absent, there was an undying remorse which would consume the soul. His Lordship concluded by thanking those who had assisted by their contributions towards the erection of the church, reminding them that a small debt still remained, and towards the payment of which he trusted they would all contribute according to their means and the dictates of their conscience. He invoked the choicest blessings of heaven to attend them and theirs in all their undertakings. A collection was then made which realised the sum of £18.

After Mass, the sacrament of confirmation was administered by his Lordship to one young girl, after a full explanation of the nature of the sacrament.

The Bishop, with the Rev. Father Yardin and a number of gentlemen from Wellington, were entertained at an excellent dinner at Hillon's hotel, by the members of the committee, Messrs. Mulhearn, Goldfinch, Nash, and Murphy, who are deserving of the highest commendation, for the very satisfactory and efficient manner in which everything entrusted to them was carried out.

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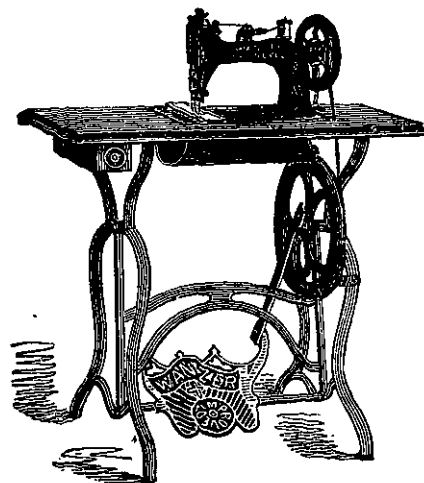
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Apply to the Rev. THOMAS LENEHAN, Milton.

**NOTICE.**

Mr. DOHERTY has been appointed Agent for the N. Z. TABLET at Ashburton.

# The New Zealand Tablet.

FIAT JUSTITIA.

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1878.

**THE COST OF GODLESSNESS.**

**O**UR contemporary, the *Auckland Weekly News* gives, in its issue of the 27th ult., some figures which, though not surprising to us, may be somewhat startling to the public in general. The Provincial system of Government was abolished to save money; it was too expensive, its enemies said, and the state of the finances of the colony made it necessary to consult economy. Well the economists have succeeded wonderfully and mysteriously in consulting for economy. To the nine provinces have succeeded twelve Boards of Education, half a hundred, or thereabouts, of counties, and we know not how many other administrative bodies, all elected by the people to consult for economy. And the way these representatives do their work is, first of all, before any real business of a public character is transacted, to appoint as many officers as possible, vote these large salaries, and themselves liberal allowances for expenses. The result is that part of the work done by the old provincial executives costs more than the whole used to cost. This is how the new system works out the cause of economy. The cost of godlessness is a striking case in point. Take Auckland for example. The cost in salaries of the old provincial Council of Auckland used to be £2075; the cost of the

officers of the new Board of Education amounts to £2500. This is pretty well for a beginning, and from it the public may estimate the future in store for them. The people of New Zealand may look forward to grinding taxation under the heels of loafing politicians who have no visible means of support, and of a godless system of education which can only end in corrupting the hearts and stunting the intellects of the people.

**THE "THAMES ADVERTISER."**

An unfortunate woman once said, when her unhappy son had been hanged for forgery, that she bitterly regretted he had ever been taught to write. The best friends of the editor of the *Thames Advertiser* must now and then share in a somewhat similar feeling. And, indeed, it is most painful for any man of ordinary humanity to see a friend bent on reducing himself to ruin, or making himself the butt of ridicule.

According to the man who did the leader in our contemporary's issue of the 24th ult., we are eccentric. Eccentricity means outside of one's centre, or departing from one's centre. Now, what is our centre? Justice on the education question, and the punishment, come what may, of its enemies. This is our centre, and we never depart from it. We may be wrong, unwise, unpolitic, but eccentric never! The editor of the *Thames Advertiser* had better consult his dictionary the next time he writes on this subject.

The editor of the *Thames Advertiser* seems as incapable of appreciating a fact as he is of understanding a policy. We never said that at the late Wellington election Catholics voted *en masse* for one who boasts he is an Orangeman; but we stated that they voted for one who boasted that he was the son and grandson of Orangemen. There is a difference here, though the editor of the *Thames Advertiser* does not seem to see it. Accuracy as to facts is a thing very desirable in public writers. We ask the special attention of our contemporary to this point.

The editor of the *Thames Advertiser* is manifestly of opinion that it was exceedingly wrong of Catholics to vote for Mr. BARTON, and that their doing so affords evidence of an "unholy alliance." Who is the editor of the *Thames Advertiser* that he should undertake to lay down rules for the guidance of Catholic voters—a supporter of a certain Mr. WILLIAM ROWE who, to use a vulgar word, sold the Catholics of the Thames on the education question, and yet expects their support at the next election—is it? Probably. And as to the "unholy alliance" which has so scandalised our contemporary, we may add there are some Orangemen, men of honour and of principle, for whom we should far sooner vote, than for certain gentlemen who, to our shame, call themselves Catholics whilst disgracing the name.

But it is our policy of punishing our enemies, as was done recently in Wellington, that is the chief stone of offence. It is expected that we Catholics shall permit ourselves to be sold by certain unworthy children of our own, and trampled on by men who directly mean us harm, and then meekly turn round to fawn on our betrayers, the JUDASES amongst us, and lick the feet of the men who spurn us. This, however, is unlikely, and the editor of the *Thames Advertiser* may rest assured that a policy similar to that so successful at Wellington, and elsewhere, will be tried on the first favourable opportunity in the Thames itself.

We can hardly say whether the editor of the *Thames Advertiser* lays claim to loyalty. He is savage on us for our supposed want of loyalty, and from this it might be concluded that his own loyalty is above suspicion. It is not, however, a necessary consequence. Some men's loyalty is to be measured by their interests, or fancied interests, and goes not an inch further; and it will be found on examination such loyalists are loudest in asserting their claims to this virtue. The editor of the *Thames Advertiser* knows how it is with himself. But when we see a loyalist absurd, or run mad on this point, we begin to entertain strong suspicions of his sincerity.

Our contemporary calls it gross disloyalty to drink the Pope's health before the Queen's. Now there is no law, human or Divine, calling on any man to drink the Queen's health at all; neither is there a law, should he choose to drink her health, regulating the order in which that health should be drunk. A man might on a birth day festival, propose his own father's health before that of the Queen, without being in the least disloyal or disrespectful to Her Majesty. If there be no law broken there can be no disloyalty; and all the strong language of the editor of the *Thames Advertiser*, is, therefore, as ludicrous as it is untrue and slavish.

The loyalty of Catholics is not founded on self-interest, but on a high and noble principle, and not sanctioned by human law merely, but by the Divine. Speaking for ourselves, whilst determined on all such celebrations as that of St. Patrick's Day, always to drink the Pope's health before the Queen's we yield to none in our loyalty to her gracious Majesty, whom we revere not only for her position at the head of the State, but still more for virtues as a woman, wife, and mother. And though she holds the throne by an Act which we are convinced was in its origin an act of the basest treason to every principle of loyalty, justice, and filial duty; still, we now regard her title as healed by the sanction of time and the acceptance of generations. And we are prepared to defend her throne and dignity, not because our own interest in this world is served by so doing, but because we hold it to be our conscientious duty to do so.

## News of the Week.

PEACEFUL Caversham was enlivened a little on the evening of the 2nd inst. by the Hibernian Band parading the streets, playing a number of lively airs in an inspiring style. The otherwise lonely district road presented quite an animated appearance on this occasion, occupied as it was by the band, and the usual crowd of small boys, some of whom were rendered preternaturally happy by being allowed to have a hand in carrying the big drum.

ON Sunday last, at the conclusion of the 11 o'clock Mass, in St. Joseph's Church, Dunedin, his Lordship the Bishop of the Diocese administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to 95 recipients—50 females and 45 males. His Lordship, prior to the ceremony, delivered an address explanatory of the benefits conferred by the Sacrament and the obligations it imposed upon those who received it. At the termination of Vespers in the evening of the same day, 32 ladies and young girls were received into the Society of the Children of Mary, and several others were admitted as aspirants. The ceremony is a very interesting one, and the procession in which the members of the association and the aspirants, in their veils and cloaks of the colours of the Blessed Virgin, advance up the aisle of the church singing the "Ave Maris Stella," has a very pleasing effect. His Lordship also on this occasion delivered a suitable address on devotion to the Blessed Virgin. The church was densely thronged both in the forenoon and evening.

A TRAIN will leave Dunedin for Port Chalmers on Sunday next, at 9.30 a.m., for the convenience of those persons who desire to attend the consecration of the Church of St. Mary, Star of the Sea. We understand that the music of the ceremonies will be rendered by the members of the choir of St. Joseph's Church, Dunedin, who will be accompanied on the organ purchased for the Sister Mary St. Francis of Assisi, and which has been most kindly lent for the occasion by Mr. James Cahill. A collection will be made in aid of the building fund of the church.

THE general meeting of the shareholders in the N. Z. TABLET Company will be held on Monday, 27th inst. A form of proxy will be found in another column, which we give for the convenience of shareholders residing at a distance from Dunedin.

TICKETS for the Art-Union of the Rev. Father Hennebery's portrait may now be had on application at the Convent in Dowling-st., Dunedin.

WE regret that we are unable to insert original poetry in our columns. We are favoured with so many contributions that it is quite impossible for us to find room for all, and we shun the odium of making selections. We are occasionally requested to alter verses to suit our taste, but unfortunately we lay no claim to taste, and we do not keep a poet on the premises and therefore are not in a position to do so. For ourselves, nature unkindly withheld from us the lyre at our birth, and all the attempts we have hitherto made to reverse her decree have but proved to us the truth of the old saying that this sublime genius must be born with a man, and at no cost can it be acquired. The greatest joy and the utmost grief, the most fervent piety and the purest patriotism are alike impotent to confer the gift. They may, it is true, produce poetical impressions interiorly, but exterior poetical expression of fine thoughts they are incapable of teaching. Will our contributors kindly take this to heart, and spare us the pain of rejecting effusions in rhyme.

ON the termination of the funeral service held at Florence in memory of Victor Emmanuel, the working men's societies who attended it returned in procession to the spot from which they started. On their arrival in Lungarno some one threw an Orsini bomb, which exploded in their midst and wounded five persons. The author of this outrage was arrested, and was with great difficulty rescued alive from the hands of the crowd.

## Telegrams.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LONDON, April 30th.  
Mr. Gathorne Hardy, Secretary for War, says that the British Government takes its stand on the Treaty of 1870, and that the Treaty of St. Stefano is without a single element of permanent peace. The interests of Mussulman and Greek must not be forgotten, and England was resolved to adhere to the principles hitherto maintained.

May 1st.  
British warlike preparations are incessant and increasing.

Russia is urging the Powers to agree upon a policy for the partition of the Turkish Empire.

[REUTER'S SPECIAL.]

LONDON, April 30th.  
Russia accepts Bismarck's scheme for the mutual withdrawal of Russian troops and English ships from the neighbourhood of Constantinople and the Sea of Marmora. The details are to be arranged between England and Russia directly.

The Prince of Wales visited the Victorian Court of the Paris Exhibition, and complimented Mr. Casey, the Commissioner.

April 25th.  
A large meeting in Manchester has adopted a resolution to the effect that the action of the British Government is an obstacle to the maintenance of peace, and protesting against the employment of Indian troops in Europe.

PARIS, April 24th.

The opening of the Exhibition was a brilliant success.

May 1st.

The steamer Cambria arrived at the harbour of the Maine from Russia with 60 officers and 600 men. The Russian navy, under the command of Count Grifenburg, believed they were destined for privateer service.

VIENNA, April 30th.

It is reported that the early Austrian occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina is probable.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30th.

An affray between the Turkish and Russian troops has taken place near Constantinople.

LONDON, May.

The Duke of Connaught is betrothed to Louisa, daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Germany.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 2nd.

General Todleben has failed to arrange for the withdrawal of the British ironclad squadron; and the Russian army regards war as inevitable.

The Mussulman rising continues.

LONDON, May 1st.

Mr. Cross, while speaking at Preston, said the Government insisted on the maintenance of existing treaties. He denied that theirs was a war policy.

May 2nd.

The Captain of the Cambria says he believes his men were destined to man Russian cruisers in the Pacific.

PARIS, May 1st.

The exhibition was opened to-day by the President, Marshal M'Mahon, with great *solat*. Representatives were present from all nations and several British colonies. The attendance was very great, although rain was falling. The interior presented a grand spectacle. The exhibition surpassed that of 1867. The Colonial courts were well filled, and excited much interest, as exhibiting the progress and multiplicity of the colonies. The show of wools was very good. The Prince of Wales presented the Colonial Commissioners to President M'Mahon. Paris is filled with visitors from all parts of the world, and the streets are crowded.

LONDON, May 3rd.

England assents to the Austrian occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Austria refuses Russia's advances, and acts separately.

Mr. Cross, at Preston, re-affirmed England's policy was to defend her interests and honour.

The working men mobbed the Burnley Unionist Committee and assailed the Blackburn Committee for refusing relief, during the strike, to non-Unionists.

Two thousand men on the North British Railway struck against an increase of working hours from fifty-one to fifty-four hours per week.

THE *Hobart Town Tribune* writes:—The assassination of this notorious member of the peerage, Lord Leitrim, by some of the wretched victims of the most cruel tyrant who ever ruled supreme over hordes of beggared slaves, does not surprise us. Indeed, his violent death has been looked for for many years by those familiar with his history. He murdered his brother, the second Earl, who was as much beloved as his cruel successor was hated by the gentry, and abhorred by his neighbours of all classes. He was the celebrated Earl who, to prevent the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland from being accommodated at any of the hotels in a town, over which he lorded, filled them all with the riff-raff of the streets, and obliged her Majesty's representative to look for accommodation at a private gentleman's house. The Lord Lieutenant at the time was the amiable and learned Earl of Carlisle. He actually revelled in the distress and sufferings of all around him, and never travelled without an escort of armed constabulary or soldiers. In no other country but Ireland could such an enemy of his kind have lived so long. He had a counterpart in the late Marquis of Westminster.

# Commercial.

MR. HENRY DRIVER (on behalf of the N. Z. L. and M. A. Co.) reports for the week ending May 8th:—

The following fat stock came forward at the Yards to-day, viz.:—  
224 head cattle, 1333 sheep.

**Fat Cattle.**—Only 70 to 80 of the number yarded were in fat condition, the balance being little better than stores. About 150 found buyers, and the remainder were held over or sold as stores. Best pens of bullocks brought from £9 to £13 10s; do cows, £6 10s to £9—or 27s 6d per 100 lbs for prime beef.

**Fat Sheep.**—Owing to the small number forward, and the fact that butchers were nearly out of mutton, sheep advanced at least 1s 6d per head on last quotations. Best pens of cross-breeds brought from 10s 6d to 13s 6d; merinos, 6s 6d to 9s—or 2½d per lb for former, and 2½d for latter. We sold 300 at the Yards.

**Store Cattle.**—There has been a fair inquiry for quiet bullocks and cows for winter feeding at recent quotations.

**Store Sheep.**—The season being now over, nothing is doing in this description of stock, and prices remain without change.

**Wool.**—We are without any advices during the week from any European wool market. The opening of the May and June series of the London wool sales on the 14th is looked forward to with great interest, as a large quantity of Otago wools will then be offered. We sold a few odd parcels of wool at our auction on Monday. Green butchers' brought advanced rates, up to 8s 3d for best cross-breeds, but dry country skins were not so eagerly competed for, and brought irregular prices.

**Hides.**—We sold 170, mostly wet salted. Average good condition sold at 4d per lb, or from 14s to 18s; heavy weights, 20s to 30s each; the latter a very superior lot of extra heavies in fine condition from the slaughteryards of Messrs Keenan and Morgan, Drybread.

Tallow was in brisk demand at rather higher rates. Dark mixed brought 26s; good, 28s to 30s.

**Grain.**—Wheat is in a little better demand. There is some enquiry for parcels for shipping. Millers are buying at 4s 4d to 4s 6d, for prime, dry, choice descriptions; secondary, 4s to 4s 3d. Oats continue in good demand, for export, at 3s 3d to 3s 4d, for fine feed, to 3s 5d to 3s 6d for milling. Barley: Malting samples, prime quality, are ready sale at 5s to 5s 3d; very choice stout grain, 5s 6d; milling samples, 3s 6d to 4s; feeding, 3s.

MR. SKENE reports for the week ending May 8 as follows:—  
There is not the shadow of an excuse for any man or woman going idle, there being plenty of plain work in town and country. Skilled tradesmen of all sorts are well employed, especially builders. The ironworkers make few complaints at present. Shepherds and couples are in fair demand for the season. Too many are now flocking into town from the harvest and thrashing, thankful to get any light work. A good many would prefer no work if they could scramble through. Day labourers at bush, fencing, road, and rail, are fully employed. Hotel people of experience are in large demand. Wages—Couples, £65 to £90; ploughman, £52, £55, and £60; cooks, boots, waiters, 20s to 30s per week; day labour, 8s and 9s; carpenters, 10s, 12s, and 13s; house girls, 10s to 15s; hotel girls, 12s, 15s, 20s, and 30s; shepherds, £65 and £70; dairy girls, men, and boys, 10s to 15s, 20s, and 25s; gardeners, 25s, 30s, 45s.

MR. A. MERCER reports for the week ending May 8:—Retail prices only:—Fresh butter in ½ and 1lb prints, 1s 3d to 1s 4d per lb; fresh butter in lumps, 1s 2d; powdered and salt butter, 1s 2d. Fresh butter is getting scarce, particularly in the brands that takes the market best. Salt butter in keg in good demand, at 10d per lb. Cheese, best quality, old and new, 8d to 10d; side and rolled bacon, 1s to 10d; Colonial hams, 11d to 1s; English hams, 1s 2d to 1s 4d, the same to be said of English cheese. Eggs are very scarce, scarcely any in the market, and retailing at present at 3s 6d per doz.

MR. J. VEZEY reports for the week ending May 9, 1878, retail:—Roasting beef, 5d to 8d per lb; boiling do., 3d to 5d per lb; stewing do., 4d to 6d per lb; steak, 6d to 8d per lb; mutton, 2½d to 5d per lb; veal, 4d to 8d per lb; pork 6d to 8d per lb; lamb 2s 6d to 4s per quarter.

MR. J. FLEMING reports (wholesale prices) for the week ending May 8, 1878, as follows:—Oats (feed), 3s 3d per bushel. Wheat—milling, 4s 6d; chicks, 3s to 3s 4d. Barley, malting, 4s to 4s 6d; feed, 3s to 3s 6d. Pollard, £5 10s per ton. Bran, £4 0s, bags included. Flour, large bags, £11; small, £11 10s. Oatmeal, £17. New Potatoes, 3s 6d per cwt. Old Hay, £7 10s per ton. New Hay, £4 10s per ton. Chaff, £4 10s per ton. Straw, £2 per ton.

THE *Clutha Leader* says:—Professor Stanich arrived here from Invercargill and Gore on Tuesday afternoon, and left for Lawrence on Thursday morning. On Monday evening he will return to Dunedin. Although his stay in each place has been brief, a considerable number of patients waited upon him, and in many cases cures were effected. The certificates have not yet all been received, and we publish in another column a specimen or two from Gore, &c. No one can meet Professor Stanich without seeing that he is a thoroughly honest, straightforward, kind-hearted gentleman, enthusiastic in his profession and earnest and persevering in his efforts to relieve sufferers. The thousands of certificates he has in his possession place his skill and success beyond doubt, and we cannot but regard the jealous efforts of a few medical men in Dunedin to prejudice him in public estimation as contemptible in the extreme. His character and abilities, however, are established far beyond their influences, and we doubt not that the longer he remains in one place, and the better he is known, the more will he be esteemed and the higher will his skill be estimated.

WE beg to call attention to the very satisfactory balance sheet of the Bank of New Zealand, which appears in another column. We, however, doubt the prudence of the publication of such wealth while our Russian friends are on the alert. Coin and bullion to the amount of £1,425,714 17s 9d are a prize not to be found every day.

## CARDINAL PECCI'S "LIBERALITY"

(From the *Catholic Examiner*.)

"THE new Pope is a Pontiff of moderate views in religious matters, though of distinguished piety, combined with great energy of character and capacity for ruling, qualities which he has shown both in the administration of his See of Perugia and in the various offices which he has held under the Pontificates of Popes Gregory XVI. and Pius IX." These are the precise words of an important part of the Reuter's telegram that spread the news through Europe of the election of the new Pope. Our readers will be curious to know what interpretation they are to give to those first words "a Pontiff of moderate views in religious matters." We will let them judge for themselves from the words of an Address laid by Cardinal Joachim Pecci himself, on the 28th January, 1860, at the feet of Pope Pius IX.: "Holy Father, the Cardinal Bishop of Perugia and the full Chapter of his Cathedral, deeply moved at the impious and disloyal attacks to which the Apostolic See is in these days exposed, lay at the feet of Your Holiness this humble and affectionate tribute of their filial devotion and submission. They keenly feel the long and severe tribulations that trouble the paternal heart of Your Holiness; they lament the blindness and waywardness of those ungrateful and degenerate sons who have joined in with the enemies of the Church in attacking its Supreme Head; they indignantly reprobate the crafty schemes brought to work for the destruction of the Civil power, and the wretched concealed efforts to strip the Roman Pontiff of his dignity and independence, and to sow in the very centre of Catholic unity revolt and schism. And at this moment, when all Christendom is in commotion, they protest against such dark designs, they pray and beseech the Prince of Pastors, of whom You, Holy Father, are the living oracle and the august Vicar, not to permit such wicked and sacrilegious machinations to be accomplished, but to renew in your sacred person the often admired triumph, which makes it clear, to the eyes even of unbelievers, that the Chair of Peter is that corner stone, against which all human might breaks to pieces, and he who tries to destroy it, remains discomfited beneath it. May the submissive homage, which the undersigned lay before Your Pontifical throne, in the name of the entire church of Perugia, in some degree alleviate the pains of your afflicted heart, and with the aid of the Apostolic benediction, which they respectfully ask in exchange, may they become ever more constant in their dutifulness and in the profession and defence of Catholic Unity.

AN appeal comes this week from the Association of Italian Catholic Youth, asking the Catholics of the world to unite in a lasting memorial to Pius IX., so as "to recall to posterity our ineffaceable remembrance of the immortal Pontiff, who suffered so much to defend the sacred rights of the Church, or of consciences, and of our faith." All will concede, with the President of the Association, in the circular which he has sent us from Bologna, that the extraordinary merits of this grand Pope, to whom the Church and history will assign the place that is due, call for something more than mere filial mourning on the part of Catholics. It is necessary that the actual generation that has admired the distinguished virtues of this providential man, and has tasted the fruits of his all-embracing love towards the Church and society, should give proof to posterity in a solemn and a substantial manner of the feelings of gratitude in which his memory is embalmed.—*Pilot*.

CLUB gossip is busy, of course, with the names of the generals who may be expected to come to the front if we are drawn into war for a long time (says the *World*) Lord Napier of Magdala stood high in the betting; but a strong favourite now for the chief command is Sir Lintorn Simmons. Sir Charles Elice under him might get an army corps, so might Sir John Garvoch, but he is unfortunately senior to Simmons, and his chances are thus reduced to a minimum, even if he waived his rank. Another probable corps commander is Sir Thomas Steele. Sir Garnet Wolseley can hardly expect more than a division; he is still only a major-general, although high up the list. Perhaps he would prefer the onerous and deeply important rôle of chief of the staff. Other probable divisional generals are Sir Daniel Lysons, Generals Somerset, Stephenson, and Shipley; Generals Oakes, or Drysdale to command the cavalry; Collingwood, Dickson, D'Aguiar, and Adye the artillery; Col. Galwey, Sir John Stokes, Lennox, and Home filling the most prominent posts with the engineers. There would be a great rush for brigades. Among the generals are Anderson, Leicester, Smythe, Peyton, Pakenham, who would probably go bodily with the brigades they actually command. Other brigadiers may be Lord Alexander Russell, Percy Fielding, Hamley (the military writer), Hawley, and Sir John M'Leod. There is very little doubt to whom some at least of the principal staff appointments would be given. Cols. Greaves, M'Neil, and T. D. Baker would go as a matter of course, and with them many of the juniors from the Horse Guards. Of the rest of the staff it may fairly be assumed generally that the best men would be selected.

IN the oration recently delivered at the Surgical Society of Paris by M. St. Germain, in honour of the late Dr. Dumarquay, the following anecdote was related: Dumarquay's active benevolence during the siege of Paris had given him great influence over the working classes, by whom he was consulted on politics as well as on surgical matters. On one occasion some of the Communists then in power mentioned before Dr. Dumarquay a decision which they had just come to—viz., that the Archbishop of Paris should be arrested and be detained as a hostage in retaliation of the arrests made in Versailles and elsewhere. Dr. Dumarquay at once sought and obtained a blank "safe conduct" which he brought to the Archbishop, entreating his Grace to leave Paris without a moment's delay. Archbishop Darboy retired for reflection, but returned in a few minutes, and with resigned composure answered—"My excellent friend, I thank you for your devoted act, but God has ordained that I should exhibit an example of courage and sacrifice to my clergy and to my flock." The *Medical Examiner*, in relating this incident, adds, with eloquent simplicity, "We know the end."

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**W**E have purchased by auction, at an estimated discount of 33 per cent. from regular prices, a consignment of 23 cases of **AMERICAN CALICOES** from the celebrated Wamsutta Mills, which are noted for the extreme soft finish of their cloths and freeness from dressings. We will offer the following lines during the present month as under :—

Lot 1.—36in. Skirting	...	...	...	30 pieces
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" 5.—9-4 Twill Bleached Sheeting	...	...	...	27 "
" 6.—10-4 "	"	"	"	70 "
" 7.—8-4 Plain	"	"	"	10 "
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" 9.—10-4 "	"	"	"	10 "

Aggregate of over 12,300 yds.

THE full reduction of 33 per cent., equal to 6s. 8d. in the £, will be allowed to all purchasers.

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**SUPREME COURT HOTEL,**  
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Hot, cold, and shower baths can be had at all times during the day. Private apartments for ladies and families. Persons called in time for all the early trains, coaches and steamers. One of Alcock's Prize Medal Billiard Tables.

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Have always on hand a choice assortment of Tweeds.  
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Has on Sale—Fruit and Forest Trees of every description. Agricultural and Garden Seeds of finest quality. Lawn Grass Seed. Ornamental Plants and Shrubs for lawns. Hawthorn Quicks for hedges. Dwarf Boxwood for edging walks. Broom and Gorse, or Furze Seed, for hedges.  
Garden Calendar, containing full monthly directions, and new Catalogue, sent post free on application.

NOTICE.

**JOSEPH HALLINAN,** late of Drumm's, begs to inform his Friends and the Public that he has commenced business as Horseshoer and Blacksmith, next the White Horse Hotel, George and Frederick streets.

**HUGH LAMONT,**  
BUTCHER,

Arthur-street, Dunedin.  
The undersigned having taken over the above old-established Butchery, respectfully solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage he heretofore accorded his predecessor.

The public may rest assured that no effort will be spared to give every satisfaction as to quality, price, and attention.

**COLONIAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT COMPANY (LIMITED).**

The Company is now prepared to build houses for working men and others, and to sell on deferred payments extending over a term of years.

The Company receives deposits on debenture from £5 and upwards, and allows the highest current rate of interest on same.

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can supply the public at the lowest current Prices with Newcastle, Kaitangata, and Green Island COAL, also FIREWOOD of every description cut or uncut.  
Orders punctually attended to.

WM. PARKER STREET, JOHN CAMPBELL MORRIS,  
City Auditor, Certificated Accountant in Bankruptcy.

**STREET AND MORRIS,**  
LAND AND ESTATE AGENTS,  
SHAREBROKERS, COMMISSION AGENTS,  
Accountants, and Valutors.  
Loans Negotiated and Bills Discounted.  
SOUTH BRITISH INSURANCE BUILDINGS,  
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**MORNINGTON HOTEL**  
MORNINGTON,  
DUNEDIN.

**FRANCIS MCCLUSKEY** ... PROPRIETOR,  
Wishes to intimate to his many friends and the general public that he has purchased the above hotel. Having just completed extensive improvements, he is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation. None but the best liquors kept. Good stabling and Paddock accommodation. Charges moderate.

DENTISTRY.

**MESSRS ROBINSON AND RAYMOND**  
beg to announce that they have opened Offices in George-street, and call the attention of the public to their greatly Reduced scale of charges.

Extractions	...	...	2s 6d
Do. Children	...	...	1s
Stopping Teeth	...	...	5s
Artificial Teeth	...	...	15s
Sets	...	...	2s

No charge for advice.  
Painless extraction by the aid of nitrous oxide gas.

Their long experience in the profession, together with all the latest improvements in the mechanical department, will insure to their patients every satisfaction and comfort.  
Address—GEORGE-STREET,  
Three doors from National Bank.

**M. J. MULLIGAN,**  
WATCHMAKER AND MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,  
LAMBTON QUAY,  
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**CAREW AND CO.,**  
Manufacturers  
OF  
AERATED WATERS.

British Wines, Cordials, Liqueurs, Malt Vinegar, &c.  
GREAT KING-STREET, DUNEDIN.

**FRANK W. PETRE,**  
Engineer and Architect,  
Liverpool-street, Dunedin.  
Complete designs for Catholic Churches  
urnished under special arrangements.

**ENGLISH, PRACTICAL**  
TAILOR, (Late of St. James's-Street, West End, London), Willis Street, Wellington, can supply the Working Classes with a suit of clothes not to be equalled.  
Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.  
PRICES MODERATE.  
N. ENGLISH

**MR. JOHN CLARK HOYTE**  
ARTIST.  
Studio :—Up Right-of-way, behind  
MR. HARDY'S  
High Street,  
DUNEDIN.

**UNIVERSAL HOTEL,**  
Maclaggan-street, Dunedin.  
MRS. ANN PAVELETICH, PROPRIETRESS.

First-class Accommodation for Boarders.  
The Finest Brands in Spirits, Wines, &c.

Refreshments always ready.

# General News.

A correspondent writes to the *Times* :—"Three Welsh Pilots, by whose arduous exertions nine men were saved from the mast-head of the steamer Pioneer on Puffin Island on the 25th January, on being asked by one of Lloyd's agents what they expected for their services, immediately replied, 'We have got what we wanted—the lives of the men.'"

Upon the arrival of the Prince of Wales's train on Tuesday, February 5, at Slough, a soldier got out of a carriage, and remained upon the platform watching the huntsmen alight. When the prince left his saloon the soldier stood gazing at him, but did not salute. His royal highness was evidently surprised at the man's want of military courtesy. The prince sent a railway official to ask what regiment he belonged to, when the soldier replied the 11th Hussars. The reply was conveyed to the prince, who then drove away.

THE Russian papers state that an appeal has been made to the Government from Alexandropol for a grant of money to cleanse the town. Owing to the passage of 70,000 sick and wounded through the town since the war began, and the neglect of the local authorities to disinfect the place, the streets and the houses are filled with disease, and all who can leave the town are preparing to do so. The death-rate is fifty-five per mille. At Tiflis the operations of one branch of the Red Cross Society are entirely suspended, all doctors being dead. At Penza small-pox and measles are so rife that all the public schools and institutions have been closed by order of the Government. The official report states every house to contain an invalid. Near St. Petersburg the small-pox—a species of the Persian plague—has broken out among the Turkish prisoners interned at Gatchina, and is causing great alarm at the capital.

MR. THOMSON of Wellpark Established Church, Glasgow, is one of that class of persons whose brains are periodically affected—to wit, every time a full moon occurs. "To say that he has allowed his prejudices to outrun his discretion would be false, for the simple but satisfactory reason that he is wholly void of discretion. This half-crazed—if not wholly daff individual has had whatever little equanimity he possesses upset by the intelligence that the hierarchy is about to be restored to Scotland. This was gall and vinegar to the bilious temperament of Mr. Thomson, he recoiled from the contemplation of the proposed restoration with as much dread as does a dog afflicted with rabies from water. At length a bright thought penetrated his full brain, and forthwith he acted on it by sending the following to the Pope :—"If your proposed Papal hierarchy in consistory be promulgated an interdict against it will be demanded from the Supreme Civil Court in Scotland, and the laws of the country rigidly enforced against it." We have not heard that this message has given the Pope any serious apprehensions, nor is it likely that it will cause him to relinquish his intention. In the meantime we would advise Mr. Thomson's friends to look carefully after him, for when a Scotchman spends money foolishly, as he has by sending this telegram, he cannot possess *mens sana in corpore sano*.—*Universe*.

"WE (*Ulster Examiner*) are much gratified to learn, through a communication of the Maggioromo to the Bishop of Down and Connor, that one of the latest acts of the illustrious Pius IX., before his death, was to raise to the highest rank of the Roman prelate, as "Cameriere Segreto Sopranumerario," the distinguished and amiable President of Maynooth College, Dr. Russell. This was a fitting compliment to him and to the College on his recovery from the late severe accident which befell him. And as that accident caused universal sorrow to Dr. Russell's numerous friends in the College and elsewhere this thoughtful and sympathizing act of his Holiness will give universal satisfaction, for no one has more friends or deserved it better."

BISMARCK has some designs upon Belgium, and, whatever these may be, they certainly bode no good to either the country or Europe at large. Since the persecution of the Church began in Prussia, large numbers of Prussian priests have been exiled, and many of them have settled in Belgium. The great man now fancies that these inoffensive exiles are troubling his waters, the same as the wolf thought at one time that the lamb drinking in the brook below him was troubling his, and so he has of late begun to complain about agitations carried on across the borders by "Ultramontane emissaries." He has also asked the Belgian Government to have a list of all the Prussian priests settled in Belgium drawn up and forwarded to him. Belgian papers say that this is surely a "statistical enquiry," but whatever its object may be, it can be done for no good purpose. By and-by we shall hear that it is a danger for Germany to have such a priest-ridden country as Belgium at her side, and steps will be taken to swallow it up the same as Alsace and Lorraine have been swallowed up. England, who is the guaranteeing power most directly interested, had better look out.

The following interesting item appears in the *Ulster (Ireland) Examiner* :—"The Queen has most graciously been pleased, on the application of the Rev. John Grainger, D.D. rector of Broughshane, to send a gift of £2 to the widow of John Stewart, a Peninsular veteran, who has died at Skerry, near Broughshane, at an advanced age, leaving his widow totally unprovided for. John Stewart, enlisted in the Armagh Militia so long ago as 1806, and from it volunteered into the line during the Peninsular War." Happy Mrs. Stewart! Your wants have been provided for by "Her Gracious Majesty." You will not miss poor John's little earning's, now that you have received the "royal bounty." Her Majesty, whose queenly heart, they say, is always open to the appeal of the distressed, has stepped down from her throne to make you happy with—ten dollars! When we see such an instance of the tender regard entertained by Victoria for her soldiers we can do nothing but wonder how disaffection could creep into the ranks of the British Army, or how an Irishman wearing her colours could be hard-hearted enough to desert them.—*Pilot*.

The great and most unjust disparity which exists between the numbers of parliamentary voters in Great Britain and those in Ireland is soon to be again brought under the notice of the House of Commons by Mr. Meldon, M.P. for Kildare. The *Times*, so long op-

posed to any advance towards justice to Ireland, has at last admitted that the number of voters in Ireland ought to be increased. An amendment is, it is said, to be moved to the effect that the very small constituencies in Ireland ought to lose the power of sending members to Parliament. This is right; for some of these seats (Portarlington, for instance,) are completely in the hands of the nearest landlord. But the amendment is no answer to the motion. Both ought to be carried, and the result would be most beneficial to Ireland.—*Universe*.

He was a smart Yankee who stopped up the boastful Frenchman by telling him that he need not brag so much about the wines of his country, for that they had forty-three champagne factories in New Jersey city. Smart as he was, his impudence is eclipsed by what is actually taking place at the other side of the Atlantic at present. Russia leather is made in Connecticut, French lace is woven in New York, Italian marble is dug in Kentucky, Marseilles linen is produced in Massachusetts, English cassimere is made in New Hampshire, Parian art work comes from a shop in Boston, Spanish mackerel are caught on the New Jersey coast, and Havana cigars are rolled by the million in Chicago.

*Mayfair* says that the Marquis of Salisbury is to be the English plenipotentiary at the approaching Congress, and humorously suggests that he shall take with him the million-pound bank note which the Bank of England keeps in a frame. It would overawe the other plenipotentiaries by proving how wealthy England is. Government might borrow it on the security of a sixpenny income tax.

"WHY couldn't they do nothing?" asked one a few days ago, speaking of the Ministry; "why couldn't they keep out of the Conference, out of Servia, out of Greece, out of despatches? Speech is silver, and silence is golden." "Yes," remarked an American who has come over to admire Europe, "and to speak big and swallow your words is Britannia metal."

SOME twenty years ago, when Cardinal Wiseman presided over the Catholic Church in England, he had occasion to consult with Baron Lionel de Rothschild on a matter of business, and for that purpose accepted an invitation to lunch at the Baron's seat of Gunnesbury. While the party were at lunch an English lady, the wife of a cabinet minister, called on the baroness, who went out and asked her to join the party at lunch, explaining that the only stranger present was the cardinal. The ministerial lady drew herself up rather coldly and begged to be excused, "as she made it a matter of principle never knowingly to break bread with a Romish priest." The baroness, with the sweetest of smiles, assured her how sorry she was to have wounded her unwittingly, and added, "you know, my dear, I am not a Christian, and so can't be expected to enter into these feelings."

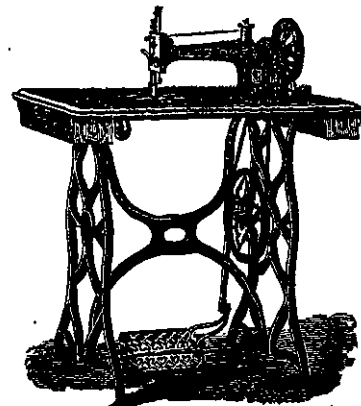
At Bristol recently an officer on removing to the workhouse an elderly woman named Scores, apparently in a destitute state, found in her room four trunks. They were very weighty, and bound up with carpet. In them coins were discovered to be packed so elaborately that it took nearly two days to unpack the money—£154 10s. 6d. was in silver, £9 10s in gold, and £20 0s 1d in coppers.

It is said that at a recent dinner the Duke of Edinburgh ordered up champagne to drink to the Russian triumph in the taking of Plevna, and that all the English officers present left the room.

WHAT shall we say of the Queen being represented at Victor Emmanuel's funeral by a lord-in-waiting? Is it thus that the champion of constitutional principles, should associate itself with the grief of all Europe hastening to Rome to honour the constitutional King *par excellence*? Italy will not easily forget this conduct of the British Government.—*Courier d'Italie*.

We are excelled and driven out of even our own market with regard to almost every mortal thing by our American cousins. The latest successful rivalry has to do with the coffin trade. It is said that the Americans are exporting coffins to London and selling them here at prices little more than half of those charged by our own undertakers. Where will our American friends stop? Not content with inundating us with all sorts of inventions, with no end of washing machines, apple-parers, egg-beaters, window sashes, doors, panels, wainscots, &c., they have commenced to send across the Atlantic ready-made furniture of all kinds with which we cannot compete, and they now have made an attack on our coffin trade by the introduction of coffins with patent handles and reversible lids of a superior make unknown to England. This is really going too far ahead!—*London Universe*.

## W A N T E D K N O W N.



With new Triple-Action Balance-Wheel, is *instantaneously self-adjusting* for winding the bobbin without running other parts of the machine, and is vastly superior to the fast and loose wheels hitherto offered.

Price List FREE by Post.

N.B.—Beware of Imitations.

MACHINES LET OUT ON HIRE, OR SOLD ON DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

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AGENT,

PRINCES STREET, DUNEDIN.

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The leading one of which is

**THE NEW ZEALAND CLOTHING FACTORY,**Which Employs between 300 and 400 hands to work their  
WATER-POWER MACHINERY,

Capable of

PRODUCING SEVEN THOUSAND GARMENTS WEEKLY,

DUNEDIN RETAIL BRANCH:

CORNER OF PRINCES-STREET AND OCTAGON,

Under the Management of

M. R. F. LAWRENSON,

Branches opened at Christchurch, Oamaru, Timaru, and Wellington.

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING:

A Single Garment at Wholesale Price.

HATS, SHIRTS, HOSIERY, UMBRELLAS, BLANKETS, RUGS, &amp;c:

A Single Garment at Wholesale Price.

All Goods are marked in Plain Figures, from which no abatement  
can be made.

Note the Address:—

The Dunedin Retail Branch is at the Corner of  
PRINCES-STREET AND OCTAGON.

A SINGLE GARMENT AT WHOLESALE PRICE.

**THOMSON AND NIVEN,**  
BOOK IMPORTERS,

Great King-street,

Have in stock Haydock's Douay Bible, approved by the late Cardinal Wiseman, Cardinal Manning, and other eminent R.C.D.s.

Terms: Monthly instalments can be paid to their Agents or Canvassers in all the principal towns in the New Zealand and Australian Colonies.

**MARTIN & WATSON,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAILCOAL, WOOD, AND PRODUCE  
MERCHANTS,

STUART-STREET,

Deliver to all parts of the city and suburbs Newcastle, Kaitangata, and Green Island Coals; Coke, Firewood (cut and uncut). Potatoes, Flour, Oatmeal, Oats, &amp;c., and all kinds of produce.

Sole Agents for the famous Shag Point Coal.

**ROYAL HOTEL,**

George-street, Port Chalmers.

JAMES MORKANE, Proprietor.

**EDMOND & HARRINGTON,**  
WOOD AND COAL MERCHANTS,

Market-street, Dunedin.

Best Walton Park, Newcastle, Kaitangata, and Scotch Coal at the lowest current rates.

Orders punctually attended to.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

PROTECTION FROM LOSSES BY FIRE.

**SETTLERS** and others will find it to their interest to secure their premises against FIRE in the National Insurance Company, which, moreover, is deserving of their support as a Colonial Institution having a resident proprietary, and from its entire Capital and Profits being invested in New Zealand.

A. HILL JACK, General Manager.

**UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.**

Capital ... .. \$2,000,000.

Temporary Offices: High-street, Dunedin,  
(Next Bing, Harris, and Co.'s).

Dunedin Board of Directors:

Hon. Robert Campbell, M.L.C.  
T. S. Graham, Esq. (of Bing, Harris, and Co.)  
T. W. Kempthorne, Esq. (of Kempthorne  
Presser, and Co.),  
Hugh McNeil, Esq. (of Arthur Briscoe and  
Co.)

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Insurance granted on dwelling-houses, stores, shops, buildings in which trade is carried on, merchandise, and goods of every description,  
MARINE DEPARTMENT.Hulls of ships or steamers, merchandise of all kinds, specie and wool to the United Kingdom,  
AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.W. C. KIRKCALDY, MANAGER,  
High-street, Dunedin.**CITY HOTEL,**

PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.

M. MURPHY,

Formerly of the Shamrock Hotel, Dunedin  
and late of Sandhurst (Victoria).

The above magnificent Hotel is now open for the reception of travellers, and is acknowledged to be the finest Hotel in the Australasian Colonies, both as regards extent of accommodation and the perfection of its appointments.

The private suites of apartments are specially designed to suit the convenience and privacy of families.

Spacious and well-lighted Sample Rooms have been erected to meet the requirements of commercial travellers.

Bath-rooms, with hot and cold water and shower bath on each floor.

The Billiard-room is fitted with two of Alcock's best tables, and luxuriously furnished.

The CITY HOTEL EXPRESS in attendance on the arrival of every train and steamboat.

Commodious Stabling attached to the Hotel.

Luncheon Daily at 1 o'clock.

**CRICKETERS' ARMS HOTEL,**  
TOP OF TORY STREET, WELLINGTON.

The above Hotel having been thoroughly renovated and enlarged now possesses splendid accommodation for Boarders, Commercial Gentlemen, and Families.

Wines, Spirits, and Ales of the best brands.

J. MURPHY, PROPRIETOR.

MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

**G. E. DERMER,**  
has removed to Mr. MURPHY'S  
NEW CITY BUILDINGS.

Dunedin, August 22, 1877.

Dear Sir.—With pleasure I add my testimony to the efficacy of your medicines for relief of Rheumatism, having on more than one occasion tried it with marked success when suffering from Sciatica and Rheumatism.

—I am, dear Sir, yours very truly,  
GEORGE O'BRIEN, C.E.,  
Asst. City Surveyor.  
Mr. G. E. Dermer, Chemist, &c., Dunedin.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

**ANDREW MERCER,**

FAMILY GROCER,

Wine and Spirit Merchant.

Third Shop, Rattray-street

(Opposite the Otago Hotel), Dunedin.

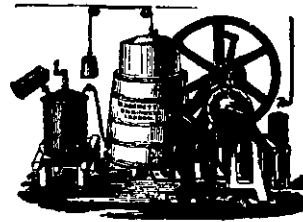
**M. MANSFIELD,**  
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMIST,

George-street Dunedin,

Has always a full Stock of Homœopathic Goods of all descriptions.

Wholesale and Retail.

Homœopathic Prescriptions carefully and accurately dispensed.

**SOLE MANUFACTURERS  
OF THE PATENT STOPPERED  
AERATED WATERS.**

THOMSON AND CO.,

Steam rated Waters and Cordial Manufacturers,  
POLICE AND CRAWFORD STREETS, DUNEDIN,  
AND  
CHELNER-STREET, OAMARU.Importers of Soda Water Machinery and Cordial  
Maker's Goods of every description.**D. R. HANSON**  
can be CONSULTED as usual at Mr.

Lubienski's Dispensary, Octagon, from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 7 to 9 p.m.

Advice, 1s. 6d.; Medicine, 2s. 6d., during the above hours.

MIDWIFERY IN DUNEDIN, 30s.

**T. B. CAMERON**  
ARCHITECT.

MORAY PLACE.

Plans prepared, without superintendence, if necessary.

**WAR CLOUD IN THE  
ARCADE.**

Great Reduction in the Price of Leather.

HARRY HIRD,

PRACTICAL BOOTMAKER,

Has opened the Cheapest Boot Shop in town, next to McGill's, Arcade. Boots cheaper than ever. Gents' French Calf Elastic to measure, from 17s to £1.

Gents' soled and heeled, 4s 0d.

Ladies' " " 3s 6d.

**GRIDIRON HOTEL,**  
PRINCES-STREET, SOUTH,  
DUNEDIN.

JAMES MARTIN, PROPRIETOR.

The most comfortable Family Hotel in the City. Hot, Cold, and Shower Baths at all hours during the day. Passengers called in time for all the early trains and coaches.

Private Rooms for Families.

None but the Best Brands of Liquors kept.

**ALLIANCE HOTEL,**  
Thames-street, Oamaru.

MATHEW GRANT, Proprietor.

Good Accommodation for Boarders at

Moderate Charges.

The Miners' and Mechanics' Home.

Good Stabling.

**A. H. ROS S**

A. Surveying, Optical, and Nautical Instrument-maker. Optician to the Dunedin Hospital, and for many years optician to the Sunderland Eye Infirmary, has (in order to obviate the necessity of his customers making the detour of the Octagon) REMOVED to those premises adjoining Mr. Murphy's City Hotel, Princes street.



**DUNEDIN CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY.**

THE general meetings of this society seem to partake more of the character of a social re-union, than the usual run of dry-bone society meetings. The members seem to have a considerable amount of brotherly love in their composition, at least in the meeting-room, and even the term "brother," which members use in addressing each other, seems to have an affectionate homely tone about it which is quite lost when used in adult societies. We oftentimes wish we were a boy again, when in attendance at some of their meetings, and envy the hearty laugh, and row of eyes glistening with expectant fun, that usually attends the speeches of some of the humorous members.

It must not be thought, however, that business is lost sight of; everything in its proper place seems to be the ruling, if unexpressed; thought, and when monetary or matters of serious import to the society are under discussion, they receive more attention and criticism than some parliamentary proceedings that we know of. The Catholic population of Dunedin has every reason to be proud that it has such a society in its midst, and its claims upon their support have need to be mentioned here; they are so well known that they speak for themselves.

The classes in connection with this useful institute, we are happy to hear, are displaying the progress they deserve, and the members of them are determined by assiduous work, to repay in some way, the Rev. Fathers Larkin and O'Leary for their exceeding kindness and generosity in conducting them. The Latin, French, and music classes seem to be taking the lead, but the other classes are not far behind; we hope the historical class, which by-the-way opens to-night, will keep pace with the others.

At the usual weekly meeting held on Friday evening last, the chair being occupied by the President, Bro. A. H. Norman, Messrs. Wixsey, and Rutherford, were elected members.

Amongst the mass of correspondence, we noticed a communication from the Rev. Father Crowley, of Lawrence, thanking the members for the present they had sent him, and expressing great satisfaction at the progress the society was making. From the comments the letter drew out, it was evident that the members were all of one mind, viz., that the existence of the society was mainly due to the exertions Father Crowley made whilst he was its Spiritual Director, and many expressions of sorrow were heard that the return was so inadequate. There was also a communication from Mr. Davis, of Adelaide, South

Australia, requesting a copy of the rules, and such information as could be imparted, as they are about to re-organise the Catholic Young Men's Society there, and the writer is desirous of seeing good rules adopted. In our opinion he could not have applied to a better place. It is needless to add that the Secretary was instructed to supply the information required.

The Secretary, Mr. P. F. Daniel, announced with great regret, that he had to tender his resignation as Secretary of the society; this step was unavoidable, as private arrangements would necessitate his absence from the meetings. On retiring for a few minutes, he was however unanimously re-elected, and Bro. A. Corrigan appointed Assistant Secretary, to transact the Secretary's business during his unavoidable absence from the meetings. On returning Bro. Daniel accepted the office on these terms, and thanked the members for the confidence and trust they reposed in him, which he hoped would never be abused.

After several humorous recitations had been rendered in a suitable style by some very humorous members, the meeting terminated in the usual manner, and the members wended their way to their respective homes.

ONE of the seven Turkish pashas taken prisoner at Plevna, a young man, but rather corpulent, was drinking tea with some Russian officers, when the cup slipped from his fingers and he fell back dead. He was buried with military honours by the Russian authorities.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin gave a banquet on Feb. 12, at which about 500 persons were present:—In proposing the toast of the Queen, the Lord Mayor referred to the death of the Pope, describing him as having been charged with the government of the Universal Church. The speech of the Lord-Lieutenant was almost entirely statistical, and had reference to poor laws, crime, and education. He admitted that last year things had not been so prosperous as before, but nevertheless he believed the progress of the country to be steady. In respect even of drunkenness the Irish statistics compared favourably with those of England, and he hoped a moderate measure would be passed in restraint of that vice. The encouraging circumstances of a year of depression was that the poorer classes had increased their deposits in the Government savings banks. His Grace abstained from any reference to the national crisis, but the toast of "The Queen" was received with marked enthusiasm, the company cheering again and again.—*Oceania Land Mail.*

**T O SEWING MACHINE DEALERS, IMPORTERS, AND OTHERS.**

The undersigned, having OPENED A DEPOT IN AUCKLAND. For the CONVENIENCE OF THEIR NEW ZEALAND CUSTOMERS,

Beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their Celebrated "SHAKESPEAR" SEWING MACHINE To the Trade, in cases of 6 or 8 Machines.

PRICES, & c., UPON APPLICATION

They also desire to state that, having purchased the BUSINESS

OF MESSRS J. HARRIS & CO., OF BIRMINGHAM,

They will continue to make, and will be happy to fill, all Orders for the

"AGENORJA," &c., &c., &c. "CHALLENGE,"

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, LIMITED. (W. H. SHAKESPEAR & CO., LOCAL MANAGERS,) 246 QUEEN-STREET, AUCKLAND.

V.  R.

**NEW ZEALAND RAILWAYS,**

**DUNEDIN SECTION.**

OPENING OF THE NORTHERN LINE TO WAIKOUAITI. THIS LINE will be open through to Waikouaiti for TRAFFIC on TUESDAY, 7th instant, when the present Timetable for the Northern Line will be cancelled, and the following substituted:—

NORTHERN TRAINS,			
	A.M.		P.M.
Leave Dunedin	9.30	...	3.0
Leave Waitati	10.45	...	4.15
Arrive Waikouaiti	11.30	...	5.0
SOUTH TRAINS.			
	A.M.		P.M.
Leave Waikouaiti	*7.0	...	12.30
Leave Waitati	7.45	...	1.15
Arrive Dunedin	9.0	...	2.30

For time of Trains at intermediate stations, see posters. \* NOTE.—This train will not run on Tuesday, 7th instant. ALEX. GRANT, General Manager. General Manager's Office, Dunedin, 4th May, 1878.

**NOTICE OF REMOVAL.**

M. AND J. MEENAN beg to inform their numerous Customers and the Public generally, that they have Removed to their New Premises, opposite the Waverly Boarding House, Morny Place, four doors from the Premises lately occupied by them.

**NEW BREWERY,** FITZHERBERT-STREET, HOKITIKA.

MANDL AND STENNARD Country orders attended to with care, and supplies forwarded to all parts with every possible speed. Every cask branded, MANDL AND STENNARD

**CROWN HOTEL,** RATTRAY STREET.

P. KELIGHER wishes to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, which is most centrally situated, and affords accommodation not to be surpassed by any Hotel in the City. Persons desirous of the comforts of a home would do well to make an early call at the Crown. P. KELIGHER, PROPRIETOR.

**O'DONNELL AND M'CORMICK,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, PRODUCE AND PROVISION MERCHANTS, FREDERICK-STREET, DUNEDIN, (Opposite the White Horse Hotel).

**COMMERCIAL HOTEL,** MOSGIEL.

SAMUEL O'KANE, PROPRIETOR, Wishes to intimate to his Friends and the Public, that he has purchased the above Hotel, and having made considerable alterations and improvements, he is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation. Good stabling with paddock accommodation. One of Alcock's Prize Medal Billiard Tables.

[A CARD.]

**G E O R G E W A T S O N,** ACCOUNTANT AND GENERAL AGENT, RATTRAY-STREET.

**J. WILKIE AND CO.,** Wholesale and Retail BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, Princes-street, Dunedin.

To make way for new shipments, the present Large and Varied Stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

N.B.—Books specially ordered from Britain supplied at published price.

## WATCHMAKERS.

**T**HE undersigned having purchased the Stock-in-trade, of Messrs Harrop and Neill, Watchmakers and Jewellers, at a great reduction on the original cost, beg to intimate to the public that they are now in a position to offer the whole of the above stock, which has been personally selected by Mr Harrop in the Home market,

AT PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION.

They respectfully solicit an inspection of their magnificent stock of SILVER and ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, and every other requisite connected with the Jewellery and Watchmaking business.

Having also acquired the splendid machinery brought out from Home by Mr Harrop, and being thoroughly practical workmen, they are prepared to execute all orders for Cups, Medals, Trophies, Jewels, and Jewellery to any design or pattern, with the utmost despatch and care, and trust by strict attention to all orders entrusted to them, to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

GOLDSTEIN & MOLLER,

Manufacturing Jewellers, Gold and Silversmiths,  
Late of Rattray-street,

Successors to HARROP & NEILL, Watchmakers, Jewellers, and  
Silversmiths, Princes-street.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY REPAIRED OR  
MADE TO ORDER.

All kinds of Chronometers, Repeaters, Watches, Clocks, Barometers  
Nautical, Surveying, and Mathematical Instruments, &c.,  
Cleaned, Repaired, and Adjusted.

N.B.—The Watch and Clock Department is now under the supervision of Mr. Neill.

**W**E HAVE much pleasure in recommending Messrs GOLDSTEIN & MOLLER to our Customers, and solicit continuance of their patronage so liberally bestowed upon ourselves.  
HARROP & NEILL

**O**TAGO COLLIERY COMPANY  
COAL is well known to be the best  
NOTICE.

Colonial Coal, can now be delivered at the  
Lowest Current Rates.

The best Round Coal ... 22s per ton.  
The best Broken Coal... 18s per ton.

A liberal discount allowed for cash transactions.

J. HALLIWELL, Agent.

Office: Opposite Daily Times Office, Rattray street.

**G**OUNDRY'S COMPRESSED OR  
CONSOLIDATED TEA.

This celebrated TEA can now be obtained in any quantity from the undersigned or from the retail agents:—R. K. Murray and Son, Mr Dermer, Chemist, Dunedin: and from other agents all through the up-country towns. H. W. Smythies & Co., sole wholesale agents for New Zealand.

**M**ACFIE AND FOX,  
(late Battson and Brown),  
HAVE FOR SALE

Newcastle Coal, Scotch do., Kaitangata do.,  
Shag Point do., Green Island do., Firewood of  
all kinds, Charcoal, Fencing Posts and Rails,  
Shell Gravel, Lime.

MACFIE & FOX, (late Battson & Brown.)  
Great King-street, (Opposite Bacon's Stables).

**H**ANNAN'S POST OFFICE  
HOTEL, Main Street, Kumara, situated in the healthiest part of the Town, being directly opposite the Post and Telegraph Offices, the Court House and other Government Buildings.

The NEW ZEALAND TABLET, Melbourne Advocate, Sydney Freeman's Journal, Nation, and many Local, Interprovincial and Home papers filed, together with a well appointed Library, containing many volumes of Irish National Works for the use of visitors and boarders. Wines and spirits of the best quality direct from Bond. Good accommodation and stabling. D. HANNAN, Proprietor.

**S**TANDARD INSURANCE  
COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.  
FIRE, MARINE, AND FIDELITY  
GUARANTEE RISKS TAKEN AT  
LOWEST CURRENT RATES.  
CHARLES REID, Manager.

**W**HITTAKER BROTHERS have just received, and are now opening, "Ex Mail Steamer,"

3 CASES, 1 BALE, 1 PARCEL

OF  
ALBUMS, WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES, STATIONERY  
AND FANCY GOODS.

Also, a Beautiful Selection of DOUAY BIBLES and PRAYER BOOKS, and a Choice Assortment of CATHOLIC TALE BOOKS:

W. BROS. have also on Stock some Beautiful

C. D. V.'s OF HIS HOLINESS THE LATE POPE PIUS THE NINTH, 1s. EACH, or 10s. DOZEN.

Coloured Pictures in great variety of Blessed Virgin, St. Patrick, &c

Observe the Address:—

WHITTAKER BROTHERS,  
CATHOLIC BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,  
LAMBTON QUAY, WELLINGTON.

P.S.—Country Orders punctually attended to,

**J**OHN TERTIUS KEMPSON,  
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST,  
ARTHUR STREET, DUNEDIN, (two doors from the Salutation Hotel).

J. T. K., in grateful acknowledgment of the support accorded him during the past four years, has resolved to build a Shop more worthy of the same in every respect, and replete with all the appliances requisite for the preparation of the various Drugs and Chemicals which J. T. K. manufactures in his own laboratory, to ensure the Freshness and Purity necessary for the compounding of Prescriptions, to which he devotes especial care and attention. The Pillar Letter Box being close at hand, J. T. K. (for the convenience of the neighbourhood) has obtained a License to Sell Stamps, in consequence of which he has combined Stationery with his business. He also keeps in Stock a full supply of all British and Foreign Patent Medicines in use in the Colonies; also a choice selection of Toilet and Nursery requisites, consisting of Aerated Soda Water on draught, cool from the fountain, flavoured to taste with genuine Fruit Syrups. A few choice Brands of Cigars also kept in stock.

**B**ARRETT'S FAMILY HOTEL  
(Late Devonshire Arms.)

Corner of Durham and Peterborough Streets,  
CHRISTCHURCH.

Terms Moderate.

Hot and Cold Baths.

The Billiard Room contains one of Alcock's  
Prize Tables.

Wines, Spirits, and Ales of the very  
Best Quality, including Jamieson and Sons'  
Old Malt Dublin Whiskey, specially imported  
by the proprietor.

First-class Stabling.—Hacks and Bugies on  
Hire.

J. BARRETT, Proprietor.

**T**O LET, for Public Meetings, Sunday Schools, or other purposes, that large and commodious Hall in Rattray-street belonging to the Pioneer Lodge, I.O.O.F. Applications received by G. Jacobs, Bull and Mouth Hotel, or to J. Teague, painter, Rattray-street. The hall will be ready for occupation early in March.

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Marchioness of Normanby.

**M**ATHESON BROS. & CO.

beg to inform the inhabitants of Dunedin New Zealand generally, that they always have on hand a large and tastefully selected stock of China, Glass, Earthenware, Lamps, Vases, &c.

Mr. Matheson, sen., having recently visited the principal British and Continental Markets, has made arrangements for Monthly supplies of all the latest Patterns, Colours, and Designs.

In Dinner Services from £5 to £50; in Dessert Sets from 55s to £30; in Tea Services from 35s to £15 15s; in Breakfast Sets from 70s to £15; in Complete Sets of Table Glass from £12 to £50. Richly hand-painted Flower Pots and Vases in Dresden, Sevres, and Worcester; China and Bohemian Glass. Just to hand, a beautiful variety of the celebrated "Belleek" Porcelain. Also a magnificent stock of Cut Glass Chandeliers for gas or kerosene, from three to six lights. Also, a beautiful assortment of Lamps in Cut Glass and Silver, Bronze, Wrought Brass, Oxidised Silver, Ormolu, &c., and fitted with the most approved Burners. MINFON HOUSE, Princes street, Dunedin. N.B.—Wholesale Warehouse, Bond street.

V.  R.

**G**OURLEY AND LEWIS,  
UNDERTAKERS,

GEORGE AND MACLAGGAN-STREETS.

Funerals attended to and supplied at most reasonable prices.

Undertakers to the General and Provincial Governments.

**M**R. T. P. CAMERON,  
ARCHITECT,

Has taken Offices in Moray Place, opposite Criterion Hotel, and is prepared to supply, on the shortest notice, plans and correct estimates for all descriptions of buildings.

**T**OWNSHIP OF BURKE'S  
BREWERY, now being Surveyed

To be sold by Auction at an early date, due notice of which will be given,

Splendid Sites and Convenient Lots for

Villa Sites,

Suburban Residences,

And Working Men's Homes,

The Township is charmingly situated a short distance from town, and is easily accessible by road or rail, being only ten minutes ride by rail and a pleasant drive of four miles by road. A visit will demonstrate that it possesses a very large extent of level land, the ground running with a gentle rise to a considerable distance from the waterside frontage, its commanding position and splendid scenery stamp it the most lovely spot on the shore of the harbour, embracing an interrupted view of the Peninsula, the Islands, and the Heads, whilst it is universally acknowledged to be the healthiest suburban locality near Dunedin.

A permanent stream of pure sweet water runs through the township from which a copious supply is obtainable, which at a very small outlay could be laid on at any of the sections. An unlimited supply of timber for firewood is available at almost the cost of cutting.

The Land for Suburban Residences without doubt stands unrivalled, and should command the attention of capitalists or anyone seeking a desirable investment of daily increasing value.

Extraordinary liberal terms, viz., Deposit, £5 per Section; balance by quarterly payments, extending over three years, with 6 per cent interest added.

**SHEEDY BROTHERS,**

HAM AND BACON CURERS  
AND

GENERAL PROVISION MERCHANTS,  
WALKER-STREET, DUNEDIN.

(Shop lately occupied by A. HELLIER.)

SHEEDY'S Smoked Hams and Bacon are equal to the best Limerick or Belfast imported.

SHEEDY'S Plain Hams (sugar cured) are superior to any in Dunedin.

SHEEDY'S Side Bacon (plain and smoked) can be had from all Grocers.

ASK for SHEEDY'S Hams and Bacon, and be sure you get them.

NONE GENUINE unless branded SHEEDY BROS., DUNEDIN

**THE HOLDERS OF BOOKS** in the KUMARA

ST. PATRICK'S SCHOOL ART-UNION will please forward Blocks at once, otherwise they cannot be recognised at the Drawing.

D. HANNAN.

IMPORTERS.

**LADIES** will find at H. & B. BROWNLIE'S the

best assortment of MILLINERY. Their Bonnets are handsome, stylish, and becoming in shape; and their Hats are trimmed with care and great good taste.

Their Stock of BABYLINEN is the largest and best assorted.

Immense variety in shape, material, and trimming.

Their STAYS are comfortable, durable, and improving to the figure; and their UNDERCLOTHING for ladies and children unsurpassed for make and finish.

The whole Moderate in Price.

PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN,  
(Opposite Herbert, Haynes & Co.)

**WELLINGTON STEAM BISCUIT AND CONFECTIONERY WORKS,**

FARISH STREET, WELLINGTON.

The Proprietor, possessing the most complete Plant of Machinery in his line in the Colony, is able to supply the trade with goods which in price, quality, and variety defy competition.

For Catalogue of Prices apply to the Factory.  
S. S. GRIFFITHS, PROPRIETOR.

**NOTICE.**—We subjoin, for the convenience of Shareholders, a form of Proxy suited to the forthcoming General Meeting of Shareholders of the NEW ZEALAND TABLET COMPANY:—  
FORM OF PROXY.

I, the undersigned, a Shareholder of the NEW ZEALAND "TABLET" COMPANY, hereby appoint.....another Shareholder, to act as my Proxy, at the General Meeting of the Company to be holden on the twenty-seventh May, 1878, and at every adjournment thereof.

As witness my hand, this.....day of.....1878  
Witness..... Signature.....

The above Form duly filled up, signed, and witnessed, must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting.

**KUMARA ST. PATRICK'S SCHOOL ART-UNION**

The following are the Winning Numbers:—

Prizes.	No.
1	1149
2	2642
3	1656
4	3128
5	3731
6	2997
7	3249
8	3115
9	925
10	3403
11	10
12	2998

D. HANNAN,  
Secretary.

**BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.**

The thirty-third half-yearly meeting of the shareholders was held on April 25, in the Banking-house, Queen-street, Auckland.—J. L. Campbell, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors, presiding.

The General manager (Mr. D. L. Murdoch) read the minutes of the last half-yearly meeting, which were confirmed.

The General Manager read the half-yearly report and balance-sheet as follows:—

**THIRTY-THIRD REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, TO THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING OF THE PROPRIETORS, HELD AT THE BANKING-HOUSE, AUCKLAND, ON THURSDAY, 25TH APRIL, 1878.**

The Directors have much pleasure in again meeting shareholders with a favourable report, which affords evidence of continued progress and success:—

The net profit at 31st March, after making ample appropriation for all bad or doubtful dependencies, and for reduction of Bank premises and furniture, amounts to ... .. £82,567 19 4

To which is to be added—  
Balance of undivided profit at 30th September, 1877 1,790 4 5

Making a total available for division of ... .. £84,358 3 9

The following appropriation of which is no now recommended—

To payment of dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum	£36,250 0 0
To bonus of 5s. per share, equal to 5 per cent. per annum	18,125 0 0
To proposed increase to reserve fund	25,000 0 0
To balance carried to profit and loss new account	4,983 3 9
	£84,358 3 9

The dividend and bonus will be payable at the head office, Auckland, on Friday, the 26th April, and at the branches on receipt of advice.

For the Board of Directors,  
J. LOGAN CAMPBELL, President.

AGGREGATE BALANCE-SHEET OF THE BANK OF NEW ZEALAND AT 31ST MARCH, 1878, INCLUDING LONDON OFFICE, AT 31ST JANUARY, 1878:—

Dr.	£	s.	d.
Bank stock	725,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	300,000	0	0
Notes in circulation	502,557	0	0
Bills payable in circulation	2,138,674	5	5
Deposits and other liabilities	6,800,070	4	9
Balance of profit and loss at September 30th, 1877	1,790	4	5
Net profit for half-year	82,567	19	4
	£10,550,659	13	11

Cr.	£	s.	d.
Coin and cash balances	972,834	6	9
Bullion on hand and in transitu	452,880	11	0
Government securities	770,000	0	0
Bills receivable, and securities in London	2,073,104	14	10
Landed property, Bank premises, furniture, &c.	124,311	15	4
Bills discounted, and other debts due to the Bank	6,157,528	6	0
	£10,550,659	13	11

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Dr.	£	s.	d.
To dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum	36,250	0	0
To bonus of 5s per share	18,125	0	0
To proposed increase of Reserve Fund	25,000	0	0
To balance carried to profit and loss, "new account"	4,983	3	9
	£84,358	3	9

Cr.	£	s.	d.
By balance of profit and loss at 31st March, 1878	82,557	19	4
By balance from last half-year	1,790	4	5
	£84,358	3	9

RESERVE FUND.

Dr.	£	s.	d.
To balance	325,000	0	0
	325,000	0	0
Cr.	£	s.	d.
By balance from last statement	300,000	0	0
By proposed addition	25,000	0	0
	£325,000	0	0

Audited, G. P. PIERCE, }  
B. TONKS, } Auditors.

V.



R,

£100 REWARD.

**WHEREAS**, some evil disposed Person or Persons did wilfully damage two Railway Carriages, whilst standing in the Dunedin Station Yard on the 24th, or morning of the 25th April, by cutting the linings, cushions, window straps, and leather hinges; this is to give notice that the above Reward will be paid to anyone who shall give such information as shall lead to the conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

WM. CONYERS,  
Commissioner of Railways.

Commissioner's Office,  
Christchurch, 1st May, 1878.

## C A R R O L L ' S H O T E L,

(LATE EUROPEAN),  
GEORGE STREET, (NEAR THE OCTAGON), DUNEDIN.

## JOHN CARROLL (LATE OF THE HIBERNIAN HOTEL), PROPRIETOR,

Wishes to inform his friends and the public, that he has now completed extensive alterations to the above HOTEL. The new addition is constructed of brick and stone throughout, and is furnished in the most SUPERB STYLE, while every modern appliance and requisite necessary for the comfort of his patrons is provided.

The HOTEL, from its CENTRAL POSITION, will be found a desirable residence for persons from all parts of the country having business to transact in Dunedin.

The Proprietor trusts that his LONG EXPERIENCE in the TRADE is a sufficient guarantee as to the general mode in which the establishment is conducted, and also as to the excellence of the viands.

HOT, COLD, and SHOWER BATHS at all Hours. PRIVATE APARTMENTS for Ladies and Families. A Splendid Billiard Room, with one of ALCOCK'S PRIZE TABLES. Good LIVERY AND BATE STABLES.

SMITH'S EXPRESS LINE OF COACHES for Blueskin, Waikouaiti, and Palmerston, arrive and depart daily.

Persons CALLED IN TIME for all the early Trains and Coaches.

INSPECTION OF THE HOTEL INVITED.

### MUNSTER ARMS HOTEL,

Corner of  
WALKER AND PRINCES STREETS,  
DUNEDIN.

P. O'BRIEN, PROPRIETOR.

First-class Accommodation. Single and Double Bedrooms, and a Bath-room. Private apartments for Families. Charges moderate.

### HIBERNIAN HOTEL,

TIMARU.

THOMAS O'DRISCOLL - PROPRIETOR.

Good Accommodation for Boarders and Travellers.  
Private Rooms for Families.  
Good Stabling.

### BASKETS. BASKETS

Undersigned has always on hand, Baskets of every description.  
Orders promptly attended to.  
Note the Address—

M. SULLIVAN.  
Wholesale and Retail Basket Maker,  
Princes-street, South Dunedin, (opposite Guthrie and Larnach's).

#### SPECIAL NOTICE.

**JAMES MOWAT, TAILOR AND CLOTHIER** (for the last four years Cutter to D. Sampson), has commenced business Next Door to Burton Bros., Photographers, PRINCES STREET. J. M. will always keep on hand a large and well-selected Stock of Woollen Goods suitable for a first-class Tailoring Establishment. Prices strictly moderate. Inspection respectfully invited.

**J. T. ROBERTS,**  
HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENT,  
VALUATOR, SHAREBROKER, &c.,  
Manse-street, Dunedin

**J. FLEMING,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
PRODUCE MERCHANT,  
PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.  
Cash buyer of Oats, Wheat, Barley, Potatoes &c., &c.

**WELLINGTON STEAM BAKERY,**  
MANNEB STREET, WELLINGTON.  
ALEX. McDONALD,  
Fancy Bread & Biscuit Baker, Confectioner, &c.  
Families and shipping supplied.

#### PURE WINES.

**MR. THOMAS REYNOLDS** intimates that he can now supply guaranteed pure PORT and SHERRY WINES, having a Son in Portugal and Nephews in Spain. These Wines coming from his friends in Xerez de la Frontera, San Lucar de Barameda in Spain, and Oporto in Portugal, are genuine unadulterated, and having already gained a name in New Zealand for their superior quality and pureness. As commissions, profits, &c., to dealers and agents in London are saved, they can be sold at a much lower price than is generally charged for inferior and artificial wines, or the vile compounds so called.

Office and Store, Stafford-street Dunedin.

### ADELAIDE WINES

The South Australian United Vineyards Association.  
IMPERIAL CELLARS, ADELAIDE.  
Adelaide Light and Red Wines.  
Ports, Sherries, Clarets, Constantias, &c., &c.,  
From 38s. per dozen.

Old and well-matured and guaranteed pure, and particularly recommended for family drinking and invalids.

GEORGE BLYTH, SOLE AGENT.  
HARBOR CHAMBERS, DUNEDIN.

Country orders will have every attention.

### DUKE OF EDINBURGH HOTEL,

Russell-street, Dunedin.

WANTED KNOWN.—That a few respectable Boarders can obtain excellent Accommodation at the DUKE OF EDINBURGH HOTEL, Russell-street. The situation is most healthy, and only a few minutes' walk from the Post Office.

### HALL OF COMMERCE,

D. TOOHEY,

DRAPER, CLOTHIER, & OUTFITTER,  
Oamaru.  
N.B.—Millinery and Dressmaking on the Premises.

### R. F. SMITH,

Princes-street North, next Begg. & Co.,  
CARVER, GILDER AND PICTURE-FRAME MAKER.

Pictures cleaned and renewed. Paintings bought and sold on commission.

### CALEDONIAN SOCIETY'S EVENING CLASSES.

These Classes will be RE-OPENED in the NORMAL SCHOOL on TUESDAY, 7th May, at 7.30 p.m., under the superintendence of Mr. J. L. FERGUSSON, Head-master of the Albany-street School, when intending scholars will be entered.

Mathematics, Mr. Kyle.  
Higher Arithmetic and Elementary Algebra, Mr. Lindsay.  
Arithmetic and Engineering (Text Book, Aynsley's Marine Engineer's Manual), Mr. Murray.

Classes will also be taught by Messrs Kneen, Menzies, and others.

Arrangements will be made ament formation of Chemistry Class. Particulars in future advertisements.

English, Writing, and Book-keeping will also be taught to those desiring same.

Fees for Junior Classes, 5s; Senior Classes, 7s. 6d.; Advanced Classes—Mathematics and Chemistry—10s. for the entire course.

No scholars under 12 years of age will be admitted unless satisfactory reasons for non-attendance at a day school be given. None will be enrolled after the first month unless sufficient cause be shown. The Superintendent is authorised to exempt from payment of fees in cases of inability.

GEORGE WATSON, Secretary.

### ALBION HOTEL,

GREAT SOUTH ROAD,  
TIMARU.

JOHN COLE ... PROPRIETOR.  
Good accommodation for Boarders and Travellers. Good Stabling. Alcock's prize medal Billiard Table.

WE HEREBY beg to intimate that we have become the PURCHASERS of all DEBTS owing to the late Firm of JEWITT and TUNNAGE, and that same will be received by us. We also notify that all monies due by the late firm will be liquidated by us.

We beg to take this opportunity of tendering our best thanks for the generous patronage the old firm has at all times received, and would intimate to our customers and the public generally that in taking over the business, our best attention and care will be given to same, and that we shall thereby continue to merit a fair share of their support and patronage.

TUNNAGE & HUGHES,  
Princes-street.

### BOOT AND SHOE TRADE.

WANTED KNOWN.—That Messrs Roughton and Pocklington are prepared to supply the trade with all kinds of Colonial-made Boots and Shoes and Uppers. All goods guaranteed; none but experienced workmen employed. Samples and price list on application New Zealand Boot Factory, corner Clarke and Maclaggan-streets, Dunedin.

V.  R.

**FUNERAL REFORM.**  
ECONOMY AND RESPECTABILITY,  
Combined with the strictest decorum in the performance of its duties.

The expense of a Funeral, however COSTLY or HUMBLE, may be ascertained at the time of giving the order, and carried out according to the wishes of friends by

WALTER G. GEDDES,  
Undertaker, Octagon,  
DUNEDIN.

#### NOTICE.

I HAVE Sold to Mr G. W. Driscoll my business of Tailor and Clothier carried on by me in the Arcade and I beg to solicit for him a continuance of the custom so liberally accorded me. Mr Driscoll is entitled to receive all debts owing to me accruing since the 21st day of May last.

Dated the 4th day of June 1877.  
(Signed) GEORGE DAVIDSON.

In reference to the above, I trust, by strict attention to business and by supplying a superior article, to secure a continuance of the favours accorded my predecessor.

(Signed) G. W. DRISCOLL.

[A CARD.]

**L. BOLDINI,**  
ARCHITECT.

Plans and specifications given on the shortest notice.

Sundown House, Herriott Row, Dunedin.

Printed for the NEW ZEALAND TABLET COMPANY (Limited), by WOODFIELD & JOLLY, at their Registered Printing Office, Octagon, Dunedin, this 10th day of May, 1878, and published by the said Company.