

of the local booksellers and handed to you, requesting your instructions on the matter. State fully what you would direct to be done, and under what Act, if any, proceedings could be taken, if the sole responsibility devolved upon you.

9. "A" is with child and approaches "B," a male chemist, with a view to his bringing about a miscarriage. With the consent of "A," "B" does certain acts to "A's" private parts. "B" does these acts simply for the purpose of obtaining money, and not to bring about her miscarriage, for which purpose alone the woman, to his knowledge, had placed herself in his hands. These facts are reported to you by way of complaint. What action, if any, would you take if the sole responsibility devolved upon you? Quote your authority.
10. Complaint is made to you that a girl named Mary Jones, eighteen years of age, who is licensed out by the Child Welfare Department to the wife of a local farmer, has been having immoral relations with the husband of the woman to whom she is licensed. You verify the complaint. State fully how you would deal with the matter. Give your reasons.

FOR THE RANK OF SERGEANT.

EVIDENCE.

Time allowed: Three hours.

1. Define—Evidence; facts in issue; declaration; presumption of guilt; admission.
2. When and for what reason are statements made in the presence of an accused person admissible in evidence?
3. State shortly what is meant by the "incompetency of witnesses."
4. Detail the various methods taken to secure the attendance of witnesses.
5. What is meant by a "leading question," and under what circumstances are leading questions prohibited?
6. State shortly the cases where the evidence of the principal witness must be corroborated before accused can be committed to the Supreme Court for trial.
7. State shortly the exceptions to the rule that hearsay evidence is inadmissible.
8. Where and under what circumstances will a rehearing be granted, and what is the leading case on the subject?
9. What evidence would you place before the Court in support of a charge against "A" for breaking and entering the premises of "B"?
10. Define "a person in authority," and state when a confession may be taken from a person under arrest.

PRESCRIBED STATUTES.

Time allowed: Three hours.

1. Define—Information; deposition; remand; licensed premises; public place.
2. State shortly what powers of arrest and search are conferred upon constables by the Police Offences Act, 1927.
3. Define a "young person," and state shortly the nature of the proceedings connected with the summary trial of a young offender.
4. "A" has entered into an agreement to purchase the licensed premises of "B." What provisions of the Licensing Act apply, and what steps must be taken by "A" before he can obtain a transfer of the license from "B"?
5. What is the difference between a summons and a warrant? In what cases should a warrant be applied for in the first instance instead of a summons?
6. (a) Define a public bar. (b) What is a private bar? (c) What objections can be taken to the granting of a publican's license?
7. "A" is found drowned in a river. Detail the steps you would take preliminary to the Coroner holding an inquest on deceased. What evidence would you offer at the inquest to prove the cause of death?
8. State shortly the provisions of the Police Offences Act, 1927, dealing with (a) cruelty to animals, (b) Sunday trading.
9. What are the principal provisions of the Crimes Act dealing with the duties attached to the preservation of human life?
10. State shortly the provisions of the Gaming Act and amendments dealing with (a) betting, (b) art unions.

POLICE FORCE ACT AND REGULATIONS.

Time allowed: Three hours.

1. State fully the procedure in the case of a member of the Force who, being dissatisfied with a conviction recorded against him, wishes to appeal.
2. A mounted constable who has been discharged from the Force declines to deliver up his arms and accoutrements. What action would you take to compel him to do so? Give your reasons.
3. State fully the provisions of the Police Force Amendment Act, 1924, under which you may lawfully execute a warrant of arrest without having the warrant in your possession.
4. What do the regulations enjoin respecting the employment and control of a constable under a superior officer? What is a constable's first duty?
5. Detail the regulations governing the keeping of animals on police premises.
6. When on night duty you find certain premises open on your beat. State fully your duty from first to last in such circumstances.
7. Detail the regulations respecting the duty of the police in relation to loiterers at street-corners and in busy thoroughfares.
8. State fully what is laid down in the regulations relative to the treatment of prisoners.
9. State fully what is provided in the regulations relative to the institution of proceedings on charges of alleged perjury.
10. What are the duties of the police in attendance at a fire, as laid down in the regulations? State fully what you know.

POLICE AND DETECTIVE DUTIES.

Time allowed: Three hours.

1. "A," a man living in an hotel, went to the door of the bedroom of "B," a woman in the same hotel, at 2 a.m. and tried to force an entry. "B," through fear, opened and jumped out of the window and sustained serious injuries. These facts are reported to you. State fully what action you would take if the sole responsibility devolved upon you.
2. Complaint is made to you that at an athletic meeting two horse-races were included. You make inquiries and find that the alleged horse-races consisted of two trotting events which took place at intervals between the athletic events. What action, if any, should be taken? Give reasons for your answer.
3. "A," a farmer, is charged under the Stock Act with failing to dip a mob of sheep. He is duly convicted, and fined £5 and costs, but fails to make payment, and a warrant of distress is handed to you a week later to execute; but when you arrive at "A's" farm you find that the only asset he had was the mob of sheep in question, which he had sold the previous day to a neighbouring farmer. The sheep are on "A's" property, awaiting delivery. What would you do in such circumstances? Give reasons for your answer.
4. Whilst on sectional duty and when visiting an hotel at 11 a.m. on a Sunday you find the licensee behind the bar and three men in front of it, each with a glass of liquor in front of him. In answer to your questions the licensee says one man is a friend of his and the other two are friends of his friend, and that the liquor each had was a gift from him. State fully how the matter should be dealt with. Give reasons for your answer.
5. It is reported to you that "A" issued an advertisement stating that he would supply an analysis of urine for a fee of 1s. 6d. To test the genuineness or otherwise of this representation, "B" and "C" prepared a mixture of soap and water with colouring-matter and sent it to "A" for analysis, together with a fee of 1s. 6d. "A" wrote in reply, prescribing a course of treatment at a fee of £1 1s. "B" and "C" were not misled by "A." State fully how you would deal with the matter if the sole responsibility devolved upon you. Give reasons for your answer.
6. It is reported to you that a householder on returning home after an absence of two hours found his house had been broken into and some money and a numbered tram ticket stolen, and an attempt made to set fire to the house. State fully what steps you would take to detect the offender if the sole responsibility for police action devolved upon you.
7. Complaint is received by you that women are frequenting a certain hotel in large numbers, where there is a room set apart for them. What is it your duty to ascertain