The Modernisation of Palestine.

Continued from page 35.

for many centuries they have been out of repair and never used. The result has been that in modern times Jerusalem has been dependent on the rainfull, which comes in the winter months, for its water supply, accumulated from the roofs in rock-hewn cisterns built generally beneath the houses. A short rainfall, a few years ago, made it necessary for the municipal authorities to run a saily tank-train from a spring at Rettir several miles down the Jaffa and Jerusa-lem railway.

lem railway.

Now this is no longer necessary as follomoris old aqueduct has been repaired, or rather a modern pipe has been built along it, and pure water is now obtainable in the city from the ancient source. It is now proposed to build large reservoirs at the springs of Ain Falrah and Ain Fouwar, situated in the upper part of the valley of the Brook Cherith, some twelve and eighteen miles north of the city respectively, and bring in water from here. A German firm offers to erect the reservoirs and piping on favourable terms.

THE SEVEN WELLS OF BEERSHEBA

THE SEVEN WELLS OF BEERSHEBA.

The next Palestine town to have a water-supply was Beershebe, the name meaning "Seven-wells," the site being identified with the history of the patriarch. It is a place of hoar entiquity, and yet, as a town, it is the newest in Palestine, having been but recently established and built as a Government centre, in order to bring the Bedouin tribes of this locality into autijection. As in Bible times, when "from Dan to Beershebat" was proverhial, so now it marks the southernmost limit of Turkish rule.

'A more recent attempt to establish

imit of Turkish rule.

A more recent attempt to establish another Government centre further south has failed. The wells mentioned in Genesis are in the valley below the town. It is said that all seven of them can be identified. From one of them the water is pumped up to the town

through piping by a motor. In this region the rich soil, under favourable conditions, still yields a hundred-fold of wheat or barlay, as the accred record tells us was the case in the time of

If it seems strange that one of the most ancient sites, where stands the newest Government post, should be one of the first in Palestine to have an adequate water supply, it is equally singular that the little squalid mud virtage of Jericho, whose only importance is because of the crowds of tourists that,

of Jericho, whose only importance is because of the crowds of tourists that, in the season, pass the night in the hotels there, should be the next locality favoured with the water-supply.

Here a three-inch pipe has been laid from Ehisha's Yountain, which lies to the west, near the ruins of old Jericho, for two 'freusand metres, to near the Serai, or Government House of the present Jericho, whence it is distributed by small pipes to the hotels, convents, and mosque. So that new travellers en route for the Jordan and Dead Sea can have pure drinking water in place of the fouled water that formerly came through the ditches by the roadside, from the distant fountain. Then all ever the country the primitive way of raising water for irrigation and other purposes is being rapidly superseded by pumps driven by kerosene motors.

Anniversary of Handkerchiefs.

A week ago (says the Paris corespondent of the "Daily Telegraph") fell the anniversary of the modern handkerchief in its present square shape. It is only 127 years that the latter has been in use, Previously handkerchiefs were of all shapes, long, narrow, oblong, even round; but one day Queen Mavie Antoinette, at Trianon, remarked to Louis XVI., or perhaps to some courtier in power, that it would be much neater to use only square handkerchiefs. That was at the end of the year 1784. A few days later, on January 2, 1785, Louis XVI. issued an edict decreeing that "the length of hand-terchiefs shall equal their breadth henceforth throughout the kingdom," and the edict of the King whom the Revolution guillotined has influenced custom to this day.

A Gorgeous Wedding.

Washington was in a fever of excitement a few weeks ago over a wedding which was declared to be the most gorgeous the city had ever seen. It was the union of Mrs. Oliver Cronwell, who is to win immortality as "the million pound bride," with Mr. E. T. Stotesbury, who is known to fame as Mr. Picront Morgan's partner and head of the great Philadelphia banking house of Drexel and Co. The ceremony was performed at the bride's hone, her son giving her away, and it was, of course, the occasion for a great gathering of fashfonable people and men of mark in politics and diplomacy; but the magnificence of the ceremony, according to some ties and diplomacy; but his magnin-cence of the ceremony, according to some veracious chroniclers, "was not a cir-cumstance to the gorgeousness of the presents." Their value exceeded cumstance to the gorgeousness of the presents." Their value exceeded £1,000,000. The bridegroom's gifts to his wife included "gilt-edged" securities worth £800,000, and a pearl necklace valued at £100,000. It is asserted in Washington that this necklace is the finest in the world, but Mrs. Stotesbury's pride in its possession may be discounted to some extent when she has to wear this remarkable ornament, since discounted to some extent when she has to wear this remarkable ornament, since it "reaches to the floor when circling the bride's neck." The lady will not lack jewellery, Mr. Morgan having sent her a necklace worth £8000, which contains 200 diamonds, and other friends having contributed numerous rings and bracelets for her personal adaptment. One of the for her personal adornment. One of the gifts is a sapplire valued at £20,900, one of the coalliest single stones in the one of the costliest single stones in the world. Perhaps by way of affording appropriate settings for all this wealth of precious possessions the bride included in her trouseau eighty Parisgowns and sixty house dresses. Her friends in Washington, it is reported, have named her "Queen of Sheba," and certainly there appears to be good reason for this tribute to her gorgeousness. Mr. Stotesbury, of course, seems to have son for this tribute to her gorgeousness. Mr. Stotesbury, of course, seems to have cut a quite insignificant figure along-side his magnificent bride. The only gift mentioned in a lengthy newspaper report as having been received by him is a set of three dozen plates which once belonged to Queen Adelaide. Happily he is a man of simple tastes and no doubt he is quite content.

AWFUL BAD LEGS.

RESULT OF ACCIDENTS.

HUSBAND AND WHEE CURED BY ZAM BUK.

Mr. W. J. Ward, of 244 Perth St., Sublaco, Perth, W.A., says:—"While timbering in a mine at Mt. Magnet, W.A., through insufficient light, I made a false stroke with an adze, which slipped and eaught me on the shin, inflicting a terrible wound." The nain was ing a terrible wound. The pain was dreadful, my leg swelled up to the size of two, and I was completely disabled. My leg soon got into a very bad state, and although I tried many remedies, nothing eased the inflamed condition. The wound was gaping open, presenting a repulsive and angry appearance.

"Zam-Rob. "Zam-Rob."

"Zam-Ruk was recommended to me and I commenced treating myself with this aplendid balm. I dressed the inand I commenced treating myself with this splendid balm. I dressed the in-jury night and morning, and in a few days the aching pain was relieved and the swelling and inflammation reduced. As I continued with Zam-Buk the out itself was cleansed and resumed a more healthy appearance. I persisted with Zam-Buk until the wound was complete-iy healed and new healthy skin grown over.

"My wife, going into the kitchen one dark night, struck her leg against the front of the grate. The abrasion soon developed into an ulcer, around which the surface was black and blue from conthe surface was black and blue from congealed blood. The wound refused to heal, and several times she went into hospital, and for over twelve months was an outdoor patient, but it did not get any better. After suffering for five years she commenced using Zam-Buk. This aplandid balm quickly drew out all poisonous matter and cleansed the wound, giving it a chance to heal, which it did rapidly. My wife continued applying Zam-Buk until her leg was completely better. Now we are never without a supply of Zam-Buk handy." Kam-Buk is sold by all chemists and stores at 1/6 and 3/6 per pot. pot.

Dominion Crust Company, Ltd.



Thead Office:

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Offices: 🖔

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*

At 31st December, 1911;-

Authorised Capital .. \$5,000,000.00 Subscribed \$2,250,000.00 Paid-up \$1,500,000.00

"Surplus and Reserve, \$550,000,00

*After allowing for an 8 per cent Dividend, bonus to employees, &c.

W. R. ARNOLD.......MANAGING DIRECTOR
E. P. MILLEH......SECRETARY-TREASURER

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Company, and Byoroft, Ltd., and a member of the Theines theining Board,

work

It is often said that there is no happiness like that we willing from work will done. Consequently pride in achievement is pardonable.

Some signers regarding the growth of this company may therefore be intoresting, because this company recommends only anch investments as it makes for itself, and it is can demonstrate that it is successful in handling its ewn funds, then it can be successful in handling those of clicuts or estates.

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ecember	R1 1906	TURE		

March 31, 1906, was	\$48,880
December 31, 1906, was	74,2100
December 31, 1907, was	103,918
December 31, 1907, was	103,918
December 31, 1909, was	134,800
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December 31, 1810, was	164,832
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December 31, 1998 For processing and undivided profits on December 31, 1998 For processing and profits on December 31, 1998 For processing and profits on December 31, 1911, were over. \$52,942,45 100,000.00

This Company keeps its reserve invested in first morigages on improved real estate. It is prepared at any time to sell such morigages at their face value or invest funds for investors in such securities.

All moneys advanced on morigages by or through this Company are protected by the following safeguards:

Each morigage is a first morigage.

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The property under each application is valued by our valuator, who, we know, is conservative.

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Buch application for a toan is passed upon by our Board of Directors.

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The interior to the property is examined and the morigage drawn and registered by our solicitors.

The hulldings must be worth at least 60 per cent, of the amount of the loan. The hulldings must be limited for at least 80 per cent, of the amount of the loan in reliable British companies, with loss (if any) payable to the lender.

No security can be better than first morigages when so projected, especially in a growing community, where the security is continually increasing in value, Money may be invested in this way to return 6 per cent, to 15 per cent, exither this tompsiny nor any client of this Company has ever tost any priacipal or interest on such investments.

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Dominion Crust Company, Limited.

W. R. ARNOLD, Managing Director:

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(ANDREW GRAT)