News of the Dominion.

OUR WELLINGTON LETTER.

WELLINGTON, May 7.

The New Government House ESTERDAY I had an opportunity of going through the new Vice-Regal residence at Mt. View, Newtown. This up to date Government House is a much more hand-some structure than the first published plans indicated. Some modifications and alterations have been made, much to the plans indicated. Some modifications and alterations have been made, much to the advantage of the house from an artistic point of view. From Kelburne and the city the building is a conspicuous and very sightly one, its white front and shapely flag tower showing out well against the dark background of pines. Wellington has no beautiful setting for a Government House such as Auckland possesses; funereal-looking pines are about the only trees that Wellington seems to encourage. Nevertheless, our time. Though in Newtown, and directly overlooking the least picturesque section of our city, it stands at a considerable elevation above the "mean streets" of the suburb, and the sembre pines, if serving no other purpose, will at least help to conceal the inartistic suburb from the house itself is pretty well finished as far as the outside is consecued, but another good month's work is required before the currenters and plasteress are out of the interior. The morthern aspect that house itself is pretty well finished as far as the outside is concerned, but another good month's work is required before the curpenters and plasterers are out of the interior. The northern aspect, that which we see from the city, is a very fine one a long two steroyed structure, in white, or nearly white, dislement, a combination pleasing to the eye. The front is over tirrer hundred feet long. It is higher than one would imagine from its great length; the flag tower is 80 feet above the ground. The first glimpse of his new home should somewhat remind Baron Islington of Old England, for that portion which is not timbored is "rough east," as builders call it, with concerte and shingle (on a backing of boarding and iron), in imitation of the construction of old fachioned maner houses and cuttages in England, and is certainly an improvement on much of the public architecture one sees here and in other towns. The main entrance to the house is not, however, on this northern side, but on the southern side, where some of the present old mental hospital huildings are to be cleared away in order to make room for a fine sweeping drive leading up to the pillored main doorway. The interior is just now in an incomplete state, but one can see enough to judge that the future Governors will be very handsourely and confortably housed, certainly much more so than at the old tovernment House. The bullroom measures 40 feet by 29 feet, which I think, is about the size of that in the Auckland Government House. The total cost of the new house will be between £25,000 and £26,000. Covernment House. The total cost of the new house will be between £25,000 and

Lord Islington wilt, I believe, stay at-Lord I-dington will, I believe, stay at the Wellington Club for two or three months after his arrival, until the new house is ready for him. The grounds will be still very reaw looking and new, but very handsome lawns and flower gardens are to be laid down and by next aummer the place should be in trim for vice regal entertaining.

Our Citizen Army.

The announcement by the Prender that the Government has adopted Lord that the Government has adopted Lord Ritchener's military training proposals in their entirety seems to be pretty universally approved of in Wellington. A new feeling in the matter of compulsory training is coming over the people. It will now, I believe become a point of honour and of puide with our young fellows to do their share of solderly work in the field. A youth who manages to get exempted, or whatever ground, is not to be envised. I look forward to seeing military training taking the place to some extent of the foothell, which neeppies so large a starre of the thoughts and the space time of young New Zealanders and forms the topic of papular conversathe space time of young New Zoalanders, and forms the topic of popular conversation to a wearisome extent. Here in Wellington the defence scheme is nitrating particular attention. There is here predsitly a larger proportion of cligible recruits than in the other centres, for a great many of the younger Civil

servants come within the age of service. It will be some few years before the full benefit of the scheme is apparent, but in few years' time I believe the New Zeston years' time I believe the New Zea-lander will be a very much better set-up-man than be is to-day, and far less "slack" and slouching. If military training will do nothing else, it will put some "ginger" into his walk and teach him to keep his hands out of his pockets. An Austrian friend of mine tells me that he has always been grateful to his coun-try for having compelled him to do a year's soldiering. It "set him up" for life, made him smart and active and welfyear's soldiering. It "set him up" for life, made him smart and active and wellnice, made nim smarrs and active and welf-poised, and incidentally taught him how to use his rifle. It was hard at the time—far, far harder than anything the New Zealand youth will ever be called upon to undergo—but it did him lasting

Comet Parties.

The latest popular diversion takes the form of "comet parties." Out at Kelbirnie some up-to-date persons have lately organised excursions by taxicab to the top of the hills to see Halley's comet, top of the hills to see manages comes, etc., etc. In other parts of the city similar expeditions are all the go, and at all mearthly hours of the night and morning you may hear the far-away voices of the amateur astronomers, male and ing you may hear the far-away voices of the amateur astronomers, male and female, after their kind, taking the most roundabout of ways, one would imagine, to see the comet rise. Certainly, it is a good excuse for a ramble "down the flowery dell," as the old song says; but I have heard that some wise mothers are coming to the conclusion that it is carry-ing scientific enthusiasm rather too for

coming to the conclusion that it is carrying scientific enthusiasm rather too far when the "young men" call at 11 p.m. or so in order to take the daughters of the family out to see the comet rise.

All the same, it was worth getting up this morning to see that glorious triangle in the north-eastern aky, bright Venus as the apex, the comet at the left, and the crescent moon-Marama, "goddess excellently bright"—on the right forming the hase of the triangle. I wondered as I looked on it what the old Maori tohungas would have prophesied after gazing at such an amazing celestial combination—a "tohu" of vast import, surely!

"A Hundred Years is a Very Long Time."

So says the old sailors' chantey about the girls in London town, when Jack and Foll walked up and down "a lundred years ago." But there is a wonderful did gentleman down this way whose memory goes back more than a hundred years. This is Mr Henry Burling, of Waikanae, who eclebrated his one hundred and-ninth birthday last Sunday. Mr Burling is still hale and sturdy, and bida fair to see a few more years of this good old world. When he came out to New Zealand in the early "forties," he was already about forty years old. Think of a man still living who was born before Nelson fought at Traialgar, and who can well remember hearing, as a schoolhoy, the news of the battle of Waterloo! Not long ago the veteran "kicked off" in a game of football at Waikanae in order to show that there was "life in the old doy yet." He has a promising-looking son, too, a chirpy young fellow of between sevency and eighty, who can kick a bail just as well as his dad can.

Dr. Bell and the Antarctic Expedi-

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tion.

It was thought some time ago that New Zealand would have the credit of sending our at least one of the members of Captain Scott's forthcoming Antarcie expedition. Dr. dames M. Bell, the energetic young Director of the New Zealand Geological Survey, volunteered to join Captain Scott's party as geologist, but it was lately amounted that he could not go. It is understood that the reason is that the McKenzie, did not look with approval on the idea, and that he velosal it with emphasis. The Hon. Mr. McKenzie prides himself on being what he calls a "practical" man above all things, and has "no time" for science, it is popularly reported, and such like falthings, and his 'no time' for science, it is popularly reported, and such like fallals. All of which is rather rough on Dr. Bell, who is one of the smartest young scientists we have in New Zealand, and who, I am certain, would acquit himself with credit in such an expedition. He should be inured to cold, for he comes from Canada, and has done a good deal of exploring in the great frozen wastes of the Far North West.

The Wide World.

CABLE NEWS IN BRIEF.

IMPERIAL.

HE political feature of the week in Britain was the issue of the Parliament (Veto) Bill. The preamble foreshadows an ulitipreamble foreshadows an ulti-mate second chamber on a popu-lar basis. The bill provides that within a month of a moncy bill being seat up to the House of Lords their consent may be dispensed with on the King's assent; be dispensed with on the King's assent; the Speaker's certificate, declaring it a money bill, to accompany its presentation to the King. Bills other than those relating to finance are similarly to become law if rejected a third time by the House of Lords, after passing the House of Commons, but not necessarily in the same Parliament. The maximum duration of Parliament is to be five years. Extreme Radicals denounce the preamble.

The "Paily News" fears that certain The "Daily News" fears that certain phrases indicate it is proposed that the restrictions in the House of Lords shall be imposed only pending the creation of a new second chamber, and declares that what is won must be declared perma-

what is won must be accusated, nently won.

Mr Hardie, in a speech in Wales, remarked that he did not want a written Constitution. The moment the powers and duties, either of the House of Lords or the House of Commons were defined by an Act of Parliament fresh tyranny would be established. Loyalty to the Throne was a great superstition and very advantageous to the ruling powers, but it mattered nothing to the working

advantageous to the ruling powers, but it mattered nothing to the working classes whether the official head of a State was a King or a President.

The "Daily Mail's" prize of £10,000 for the flight from London to Manchester having been won by Paulhan, the company has offered another £10,000, of which £5000 will be for a prize in England and £5000 for a flight from London to Paris.

The Cunard Shipping Company is arranging for oil fuel to be consumed in the new sister ship of the Lusitania and Mauretania (32,000 tons), this departure being possible owing to new oilfields solving the difficulties of cost and adequate supplies. It is estimated that by the use of oil £12,000 will be saved on each round trip between Livergood and No. ound trip between Liverpool and New

King Edward VII., after a short ill-ness, passed away at midnight on Friday. The Ministers are all returning to Lon-don, and Parliament will meet as soon as

sible.

"Pull Mail Gazette" eulogises New Zealand's definee scheme, and says that it affords a valuable object-lesson to the people of England.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Extraordinary precautions were taken in the capitals of Europe to prevent the usual May Day riots, many drafts of troops being called out. As a result, the

demonstrations were very orderly.

The Albanian rebellion continues to cause trouble to the Turkish authorities. The origin of the insurrection is the in-habitants' indignation at being compelled, under the new regime, to pay taxes to the Turkish Government. The Albanians formerly were left mostly to their own devices. It is reported that Diakova is devices. It is reported that Diakova is in the hands of the insurgents. A batta-lion from Ipck, proceeding to Diakova, was ambushed, and returned to Ipck with heavy loss. Large forces of Albanians have occupied the mountains westward of Katchanik Pass, cutting the Turkish line of communication with Prizzend.

A Haytian plot, organised in Kingston, A Haytian plot, organised in Kingston, Amanica, to depose General Antoine Simon, and proclaim General Firmin president, was checked owing to ex-President, was checked owing to ex-President Nord Alexia, who was financially in Jamaica, the earne of death being unknown. The discovery of the conspiracy at Port-au-Prince (the Haytian capital) resulted in the imprisonment of many popular persons.

The shortage of meat in Chicago has brought the extract business to a standatill, and packers are working out new schemes to utilise the works. No contracts for foreign armics are being placed in Chicago at present.

It is stated in St. Petersburg that Rus-

sia and Japan are fully agreed on all far hastern questions. A terrible earthquake devastated the northern portion of Costa Rica. Cartago is in ruins, and hundreds of lives were

THE COMMONWEALTH,

According to the Federal Prime Minis-ter (Mr Fisher) the revenue is coming in excellently, but he anticipates a shortin excellently, but he anticipates a mortage for the coming financial year of £800,000. Still he hoped to pull through without an appeal to the moncy market by the issue of Tresury bills. Mr Pisher, speaking regarding the financial agreement, stated that his Ministry was quite prepared to adhere to the 25/ per head arrangement with the States, but it must be limited to 10 years.

At no time in the history of Australiasis has there been such an enormous amount of tomage under construction

lasis has there been such an enormous amount of tomage under construction for the trade as at present. Orders have been placed, or are about to be placed, by different companies engaged in the Australasian shipping trade for 50 steamships, aggregating 361,000 tons. The barque Loch Katrine, bound from Glasgow to Sydney, has been diamasted, and ten members of her crew were brought on by the steamer Tasmanic.

The spending power of the one million inhabitants of New Zealand is more than the spending power of the five millions in Scotland. In all the large towas of New Zealand—Wellington, Christchutch, Dunedin and Auckland—the drapery establishments are on a much more gigan-tic scale than anything in our provin-cial towns outside Glasgow, Manchester, and Liverpool.—Mr. Robert Allan, J.P.,

NORTHERN STEAM SHIP COM-PANY, LIMITED.

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CLANSMAN Every Monday, at 7 p.m.

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For Waiheke and Coromandel.

LEAVE AUCKLAND.

DAPHNE., Every Tree. & Thurs. Foresson.

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