SEEN THROUGH WOMAN'S EYES. AS

Family Repression.

From the time when he first begins From the time when he first begins to show a consciousness of his sur-roundings the baby becomes a thirsten after knowledge. His eyes open while in wonder; it's hands reach out engerly to grasp experience; his feet lead him into all sorts of unexplored by ways; even his little snub nose and the botton of a month beneath, when they are not experimentally smelling and thating on their own account, form, of themselves, an animated interrogation point.

How unjust we grown people are to

those same little interrogation points! Even for us who have left some decades behind us in our flight through time, and have, therefore, gained a greater or less store of experience, life pos-sesses probabilities and possibilities at as yet unexplored or even hinted at. Though we have learned the scif-con-trol which forbids our showing upon the surface the eager search with which life is filled, everything within us reaches out in the self-seme way to be unknown, the unattained: until the us reaches out in the sen-sente way to the unknown, the unattained; until the grave closes over man almost the only thing of worth that life holds for him is the knowledge that is withheld,

We know all this, but we do not re-

We know all this, but we do not re-cognise it, or, recognising it, we ignore it. This surely must be so or we would not perpetually treat the enger little questioner to the impatient "hush," which is so often the only re-ponse he r-reives to questions that arise most frequently from a desire to know. And what if the questioning be not, according to our uninds, legitimate? That may be false judgment on our part, little as we like to call it so.l What other means have the little souls of finding out those things which cause them to be devoured with curiosity? How are they to learn the distinctions

between right and wrong, good and even if they do not ask? The human con-sciousness is constantly in a state or unrest if it be in a healthy condition-and the treatment of this state shoul-be constructive rather than destructive though the latter line is the one upo-which most parents base the trainin of their children, reluctantly as the fat-must be admitted. Repression at ever-point where there seems to be a pro-mise of exuberance of growth inconsis-ent with adult life is now known. R-pression of tastes, repression of wishe-tepression of affections? All must he brought under the stern regulation of brought under the stern regulation of



THE OLD, OLD STORY. "HOW HAPPY COULD I BE WITH EITHER, WERE T'OTHER DEAR CHARMER AWAY."