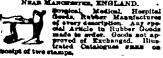




Is it possible to stop the Rhenmatism and Gout? Is there any physic that will give you relief-perma-nent relief from these demon diseases? When writhing in agony the victims of pric acid poisoning mentally ask themselves such questions, and long for the medicine that will give them a respite from torture. Rheumo is the medicine wanted. Rheumo revels in removing Rheumatism. It is a marvellous medicine, and those who know it best praise it the most. Rheumo gives relief from the first dose, and unless the case is very atubborn a cure is effected within forty eight hours. The pain vanishes, the swelling goes away, and the excess uric acid in the blood disappears. Rheumo conquers Rheumatism. Stocked in Auckland by H. Ring, Chemist, Queen-st.; J. M. Jefferson, Chemist, Queen-st. and Upper Symonds-st.; J. W. Robinson, Chemist, Parnell; Graves Aickin, Chemist, Queen-st.; and sold by all Chemists and stores at 2/6 and 4/6 per bottle.

SURGICAL MANUFACTURING CO., pt. N.Z.) Ruider Works, Brusdies NEAR MARCHISTER, ENGLAND.



After Dinner Gossip____ Echoes of the Week.

Presentation to Lady Ranfurly.

The pictures which the citizens of Auckland presented on Saturday to the Countess of Ranfurly are a worthy mark of the esteem and affection in which she and her husband occupy in the public and her husband occupy in the public heart. No two finer paintings have been executed in the colony, I believe, and they may be said to show the present high-water mark of art in New Zealand. Doubtless, they will be seen in London by a large circle of persons interested in art, and will draw some attention to colonial nainters, and while no in decolonial painters, and, while one is de-lighted to honour Lady Ranfurly with the very best New Zealand can produce, I do trust that some works of equally I do trust that some works of equally great interest and merit may be acquired for the colony. If, as I venture to think will be the case, these pictures create some little str in the minds of those interested in such matters, and that inquiries come to be made for works of a similar nature, it may come about that Mr. Goldie and other artists will sand their shift interest. send their chief pictures to England for exhibition and sale, and that the opportunity for securing some fine examples for New Zealand will be lost. Certainly for New Zealand will be lost. Certainly the encouragement given to art in this colony is not of a character to enable an artist to put either heart or his best capabilities into his profession. "Ahl" you say comfortably, "that is very disgraceful, 'art for art's sake' should be the motto." Bunkum, my dear sir or madam, bunkum, an artist has a stomach to fill and a body to clothe, and his tastes and desires run to beautiful things, which cannot be procured without money; and he cannot paint his best unless these natural appetites and indinations are in some sort gratified. And, moreover, if Mr. Goldie is to paint more Maori pictures, and if other artists are of emulate him, our encouragement must not be delayed. The picturesque Maori to emulate him, our encouragement must not be delayed. The picturesque Maori is passing, and the Europeanised native is taking his place. From all other standpoints than that of the artist, the Europeanising process may be, nay, is desirable, but from the pictorial point of view it is deplorable. In a few years' time Mr. Goldie, or any other artist, will be unable to paint such pictures as those which Auckland has presented to Lady Ranfurly, for there will be no models. Public subscription, aided by Government subsidies, have done several valuable works in the colony, and I honestly think the principle might be applied to giving Mr. Goldie a commission to secure for our art galleries specimens of his paintings of Maori life.

Auckland and the Citizens' Ball.

When a Citizens' Ball was first mooted When a Citizens' Ball was first mooted as a means of expressing to the Earl and Countess of Ranfurly the gratitude of Auckland for the many good works both have done and fer the hospitality dispensed from Government House, I exboth have done and fer the hospitality dispensed from Government House, I expressed the opinion that a ball, for which the tickets must of necessity be somewhat expensive, would not be an asbolutely representative affair, and regretted that some more genuinely popular means of expressing universal admiration and goodwill could not be devised. At the same time, the article referred to recognised the difficulty in the way of other propositions, and warmly recommended that as a ball had been decided on, all who could afford it should be generous with their guarantees and enable those in charge to make the affair a success to be remembered. This was certainly done. No one who was present at that brilliant function can doubt that it was by far the largest and most memorable social success ever attempted or achieved in the history of the colonies. The scene when the magnificent ballroom was filled with brilliantly and gracefully dressed women and their partners could not have been excelled in any part of the world, and will certainly dwell long in the memories of all who were present. And it was a subject for pride that such a diaplay was possible in so young a city. Those who watched the dance must have seen the venerable

figure of the Father of Auckland, that figure of the Father of Auckland, that courteous and genial gentleman, Sir John Logan Campbell, and must have thought curiously of the days when he saw the spot on which the dance was held, and when it was in the midst of a well-nigh impenetrable ti-tree bush. Surely if our advance in the past fifty years has seen the growth of a city able to provide such a farewell to its Governor and his consort, we may feel confident that there a farewell to its Governor and his cou-sort, we may feel confident that there lies in this beautiful land an even more splendid and prosperous future for our children, and may feel encontracted to take our share in the work of insuring

The Servien Horror.

The past week has not been over and above interesting from a news point of view, and the cables concerning the Servian horror have probably attracted the greatest attention. Every fresh detal which arrives concerning that foul and treacherous crime fills one with amazement and borror that such things are possible in a European State in the twentieth century, and that the needs of diplomacy result in the practical ignoring of the murders by the rulers of other countries. One does not know which shocks one the more, the outrageous cruelty of the murders themselves and the sickening mutilating of a helpless woman before she was slaughtered, the truly terrible blasphemy of the new King speaking of the affair as the will of God, or, lastly, the fact that it is necessary for Britain to temporise in this matter, and to fail to summon her representative at the Servian Court to leave the Capital, as a mark of her abhorrence of a deed unequalled in savage brutality in the annals of regicide. twentieth century, and that the needs

nals of regicide.

We, of course, know why it is impolitic for England or any Power to openly and actively take a hand in the extraordinary troubles and vendetas of the Servian momarchy, and that any sudden or ill-advised move might easily precipitate events which might lead to things worse even than murder. Again, the Balkan States and their sovereigns cannot be compared with other countries, and are perhaps past our comvereigns cannot be compared with other countries, and are perhaps past our comprehension. Certainly the fact of a people accepting a revolution so carried out, with the indifference and spathy which have signalised the Servian people in this affuir, is not to be easily underatood by Britishers. For those who would like to get some idea of the peculiar political workings and of the roculiar political workings, and of the romance of the Balkan thrones, I might re-commend Mr Sydney Grier's "Uncrowned King" and "A Crowned Queen." They Ang. and "A Crowned Queen." Iney are, of course, romances pure and simple, but as is often the case, the fiction gives a very admirable idea of the truth. Both books are highly exciting, the second named, which is a sequel to the first, being perhaps the better of the

A Good Golf Story.

A Good Golf Story.

The 'Frisco mail always brings along its crop of golf stories. Here is one, vouched for by one whose veracity is as unimpeachable as his driving. He was on the links at Caister, in Nordolk, and

on the links at Caister, in Norfolk, and not knowing anyone, picked up a game with an elderly Scotchman who was a tenbandicap man while he was a sixteen. The Londoner was a bit off colour, and on starting for the fourth hole his opponent was three up. Thereupon the Scot innocently suggested that they should have a ball on the match. The other was a sportsman, and, in spite of his heavy handicap, agreed.

Finally the Londoner won the game. The Scot looked unspeakable things, and after lunch he was heard to remark to

The Scot looked unspeakable things, and after lunch he was heard to remark to a crony in the pavilion, nodding in the direction of his late opponent:

"Dye ken you young mon wi' th' wee bittie moustache? Mon he's verra hot. If ye're wise ye'll no play wi' him; but if ye do dinna bet mon, dinna bet."

Some Good Yarns of Childre

That always amusing writer "Woomera," in the "Australasian," has a me good stories of children this week, which may enliven the foregoing prosy pars a little. It was a cold night, a very cold night, and little Minnie, who was anxious to get to bed, omitted her prayera. "The Lord won't take ears of you if you forget your prayers," said the nurse. Minnie thought over the chances for a while, and observed, "Well, I forgot tuem once before, and I lasted till morning."

The commercial side is very strongly developed in some children. Even in early youth they are ready to swap a marble for a pony carriage. In this particular instance the youngster had spent a dull and fretful day, and his uncle said, "You don't look happy, Willie; would you be happy if I gave you a penny?" Willie considered the chances, and said thoughtfully, "I think I could be happy for tuppence."

How soon, I wonder, does the scorn for the opposite sex develop in a boy. A friend of mine was out for a walk last Sunday, and, on stopping to examine a house that was building, they discovered a dead man hanging to the rafters. The youngster was quite proud of such a sensational ending to a morning walk. "We don't go walking for nothing, do we father?" he said. "Now, mother wouldn't have found any dead men, would she?"

Vowels of the Tummick.

All the foregoing yarns are good, but here is one direct from Home which is

even better:
"The Human Body" was the subject set for an essay at a Board school. A little girl sent in the following. It is absolutely genuine. It shows a most delightful confusion of ideas, yet withal

a clearness of thought:

The human body is divided into three
parts, the head, the chest, and the tum-

mick.

The head contains the eyes, ears, nose, mouth, and brains, if any.

The chest contains the heart, lungs, and part of the liver.

The tunnick is entirely devoted to the vowels, of which there are five, namely, a e i o u, and sometimes y and z.

Joke That Failed.

To convince a customer of his punctuality in business, a certain tailor wag ered the sum of £5 to 1/ that an overtuality in business, a certain tailor wagered the sum of £5 to 1/ that an overcoat would be ready promptly at 7.15
the other night. The money was staked
and put in the asfe. At 7.10 the customer entered the shop. The man of
cloth smiled gleefully, but the garmen,
was not forthcoming.

The hands of the clock moved slowly
onward—7.12, 7.15, still no coat. Then
the tailor began to look anxious.

At 7.19 exactly a young man rushed in
with the coat on his arm. The tailor
shook his fist, and said, "You villain,
you have lost live golden pounds for me
by your laziness!"

Without a word the tailor handed the
coat to his customer, together with the
envelope containing the £5 note and the
shilling. "It is a fair het, and you have
won it," he said.

The amusing part of the transaction
is that the messenger brought—he coat
into the shop at seven o'clock. In an
endeavour to be funny the tailor told
him too wait on the opposite side of the
street until 7.12, and then rush in with
the coat.

Unfortunately a friend came along and

street that 1/12, and then rush in what the coat.

Unfortunately a friend came along and invited the man to have a drink, as he had five minutes to spare. The result was that the messenger got a little mixed up with the various clocks, and was late.

The customer handed the £5 note back the model of the filler who accented it.

The customer names the La sole bless afterwards to the tailor, who accepted it on the condition that he should make the winner a suit of clothes as a "memento of the occasion."

