The Vengeasca of the Turk.

TORTURING THE MACEDONIAN PEASANTS.

Dr. E. J. Dillon, who keeps the readers of the "Contemporary Review" informed from month to month on foreign affairs in general, has an article last month on "The Reign of Terror in Macedonia." ia which he gives some idea of the unutterable horrors that followed the abortive insurrection last autumn. After the rising had fizzled out the Turks set themselves to search for arms and to inflict a terrible vengeance. The peasants thei in terror across the mountains, enduring frightful privations in their flight.

We have the authority, Dr. Jillon says, of Madame Baklinietieff (the American wife of the Russian Minister in Sofia)who travelled about in the deep snow with the thermometer at 22 Celsius below freezing point, to bring succour to the freezing point, to bring success to the freezing point, to bring success to the fugitives—for saying that two priests of the villages of Uranoff and Padesh were tortured in a manner which suggests the story of st. Lawrence's death. They were not exactly haid on gridirons, but they were hung over a fire and burned with red-hot irons. In the Djumatsk district six churches were destroyed, and the Church of St. Elins was turned into stable, while the shrine dedicated to the same saint in Shelesnitza was converted into a water closet. The churches of Padesh, Troskoff and Sechinoff were razed to the ground; the school buildings in the Djumaisk district were used as barracks, and the teachers put in prison or obliged to fice. The horror of the situ-tion is intensified, Madame Bakhmetjeff says, by the fact that large numbers of ation is intensified, Madame Bakhmetteff says, by the fact that large numbers of fugitives have been driven back by the Turks into the interior southwards to-wards Screes, where their horrible suffer-ings and their miserable end will be hid-den from all who might give them help or nity.

or pity. The Great Powers are not ignorant of The Great Fowers are not ignorant on these facts; and details far more harrow-ing are in their possession. The represen-tatives of Great Britain, Austria and Italy called at the Russian Embassy and took copious extracts from Madame look copious extracts from Madame Bekhmetieff's memoranda, which they forwarded to their respective Governments

ments. Czar Nicholas, on learning the facts, at once sent ten thousand roubles for those refugees who had escaped with their lives into Bulgaria, and then, but not be-fore, the Bulgarian Government, thereto-fore fearful of offending the Great Pow-ers, voted about five thousand pounds to alleriate the sufferings. But the other Governments either remained wholly in-different or admonished the Macedonians to keep the peace or else be prepared to to keep the peace or else be prepared to be left to their fate!

THE ABOMINATION OF DESOLATION.

The Russian Vice-Consul at Philippo-polis, M. Westman, crossed over into Macedonia in order to verify the incredible statements of many of the investiga-and the startling results of his investiga-tions were sent to the Foreign Office in tions were sent to the Foreign Office in St. Petersburg. Among other interesting facts he Vasre informs his Government that a belt of territory thirty versts broad, running parallel to the frontier, typifies the abomination of desolation; the churches having been defied and the villages partly burned to the ground, while the inhabitants have field and one knows whither. In the interior of the equally bad, but this statement he had no means of verifying. He lockeld quite era of reforms is being inaugurated in a very incongruous fashion.

very incongruous fashion. On reading some of those experiences of his, one begins to understand how it is that the exhortations and promises of the Great Powers fall upon deaf ears in Macedonia. M. Westman declares that he saw women who had run away to save their honour and their lives, and were buddled together in mountain fastness:s where the snow lay several feet deep: and the wretched creatures were in en nimost naked state. Some of them, he adds, had trudged along on foot, flounder-ing in the snows for twenty consecutive adds, had trudged along on foot, flounder-ing in the snows for twenty consecutive days, with no shred of clothing but their chemises. Forty of the women who reached Dubnitsa, and were cared for by Madame Bakhmetheff were about to be-come mothers. He net tiny, bright-eyed little girls with disfigured faces fittally erving, fitfully quivering in every limb, with manifest signs of having received a terrible acryous shock. Knowing what

he knew of Turkish methods with female children, he shrank from questioning them about the cut 2 of their suffering. ioning Many of the women and children reached Bulgaria in a woeful plight, with lacer-ated feet, wounded bodies, undermined

ated feet, wounded bodies, undermined constitutions. Madame Bakhmetieff had most of those whose lives were in danger taken eare of in improvised hospitals. To the others broad and rough but warm eloth-ing were distributed. Most of the se missery-stricken women and men were al-most wided one take to did not set almisery-stricken women and men were al-most maked, wasted to skeletons, with dull, sukken eyes and pinched cheeks. Several were mutilated or disigared, and the livid welts, the open wounds, the borrible marks of the red-hot pincers with which they had been tortuned were witnessed by all. It was especially heart-rending to see mothers covered with scenty rags which could not shield from the bitter cold the helpless babes who were slowly dying at their, milkliss breasts. breasts.

FLEEING IN TERROR.

The flight of the Maccdonians was the outcome of a general panie, which, para-lysing reason, imparted the energy of madness to wild fear. The abortive October rising had but given a pretext to the Tucks to wreak the vengeance which for years they had been meditat-ing, and so glassily were the iohuman forms it now assumed that nameless dread fell upon the people, and drove them to the mountains, to the glens, to caves, any whither from torture into death by hunger, or a more merciful ead in the snows which lay pilod money or overclothes, the boys and nen had no covering for their heads, many of the wemen were without aught but their nightgowns. It is certain that numbers escaped from fiendish tortures only to lose their lives on the pathless minage to keep together, though some examples of the were not with any coveral of the The flight of the Macedonians was the

Rarely did whole families manage to keep together, though some examples of this were met with, and several of the rebels in the Valley of the Struma suc-ceeded even in driving some of their eattle before them. Worst of all was the lot of the peaceful portion of the population, because, taken by surprise, they fled wildly and annessly as from a destructing aerthough a scenario dir a destructive entrupunke, a cosnic dis-turbance, or consuming for from heaven. Women wceping for their lost children, parents, old folks limping or tottering with lacorated feet and shrivelled bodies. with lacirated fort and shrivelled bodies, lamenting that they had lived to see all their descendants cut off at one fell stroke, were met with by Madame Bakhmetieff and her helpers. Here and there were children of tweive and thir-teen driven forward by sheer cold and hunger, despile the fear which made them quake at every sound and start at every beach of misl every breath of wind.

DIABOLICAL TORTURES.

Madame Bakhmeticff declares that she thus met numbers of half naked she thus not numbers of half naked wretches-their names and story are re-corded in her notes-whom she cared for in her makeshift hospitals and tempo-rary refuges. On removing the frost-stiffened rags that still clung around them, the sight of the open wounds caused the hearts of the outlookers to sink within them. Many of these horcaused the hear's of the outlookers to sink within them. Many of these hor-rible sores and indelible marks were pro-duced by red bot pinchers or the in-strument known as the "inlaga." Some episodes of this awill evolus can hardly be reproduced in an age and country wont to eachew the use of the horrible and loath-some, even in the enuobling services of humanity. But some of the less distressing examples of Turkish methods should find a place in any ac-count of Macedonia which can justly tay claim to historical accuracy. One of the women in Dubnitsa, who seemed more dead than alive, was asked

One of the women in Dubnitsa, who seemed more dead than alive, was asked by the kind hearted lady why she looked so utterly crushed in spirit, now that the danger had passed and life, at any rate, was safe. A mid tears and sighs and convulsive quiverings of the body the poor creature told the siekening story of how ber brother had hed his head cut off be-fore her eyes, after which she had to stand by while the rufilans chopped up his hedy into fragments. Several wit-messed the agony of their tender daugh-ters, children of from ten to thirteen-and heart their piercing cries as the men ters, children of from ten to thirteen-and heard their piercing cries as the men-who wore the Sultan's cent subjected them to numbers violence. Numbers of children succombed to these diabolicat assaults, their last looks being turned to their helpless parents or their snicking homes. homes.

In one place two children-one aged had their skulls the other four years-had their skulls split open by the sold-iers. Other fittle girls and boys were iers, Other fittle girls and boys were deliberately and methodically tortured to death, while a place was assigned to their fathers and mothers where they were torced to listen to the agonising screams and watch the contractions of the tender bodies each time that the once pictly faces were lowered into the free birds which Tartish memore had been once pretty these were lowered into the fire into which Turkish pepper had been plentifully southered. This is in truth n

form of torfure which pulk a deall could bave invented, for long before death releases the tiny mire, the eyes are said to start from their sockets and burst.

No human being can even hear of these borrors without a physical shed der and acute moral pain at the thought that such things should be done on clocks that such things should be done on cost s earth in the twentieth century, and that, purposely ignoring them. Christian States should deliberately go to work to perpendet the Power that perpetrates them.

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