PERSONAL NOTES FROM LONDON.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LUNDON, May 23, 1902.

At the Court held by the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace last Friday night, there were presented the Countess of Seafield, by Lady Forestier-Walker, and Mrs Joseph Studholme, on her marriage, by the Countess of Glasgow. Among those present were the Earls of Glasgow and Scaffeld.

The Countess of Glasgow's dress of palest heliotrope satin, was broche, with a graceful floral pattern. It opened in deep points over an underskirt of chiffon and lace, over which was a festoon of chiffon and gold roses. The bodice chiffon and gold roses-was trimmed with poin was trimmed with point d'Alencon lace, and garlands of chiffon roses with silver centres. The train of mauve miroir velvet was lined with lemon-coloured satin, and trimmed

Lady Forestier-Walker was Lady Forestier-Walker was gown-ed in white satin, wrought with silver, and had a train of red velvet with a silver ornament forming a kind of head

Dr. Haines (Auckland) will return to the colony in October or Novem-ber. During his two years' sojourn on this side he has toured largely in Great Britain and abroad, and while in London he has been in constant attendance at the Medical Graduates' Polyclinic, the West London Hospi-tal and elsowhere, with a view to al, and elsewhere, with a view to tudying all recent developments in his profession.

Mrs and Miss Morrison (Auckland) arrived at the end of last week by the Afric, and will go North in a few days to relations in Inverness, after-wards proceeding to Ireland and returning to the colony about Septem-

The Seddon Memorial Fund now amoun s to over f250. Amoung the latest subscribers are Shaw, Savill and Albion Co., W. Weddel and Co., Turnbuil, Martin and Co., each of which frms subscribe ten guineas Hallenstein Brothers and on and Mr Geo. Beetham, who sympathise to the tune of five guineas apiece; Mr John Cooke and N.Z. Farmers' Cooperative Association, who each sub-scribe three, and "N. Seafield," who scribe three, and scribe three, and "A scancid," who gives a modest guinea. It has been decided that the memorial shall take the form of a service of plate, address and album, in which the contributors will sign their names. The presentation will be made at the New Zealand dinner on 17th June.

Last Monday Miss Mary Frances Neale, only daughter of Mr W. A. Neale, J.P., of Waihi, and grand-daughter of Mrs Neale, late of Sanny Moor, Bournemouth, was married to Dr. John Aston Swindale, M.B.B.S., eldest son of Dr.J. Swindale, M.R.C.S.

L.S.A., Ipswich. The ceremony took place at Br.yton, St. Leonard, and was performed by the bride's aucle, the rector, Rev. J. H. F. Hope, M.A.

Mr John Bayne, M.A., B.Sc., former Director of the Lincoln Agricultural College, was last week unanimously appointed by the Technical Instruc-tion Committee of the Lancashire County Council at Preston the Principal of Agriculture for the county, at a salary of £530 a year. Mr Bayne will take entire charge of the agri-cultural educational work through the county, which should profit hand-somely by his colonial experience.

Mr C. J. Parr has considerably en-larged his mental horizon since he left Auckland, and it will be surpris-ing if he does not return a far more ing if he does not return a far more valuable councillor to the city after his experiences in America and the Old Country. The experiences of himself and Mr D. L. Caldwell, who were fellow-travellers in the American liner, gave them cause for reflection as to the effects of the swallowing up of British shipping by American trusts. The two Aucklanders spent a very profitable couple of months in U.S.A. and Canada, travelling through Southern California, Salt Lake City, Kansas City, Chicago, Detroit, the best managed and equipped munici-pality Mr Parr has yet seen, and Niagara. In Canada they visited To-Name of the control o between Canada and The hospitality experienced by the two Aucklanders at the hands of their Canadian cousins was almost over-whelming, and they both came away impressed by the great potentialities of Our Lady of the Snows. Through Boston and Philadelphia the travel-lers passed on to Washington, where through the kind offices of Senator Billingham they obtained a tan mix Canadian cousins was almost incough the kind offices of Senator Dillingham they obtained a ten minutes interview with President Roosevelt at the White House. The President, who before receiving them had just gallantly bidden farewell to two lady visitors with the compliment, with the compli lady visitors with the compilment, "Ladies, you have brightened my day," was in genial mood. He showed himself well acquainted with New Zealand characteristics, and much interested in the trend of its legislations about the colony, etincing a special interest in the Maoris and their approximation to European civilisation. He expressed himself as much struck by the loyalty of the colony, and the large number of men, torony, and the large number of men, in proportion to its size, it had despatched to the war. Altogether the interview, though brief, was very cordial. Mr Parr, who during the past fortnight has been making some investigations into the matters of street resignations into the matters of street paying, sewerage, and garbage des-tructors, will fill in the interval be-fore the Coronation by trips to the Dukeries and the chief Midland cities, After the great event he will travel to Hreland and Scotland, and leave for the Continent about the beginning of August, seeing something of France,

Switzerland, and Italy, and catching the outward boat at Naples.

Mr Seddon's speeches at Durban attract a good deal of attention in the London press. The "Times" sees in them an indication of what a re-petition (of a Majuba betrayai) petition (of a Majuba betrayal) might cost us amongst the great and petition (of a Majuba betrayal) might best us amongst the great and gnowing democracies on whom the future of the Empire largely depends. The "Daily Telegraph" devotes a leader to Mr Seddon, in which it says: "New Zegland is the most democratic of all our colonies, and Mr Seddon is the most typical democrat who has eyer filled the office of Prime Minister within the borders of the Empire. It might, therefore, have been thought that he would have been a grateful person' to the Radicals of Great Britain. He is a greatman and a powerful, but he is a stausch imperialist. And so it comes to pass that next to Mr Chamberlain, and possibly Lord Milner, the Prime Minister of New Zealand is an abomination to the Little Englanders. He has given them cause, for New Zealand has, in proportion to its numbers, sent more contingents to the bers, sent more contingents to the aid of the Mother Country than any of the daughter nations. of the daughter nations. But the raising of volunteers in his colony is by no mgans the gravest offence Mr Sgddon has committed in the eyes of the enemies of their country. He has the enemies of their country. He has the most uncompromising language about the bases of peace, and but write words have made the remaining allies of Mr Kruger wince, and have brought on hysteria." But the

After contrasting the position of the pro-spoers with that of the colonial state man, the "Telegraph" continues: "After has no voice in the Imperial Parliament, he can give no votes, nor can he win them, and yet Engiand would have lost more, perhaps, than her honour even—she would have lost her sense of gratitude—if she did not listen with the most favourable car to the pleadings and arguments of chosen representaand arguments of chosen representa-tives of the daughter-nations. In the tives of the daughter-nations. In the thour of stress and storm, without appeal, they proffered their assistance to the Mother Country. They made no terms, they asked no reward, they gave freely of their best without counting the cost. Constitutionally, of course, they have no right to raise their voices in Parliament, they morelly the opinion of Mr Seiler. but morally the opinion of Mr Sed-don and other Colonial Premiers outweighs the judgments of all the pros at Home Mr Seddon asserted at Durban that 'no one desired peace more than he did, but it must peace on an everlasting basis. Nothing less would be in accordance with the feeling of the colonies. The the feeling of the colonies. The surest way to bring about peace hring more men. These was to bring more men. These are the words not only of the Chief Minister of a democratic colony; they express the ineradicable convictions of every true Imperialist wherever be every true Imperialist wherever he is to be found, under oak, or palm, or

pine."
"We must insist (concludes the "Telegraph") that, whatever the terms we grant to the vanquished Boers, they must be such as will com-mand, at least the acquiescence, if not the unqualified approbation, of the loyalists of South Africa, and of every British colony which has played its part in this war."

The Executive of the British Empire League propose to enter shortly on a League propose to enter shortly on a campaign to educate the people of the Old Country to a proper appreciation of the desirability of establishing an Imperial Zollverela. To begin with they propose sending Lieut.-Col. Denison, President of the Canadian branch of the British Empire League. to visit various important provincial centres in this country, and address centres in this country, and address meetings in connection with the Chamber of Commerce and kindred bodies on the subject of tariffs and fiscal arrangements. At the end of last year Colonel Denison, who is now in London, and who will deliver his first address in the North within the next few days. speaker at various meetings in the interest of the League in Canada, when on two occasions the following resolution, moved and seconded by prominent members of both political marties, was unanimously adjouted. prominent memoers of both pointeds parties, was unanimously adopted: "That this meeting is of opinion that a special duty of 5 to 10 per cent. should be imposed on every port in the British possessions on all foreign code. goods, the proceeds to be devoted to goods, the proceeds to be devoted to Imperial defence, by which each port would not only be doing its duty to-wards the common defence, but at the same time be receiving a preference over the foreigner in the market of the Empire." Colonel Denison in his addresses will deal at length with the subject-matter of this resolution.

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