agile, more given to runninating, and therefore less receptive of what is new and striking. So there is no wit in the world to be compared with that of La Rochefoucauld, of Scribe, and of Vol-taire: while there is no humour in any literature which quite equals that of saire; while there is no humour in any literature which quite equals that of the English writers whom I have al-ready mentioned, and that of Steel.and -Fielding, of Goldsmith and of Holmes,

What is usually spoken of as "American humour" is very often not humour-ous at all, but is essentially marked by wit. The writings of Mark Twein afwit. The writings of Mark Twain af-ford nhundant instances of both wit and humony, even though they are usually classified as belonging wholly to the se-cond category. When he joins the dig-nified to the ludicrous in order to excite nified to the ludicrous in order to excite our mitth, when he startles us by some unexpected turn of phrase or thought, then he is simply witty. On the other hand his drolleries, conceived with an air of perfect gravity and put forth as though with a sincere simplicity-these are really humour, as when, in "The In-nocents Abroad." he describes his ex-periences in a Turkish bath or tells of how he wept at the grave of Adam. The same thing is true of Lowell, whose "Biglow Papers" are at times irrever-ently witty and at other times replete with the richest humour. But though the French as a people

But though the French as a people But though the French as a people are more witty than humorous, and though the English as a people are more humorous than witty, it would be a very sweeping statement if one were to assert that the French possess no sense of hu-mour. The innumerable comic scenes in Moliural, plays and the fact thet bis Molior's plays and the fact that his countrymen enjoyed them with an in-tense delight would prove the contrary, not to mention the abounding fun in Daulet's tales of the immortal Tartarin and his Algerian adventures, his faithful camel and his Falstaffian stories of his prowess as a hunter.

HUMOUR AND WOMEN WRITERS.

Precisely in the same way would it be absurd to hold that women have no sense of humour. The pages of litera-ture-and of very great literature at

that—are enough to vindicate them from the charge of being merely wity. There are touches of humour to be found in all the novels of Jane Austen—in the love affairs of "Catherine Morkand" and the flirtations of "Isabella Thorp." In "Mre Poyser." George Eliot has given to the world a richly humorous type, ouit: "Mrs Poyser." George rates as given as the world a richly humorous type, quit: worthy to be set beside some of the russ comic of the characters that Dickens drew. And so in her "Middlemarch" drew. And so in her "Middlemarch" there is not only observation but real humour embodied in the sketch of "Mr Brooke"—that inconsequential, superficial, self-satisfied squire, "who used to heral, self-satisfied squire, "who used to know a good dead about this sort of thing some time ago." though at any given moment his knowledge about any-thing whatever is wholly scrambling and uncertain.

Again, the most amusing kind of humour is to be found in some of the chap-ters written by Harriet Beecher Stowe. Whatever one may think of "Uncle mour is to be tound ters written by Harriet Beecher tour Whatever one may think of "Uncle Tom's Cubin" as a polemical novel, there are scenes and incidents described in it which will make anyone laugh with un-setrained enjoyment. Topsy-that imrestrained enjoyment. Topsy-that im-possible little piccaninny, mischievous, exasperating, and yet with a human heart exasperating, and yet with a human hear —is droll to a degree; and scarrely less so is the primly conscientious Miss Ophe-lia, who undertakes to train and civilise this little waif of Africa. In quite an-other vein, yet with scarrely less effect, has Mrs Stowe uncovered a golden vein of fun in the theological portions of "The Minister's Wooing."

If we were to cite contemporaneous examples, the list of women writers who examples, the list of women writers who have shown the gift of humour might be lengthened out indefinitely; but the name of Mary Wilkins may serve alone as an admirable and convincing proof of what can be achieved by women in this field. Her New England characters— her prim old maids, her village boys and girls, her "hired men," her pedlars, and her grocers—are drawn in such a way that all their humorous possibilities are seen. And in drawing them she has shown a mastery of the supreme and finest type, in that the fun is often mingled and inseparably blended with that pathos which is never entirely remote from the creations of the greatest humorists; since humour itself springs from an inner sympathy which lics very near the source of tears.

## . . .

## Clothes Made of Paper.

The day is not far distant when it may be the fashion to wear clothes made of paper. At first we shall be incredulous paper. and sceptical, but with extended know-ledge there will come enlarged faith, and in selecting our new summer suitings the preference will probably be for the very latest "paper cloth" patterns.

The new cloth is named by its Sakon inventor "xylolin." It is a paper yarn inventor "xylolin." It is a paper yarn that has been successfully used in a wide range of textile fabrics.

Tange of textile fairles. The utilisation of paper wood fibre in this new and practical way, and the extreme cheapness of the new material compared with other yarns now in use is really a remarkable achievement.

It should be understood that xyloim is a wood fibre spun into a paper thread or yarn, and may be woven into any de-sired fabrie. It is primarily a thread or yarn, and is employed exclusively in weaving

The thread is not brittle, it does not have a hard surface, and it neither shrinks nor stretches to any appreciable shrinks nor stretches to any appreciable extent. Having certain resilient quali-tics, it cannot be readily crushed or dented like paper, and on it moisture has practically no effect. It is a ser-viceable substitut for cotton, jute, linen, and even silk. When bleached the yarn is of a snowy whiteness, and at first glance cannot be distinguished from cot-ton. It can be woven to appear as homespun linen. Being paper, it can be more readily dyed in delicate shades, far outmatch-ton or silks are susceptible, and vastly more than those of linens.

Among the various fabrics in which the greatest amount of work has thus far been accomplished is the making of rugs and carpets, and at the factories

AUGHEY, LTD.

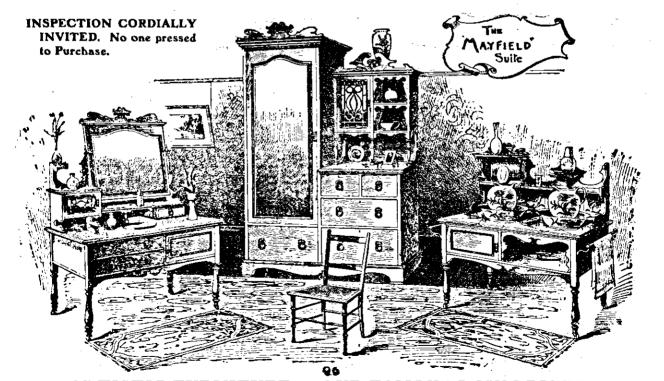
of the inventor paper floor coverings are woven in great quantities. In Baxony the yarn of heavier quality, woven into beautiful designs, is found to possess advantages over certain classes of floor coverings.

Classes of floor coverings. Some idea of its adaptability for tow-els may be gathered from the fact that Last year alone 7.000,000 pieces were made and sold, and it is likely that not one purchaser in a hundred but thought be was buying linen towelling at bargain prices.

## Grumbling Children.

We cannot expect our children to be We cannot expect our children to be cheerful and gay if we constantly set them the example of grunnhling. I am sure we have all noticed that some chil-dren gradually take this tone from their mother, until the habit, with or without cause, is firmly established. They see discontent printed on the face which ought always to be pleasant, and the same lines form themselves on their own little faces, almost unconsciously.

object always to the melves on their own little faces, almost unconsciously. I overheard a child say to her nurse, one day, recently. "Don't you find it (prosumably some duty) a bother!" Nother says everything is a bother!" Now, that child would never have thought of such a thing if the idea had not been suggested to her by her un-wise parent. Have you never passed a group of gossiping women, and noticed the expression on the faces of the little ones who are standing by, listening to the remarks, complaints, and detailed anecdotes, etc., of first on woman and then another! Small wonder is it that the little girls grow up into loud-voiced then another! Small wonder is it that the little girls grow up into loud-voiced scolds. Even in their play their tones lose their childish cadence, and are transformed by mimic anger into hareh unlovely sounds. As there is a time unlovely sounds. As there is a time for everything, so there are occasions when it is necessary for you to show dis-pleasure at something which has occur el to annoy you. But having once speck-out plainly about it, say no more, especi-ally in the presence of the children, who are born mimics, and are quick to take their tone from yours.



ARTISTIC FURNITURE at OUR FAMOUS LOW PRICES.

BEDROOM SUITE, in Solid Rimu and Puriri. Handsome Wardrobe with best British Bevelled Plate Mirror (48x 18). Dressing Table with same quality Mirror (28 x 20). Washstand with Marble Top and Majolica Tiles. The whole mounted with Brass, Nickel, or Copper Furnishings. The above is one of our Special Designs, which, with many others, may be viewed in our specious Furniture and Carpet Showrooms. Extensive and choice variety in Dining and Drawing. Room Furniture. We are specialists in Easy Chairs. All goods marked in plain figures. Estimates and suggestions for any scheme cheerfully given.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS, Etc.

SMITH &