

By HAVANA X

T is an extraordinary thing," began the journalist," how the most eminent men in the profession differ on the value of alcohol. The "Lancet" has published a manifesto signed by 16 celebrated doc-tors claiming that alcohol is most valupble not only as a restorative, but also as a food. These men state that in many cases it is absolutely life-preserving, and that the universal belief of rivilised mankind that as an article of fliet it is beneficial is amply justified. Then the medical Press publishes a reply signed by twelve apostles of total abstinence, headed by Sir Frederick Treves, to the effect that as an article of food it is valueless and that even in disease Davies maintains that alcohol is abso-lutely useless as a stimulant in disease except in cases o sudden cardiac failure. Another eminent physician points out that bread, carrois, parsnips, and pota-toes all contain alcohol in some form of other, and that if we wish to be per-fectly free from it, we should have to live upon pure sea water, which, he says, is nasty, but excellent for biliousness. When doctors differ the average man follows his own inclination." nence, headed by Sir Frederick Treves,

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"The question," said the doctor, "has never been satisfactorily settled, because what is one man's meat is another man's poison. I had a case of a child who was what is one mains incat is another man a poison. I had a case of a child who was kept alive on port wine, sugar and hot water. This was its sole food for days, and but for this is not to say that port wine would suit every case. Alco-hol acts as a stimulant in cases of fatigue only if then et a ther firms it induces port wine would suit every case. Alco-hol acts as a stimular in cases of fatigue only, if taken at other times it induces fatigue. This has been conclusively de-monstrated by experiment. And no man can work so well under its influence, though if taken near the end of the day's work it may stimulate to fresh effort by enabling us to draw on our cesere forces. Heri tea and hot milk are far safer as restoratives. An im-mense amount of harm is done by the adulteration of fermented liquors. A really good pure wine, taken with meals, or a glass of good, honest beer is prob-ably better than the eternal teapot of the Australasian colonies. The truth is that most things are good in modera-tion, and when they are free from adul-terants, but the immoderate use of anys thing spells disaster. I have known coffee to work quite as much harm as spirits with certain people."

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man two marks, about two shillings, and he brought back one and twopence change. Our breakfast had only cost us fivepence each.

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"Food is ridiculously cheap on some parts of the continent," said the lawyer, "but it doesn't always do to ask what you are eating. The French peasantry live quite comfortably on a few pence a day. I knew a young artist chap in Paris who lived for some years on ten, shillings a week, and seemed to do pretty well on it. By the way, I see that there are some big strikes imminent at Home just now. It is hard to say what the result will be of the police trouble in Belfast. It is a very serious situa-tion for the authorities to face, as any tion for the authorities to face, as any sign of weakness on their part might lead to dangerous agitation. Still more grave is the dissatisfaction existing amongst the men pemployed on the large English railways. A big railway strike would mean an almost irretriev-able blow to British commerce, and would probably bankrupt some large voncerns."

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"Our Arbitration Act," remarked the business man, "has come in for much adverse criticism, but it has undoubtedly done much to lessen the evils of strikes. done much to lessen the evils of striked. The weak point scems to be that it is not easy to secure the loyal adherence of the workers if their demands are not conceded. You can easily make the em-ployer abide by its awards, because ho is always worth powder and shot if he fails to pay the legal wage, or if he evades the spirit of the Act in any way. But the Court cannot compel the worker to give loyal service, and employees can do much to harm a business without in any way transgressing the law. Per-sonally, I attribute the recent action of sonally, I attribute the recent action of the transway conductors quite as much to their annoyance at having failed to gain the extra penny as to their desire to obey the city by laws."

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"My sympathies," said the banker, "are almost entirely with the men in this The almost entirely with the men in this imatter. The cars are licensed to carry a certain number, and the men are paid for attending to the carrying of this number. A crowd of people stand-ing means a lot of extra work in collect-ing the fares, and adds enormously to the risk of accident. I have often seen rease where the nordunter sould accerd cases where the conductor could scarce cases where the conductor could scarce-ly make his way through the car for the crush. It is unreasonable to expect men to do extra work unless they are to receive extra pay. I suppose the present crisis will probably end in the city taking over the control of the trams."

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"I don't believe in things conducted by Government or town councils," urged the lawyer. "The English railways being in private hands are far more up to dule than our own. A private company must than our own. A private company must please the public, while a State-owned affair can go on its own sweet way, utterly regardless of public opinion. Witness our beautiful railway station, our holiday cattle trucks, the lament-able lack of coal wagons. Then note the delay in pushing on our borthern lines, and the hopeless inadequacy of the service. The new tunnel on the Midlard line is a hocking waste of service. The new tunnel on the Midlard line is a shocking wests of public money and will never ears its sait. A private company goes where it is needed end opens up productive lands, it helps forward trade productive tands, to recue to reard since and settlement in its own interests. A Government line is built for the political voter rather than the business needs of a district. You can grewl at a private concern with some chance of buying a

grievance remedied, but to growl at a Ministry or a corporation is like trying to rouse an elephant with a feather."

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"All the same," remarked the journalist, "the average man loves a State owned concern. He likes to imagine that he has a share in the business, and he will put up with almost any amount of discomfort if he only feels that the discomfort is provided for him by government instead of by the greedy, grasping capitalist. And after all, prowiding a tunnel five miles in length is only carrying out the well-known political axiom that the general public should be kept in the dark as much as possible."

## DESPAIRING DYSPEPTICS. Afraid to Eat-Languishing For Food Wellington Man Cured by



"Back in '95 I had bad health through Chronic Indigestion," said Mr Henry Wil-kins, Club Hotel, Wellington, N.Z. "What I suffered no one knows but myself. Every thous I at a anything I had a tight-ening pain in the chest, as if the walls of the chest were meeting and grinding. The food laid on my chest in a hard lump, and then zome time after I would yount it all up. My breath was very dis-greeable and this made me chary of speeking to people for fear it would be unpiersant for them. There was always a dragging pala in my sthumach and a heaviness in the pit of it. I was always constipated and this caused me a lot of trouble. When I got up in the moralings my head started to swim round and I felt that I would fall. I had to sit down until I felt better. Then a fit of voniting would attack me, and this used to nearly shake me to pieces. "I used to feel depressed and miserable. I was drowsy all day and had to shake myself up to look after my business. At-tacks, of billousness affected me cruely, I used to get splitting headaches, and the

myself up to look after iny insiness. Af-tacks, of billousness affected me cruely, I used to get splitting headaches, and the point that shot thiough my head made it feel as if it was opening and shutting all the time. For three years I suffered like tifs, going to some of the best doc-tors, who did not do me a bit of good. I tried preity well every patent medicina advertised, but it was mouey thrown away. Then a friend of mine adviked me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When she tot me I langhed, because by this time I reckoned nothing would cure me. Some-times I, was had up for a forinight at a stretch, and when I got up I could only crawl around. However, I started Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after the frat box I regained health every day, By the time I had taken nine bors I was thoroughly cured. For the last three opens I have not had the least return of the old comploint."

prens I have not had the least return of the old complaint." Dr. Williams Pink Pills do only one thing, but they de it well—they actually make new blood. But the blood is the root of all health. They don't act on the bowels. They don't there with mere symptoms. If you are in doubt about your own case, write for hints as to diet, your own case, write for hints as to diet, you or or the Dr. Williams' Medicine (to, Wellington. From that address you can size order by mail she genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills--3/- a box, six bores 16/6, post free.

### Every Man's "Evil Genius."

Most people have observed that each burnan body, whether man or woman, is made in two halves. And the halves, which are put together lengthwise, never fit exactly.

If you have not noted this before, take a critical look at the next person you meet, and you will find that his (or her) eyes are not exactly alike. One of them is likely to be a little higher than the other. Sometimes the difference is so marked that one eye is blue and the other brown. Also, you will notice, in the individual you are observing, that the two sides of the mouth are not per-fectly, matched. fectly matched.

the two sides of the mouth are not per-fectly matched. Proceeding further, you will discover that the two sides of the person's face, taken as a whole, are not alike. There is a lack of symmetry very marked when you pay attention to it. Indeed, this is so far the case that the average young woman considers one side of her face as the prettier side, and always has her picture taken from that point of view. Now, just as the body is made in two halves, so it is with the brain. If the newcat scientific theory on the subject is correct, each half is the seat of a per-sonality; and thus, while possessing only a single identity, you yourself are two. You meet this other self often; one place is dreamland. It is the second seemingly devoid of morality, and with a minimum of common-sense, who every might, during your slumbers, walks abroad through an imaginary realm, visiting the queerest secons, and often performing the oddest pranks. Again, if a man has been drinking rather freely, that is another occasion when the second self begins to make an unsolicited appearance and to try to get

rather freely, that is another occasion when the second self begins to make an unsolicited appearance and to try to get away from control. If another glass or two of wine be taken, he escaped, and presently assumes the centre of the stage —just as he does in the realm of dreams. A glass or two more, and he begins to commit all sorts of follies, betraying lack of judgment and good breeding. A fool and a boor is this second self—not at all a proper person to be admitted to polite society. polite society. In earlier days it was supposed that

pointe society. In carlier days it was supposed that the devil was always at one's chow, prompting one to commit evil acts. Now-edays nobody believes in that sort of thing; but there is no one whe does not find himself, or herself, called upon ta reaist wicked suggestions. From what source do such suggestions' come? No-body can say with positiveness, but there is at least reason to suspect that they are the promptings of this very sub-self --the unexcapable companion who dwells with each of us, and who (so far as we are able to judge from occasional obser-vation) seems to have a steady leaning toward whatever is bad.

Some Western sightseers visited the Corcoran Art Gallery in Washington. They sloed for a time before fean Leon Genome's huge painting depicting the death of Julius Caesar. Caesar lies strictors at the four of Ponnewic achter "What's the foot of Poinpey's statue, "What's the matter with that fellow?" said one of them, "Why don't you read history?" was the retort. "That mann is Julius Gaesar; he has just Dien shot by Mare Antony."

#### THE GUINEA POEM!

CHEQUE FOR £1 1/ has been sent he writer of this verse, Mr. H. A. P., to the writer of ' Ngaire, Taranaki.

A was an archer, who shot at a frog. B was a butcher, who had a big dog S stands far S4PON-the wrong place I know-But SAPON'S important, so in it nust go.

But SAFOM 3 Important, so in it must go. WIN A GUINEA! Frize Poem published every Saturday. Beat four-SHORT-lag-adrt. weres about "SAPON" wing cach week. BAPON wrapper nust be cuclosed. Address, "SAPON" Oatmeal Washing Towder), P.O. Box 635, Wellington. Write for free Art Rockiet, coolsiping valuable bints on Washing.

