THE CIANTS OF JAPAN.

BY FRANK G. CARPENTER.

I see that the most famous wreatlers of Japan have offered their services to the Emperor in the war with China. They have sent a delegation to him at Hiroshama asking that they be sent to Corea and be given a place in the Japanese army. These men have done a great deal in the crude wars of the past, but it is doubtful whether they will be of much use in connection with Gatling guns and Winchester rifles. They form a curious class of the Japanese people, and they are like no other athletes on the face of the globe. They have entirely different methods of training from our prizefighters, and John Sullivan or Corbett would laugh at their

pavilion about twenty feet square, sepported by four posts as large around as telegraph poles.

This pavilion is trimmed with red and its posts are wrapped with red cloth, while about its top there is a curtain of blue, It has a raised foundation perhaps two feet high and a ring of rice bage runs around its floor, inclosing a circle of twelve feet in diameter, which is floored with black earth. This is

THE PAMED WRESTLING RING OF JAPAN.

and in such rings all these matches are fought. The giants struggle inside the rice bags, and if one can throw the other over these or can fling him to the earth he is proclaimed the victor. At each corner of this pavilion, against one of the red posts, sits a sober, dark-faced, heavy-browed Japanese, dressed in a black kitonon. He is raised upon cushions and sits cross-legged, and he forms one of the four judges in case there is a dispute as to the decision of the unpire. In the centre of the ring stands the umpire, wearing the old



THE GIANT TROUT (Caught in the Waingongoro River, Taranaki, New Zealand),-See Our Illustrations."

corpulent frames. They would think them puffy and flabby and would expect to see them go all to pieces at a blow. Still, I venture the Japanese giants could stand several rounds with either Sullivan or Corbett, and they could probably throw either of these muscular Americans in a wreatling bout. They seem to be of a race of their own. They are

TALLER AND HEAVIER THAN THE ORDINARY JAPANESE,

and many of them are over six feet tall. These wrestlers weigh from 200 to 300 pounds, and they are mountains of fat and beef. They eat quantities of meat, while the other

weigh from 200 to 300 pounds, and the fat and beef. They eat quantities of me people of Japan live largely moon vegetables, rice and fish. They drink soup and beer by the gallon, and Professor Burton of the Imperial University, who has taken the best photographs of them, told me how two wreatlers whom he w is entertaining one day in order to get cheir pictures each drank two dozen bottles of beer, and great quantities of soda water, ginger ale and claret. These wreetlers have features much the same as the ordinary Japanese, though their heads are much larger and more like camon balls than anything else. They wreetle almost stark naked, and the only hair I could see on their bodies was under their armpit and that which was put up in the old Japanese style on the tops of their heads. They shave their heads from the forehead to the crown, leaving that over the ears and at the back to grow long act. ying it up on the top of their beads in a queue like a doorknocker.

BY NO MEANS FIERCE LOOKING,

BY NO MEANS FIERCE LOOKING, and when I visited the wrestling matches I was taken among them and chatted with some of them through my interpreter. I felt their mucles and they were as herd as iron, and what I had supposed to be great lumps of fat I found to be bunches of mucle.

I saw famous matches in both Tokin and Osaka, and I spent one day at a wrestling match in the Japanese capital, in which 120 of the greatest wrestlers of Japan struggled together. The wrestling began at ten in the morning and lasted natil five in the siternoon, and there was not a minute during this time that wrestlers were not in the ring. But let me give you some idea of one of these Japanese prize fights. Imagine the biggest circus tent you have ever seen to be spread out upon a network of hambon poles so that it covers about 10,000 people. These sit on the ground and in boxes, or on platforms which are built up perhaps ten feet above the ground, and is the centre of the crowd there is a little

brocade costume of the days of the Daimics. He has a black lacquer fan in his hand and he looks like a chump. He screeches out his voice as though he had the colic and was accraming with pain, but his shrill cries penetrate to every part of the circus, and he is a man of great importance and long training. The spectators squat on the ground back of the ring and on these platforms. Each has a little tobacco box before him with some coals of fire in it. All sit cross legged and nearly all smoke little metal pipes with bowls as big as a thimble.

LET US LOOK AT THE WRESTLERS.

There are scores of them squatting about the wring just outside of the rice bags. They are entirely naked with the ex-

ception of a band of blue silk four inches wide, which runs round their waists and between their legs and is tied in a knot as the back. This has a fringe about four inches long, which falls to their thighs, but further shan this they have no more clothes than had Adam when he was gardening, before he had eaten the apple. Here come two into the ring. They are the most famous wrestlers of the east and the west and the people receive them with clapping. What glauts they are, and how queerly they are! At the corners there are buckets of water. They walk up to these and gulp down great swallows. They fill their months and squirs the fluid into the air so that it falls back in a spray over their cream coloured bodies. They take bits of paper and wipe themselves off and then they look about on the andence and show off their maxles, while a yell goes up from 5 000 throats. They pound their naked chests with their fists. They slap their brawny thighs. They lift their legs up as high as their shoulders, and they stamp their feet down on the well-packed earth so that the pavilion trembles as though a cyclone were passing it. Now the two glants walk to opposite sides of the ring. They bond to ther. They come to the centre of the ring. They bend over and rest their fists on their foor. They poke their great heads to the front, and their vige almond eyes almost burst from their buttonhole sockets. How they glare at each other:

They are watching for the signal to close. Now they rest for a moment, picking up the dirt from the ring and rubbing it under their armpits and over their bodies. Then they kneel and glare asgain. The umpire watches them they kneel and glare asgain. The umpire watches them closely. He waits until they breath together, and then gives the signal. As he does so, they cronch like tigers and spring into each other arms. Each tries to grab the belt of the other. They wrap their arms round one another, and you almost hear their ribe crack. The bunches of far have become mountains of muscle, and both arms and legs look like iron. Their biceps stand one. Their caives quiver. Their paunches shrink in. Now the giant of the weets has grasped the band of blue silk which runs round his waist. He lifes that 200 pounds as though it were nothing, and he throws him with a jerk over the rice bags. How the people yell! Some of them tear off their clotaes and throw them into the ring, which they will redeem with presents of money at the end of the day. They call out the name of they increase of their man.

THERE IS NO SIGN OF BOOK-WAKERS.

though I am not sure but that some betting goes on. The defeated gathers himself up and walks away with bowed head. The victor goes on one side of the ring and squata down on his heels while the umpire holds up his hands and proclaims him successful. The prize is awarded and the apron of silk embroidered with gold is shown to the people. The victor receives it, and with his seconds behind him he marches away. Then another couple enter the ring, and the same sort of struggle goes on. Some matches last no more than a minute, and some are so evenly pitted that they strain for a quarter of an hour before one is victorious. The snakes of the Laccoon never gripped their victims more tightly, andribare often broken, and men have been killed in these terribleatruggles. Some wrestiers throw their opponents from one sideof the ring to the other. Now and then one strikes a poat and his skull is cracked open. There is no striking or hitting, and the rules are as rigid as those of our prize-fighters. There are forty-eight different falls, and the unpires stop the matches at a single mismovement, and they now and then call a halt in order that their belte might be more tightly tied. ore tightly tied.

