$\mathbf{E}_{\cdot}$ -1.

## 2. TYPES OF SCHOOLS.

The present position in regard to our school system is outlined below.

The Native schools and the Correspondence School are under the direct control of the Department; the other schools given in Table A are controlled by the various Boards in accordance with the Act and the regulations made thereunder.

The primary schools in the Chatham Islands have since 1929 been controlled by the Department.

In addition to the types given in that table there exist a number of private primary schools, private secondary schools, and private Native schools (both primary and secondary). These are under the control of various private bodies, but the range of classes is substantially the same as that given for corresponding schools in the table. Some private secondary schools are "endowed"—-i.e., maintained partly by revenues derived from grants of land made by the State.

Apart from certain special schools for the mentally backward (two) and for the deaf (one) the following are the types of State schools that are at present in operation. The New Zealand Institute for the Blind is privately controlled.

TABLE A.

Type of School.			Lowest Class.	Highest Class.
. Primary (a)			Preparatory division	Form II (Standard VI).
. Native			Preparatory division	Form H (Standard VI).
3. Intermediate (b)			Form I (Standard V)	Form II (Standard VI).
. District High Scho	ol		, i	
(i) Primary Department		Preparatory division	Form II (Standard VI).	
(ii) Secondary Department (c)			Form III.,	Form V.
Secondary	· u · · ·		Form III	Form VI.
. Technical High			Form III	Form VI.
Combined $(d)$			Form III	Form VI.
6. Correspondence Se				
(i) Primary			Preparatory division	Form II (Standard VI).
(ii) Secondary		• •	Form III.	Form VI.

<sup>(</sup>a) A few primary schools have a Form III, in which the work done approximates to that of Form III of a post-primary school. Some primary schools have become contributing schools—i.e., have lost Forms I and II, these classes having been transferred to intermediate schools or departments.

## 3. COST OF EDUCATION.

The appendix to this report shows in detail under various headings the expenditure on education during the financial year ended 31st March, 1939. The total expenditure, including endowment revenue, amounted to £5,157,224 as against £4,679,168 in the previous year, an increase of £478.056.

<sup>(</sup>b) Intermediate departments include Forms 1 and II only, Form III being considered part of the post-primary school to which the intermediate department is attached. Intermediate schools have, however, a Form III in cases specially approved by the Department.

<sup>(</sup>c) In secondary departments of some district high schools there are a few pupils doing work in advance of that of Form V. One district high school —Waihi—has an intermediate department but no primary department.

<sup>(</sup>d) Secondary and technical schools amalgamated under a single governing body.