The following statement shows the tons of coal raised, persons employed, lives lost by accidents in or about collieries, &c., to 1936:—

	Output, in Statute Tons.	Persons ordinarily employed.			Tons raised	Lives lost by Accidents in or about Collieries.		
Year.		Above Ground.	Below Ground.	Total.	per each Person employed below Ground.		Per Thousand Persons employed.	Number of Lives lost.
Prior to 1900	13,444,437	: : *	*	*	*	*	*	165
	1,093,990	617	1,843	2,460	593	3.65	1.62	4
1900	1,239,686	688	2,066	2,754	600	2.42	1.09	3
	1,365,040	803	2.082	2,885	655	1.46	0.69	2
1902	1,305,040 $1,420,229$	717	2,135	$\frac{2,852}{2}$	665	2.81	1.40	4
1903		763	2,525	3,288	609	2.60	1.21	4
1904	1,537,838	833	2,436	3,269	651	3.78	1.83	6
1905	1,585,756	1,174	2,518	3,692	687	3.46	1.62	6
1906	1,729,536	1.143	2,767	3,910	662	6.55	3.07	12
1907	1,831,009	992	2,707	3,894	641	2.68	1.28	5
1908	1,860,975	1.159	3,032	$\frac{3,334}{4,191}$	630	3.66	1.67	7
1909	1,911,247		3,463	4,599	634	7.28	3.48	16
1910	2,197,362	1,136		$\frac{4,099}{4,290}$	706	6.77	3.26	14
1911	2,066,073	1,365	2,925	4,328	681	4.13	2.08	9
1912	2,177,615	1,130	$\frac{3,198}{3,197}$	$\frac{4,326}{4,250}$	590	3.18	1.41	6
1913	1,888,005	1,053		$\frac{4,230}{4,734}$	639	21.53	10.35	49†
1914	2,275,614	1,176	3,558	$\frac{4,154}{4,156}$	711	4.07	2.16	9
1915	2,208,624	1,050	3,106	$\frac{4,150}{3,988}$	752	2.65	1.50	6
1916	2,257,135	988	3,000	3,983	715	1.93	1.00	4
1917	2,068,419	1,090	2,893		703	2.95	1.50	6
1918	2,034,250	1,102	2,892	3,994	648	$\frac{2.36}{5.41}$	2.53	10
1919	1,847,848	1,095	2,849	3,944	630	0.54	0.24	li
1920	1,843,705	1,152	2,926	4,078	574	5.52	2.28	10
1921	1,809,095	1,218	3,149	4,367	552	3.23	1:31	6
1922	1,857,819	1,191	3,365	4,556	540	2.53	1.00	5
1923	1,969,834	1,353	3,647	5,000		4.80	2.05	10
1924	2,083,207	1,364	3,505	4,869	594	3.78	1.67	8
1925	2,114,995	1,288	3,489	4,777	606	6.69	2.90	15
1926	2,239,999	1,336	3,823	5,159	586		1.86	10
1927	2,366,740	1,386	3,988	5,374	593	4.23	1.67	9
1928	2,436,753	1,366	4,010	5,376	608	3.69	2.18	12
1929	2,535,864	1,370	4,127	5,497	614	4.73	2.18	14
1930	2,542,092	1,437	4,430	5,867	574	5.50		4
1931	2,157,756	1,414	4,331	5,745	498	1.85	0.69	12
1932	1,842,022	1,257	3,379	4,636	545	6.51	2.59	7
1933	1,821,258	1,192	3,194	4,386	570	3.84	1.59	8
1934	2,060,315	1,229	3,249	4,478	634	3.88	1.78	: 8
1935	2,115,184	1,127	3,104	4,231	681	0.94	0.47	: Z
1936	2,140,217	1,103	3,154	4,257	678	1.87	0.94	4
Totals .	85,977,543					<u> </u>	1	184

^{*} For returns for previous years see page 32, Mines Statement, 1921.

SECTION III.—ACCIDENTS.

The following is a summary of accidents in and about coal-mines during 1936, with their causes:—

	Fatal Ac	cidents.	Serious Non-fatal Accidents.		
		Number of Separate Fatal Accidents.	Number of Deaths.	Number of Separate Non-fatal Accidents.	Number of Persons injured, including those injured by Accidents which proved Fatal to their Companions.
Explosions of fire-damp or coal-dus Falls of ground Explosives Haulage Miscellaneous—Underground On surface	st	·· 2 ·· i · i	 2 1 	16 1 1 1 8	16 1 1 8
Totals	••	4	4	26	26

In 1936 the fatal accidents in New Zealand coal-mines were at the rate of 0.94 per thousand persons employed, and at the rate of 1.87 per million tons of coal produced.

For the third year in succession I have pleasure in recording that no fatal accident occurred in Northern District coal-mines. In West Coast coal-mines two fatalities occurred in 1936 and two also in Southern District mines. Two of the four fatalities were caused by falls of coal in working-places. The fatal accidents are referred to in the District Inspectors' reports, but the following are short statements concerning them:—

John McLeod, a miner working in the Linton No. 1 Mine, was fatally injured on 13th January by being struck by a runaway truck. The full truck of coal had been standing on a flat sheet at the

[†] Year of Ralph's (Huntly) explosion.