At the 31st March, 1934, a sum of £414,500 9s. 6d., appropriated for the redemption of loans, was lying at credit of Loans Redemption Account, particulars being as follow :-Finance Act, 1925, section 13-

Amount received in respect of war expenses to be applied in redemption of		8. 19	
war loans	19,616	14	9
Amount received on account of New Zealand's share of German reparations	2,112	3	11
Finance Act, 1932, section 12—	2,112	Ċ,	
Balance of Mining Advances Account transferred to Loans Redemption			
Account for redemption of securities	0	5	1
Finance Act, 1932, section 13—			
Balance of Nauru and Ocean Islands Account transferred to Loans Redemption			
Account for redemption of securities	2,987	18	9
Balance of Nauru and Ocean Islands Sinking Fund Account transferred to			
Loans Redemption Account for redemption of securities	65	4	5
Amount received from British Phosphate Commission for redemption of Nauru			
and Ocean Islands securities in terms of section 13 (4) of the Finance Act,			
$1932 \qquad \dots \qquad $	26,278	3	11
Public Revenues Act, 1926, section 135 (4)			
Amount transferred from Main Highways Account (Revenue Fund) for		0	0
redemption of main-highways loans		0	0
Amount transferred from Ordinary Revenue Account for redemption of main-highways loans (representing interest received on main-highways			
moneys held in Loans Redemption Account)	28,000	1	0
Amount received from State Advances Account for redemption of securities	· ·		ŏ
New Zealand Loans Act, 1932, section 14—	1,000	()	0
Loans raised for redemption of securities : Electric Supply Account	800	0	0
	£414,500	9	6

New Zealand Debt Conversion Act, 1932-33.

The transactions under the above Act were completed during the year, except in cases in which the holders of debentures did not present their securities for conversion, and, as a consequence, the Treasury was unable to issue the new securities. Such cases were, however, comparatively few in An exceedingly large amount of detail audit work was involved in the conversion, and many number. complicated questions arose in connection therewith, but these were satisfactorily settled after conferring with the Treasury.

After the commencement of the conversion operations the Government decided to exempt from the operation of the Act a number of the securities which were subject to the Act, particularly in the case of securities held by Government Departments, and to convert these and other securities on terms differing from those fixed by the Act. To enable this to be done, statutory authority was taken in section 2 of the Finance Act, 1933 (No. 2).

Most of the entries in connection with the conversion were passed through the Loans Redemption Account—Part II, Conversion Account, but some of the entries were passed through the Ordinary Revenue Account of the Consolidated Fund. The particulars of the transactions effected to 31st March, 1934, may be briefly set out as follow :----

Loans Redemption Account: Part II, Conversion Account-

\mathbf{P} [1]	ance Act, 1933 (No Stock	י. ⊿j, se ∙.		••					42,531,413	17	1
F:m	bentures)	••• ••••	···			76,650	0	0	70,770,805	6	11
	Stock (issued in										
	Death duty stock					908,695		0			
	Stock	••	•••			64,582,965	-	11			
	curities issued in o w Zealand Debt Co Debentures)32–33–		$\frac{\$}{5,202,495}$		d. 0	£	s .	d.
									£113,302,219	4	0
Pre	emiums allowed on New Zealand Deb			et, 1932–3	33	£ 3		•	491,254	8	6
-									42,531,413	17	1
	Stock					217,530					
	Finance Act, 193 Debentures	3 (No	2), section	n 2—		42,313,883	17	1			
	T : 100	- () T	~ ~	0			~		70,279,550	18	,5
	Dissented de		es (excha	nged for	stock)	76,650	- 0	-0			
	Stock certific					4,200	0	0			
	Death duty s					886,915	$\tilde{0}$	0			
	Stock				•••	52,947,452		1			
						16,364,333	8	4			
	New Zealand Deb	ot Conv	version Ac	et, 1932	33	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.