The circumstances in which these crimes are committed indicate that they are not preventable

by any police measures.

Of the thirteen murders in 1931 prosecutions resulted in nine cases, and in one case the offender committed suicide immediately after committing the crime, leaving but three so far undetected. In two instances abandoned infants were found in circumstances indicating that they had been murdered.

Indecent and sexual offences were as under:-

Offences.				1930.	1931.
Unnatural offence	•••			6	5
Unnatural offence, attempted		•••		2	3
Indecently assaulting a male				40	54
Incest				3	2
Indecent acts				21	6
Concealment of birth				3.	7
Assault, indecent				127	102
Rape				10	7
Rape, attempted				7	7
Carnally knowing girls				6 8	69
Carnally knowing girls, attempted		•••		8	7
Abortion, procuring, &c				5	11
Exposure of person and grossly ind	ecent :	acts		305	209
Totals				605	489

Drunkenness.

There has been a decrease of 1,438 in the number of prosecutions for drunkenness during the year as compared with the previous year.

The number charged with drunkenness in 1931 was 4,687 (4,480 males and 207 females), whereas

in 1930 the number was 6,125 (5,862 males and 263 females).

From the following table it will be observed that 38 per cent. of the males and 58 per cent. of the females had previous convictions recorded against them, and 4.8 per cent. of the males were not permanent residents of the Dominion.

Return showing the Number of Persons charged with Drunkenness during the Year 1931, and the Number of Previous Convictions against them, so far as is known.

·		Males.	Females.	Total.
Not previously convicted	 	2,777	87	2,864
One previous conviction	 	515	33	548
Two previous convictions	 	296	10	306
Three previous convictions	 	201	6	207
Four previous convictions	 	136	7	143
Five previous convictions	 	114	7	121
Over five previous convictions	 	441	57	498
Totals	 	4,480	207	4,687

Number of foregoing who were members of the crews of vessels in port, 216.

The following table shows the convictions for drunkenness per ten thousand of the population for each year from 1926 to 1930 in Australia and New Zealand:—

		1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.
${\bf Commonwealth}$		99.5	101.3	$94 \cdot 27$	89.5	73.0
New Zealand	• •	53.0	$44 \cdot 6$	43.20	46.3	$42 \cdot 4$

Prosecutions against Hotelkeepers.

The number of prosecutions against hotelkeepers during the year shows an increase of forty-four as compared with the preceding year. There were 605 prosecutions, resulting in 355 convictions, during 1931, as against 561 prosecutions and 339 convictions in 1930.

SLY-GROG SELLING.

There were 64 prosecutions during the year for selling liquor without a license, resulting in 54 convictions, and there were also forty-seven prosecutions, resulting in thirty-four convictions, for other offences against the provisions of the Licensing Act in force in no-license districts.

The fines imposed on the sly-grog sellers during the year 1931 amounted to £1,445 10s.

GAMING OFFENCES.

There were 354 prosecutions, resulting in 324 convictions, during the year under the Gaming Act, against 398 prosecutions and 314 convictions in 1930.