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condition, though apparently an old bird. Perhaps it was one of the original birds that was brought here some years ago. Kiwi are also well established, as they have been heard calling at night in several places on the sanctuary. On several occasions my wife and I camped out all night to listen for the call of the kiwi, and every time many of them could be heard. A nest of the kiwi was found in the Kaiwharawhara Valley, commonly called "The Basin." The nest was not finished when discovered, but a week later the opening, just like a rabbit-burrow, had been deepened, and a nest made of leaves and grass placed at the end of the tunnel 2 ft. 6 in. from the entrance. When examined some time after the birds had apparently left the nest, probably owing to the fact that I had put my hand in the tunnel, although they had not resented this the first time, as the nest had been completed afterwards.

At the beginning of the year I received instructions to proceed to the Gouland Downs Sanctuary, Nelson District, to endeavour to capture kakapo and other birds for liberation on Kapiti. I did not see any kakapo, and only caught a glimpse of two of the other species, which, however, were too high up in the trees to do anything with. I was unfortunate in striking very bad weather, which may have driven the birds down on to the lower country. It rained, hailed, and snowed nearly all the time I was there, with heavy gales of wind making it unsafe to be in the bush; but I gathered a good number of

plants and seeds, some of them peculiar to that region, and returned to Wellington.

After spending a fortnight's leave I journeyed to Taranaki to try and secure some North Island crows for Kapiti. Although I located the birds, I was unable to get close enough to them to catch any. I think this could only be done during the nesting season. As I was satisfied that it was impossible to catch any crows at that time of the year, I gathered some dozens of puriri and karo plants and returned to Kapiti. During my absence Mr. E. Till, of Paraparaumu, acted as caretaker.

During the year a large number of plants from different parts of the Dominion were planted out on the sanctuary. Seeds and plants belonging to the island were also put out in different parts, mostly

in the open places and on the cliffs.

The following list shows the species brought from the Gouland Downs and Aorere Valley, Nelson: Quintinia acutifolia, Dracophyllum latifolium, Olearia lacunosa (and two others not yet identified), Phyllocladus alpinus, Nothofagus Menziesii, M. Solandri, Librocedrus Doniana, Alseuosmia macrophylla, Pittosporum rigidum, Pimelia longifolia, Metrosideros lucida, three species of Hebe, Celmisia spectabilis, C. Dallii, C. longifolia, C. viscosa, Podocarpus Hallii, Elaeocarpus Hookerianus, Thelymitra pulchella,

and seeds of Pittosporum Dallii.

Plants brought from Taranaki: Pittosporum crassifolium, Vitex lucens, and Blechnum Patersoni. While I was in New Plymouth I paid a flying visit to the nursery garden of Messrs. Duncan and Davies, who specialize in growing native trees. Mr. Davies very kindly offered to let me have some of these for Kapiti. Following are the names of the plants sent by Messrs. Duncan and Davies: Phebalium nudum. Litsaea calicaris, Melicope Mantellii, Melicytus macrophyllus, Ascarina lucida, Myrtus obcordata, M. Ralphii, M. pedunculata, and a new unnamed hybrid of the same genus, Dacrydium Kirkii, Metrosideros villosa, Hoheria populnea, Olearia insignis, Phyllocladus alpinus, P. glaucus, Ixerba brexioides, Gleichenia flabellata, Dodonaea viscosa, Agathis australis, Pittosporum umbellatum, P. Ralphii, Aristotelia colensoi, Pseudopanax ferox, P. discolor, Jovellana repens, Metrosideros diffusa, Persoonia toru, Rubus parvus, Pisonia Brunoniana, Ackama rosaefolia, crimson manuka, Angelica montana, Corokia Cheesemanii, Lygodium articulatum, Pimelia longifolia, Olearia oleifolia, Quintinia serrata, Todea barbara, Gaultheria oppositifolia, Coprosma Kirkii, Hymenanthera dentata var. angustifolia.

From Mr. R. U. Dalrymple, of Bulls, I received the following plants: Agathis australis, Cordyline indivisa, C. pumilio, C. australis, Fusanus Cunninghamii, Hoheria Lyallii, Pittosporum umbellatum, Arthopodium cirrhatum, Metrosideros villosa, Quintinia acutifolia, Dracophyllum species, Nothopanax

linare, one hybrid Panax (simplex × crassifolium), Clematis foetida, Pomaderris apetala.

From Mr. R. H. D. Stidolph, Masterton, I received plants of Todea superba. From Mr. Esmond Atkinson, Wellington, I received plants of Myosotidium hortensia; from Mr. A. Morris Jones, Wellington, plants of Todea superba, Gleichenia Cunninghamii, Alseuosmia quercifolia, Blechnum nigrum, B. membranaceum. Mr. J. W. Murdock, Timaru, sent seeds of Olearia angustifolia, and Mr. Ishannes C. Anderson of Wellington and France Constitution. Johannes C. Andersen, of Wellington, seed of Fusanus Cunninghamii.

During the year several plants were found which, as far as I am aware, have not been previously recorded from Kapiti. They represented the following species: Leucopogon Frascri, growing on northern end; Craspedia uniflora, growing on southern end; Melicope Mantellii, growing on Rangatira, Kahuotirangi; Carmichaelia australis, growing on north end and Maraetakaroro; Sarcochilus adversus, growing on north Te Rere; Lepidium oleraceum, growing on cliffs, western side. Mr. Morris Jones also found some plants not hitherto recorded-viz., Gaultheria antipoda, growing near waterfall, and

Drimys colorata, growing in head of Taepiro Valley.

The last season showed an increase in the number of visitors to the sanctuary. Early in October Lady Alice Fergusson and party paid a four-day visit to the island. Lady Fergusson took great interest in the bird and plant life of the island. The party tramped to the summit of the island, where they had a good view of the coast of the mainland from Terawhiti, as far north as Otaki, and the South Island from about Tory Channel to Stephen Island. A good view of Mount Egmont was obtained. On the way to the trig. Her Excellency planted a pohutukawa-tree. The party then tramped south along the western cliffs for about two miles, and down to the shore on the eastern side of the island. and out by the waterfall-a hard tramp even for men used to the work.

At the end of October a party consisting of eight members of Parliament, accompanied by Mr. H. W. C. Mackintosh, Chairman of the Advisory Committee, paid a visit of inspection to the island. The members of Parliament were Messrs, Field, Dickie, Samuel, Elliot, J. Hamilton, Harris, Veitch, They were taken for a good tramp over the sanctuary, and all seemed very interested and McCombs.

in everything they saw.