schools having some Maoris in attendance in 1922, thus the total number of schools under inspection at which Native children were receiving instruction in 1922 was—

Native village schools	 127
Native mission schools subject to inspection by the Education Department	 9
Public schools at which Maori scholars were in attendance	 643
Total number of primary schools	 779
Native boarding-schools affording secondary education to Maoris	 10
Total	789

Roll Number and Attendance.

The number of pupils on the rolls of Native village schools at the end of 1922 was 6,161, including 5,347 Maoris and 814 Europeans, the latter representing 13 per cent. of the roll. The roll exceeds that of the previous year by 339, 304 of this number being Maoris. The increase in numbers represents one of 6 per cent. as compared with the increase in public schools of 3 per cent. in the roll number. In the last three years the number of pupils in Native schools has increased by 1,000, or 18 per cent. A corresponding increase in the number of Maori pupils attending public schools supports the evidence of an arrest in the decline in the numbers of the Native population.

The following figures refer to attendance at Native village schools:—

		1921.	1922.
Number on rolls at end of year	 	 5,822	6,161
Average weekly roll number	 	 5,738	6,119
Average yearly attendance	 	 4,988	5,436
Percentage of regularity of attendance	 	 86.9	88.8

The figures all show an increase over the corresponding ones for the previous year, the improvement in regularity of attendance being especially marked. Compared with the percentage of regularity in public schools—90·8—the high figure of 88·8 achieved in Native schools, situated as they are in very remote country districts, is a matter for congratulation.

The number of pupils on the rolls of the Native mission schools at the end of 1922 was 363, and on the rolls of the Native boarding-schools 413. The total number of children on the roll, at the end of the year, of Native village, mission, and boarding-schools visited and inspected by the Inspectors of this Department was therefore 6,937. The following are the figures for the years 1921 and 1922 in respect of the three classes of Native schools mentioned:—

		1921.	1922.
Combined rolls of Native schools	 	 6,547	6,937
Combined average weekly roll number	 	 6,464	6,878
Combined average yearly attendance	 	 5.653	6.133

The following table records the development of the Native village schools since the year 1881, when they were transferred to the control of the Education Department; no account is taken of schools which, as the European element has become predominant in them have been handed over to the various Education Boards:—

NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS.—NUMBER, ATTENDANCE, AND TEACHERS.

		Number	Mean of Average Weekly Roll.	Average Attendance: Whole Year.	Average Attend- ance as Percentage of Weekly	Number of Teachers.				
Year.		of Schools at End of				Teachers in Charge.		Assistant Teachers.		
		Year.		1	Roll.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
1881		60		1,406		54	6		4	
1886		69	2,343	2,020	86.2	60	9		26	
1891		66	2,395	1,837	76.7	59	8	1	26	
1896		74	2,874	2,220	77.3	64	11	• •	61	
1902		98	3,650	3,005	82.3	77	20		83	
1907		99	4,321	3,561	82.4	82	18	2	105	
1912		108	4,644	4,042	87.0	86	22	4	122	
1917		118	5,191	4,507	86.8	71	45	9	122	
1921		123	5,738	4,988	86.9	72	49	1.1	131	
1922		127	6,119	5,436	88.8	76	46	10	138	

As mentioned above, Maori children living in European settlements attend the ordinary public schools, the total number so attending in 1922 being 5,917, or 340 more than in the previous year. The majority of these pupils are in the North Island schools, about half of them being in the Auckland District.