

1916.
NEW ZEALAND

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

(REPORT OF THE).

Presented to both Houses of the General Assembly by Command of His Excellency.

REPORT.

The SECRETARY, Department of Labour, to the Right Hon. the MINISTER OF LABOUR.

SIR,—

Department of Labour, Wellington, 31st May, 1916.

I have the honour to present herewith the twenty-fifth annual report of this Department for the information of His Excellency the Governor, and to be laid before Parliament, in compliance with the Labour Department and Labour Day Act, 1908, and the Factories Act, 1908. The report covers the financial year 1st April, 1915, to 31st March, 1916. Owing to the necessity for brevity and economy at the present juncture the report has been considerably curtailed, and the various paragraphs deal chiefly with such items as may be noteworthy on account of the war.

I have, &c.,

F. W. ROWLEY,

The Right. Hon. the Minister of Labour.

Secretary of Labour.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE AND EMPLOYMENT.

Generally speaking, no difficulty was experienced during the year in coping with any unemployment that arose. Indeed, it can be claimed that in point of the number of applicants the year was a record one, there being fewer applicants for work than during any other period of the Department's history. In many cases weeks elapsed in some of the larger secondary towns without a *bona fide* application being recorded. A high percentage of applicants was assisted, the bureaux being able in most cases to offer employment—both Government and private—to all classes of workmen. Tradesmen have had an exceptional year, employment being regular owing to record weather-conditions and to the great demand for various classes of the Dominion's goods, notwithstanding the fact that in many cases work was retarded by the shortage of imported materials. Much overtime has also been worked, supplementing the ordinary earnings. On the Wellington wharves there has at times been an insufficient supply of labour; this fact no doubt accounts for the few minor industrial disturbances that are referred to later in this report. In the engineering trades a shortage of fitters and turners has been felt. There has been considerable activity in the freezing industry, and several new works, besides additions to others, have been erected in various parts of the Dominion. The retail traders are reported to have had a good year, particularly fancy-goods dealers, jewellers, and tobacconists, whose increased business is, no doubt, due to the purchases made by or for departing members of the Expeditionary Forces.

An unusual feature has been the extensive employment of girls in the place of men in various avocations, notably in banks.

The providing of additional camp accommodation at Trentham and the erection of the new buildings at Featherston gave employment to a very large number of building tradesmen of all classes and to unskilled labourers, and all parts of the Dominion had to be drawn upon to provide the requisite workmen. Many private employers reported a scarcity of hands, and despite offers of increased pay and overtime work the hands were unprocurable—especially was this the case during the late summer.

In anticipation of larger crops of cereals than usual and of a shortage of labour to harvest the same, special and complete arrangements were made by the Department for an adequate supply of labour, and in addition to the workers that usually follow this class of occupation numbers of volunteers were ready to come forward when necessary. While the harvest was on the whole a very fair one, it was found, contrary to expectations, that little or no difficulty was experienced by farmers in themselves obtaining on the spot what assistance was needed, and very few applications for workers were made to the Department.

The facilities afforded by this Department's Employment Bureaux in the various towns in the Dominion have been placed at the disposal of the Discharged Soldiers Information Department, and a number of the returned men have already been assisted to employment. The Department has during the year also assisted the Department of Munitions and Supplies in making inquiries concerning those workers whose retention in the Dominion is necessary to the output of supplies.

Since the establishment of the Department in 1891 the following have received practical assistance:—

Year.	Total.	Married.	Single.	Dependants.	Private Work.	Government Work.
1891–1915 (twenty-four years) ...	109,524	38,211	71,313	141,346	49,317	60,207
1915–16 ...	5,978	2,530	3,448	8,097	2,549	3,429
Totals ...	115,502	40,741	74,761	149,443	51,866	63,636

The number assisted during the past year shows a decrease on last year's figures of 1,537.

Of the amount of £384 repayable by workers for fares advanced, the high percentage of the past five years ending March, 1915—viz., 97 per cent.—has been nearly maintained, the precise proportion to 31st March, 1916, being 96·5 per cent.

Persons assisted by Men's Employment Bureaux from 1st April, 1915, to 31st March, 1916 (in Occupations).

Occupations.	Number Married.	Number Single and Widowers.	Number of Persons Dependent.	Number sent to Private Employment.	Number sent to Government Works.
Bricklayers and Plasterers	17	5	51	4	18
Carpenters	396	216	1,415	121	491
Engineers	9	19	21	22	6
Farm hands	43	207	107	242	8
Hotel hands	99	170	255	158	111
Labourers	1,736	2,658	5,629	1,770	2,624
Miners	46	50	148	62	34
Painters	88	32	282	29	91
Stonemasons	5	5	19	6	4
Miscellaneous	91	86	170	135	42
Totals	2,530	3,448	8,097	2,549	3,429

NOTE.—The carpenters and also the hotel hands sent to Government work were mostly employed at the military camps.

Domestic Servants and others Assisted by Women's Branches from 1st April, 1915, to 31st March, 1916.

Auckland, 610; Wellington, 806; Nelson, 225; Christchurch, 323; Dunedin, 228: total, 2,192.

FACTORIES ACT.

The usual annual tables showing the number of workers in the various manufacturing industries are omitted this year. Their place will be taken by the more valuable data mentioned on page 5 of last year's report relating to the five-yearly wages census. This information is now being collected, and will be compiled as opportunity offers.

There were thirty-two prosecutions during the year. Convictions were obtained in all cases.

Overtime.

The overtime worked by females and boys in the fifteen principal towns during 1915–16 amounted to 432,250 hours, as against 296,703 hours worked in 1914–15. This very large increase of 135,547 hours is mainly contributed to by those trades engaged in the manufacture of articles of military requirement. In ammunition-manufacturing, overtime amounting to 41,534 hours was worked, as against 20,186 hours during the previous year; in woollen-milling the figures are 41,599 hours, as against 13,338; hat and cap making shows an increase of about 75 per cent., and clothing and boot manufacturing, dressmaking, and printing also show substantial increases. A large amount of overtime was also worked in these and other industries by males over sixteen years of age, but no record of same is obtained.

Certificates of Fitness to Boys and Girls to Work in Factories.

During the past eight years we have called attention to the proportionate decrease year by year in the number of boys and girls that have sought employment in factories, and this decrease has taken place notwithstanding the continued demand by employers for such workers. For the year 1915–16, however, there has been an increase of 275—viz., from 2,088 to 2,363, comprising 1,100 boys (increase 148) and 1,263 girls (increase 127). This increase is no doubt due to the fact that employers generally, but chiefly in the clothing trades, have had their adult staffs so greatly depleted by enlistments that they have been willing to pay comparatively high rates of wages to young and untrained workers. The growing introduction of machinery in so many trades has also made it possible to employ young persons whose duties are easily learned. Care is, of course, exercised by Inspectors in all cases to see that the law is strictly observed regarding educational qualifications and the nature of the work (in respect of employment of young persons where machinery is used, &c.).

Accidents in Factories.

—				Slight.	Moderate.	Serious.	Fatal.	Total.
1910-11	..	..	..	638	145	77	12	872
1911-12	..	..	..	792	167	50	11	1,020
1912-13	..	..	..	837	84	32	8	961
1913-14	..	..	..	879	165	52	8	1,104
1914-15	..	..	..	747	171	46	3	967
1915-16	..	..	..	837	160	65	3	1,065

The number of fatal accidents reported was three, the same as last year.

SHOPS AND OFFICES ACT.

There were 264 prosecutions during the year. Convictions were obtained in 257 of the cases.

INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION ACT.

It might have been anticipated that the number of alleged breaches of awards and agreements reported to the Department would during the war be less than usual, but such has not been the case, and Inspectors of Awards have been kept busily engaged on this work.

The number of disputes filed for investigation by Conciliation Councils and the Arbitration Court has also not shown a decrease, and there is a prospect of the work of the forthcoming year being plentiful.

The business dealt with by Councils of Conciliation, Court of Arbitration, &c., under the Act during the year is summarized as follows:—

Industrial agreements	...	...	...	...	21*
Recommendations of Councils of Conciliation	...	...	...	...	134
Awards of Arbitration Court	...	...	...	...	102
Magistrates' Courts—					
Enforcements of awards, &c.—					
Conducted by Department	...	...	...	...	280
Conducted by unions	...	...	...	...	5

The awards and agreements actually in force as at the 31st March last totalled 488.

The following table shows the work performed by Commissioners and Councils of Conciliation during the year:—

—	Industrial Districts.			Totals.
	Northern and Taranaki. (Commissioner Harle Giles.)	Wellington, Marlborough, Nelson, and Westland. (Commissioner Hally.)	Canterbury, and Otago and Southland. (Commissioner Triggs.)	
Number of industrial agreements arrived at—				
Through Councils	..	2	2	4
Through Commissioners	3	7	1	11
Number of recommendations fully accepted and forwarded to Court to be made into awards	22	34	32	88
Number of recommendations substantially accepted and forwarded to Court to be made into awards	14	16	1	31
Number of disputes in which no recommendation was made	22	9	12	43
Totals	61	68	48	177

The above table shows that out of 177 disputes dealt with by them, 134 (or 75 per cent.) were settled or substantially settled by the Commissioners and Councils of Conciliation.

Registration of Industrial Unions and Associations.

During the year thirty-six industrial unions and associations were registered—viz., workers' unions, 23; employers' unions, 6; workers' associations (of unions), 4; and employers' associations (of unions), 3.

The usual annual return (to the 31st December, 1915) of the unions registered under the Act, with their membership at that date, is published separately in parliamentary paper H.—11A, as required by the Act. For convenience of reference this will be bound with this report as Appendix H.—11A.

Unions of employers show a decrease of eight with a membership decrease of 101 as compared with last year, while the number of workers' unions has decreased by fourteen, and the total membership of same has decreased by 6,330. This decrease is due partly to the war, and partly

* Fifteen of these agreements were arrived at through the medium of Conciliation Councils and Commissioners.

to the fact that owing to the early date on which this report has been prepared this year a number of returns are not yet in.

Decisions of Arbitration Court of Special Interest.

In the case of the Wellington Building Trades Labourers, the Court refused to grant preference to the union owing to the fact that it was a party to an illegal strike in 1913. (Book of Awards, Vol. xvi, p. 81.)

The application of the Wellington Ships' Tally Clerks' Industrial Union of Workers for an award was refused on the ground that the union was not fairly representative of the workers in the industry, and that there was no genuine dispute. (Book of Awards, Vol. xvi, p. 95.)

In the Wellington Marine Cooks and Stewards' award the Court has, at the request of the union, made an effort to abolish the practice of "tipping." Increased wages have been granted, and the taking of "tips" has been prohibited. (Book of Awards, Vol. xvi, p. 270.)

On the 2nd November, 1913, the Greymouth Wharf Labourers' Industrial Union of Workers, though a party to an existing award, went out on strike. A new union was formed and registered under the Act, and entered into an agreement with the Union Steamship Company (Limited). During the year under review the old union brought an action against the company for employing members of the new union in breach of the preference clause in the award. The Court held that the award was no longer binding owing to the strike. (Book of Awards, Vol. xvi, p. 554.)

Industrial Disturbances.

One strike of some magnitude, besides a few of a minor nature, took place during the year, as follow:—

(1.) Petone Woollen-mill: The workers employed in this mill, numbering 233, claimed an increase in wages of 10 per cent. (on account of allegedly increased profits made by the company as the outcome of large orders for supplies of goods for the Expeditionary Forces, and also on account of the increased cost of living). The company offered a 5 per cent. increase together with certain bonuses, but this was not deemed sufficient by the workers' union, and after negotiation for some time the workers gave a week's notice, and on the 17th March discontinued their employment. The dispute was, on the 31st March, unsettled. As the workers are bound by an industrial agreement under the Act, the matter has been referred to the Crown Law Office for advice as to whether a breach of the strike provisions of the Act has been committed, with a view to legal proceedings being taken.

(2.) The firemen and seamen on the Union Steamship Company's "Pateena," after having completed their contract of service on the coastal trade in New Zealand, claimed from £15 to £18 each for a trip to Australia, or a guarantee of six months' employment in Australia. They refused to sign fresh articles for the Australian trip unless their claim was conceded. After the lapse of two days, during which the discharging and loading of the steamer took place, the dispute was settled by certain increases being paid. As the men did not break any contract of service, but merely refused to enter into another, no offence under the Act was committed.

(3.) The firemen and seamen of the s.s. "Victoria" also discontinued employment, declining to take the ship to Sydney, after trading for some months on the coast of New Zealand, unless extra rates were paid for the trip. After a delay of three days the dispute was settled by certain increases being granted. Action against the workers was contemplated, but it was found that, as the articles signed by the crew were for a voyage beginning and terminating in Sydney, the New Zealand Act did not apply.

(4.) A number of wharf labourers at Wellington were engaged to discharge oils from s.s. "Physsa." Owing to the bad ventilation of the ship and to the requirements of the Customs officers that work in the hold should cease at 4 p.m. the men demanded an increase from 1s. 5d. to 2s. per hour for this work. The boat was laid up for three days and a half, when the dispute was settled, it being held that the claim was reasonable. Although bound by an industrial agreement most of the men did not commit an offence under the Act, not having broken their contract, but having merely refused to accept fresh employment.

(5.) Wellington Builders' Labourers: The secretary of the union requested an employer to induce a non-unionist who had been employed by this employer for eighteen years to join the union. On refusal the workers left their employment, but on different days. Action was taken against the workers for a breach of the strike provisions of the Act, and also against the secretary of the union for instigating the strike. The case was dismissed on the ground that it was not proved that the action of the men in discontinuing employment was a result of the trouble with the non-unionist.

(6.) Wellington Wharf Labourers engaged discharging s.s. "Dalmore": In this case six wharf labourers refused to discharge coal, claiming certain higher rates than prescribed by the Wharf Labourers' agreement. The s.s. "Dalmore" was chartered by the Defence authorities, and at the time the men struck work the ship was being fitted up as a transport. Action was taken against each of the workers for a breach of the Act. The Magistrate held that the action of the workers was a strike, but that as the real employer of the men was not a party to the agreement the workers could not be convicted.

(7.) S.s. "Maori": The stokehold crew left the ship in a body owing to one of their number having been dismissed. This matter is now being dealt with.

SHEARERS' AND AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS' ACCOMMODATION ACT.

During the year the accommodation for shearers on a large number of sheep-stations has been inspected, and further improvements have resulted therefrom.

Arrangements were made with the Health Department during the year for another systematic and joint inspection of the accommodation provided for flax-mill workers in the Manawatu district. It was found necessary in a few cases to serve notices on the owners to effect improvements.

A general inspection has also been made in the Waikato flax-mill district, and in some cases it was necessary to issue notices for improved accommodation.

A considerable number of sawmills in the various districts has also been inspected, and where the accommodation was insufficient or unsatisfactory notices were served on the occupiers to provide the necessary accommodation.

ARREARS OF WAGES RECOVERED FOR WORKERS UNDER VARIOUS ACTS.

Arrears of wages amounting to £1,688 11s. 7d. were collected from employers and handed over to the workers concerned.

SCAFFOLDING INSPECTION ACT.

During the year 937 notices of intention to erect scaffolding were received.

Seventy-three accidents were reported under this Act, five of which were fatal and nine serious. The fatal accidents were caused by falls from scaffolding, &c., and were not due to faulty construction of gear.

There were twelve prosecutions laid under the Act, and a conviction was obtained in each case except one.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT.

During the year fifty-two cases were dealt with under the Act, as compared with sixty-five during last year. Of these twelve were considered sufficiently important to be published. The following decisions are of special interest:—

(1.) *Stuart v. The Christchurch Tramway Board*.—A tramway conductor claimed compensation in respect of an attack of facial paralysis. It was held that though such paralysis might be an accident within the meaning of the Act, yet it was due to a normal cause, and in order to obtain compensation the plaintiff must show that the cause of the injury was an accident "arising out of and in the course of" his employment.

(2.) *Williams v. The New Zealand Sulphur Company (Limited)*.—This case was a result of the volcanic disturbance at White Island. The husband of the plaintiff was engaged in the quarrying of sulphur on the island, and for this purpose resided on the island. All the inhabitants of the island were engulfed or swept away by the volcanic disturbance, but nothing was definitely known as to the time of the disturbance or the manner in which the inhabitants met their death. It was therefore not proved that the accident arose (1) out of, and (2) in the course of, the employment.

(NOTE.—Such information as could be gathered tended to show that the disturbance happened at night-time, that the workings where the worker was employed were practically unharmed by disturbance; and the Court also found that it was an express condition of the employer's contract with the worker that the employment commenced only on his actually beginning work and was coexistent with his hours of work, which were usually from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.)

COST OF LIVING.

Each month the *Labour Journal* published by the Department has contained lists of the average prices of commodities ruling in the four centres and in the principal smaller towns, and every quarter a similar list of rents has been published.

In these tables a series of price index numbers has been compiled by the Government Statistician and used to illustrate the rise and fall in the prices of various commodities. The increases in prices due to conditions caused by the war were specially dealt with in the October issue.

An interesting experiment designed to lower the price of bread has been reported by the Inspector at Wanganui, where the master bakers have formed themselves into a company, and have reduced the number of delivery-carts from twenty-two to twelve. The company has divided the district into twelve blocks, and one cart is allocated to each block, thereby doing away with the overlapping that has previously occurred.

FOOTWEAR REGULATION ACT.

In terms of the Footwear Regulation Acts, 1913 and 1915, four experts in the boot trade have been appointed Inspectors of Footwear and stationed in the four centres. In order to facilitate the work in other towns all Inspectors of Factories have also been appointed as Inspectors of Footwear. Brief summaries of the reports of the Inspectors covering that period of the year since their appointment appear below.

Extracts from Reports of Footwear Inspectors appointed in November, 1915, to Administer the Footwear Regulation Act.

Auckland.—I have visited 164 retail boot-shops, sixteen factories, and eight wholesale warehouses. I found that there was a large stock of women's and children's imported footwear—all classes—in many of the retail boot-shops and wholesale warehouses, containing cardboard insoles and stiffeners, with either compo. or wooden heels, also a number of men's slippers and tennis-shoes with compo. stiffeners and insoles, not branded in conformity with the Act. Some of the lines in women's and children's footwear contained all cardboard with the exception of the outsole, which was of very inferior leather, and steps were taken to secure stamps for the purpose of branding the footwear. Since the Act came into operation there has been a considerable improvement in this class of footwear, as many shopkeepers are replacing the shoddy boot and shoe with one of solid leather—heel excepted—whilst others in ordering next season's goods have specified that the soles, insoles, and stiffeners must contain all leather. The stock in thirty-one of the retail boot-shops and all the footwear in sixteen local factories visited is made of all leather. Prior to the Act coming into operation there were a few small firms manufacturing cheap lines of footwear with compo. stiffeners, but this has been discontinued. Visits have also been made to the shops in eleven country towns.

On behalf of the Department of Munitions and Supplies, since the beginning of January I have made visits, in some cases two or three weekly, to the five firms manufacturing military footwear. All the manufacturers complain that they have some difficulty in securing the heavy sides which are necessary for the military boot; and I might point out that the shortage of this class of sole-leather is getting very serious, as the specifications for the New Zealand service boot provides for two soles, and the edge of the soles must be $\frac{3}{8}$ in. thick when finished.

Wellington.—Inspections have been made of the stocks of footwear in the hands of wholesale houses and retailers. A great deal of ignorance was manifested by retailers as to the essential provisions of the Act. It seemed not to be understood by them that all the stocks of footwear came within the scope of the Act irrespective of where and when they were purchased. In all cases where necessary, warnings have been given to dealers to brand the goods within a space of two months after such warning being given. As some misapprehension evidently existed in the minds of English exporting houses regarding the requirements of the Act, three representatives of large English firms have been seen and the details explained to them.

At the request of the Defence Department, since the 4th January weekly visits have been paid to the factories making military boots. The quality of the material has been subjected to a very rigid inspection. The workmanship has also been very carefully noted from the first operation down to the production of the finished boot. Small errors have in many instances been corrected, and a general compliance with the specifications insisted upon.

Christchurch.—During the period since the Footwear Act has been put into operation over a hundred stocks have been examined, and a large amount of shoddy footwear has been found unbranded. Steps have been taken to have the same branded as required by the Act. Military footwear and the examination of leather for export have also been dealt with.

Dunedin.—Visits of inspection have been made to all factories and repairing-shops where the making of footwear is carried on in the district. In some instances it was discovered that footwear requiring to be stamped in compliance with the Act had not been branded. Letters of warning were sent in all such cases, and further visits revealed that care was exercised to give full effect to the law.

Invercargill.—I have to report having visited thirty-two business places—shops, warehouses, &c.—in town and country dealing in boots and shoes, and found a fairly large percentage of shoddy or inferior makes, principally old stock. The average storekeeper states his inability to tell leather insoles from composition.

New Plymouth.—I have visited twenty-one towns in addition to New Plymouth, and have inspected footwear in all factories, warehouses, and stores where boots and shoes are stocked in any quantity. In thirty-four cases I discovered boots and shoes which were not branded as required by the Act. It was thought sufficient to give a warning in each case, and to require the occupier to stamp without delay the lines which he had in stock.

DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR DURING THE YEAR.

Salaries, temporary clerical assistance, and allowances to police and other officers acting as departmental agents	£	s.	d.
Advertising and publications	17,318	18	9*
Fares (at reduced rates), board and lodging, &c., advanced to persons proceeding to employment	72	2	9
Fares (proportion of) contributed by Department to persons proceeding to employment (viz., 25 per cent. of fares on railways)	775	7	10†
Fees paid to assessors of Conciliation Councils	340	14	11
Legal and witnesses' expenses (see refunds of same below)	1,861	13	0
Postage, telegrams, rent of letter-boxes and telephones	49	15	6
Printing and stationery	1,565	7	5
Rent, office requisites, cleaning, fuel and lighting	2,164	12	3
Travelling allowances and expenses, bicycles, &c.	551	12	7
Workers' dwellings—	4,674	13	3
Administrative and travelling expenses (recoverable and credited to Workers' Dwellings accounts)	685	19	8
Fire insurance, rates, and repairs (recoverable and credited to Workers' Dwellings accounts)	1,491	18	7
Miscellaneous—	£	s.	d.
Arbitration Court and Conciliation Councils	97	11	8
General	362	8	9
	460	0	5
	32,012	16	11
Less refunds—			
Fares	286	12	1†
Legal and witnesses' expenses	49	15	6
	336	7	7
	£31,676	9	4*

* This total does not include the salaries of the Judge and members of the Court of Arbitration, £2,800 (appropriated by special Act).

† As mentioned on p. 2 of this report, the refunds of fares advanced amount to 96.5 per cent. The expenditure during the year 1915–16 (£775 7s. 10d.) includes a number of large accounts that were held over from the preceding year, for which the refunds appeared in that year's accounts.

APPENDIX A.

RETURN, PURSUANT TO THE INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION ACT, 1908, SHOWING THE NUMBER OF MEMBERS IN EACH INDUSTRIAL UNION REGISTERED UNDER THE ACT TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1915.

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF EMPLOYERS.		
<i>Northern (Auckland) District—</i>		
348	Auckland and Suburban General Carriers and Coal-merchants ...	13
145	Auckland Boot-manufacturers	11
164	Auckland Builders and Contractors	86
162	Auckland Clothing-manufacturers	16
905	Auckland Electrical Engineers	16
466	Auckland Electric Tramways Company (Limited)	1
741	Auckland Farmers' Freezing Company (Limited)	1
181	Auckland Grocers	112
472	Auckland Guild of Master Painters	31
736	Auckland Licensed Victuallers' Association	228
330	Auckland Master Bakers	58
646	Auckland Master Hairdressers and Tobacconists	19
571	Auckland Master Plumbers	35
539	Auckland Master Printers	50
122	Auckland Master Tailors	29
790	Auckland Private Hotel and Boardinghouse Keepers	7
504	Auckland Provincial Coachbuilders and Wheelwrights	16
460	Auckland Provincial Gum-dealers	14
464	Auckland Provincial Master Butchers... ..	45
788	Auckland Provincial Nurserymen and Landscape Gardeners	5
533	Auckland Provincial Shipowners, Ship, Yacht, and Boat Builders	12
536	Auckland Provincial Tanners, Fellmongers, and Soap-manufacturers	12
783	Auckland Restaurateurs	21
1011	Auckland Retail Drapers, Milliners, Mercers, and Clothiers	29
148	Auckland Sawmillers and Woodware-manufacturers	70
342	Devonport Steam Ferry Company (Limited)	1
370	Gisborne Builders and Contractors	18
865	Gisborne Master Plumbers	9
979	Gisborne Master Printers and Bookbinders	5
1025	Gisborne Master Tailors	11
1020	J. T. Julian and Son (Limited)	1
326	Northern Steamship Company (Limited)	1
750	Poverty Bay and East Coast Sheepowners	177
838	Poverty Bay Master Butchers	7
864	Poverty Bay Master Farriers and Blacksmiths	20
1027	South Auckland Coachbuilders, Blacksmiths, and Farriers	39
984	South Auckland District Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders	20
163	Taupiri Coal-mines (Limited)	1
	Totals: Number of Unions, 38	1,247
<i>Wellington District—</i>		
522	W. Dimock and Co. (Limited)	1
420	Hawke's Bay Builders and Contractors	69
674	Hawke's Bay Master Bakers	12
683	Hawke's Bay Master Tailors	21
743	Hawke's Bay Sheepowners	210

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF EMPLOYERS—continued.		
<i>Wellington District—continued.</i>		
901	Manawatu Master Bakers	15
998	Manawatu Master Builders, Building Contractors, and Sash and Door Factory Proprietors	23
520	E. W. Mills and Co. (Limited)	1
1006	Napier Furniture and Furnishing Trades	12
890	Napier Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders	15
623	National Dairy Association of New Zealand (Limited)	1
1019	James J. Niven and Co. (Limited)	1
846	Palmerston North Licensed Victuallers and Allied Trades' Protection Association	19
766	Palmerston North Master Butchers	13
1007	Palmerston North Timber-merchants	6
517	Stewart Timber, Glass, and Hardware Company (Limited)	1
142	Thomas Ballinger and Co. (Limited)	1
418	Wanganui Builders and Contractors	55
565	Wanganui Licensed and Allied Trade Association	32
488	Wanganui Licensed Victuallers	14
484	Wanganui Master Painters	15
900	Wanganui Master Plumbers	11
101	Wellington Builders and Contractors	73
815	Wellington Clothing-manufacturers	9
1048	Wellington Electrical Engineers and Traders	19
1022	Wellington Furniture and Furnishing Trade	36
106	Wellington Master Bakers	14
186	Wellington Master Butchers	19
131	Wellington Master Painters	19
886	Wellington Master Plumbers	31
644	Wellington Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders	35
118	Wellington Master Tailors	13
948	Wellington Newspaper Proprietors	10
	Totals: Number of Unions, 33	826
<i>Canterbury District—</i>		
113	Builders and Contractors' Association of Canterbury	47
430	Canterbury Butchers	65
298	Canterbury Coach Builders and Wheelwrights	13
324	Canterbury Employers of Drivers	34
1015	Canterbury Flour, Oatmeal, and Pearl Barley Millers	21
339	Canterbury Grocers	11
459	Canterbury Licensed Victuallers	147
297	Canterbury Master Bakers	38
694	Canterbury Master Printers	19
914	Canterbury Newspaper Proprietors	6
305	Canterbury Sawmillers	8
395	Canterbury Sheepowners	1,712
452	Canterbury Tanners, Fellmongers, and Wool-scourers	11
429	Christchurch Cab-owners	14
831	Christchurch Clothing-manufacturers	5
141	Christchurch Furniture-makers	18
125	Christchurch Master Tailors	31
1005	Christchurch Taxi and Touring Car Owners	24
6	New Zealand Boot-manufacturers' Association	39
388	South Canterbury Builders	34
986	South Canterbury Farriers... ..	26
362	South Canterbury Master Bakers	19
379	South Canterbury Threshing-mill Owners	33
757	Timaru Painters	13
519	Whitcombe and Tombs (Limited)	1
	Totals: Number of Unions, 25	2,389
<i>Otago and Southland District—</i>		
306	Dunedin and Suburban General Carriers and Coal-merchants	66
891	Dunedin and Suburban Master Butchers	29
337	Dunedin Builders and Contractors	84

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF EMPLOYERS—continued.		
<i>Otago and Southland District—continued.</i>		
822	Dunedin Clothing-manufacturers	24
1016	Dunedin Flour, Oatmeal, and Pearl Barley Millers	17
1004	Dunedin Furniture and Furnishing Trade	14
189	Dunedin Master Bakers	38
313	Dunedin Master Tailors	25
919	Dunedin Plasterers	14
867	Dunedin Plumbers	31
789	Dunedin Private Hotel and Restaurant Employers	16
454	Invercargill Coal-merchants	25
875	Invercargill Plumbers	16
560	Invercargill and Suburban Master Butchers	9
307	Oamaru Master Tailors	8
841	Oamaru Painters	12
318	Otago and Southland Gold-mining	30
241	Otago and Southland Master Saddlers' Society	17
936	Otago and Southland Newspaper Proprietors	6
446	Otago and Southland Sheepowners	187
1033	Otago Coachbuilders, Blacksmiths, and Farriers	39
311	Otago Drapers and Clothiers	14
302	Otago Grocers	89
325	Otago Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders	37
343	Otago Painters... ..	32
406	Southland Builders and Contractors	20
778	Southland Coachbuilders and Blacksmiths	33
664	Southland Grocers	40
332	Southland Master Tailors	12
479	Southland Sawmillers	27
137	Union Steamship Company of New Zealand (Limited)	1
88	Westport Coal Company (Limited)	1
	Totals: Number of Unions, 32	1,013
<i>Taranaki District—</i>		
1010	New Plymouth Furnishing Trade	19
605	Taranaki Dairying and Farming	39
516	Taranaki Licensed Victuallers	19
204	Taranaki Master Builders	12
861	Taranaki Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders	12
447	Taranaki Master Tailors	32
	Totals: Number of Unions, 6	133
<i>Marlborough District—</i>		
443	Marlborough Sheepowners... ..	43
415	Marlborough Traction-engine and Machine Owners	16
	Totals: Number of Unions, 2	59
<i>Nelson District—</i>		
856	Nelson Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders	8
	Totals: Number of Unions, 1	8
<i>Westland District—</i>		
872	Greymouth Master Butchers	8
177	Progress Mines of New Zealand (Limited)	1
721	Westland Licensed Victuallers	20
364	Westland Sawmilling	14
	Totals: Number of Unions, 4	43
	Grand totals: Industrial Unions of Employers, 141	5,718

R.g. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS.		
<i>Northern (Auckland) District—</i>		
1029	Auckland Aerated-water and Condiment Factories Employees ...	57
825	Auckland and Suburban Local Bodies' Labourers... ..	358
190	Auckland Beamsmen	17
923	Auckland Biograph Operators	30
531	Auckland Bookbinders, Paper-rulers, and Cutters	32
159	Auckland Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Brass-finishers)	210
393	Auckland Branch of the Federated Cooks and Stewards	81
612	Auckland Brewers, Wine and Spirit Merchants' Employees	121
340	Auckland Brick and Pottery and Clay Workers	142
576	Auckland Bricklayers	124
871	Auckland Builders, Contractors, and General Labourers (other than Local Bodies' Labourers)	629
152	Auckland Butchers, Meat-preservers, and Bacon-curers	408
1046	Auckland Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	479
284	Auckland Certificated Engine-drivers	154
502	Auckland Coachworkers	50
444	Auckland Coopers	18
155	Auckland Curriers	23
720	Auckland Cutters, Trimmers, Pressers, and other Clothing Employees ...	37
753	Auckland Dairy Employees	74
596	Auckland District Boilermakers, Iron-ship Workers, and Bridge-builders	92
83	Auckland District of the Australasian Institute of Marine Engineers ...	224
662	Auckland Electrical Workers	20
620	Auckland Farriers and General Blacksmiths	24
508	Auckland Felimongers, Tanners, Soapworkers, and General Tannery Employees	154
921	Auckland Fire Brigades Employees	27
381	Auckland Fish-curers	66
851	Auckland Gas Companies' Employees... ..	45
314	Auckland Grocers' Assistants	304
523	Auckland Gum-diggers	56
422	Auckland Gum-workers	95
501	Auckland Hairdressers' Assistants	59
688	Auckland Hotel and Restaurant Employees	1,297
149	Auckland Iron and Brass Moulders	121
853	Auckland Journalists	29
530	Auckland Letterpress Machinists	42
691	Auckland Lithographic Society	15
840	Auckland Local Federated Seamen	820
978	Auckland Manufacturing Jewellers, Watch and Clock Makers, and Kindred Trades	39
708	Auckland Merchant Service Guild	52
240	Auckland Motor-car and Horse Drivers	493
785	Auckland Nursery and Landscape Gardeners' Employees	16
474	Auckland Operative Bakers and Pastrycooks	210
59	Auckland Operative Bootmakers	426
635	Auckland Operative Plasterers	77
580	Auckland Operative Stonemasons	25
108	Auckland Painters	333
806	Auckland Performing Musicians	237
810	Auckland Photo Engravers	10
654	Auckland Plumbers and Gasfitters	251
150	Auckland Saddlers, Harness-makers, Collar-makers, Bag-makers, and Bridle-cutters	112
384	Auckland Sail, Tent, and Cover Makers	18
458	Auckland Shipmasters	34
494	Auckland Ship, Yacht, and Boat Builders	62
849	Auckland Shirt and White Workers	67
885	Auckland Slaughtermen	67
985	Auckland Soft-goods Employees (other than Storemen, Porters, and Packers)	45
715	Auckland Stage Employees	35
73	Auckland Tailoresses	266
67	Auckland Tailors	194
830	Auckland Tallymen	64
248	Auckland Timber Workers... ..	528
630	Auckland Tinsmiths and Sheet-metal Workers	56
132	Auckland Typographical	224

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS—continued.		
<i>Northern (Auckland) District—continued.</i>		
183	Auckland United Flour-mill Employees	43
910	Auckland United Furniture Trades	309
976	Auckland United Storemen (other than Employees in Bottling-stores) ...	34
933	Auckland Waterside Workers	967
802	Devonport Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	46
816	Eden Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners ...	166
373	Gisborne Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners...	180
699	Gisborne Drivers	74
643	Gisborne Painters and Decorators	45
897	Gisborne Slaughtermen	97
661	Gisborne Typographical	21
602	Gisborne Waterside Workers	197
798	Hamilton Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	94
877	Huntly Engine-drivers (in Coal-mines)	29
1024	Kaipara Waterside Workers	39
929	Limestone Island Cement Employees	62
835	Newmarket Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	124
779	Ohinemuri Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Electricians)	77
863	Ohinemuri Mines and Batteries Employees (other than Engineers, Engine-drivers, and Firemen)	979
799	Onehunga Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	86
940	Onehunga Waterside Workers	52
1017	Otahuhu Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners...	48
777	Poverty Bay and East Coast Builders, Contractors, and General Labourers	90
431	Poverty Bay Freezing-works	236
837	South Auckland Engine-drivers, Winders, Motormen, and Firemen ...	83
951	Taupiri Coal-mine Workers	297
1009	Te Akatea Coal-mine Workers	108
771	Thames Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Brass-finishers)	71
16	Thames Miners	525
843	Tokomaru Bay Freezing-works Employees	142
1032	Waikato Flax-mills Employees	25
500	Westfield Chemical-manure Workers	48
1049	Whangarei Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	28
Totals: Number of Unions, 96		15,897
<i>Wellington District—</i>		
710	*Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of New Zealand	8,417
698	Brooklyn Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	40
763	Chief Stewards' Guild of New Zealand	50
920	Dannevirke Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	29
212	Federated Cooks and Stewards of New Zealand	627
374	Hastings Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	199
650	Hawke's Bay Fishermen's and Fish-shed Employees	25
657	Hawke's Bay Freezing-works	295
676	Lower Hutt Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	52
540	Manawatu Flax-mills Employees	661
637	Manawatu Freezing-works Employees	66
992	Masterton Amalgamated Society of Painters and Decorators	31
804	Masterton Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	114
525	Napier Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners ...	199
752	Napier Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Electricians and Motor-mechanics)	47
375	Napier Drivers... ..	149
775	Napier Gas Employees	23
237	Napier Painters and Decorators	90
973	Napier Tramway Employees	25
389	Napier Wharf Labourers and Stevedores	206
764	Napier Wool and Grain Store Employees and Wholesale Merchants' Storemen	76
887	Ngahauranga and Petone Slaughtermen	222
594	Palmerston North Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	142

* This union has forty-seven branches throughout the Dominion, with headquarters in Wellington.

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS—continued.		
<i>Wellington District—continued.</i>		
918	Palmerston North Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Motor-mechanics and Cycle-workers)	27
1013	Palmerston North Builders and General Labourers and Brickyard Labourers	25
210	Palmerston North Painters and Decorators	38
196	Petone Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	47
739	Petone Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers	81
769	Petone (Wellington) Woollen Mills Employees	210
641	South Wellington Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	132
19	United Employees' Society of Boilermakers and Iron-ship Builders of New Zealand	58
672	Wanganui Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	209
768	Wanganui Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Motor-mechanics)	28
730	Wanganui Motor and Horse Drivers	82
682	Wanganui Gas Stokers, Trimmers, and Cokers	9
439	Wanganui Operative Butchers	40
899	Wanganui Slaughtermen	23
258	Wanganui Society of Painters and Decorators	91
953	Wanganui Timber-workers	8
748	Wanganui Tramways Employees	39
685	Wanganui Waterside Workers	124
129	Wellington Amalgamated Society of Painters and Decorators	323
1001	Wellington Bacon-factory Employees	52
13	Wellington Bookbinders and Paper-rulers' Trade Society	85
52	Wellington Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	388
63	Wellington Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Brass-finishers and Copper-smiths) and Motor-mechanics	119
405	Wellington Branch of the New Zealand Federated Tailoresses and Pressers	325
991	Wellington Brewers, Bottlers, Bottle-washers, and Aerated-water Employees (other than Storemen and Drivers)	30
528	Wellington Bricklayers	63
213	Wellington Building Trades Labourers	197
8	Wellington Carriers	20
173	Wellington Coachworkers	32
966	Wellington Dairy Employees	54
218	Wellington District Hotel, Club, and Restaurant Workers	2,159
72	Wellington District of the Australasian Institute of Marine Engineers	446
611	Wellington Electrical Workers	40
827	Wellington Freezing-works Employees	605
582	Wellington General Labourers	770
234	Wellington Grocers	164
915	Wellington Hairdressers' Assistants	43
97	Wellington Iron and Brass Moulders	64
1023	Wellington Journalists	18
1044	Wellington Laundry Employees	56
569	Wellington Letterpress Printers, Lithographers, and Paper-cutters	118
960	Wellington Local Federated Seamen	1,730
931	Wellington Manufacturing Jewellers, Watch and Clock Makers, and Kindred Trades	47
187	Wellington Match-factory Employees	54
482	Wellington Merchant Service Guild	263
930	Wellington Metal-workers' Assistants	92
219	Wellington Motor-car, Horse-drivers, and Livery-stable Employees	424
961	Wellington Municipal Tramway Power-house Employees	18
1	Wellington Operative Bakers and Pastrycooks	302
14	Wellington Operative Bootmakers' Society	250
134	Wellington Operative Butchers	158
232	Wellington Operative Sausage-casing Makers	69
808	Wellington Performing Musicians	118
200	Wellington Plasterers	50
69	Wellington Plumbers and Gasfitters	199
610	Wellington Pullers	27
167	Wellington Saddlers	34
957	Wellington Shipwrights	30
881	Wellington Slaughtermen	132
819	Wellington Society of United Merchants' Clerks	98

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS—continued.		
<i>Wellington District—continued.</i>		
813	Wellington Soft-goods Employees (other than Wholesale Packers, Porters, and Storemen)	372
705	Wellington Stage Employees	58
1018	Wellington Stage Supernumeraries	27
242	Wellington Stationary, Traction, and Locomotive Engine Drivers	154
638	Wellington Stonemasons	16
2	Wellington Tailors	265
220	Wellington Timber-yards and Sawmills	87
238	Wellington Tinsplate and Sheet-metal Operatives	23
15	Wellington Typographical	418
76	Wellington United Furniture Trade	428
773	Wellington United Storemen's (other than Employees in Retail Grocery and Soft-goods Establishments)	138
932	Wellington Waterside Workers	1,735
928	Westshore Slaughtermen	23
592	Whakatu Sausage-casing Makers	28
Totals : Number of Unions, 97		27,094
<i>Canterbury District—</i>		
566	Canterbury Bricklayers	103
726	Canterbury Brick, Pottery, Pipe, Tile, and Clay Workers	90
176	Canterbury Builders and General Labourers, Quarry-workers, and Wool and Grain Store Employees	829
48	Canterbury Carpenters and Joiners	252
263	Canterbury Coachbuilders	118
194	Canterbury Carriers	14
287	Canterbury Cycle-workers	34
555	Canterbury Dairymen's Employees	27
852	Canterbury Electrical Workers	33
747	Canterbury Freezing-works, Bacon, Manure, Soap, and Sausage-casing Employees	651
274	Canterbury Grocers' Assistants	138
652	Canterbury Hotel and Restaurant Employees	454
550	Canterbury Malsters and Brewery Employees	134
281	Canterbury Motor-car, Horse Drivers, and Livery-stable Employees	355
787	Canterbury Operative Bakers, Pastrycooks, and Confectioners' Employees	79
800	Canterbury Printers' Machinists, Bookbinders, and Stereotypers	94
883	Canterbury Slaughtermen	51
195	Canterbury Tanners, Fellmongers, and Skinners	533
268	Canterbury Timber-yards, Sawmills, and Coal-yards Employees	136
140	Canterbury Traction and Stationary Engine Drivers and Firemen	136
32	Canterbury Typographical Association	169
266	Canterbury Woollen-mills Employees	151
549	Christchurch Aerated-water Workers and other Bottlers	40
20	Christchurch Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	495
1026	Christchurch Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Brass-finishers), and Range-workers and Metal-workers' Assistants	563
922	Christchurch Farriers	14
874	Christchurch Furniture Trade, Rattan, and Wicker Workers	188
300	Christchurch Gardeners	29
573	Christchurch Gasworks Employees	91
236	Christchurch Hairdressers and Tobacconists' Assistants	23
947	Christchurch Horse and Commercial-motor Drivers	142
107	Christchurch Iron and Brass Moulders	110
857	Christchurch Journalists	61
1045	Christchurch Leadlight and Glass Workers	19
1000	Christchurch Manufacturing Jewellers, Watch and Clock Makers, and Kindred Trades	17
35	Christchurch Operative Bootmakers' Society	400
193	Christchurch Operative Butchers	138
385	Christchurch Operative Stonemasons	36
81	Christchurch Painters	194
809	Christchurch Performing Musicians	91
123	Christchurch Plasterers	73
38	Christchurch Plumbers and Gasfitters	94
1051	Christchurch Retail Chemists' Assistants	19
916	Christchurch Retail Drapers' Assistants	71

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS—continued.		
<i>Canterbury District—continued.</i>		
223	Christchurch Saddlers, Harness, and Collar Makers	50
5	Christchurch Stage Employees	48
105	Christchurch Tailoring Trade	401
11	Christchurch Tailoresses, Cutters, Pressers, and other Clothing Trade Employees	328
128	Christchurch Tinsmiths and Sheet-metal Workers	55
547	Christchurch Tramway Employees	267
363	Homebush Collieries	17
40	Lyttelton Casual Wharf Labourers	105
483	Lyttelton Merchant Service Guild	33
938	Lyttelton Wharf Labourers	441
387	South Canterbury Bakers and Pastrycooks	19
746	South Canterbury Plumbers, Gasfitters, and Sheet-metal Workers	16
692	South Canterbury Timber-yards, Sawmills, and Coal-yards Employees	33
878	Sydenham Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	83
737	Timaru Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	54
1035	Timaru Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Motor-mechanics)	24
386	Timaru Carpenters	55
481	Timaru Society of Painters and Decorators	46
902	Timaru Wharf Labourers	165
372	United Boilermakers, Iron and Steel Ship Builders of Canterbury	62
174	United Millers, Engine-drivers, and Mill Employees' Society of Canterbury	63
* Totals: Number of Unions, 65		9,854
<i>Otago and Southland District—</i>		
758	Bluff Waterside	264
776	Dunedin and Mosgiel Woollen-mills Employees	233
990	Dunedin and Port Chalmers Ships Tally Clerks	13
1028	Dunedin and Port Chalmers United Shipwrights	50
214	Dunedin and Suburban Drivers	148
876	Dunedin and Suburban Farriers	17
892	Dunedin and Suburban General Electrical Workers	31
221	Dunedin and Suburban Operative Butchers	88
903	Dunedin and Suburban Operative Licensed Drainers	29
895	Dunedin and Suburban Retail Soft-goods Employees	70
89	Dunedin Bakers and Pastrycooks	125
49	Dunedin Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Brass-finishers, Coppersmiths, and Range-workers), and Cycle and Motor-mechanics	244
873	Dunedin Brewers, Bottlers, Bottle-washers, and Aerated Waters	49
703	Dunedin Canister Workers	18
146	Dunedin Coppersmiths, Tinsmiths and Sheet-metal Workers	48
926	Dunedin Export Slaughtermen	6
1012	Dunedin Felt Hatters	13
854	Dunedin Journalists	23
995	Dunedin Local Federated Seamen's	450
974	Dunedin Manufacturing Jewellers, Watch and Clock Makers, and Kindred Trades	14
45	Dunedin Operative Bootmakers	211
71	Dunedin Operative Stonemasons	14
93	Dunedin Painters	194
770	Dunedin Performing Musicians	56
647	Dunedin Printers' Machinists, Bookbinders, Paper-rulers, and Lithographers	72
1038	Dunedin Rope and Twine Spinners	18
711	Dunedin Stage Employees	33
58	Dunedin Tailoresses and Shirtmakers	425
942	Dunedin Theatrical and Shows Employees (other than Stage Hands)	30
735	Dunedin Trawlers	13
84	Dunedin United Furniture Trades (including Wood-carvers, Wood-working Machinists, and Carpet-planners)	133
99	Dunedin United Plumbers and Gasfitters	102
935	Dunedin Waterside Workers	645
996	Green Island Coal-miners	52
9	Invercargill Bootmakers	18
792	Invercargill Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	356
731	Invercargill Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Motor-mechanics, Electricians, and other Electrical Workers)	41

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS— <i>continued.</i>		
<i>Otago and Southland District—continued.</i>		
880	Invercargill Fellmongers, Tanners, and General Tannery Employees ...	26
859	Invercargill Mercantile Storemen	94
848	Invercargill Tramways	40
80	Iron and Brass Moulders' Union of New Zealand	180
829	Kaitangata Coal-miners	290
913	Mataura, Ocean Beach, and Makarewa Slaughtermen	43
304	Mataura Paper-mill Workers	16
971	Nightcaps Coal Company's Mine Employees	76
1037	Oamaru Painters	18
945	Oamaru Wharf Labourers	60
987	Otago and Southland Farm and Station Employees (other than Shearers and Shed Hands)	186
404	Otago and Southland Gold-miners	128
503	Otago and Southland Operative Tailors and Shop Tailoresses	180
182	Otago and Southland Saddlers, Harness, Collar, Bag, and Cover Makers... ..	38
267	Otago Box-workers	33
78	Otago Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	533
246	Otago Bricklayers	50
506	Otago Certificated Engine-drivers	50
205	Otago Coachworkers and Wheelwrights	49
166	Otago Flour-mills Employees	13
599	Otago Freezing, Chemical-manure, Tannery, Soapworkers, and Allied Trades (other than Slaughtermen)	115
507	Otago General Labourers, Builders' Labourers, Quarrymen, and Coal-yard Employees	576
217	Otago Grocers' Assistants	66
578	Otago Hairdressers' Assistants	24
675	Otago Hotel, Restaurant, and Boardinghouse Employees	516
197	Otago Metal-workers' Assistants	171
216	Otago Operative Plasterers	35
889	Otago Slaughtermen	12
252	Otago Timber-yards and Sawmills	72
259	Otago Tramways	237
77	Otago Typographical	117
956	Port Chalmers Waterside Workers	398
36	Pressers and other Clothing-factories Operatives Union of Dunedin	39
989	Southland and Otago Cheese and Butter Factories Employees (other than Managers)	112
833	Southland and Otago Cheese-factory Managers	59
782	Southland Building Trade and General Labourers, Wool and Grain Store Employees, Gasworks Employees, and Drivers	110
969	Southland Freezing-works Employees (other than Slaughtermen)	172
1039	Southland Milk-condensing Factories Employees	36
225	Southland Operative Butchers	37
784	Southland Painters	60
834	Southland Plumbers, Gasfitters, Tinsmiths, and Sheet-metal Workers	43
888	Southland Slaughtermen	19
245	Southland Timber-yards and Sawmills	687
315	Southland Typographical	34
411	Southland United Furniture Trades	21
102	United Boilermakers and Iron-ship Builders of Otago	70
927	Waronui Coal-miners	30
Totals : Number of Unions, 84		10,317
<i>Taranaki District—</i>		
817	Hawera Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	34
805	New Plymouth Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	63
811	New Plymouth General Labourers	92
982	New Plymouth Timber-yards and Sawmills Employees	46
934	New Plymouth Watersiders	73
818	Stratford Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners... ..	21
908	Taranaki Operative Bakers and Pastrycooks	27
208	Taranaki Operative Bootmakers	11
793	Taranaki Painters and Decorators	24
794	Taranaki Tailoring Trade	50
716	Waitara General Labourers	69
907	Waitara Slaughtermen	23
Totals : Number of Unions, 12		533

Reg. No.	Names of Unions.	Number of Members.
INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS—continued.		
<i>Marlborough District—</i>		
401	Marlborough Building Trades	45
780	Marlborough Drivers	17
707	Marlborough Freezing-works Employees	55
884	Marlborough Slaughtermen's	15
975	Picton Wharf Labourers	66
980	Wakamarina Miners	70
	* Totals: Number of Unions, 6	268
<i>Nelson District—</i>		
572	Nelson Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners ...	75
448	Nelson Labourers	48
445	Nelson Painters	26
949	Nelson Port Wharf Labourers	63
564	Nelson Plumbers, Gasfitters, and Sheet-metal Workers	11
762	Nelson Tailors and Tailoresses	36
570	Nelson Typographical	10
970	Puponga Coal-miners	65
	Totals: Number of Unions, 8	334
<i>Westland District—</i>		
958	Blackball Coal-mine Workers (other than Engineers, Engine-drivers, Firemen, and Winchmen)	299
963	Denniston Coal-miners	385
981	Denniston Engine-drivers, Firemen, and Brakesmen	23
1030	Grey and Buller Coal-mines Deputies and Underviewers	68
858	Greymouth Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers	14
952	Greymouth Port Waterside Workers	186
160	Greymouth Wharf Labourers	54
79	Grey Valley	71
82	Inangahua Mine and Dredge Employees	731
962	Millerton and Gravity Coal-miners	364
1042	Millerton and Gravity Engine-drivers, Firemen, Brakesmen, Bricklayers, Carpenters, and Fitters	29
994	Ngakawau Coal-miners	183
964	Point Elizabeth and Liverpool State Collieries Employees (other than Engineers, Engine-drivers, Firemen, and Winchmen)	398
1034	Roa Coal-mine Employees (other than Engineers, Engine-drivers, Firemen, and Winchmen)	32
997	Ross Gold-mine Employees	39
968	Westland Engine-drivers, Firemen, Motormen, Brakesmen, and Pumpmen	64
727	Westland Typographical	13
754	Westland Tailoring Trade	50
803	Westport Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	4
690	Westport General Labourers and Mechanics	286
959	Westport Waterside Workers	71
	Totals: Number of Unions, 21	3,364
	Grand total: Industrial Unions of Workers, 389*	67,661*

* In addition to the above the Wellington Shearers and the Wellington District Farm and Station Hands (other than Shearers) and Creamery, Butter, and Cheese Factory Employees' Industrial Unions of Workers are now in process of amalgamation under the title of "The Wellington Agricultural and Pastoral Workers' Industrial Union of Workers," with a combined membership of 433; the Marlborough Shearers and the Marlborough Farm and Station Employees (other than Shearers and Shed Hands) Industrial Unions of Workers are in process of amalgamation under the title of "The Marlborough Agricultural and Pastoral Workers' Industrial Union of Workers," with a combined membership of 60; and the Canterbury Agricultural and Pastoral Labourers, the Canterbury Shearers and the Waimate Workers' Industrial Unions of Workers are in process of amalgamation under the title of "The Canterbury Agricultural and Pastoral Industrial Union of Workers," with a combined membership of 444. These make the grand totals as follow: Industrial unions of workers, 392; number of members, 68,598.

The following unions have not sent in annual returns, and inquiry is being made as to their position. There is reason to believe that some are now defunct :—

INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF EMPLOYERS.

<p>Reg. No. <i>Northern Industrial District.</i> 911. Auckland Furniture and Furnishing. 993. Waikato and Thames Valley Master Butchers. 898. Waikato Master Plumbers.</p> <p><i>Wellington Industrial District.</i> 680. Hastings Master Horse-shoers. 862. Manawatu Master Printers, Lithographers, and Bookbinders. 1014. Wanganui Furniture Manufacturers and Dealers.</p>	<p>Reg. No. <i>Canterbury Industrial District.</i> 894. Christchurch Master Plumbers. 583. Timaru Grocers. 847. Timaru Master Plumbers.</p> <p><i>Otago and Southland Industrial District.</i> 744. Dunedin and Suburban Tip Carters. 870. Invercargill Master Bakers and Pastry-cooks.</p> <p><i>Nelson Industrial District.</i> 774. Nelson Master Tailors.</p>
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INDUSTRIAL UNIONS OF WORKERS.

<p>Reg. No. <i>Northern Industrial District.</i> 965. Auckland Coal and Cargo Workers. 939. Auckland Seamen and Firemen. 1021. Auckland Fishermen. 759. Gisborne and East Coast Shearers and Woolshed Employees. 1031. Gisborne Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers (including Motor-mechanics). 655. Hamilton Painters and Decorators. 983. Hikurangi Under-managers, Deputies, and Firemen. 648. Rotorua Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.</p> <p><i>Wellington Industrial District.</i> 906. Longburn Slaughtermen. 545. United Boilermakers, Iron and Steel Ship-builders of Wanganui. 821. Waipukurau Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners. 845. Wanganui Retail Soft-goods Employees. 285. Wellington Farriers and General Blacksmiths.</p>	<p>Reg. No. <i>Wellington Industrial District—contd.</i> 901. Wellington Fire Brigades Employees. 1008. Wellington Licensed Taxi-drivers. 950. Wellington Ships' Tally Clerks. 632. Wellington Tramways Employees.</p> <p><i>Canterbury Industrial District.</i> 917. Christchurch Export Slaughtermen.</p> <p><i>Otago and Southland Industrial District.</i> 944. Invercargill Performing Musicians. 398. Otago Shearers.</p> <p><i>Taranaki Industrial District.</i> 844. Taranaki Plumbers and Gasfitters.</p> <p><i>Westland Industrial District.</i> 801. Greymouth Branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners. 723. Westland Operative Bakers.</p>
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F. W. ROWLEY,
 Registrar of Industrial Unions.

APPENDIX B.

YEARLY STATEMENT BY THE RIGHT HON. THE MINISTER OF LABOUR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18 OF THE WORKERS' DWELLINGS ACT, 1910.

In pursuance of section 18 of the Workers' Dwellings Act, 1910, I have the honour to present the following statement of the Superintendent of Workers' Dwellings relating to the operations of the Act during the year ending 31st March, 1916.

W. F. MASSEY,
Minister of Labour.

DWELLINGS ERECTED DURING THE YEAR.

There were 256 applications dealt with by the Workers' Dwellings Board during the year, and the erection of 100 dwellings was authorized. (For particulars of the dwellings erected see Table (d) below.) It will be seen that the total number of dwellings provided to 31st March, 1916 (including 37 building on that date) is 590; 38 additional dwellings are also shortly to be commenced. Of the total number, 112 are allocated to Wellington (and Petone), and 38 are on rural allotments.

In every case the erection of dwellings during the past year has been proceeded with only when the cost has approximated that of normal times. As the prices of most building-materials have considerably increased since the war began, such a course has not been an easy one. In this connection it may be worthy of note that the Department is able to carry out its work at a cheap rate by reason of the saving effected in various directions—viz., in the purchase of sections and the erection of dwellings in convenient groups, in the very low legal charges, small fees to cover Architect's expenses, &c.

The year's work involved the purchase of small areas of land at Whakatane (Bay of Plenty), three sections; Te Awamutu (Waikato), six sections; Marton, six sections; Carterton, 10 acres; and Wellington, twenty-two sections. Of the twenty-two sections purchased in Wellington, eleven will shortly be built upon. An additional number of Wellington applications for consideration on this year's building programme is already in hand, and, in view of the complaints that are constantly made as to the increases in rentals and of the unsatisfied demand for dwellings of from four to six rooms in the city and suburbs of Wellington, it is hoped that funds will permit of the erection of an additional number at an early date. Care will again be necessary, as during the past year, to build only when it can be done at reasonable cost.

SALE OF LAND NOT REQUIRED FOR WORKERS' DWELLINGS.

As intimated in last year's report, land not required for workers' dwellings is available for purchase under section 4 of the Act of 1914, and in terms of this provision fifty-one sections have been disposed of during the year. The Department of Lands and Survey has also been advised that, to assist returned soldiers, applications under this section of the Act for land held by the Department will receive especial consideration.

PERIODICAL INSPECTION OF WORKERS' DWELLINGS.

In 1914 an annual inspection of all workers' dwellings was instituted in order to see that the occupants are taking due care of their homes. All dwellings have accordingly again been inspected by departmental officers, whose reports show that, with very few exceptions, the dwellings occupied by purchasers have been satisfactorily maintained. Where such was not the case notices have been issued to effect the repairs deemed necessary. It is pleasing to state that in quite a number of cases various improvements—not only to the dwellings themselves, but also in the laying-out of well-kept gardens—have been made, and letters of commendation have been sent to the occupants. It is noticeable that the dwellings built for purchasers (under the present Act, passed in 1910) are better cared for by the occupants than those built for tenants under the previous Act of 1905.

Special attention has, in the inspection, been given to the dwellings on rural allotments, and it is found that generally good use is being made of the areas of land available; the land is in some instances used for market-gardening and fruit-culture, and in others for grazing. One case calls for special mention—viz., a 5-acre allotment at Willowbridge, near Waimate, where every available portion of the land is under cultivation, including a hothouse, 85 ft. by 25 ft., which the purchaser (Mr. A. T. Woodhead) has erected in his spare time. This industrious worker hopes in the course of time by means of close cultivation to secure an independent living from this small area. Cases like this are deserving of every encouragement and assistance.

COLLECTION OF RENTS AND INSTALMENTS.

The collection of rents and instalments was taken over from the Public Trust Office by officers of this Department as from the 1st May, 1915. The arrears of rents and instalments on the 31st March, 1915, amounted to £1,215 11s. 5d. The total number of houses erected at this date was 471 (average arrears, £2 11s. 8d.). The arrears outstanding at the 31st March, 1916, were £1,251 12s. 8d., and the total number of dwellings was 553 (average arrears, £2 5s. 3d.). A considerable sum was, however, paid off these arrears within the first thirteen days of April (reducing the average to £1 10s. 9d.), many of the amounts (being monthly payments) having fallen due at the end of the month (for particulars see Table (c) below). The average length of time that the 553 dwellings have been built is 3·9 years; the arrears to date may therefore be computed at an average of 7s. 6d. per dwelling per annum. The amount now owing is greater than it would be at normal times, on account of the war, in some cases the occupants having enlisted (see remarks at end of table (c)). It is satisfactory to note that for the whole of the 553 dwellings throughout New Zealand the average arrears is only £1 10s. 9d. (approximately two weeks' instalments). In nearly every instance the arrears are covered by the amount paid off the principal by the occupant.

F. W. ROWLEY,
Superintendent of Workers' Dwellings.

RETURNS.

[(a), (b), and (c) made pursuant to Section 18 of the Act.]

(a.) THE MONEYS EXPENDED DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR IN ACQUIRING LAND UNDER THIS ACT, IN PREPARING THE SAME FOR WORKERS' DWELLINGS, AND IN ERECTING SUCH DWELLINGS.

	£	s.	d.
1. Amount expended in acquiring land for workers' dwellings...	3,123	3	2
2. Amount expended in preparing land for workers' dwellings	1,704	16	6
3. Amount expended in erecting dwellings ...	51,065	1	4
Total (paid out of Public Works Fund) ...	55,893	1	0
4. Amount expended in administration and travelling (paid out of Labour Department's vote) ...	702	0	0
Total ...	<u>£56,595</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0*</u>

The above return does not include the sum of £705 11s. 5d. incurred for maintenance, fire insurance, rates, &c., upon the dwellings erected and leased to the occupants under the Act of 1905, and £869 9s. 1d. for fire insurance and rates in respect of dwellings erected under the Act of 1910. These amounts are charged for in the rents and instalments collected.

The total expenditure in connection with the workers' dwellings during the year was thus £58,170 1s. 6d.—viz., £55,893 1s. out of Public Works Fund, and £2,277 0s. 6d. out of Labour Department's vote.

(b.) THE NUMBER OF DWELLINGS ERECTED DURING THE YEAR, AND THE NUMBER DISPOSED OF.

The number of dwellings erected ...	82
The number of dwellings disposed of ...	82

(c.) THE WEEKLY OR OTHER PAYMENTS CONTRACTED FOR, THE AMOUNT OF SUCH PAYMENTS RECEIVED, AND THE AMOUNT OF ARREARS OUTSTANDING.

(1.) Settlement.	(2.) Arrears out- standing as at 31st March, 1915.	(3.) Weekly or other Payments con- tracted for (exclusive of Arrears, Col. 2). (Total for Year.)	(4.) Total Amount received for Year.	(5.) Arrears out- standing as at 31st March, 1916.	(6.) Arrears as at 31st March, 1916, were re- duced by 13th April, 1916, to	(7.) Number of Dwellings on Settlement.	(8.) Average Arrears per Dwelling.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Auckland—							
Lawry	268 6 9	2,948 16 7	3,014 11 10	202 11 6	139 2 6	81	1 14 4
Eccleston	112 1 3	1,079 16 3	1,106 1 11	85 15 7	37 1 5	31	1 2 4
Grey Lynn .. ..	..	194 10 4	191 13 0	2 17 4	Nil	6	..
Wellington—							
Taitville	7 19 1	924 16 8	888 17 11	43 17 10	18 19 4	25	0 15 2
Island Bay	39 15 8	987 8 10	984 14 11	42 9 7	21 13 8	25	0 17 4
Coromandel Street ..	21 3 11	489 12 6	490 9 11	20 6 6	3 3 9	31	0 2 1
Heretaunga (Petone)..	60 15 10	946 3 1	971 10 0	35 8 11	14 15 4	12	1 4 7
Christchurch—							
Camelot	47 8 0	1,166 19 6	1,166 11 6	47 16 0	18 5 2	35	0 10 5
Walker	67 13 10	525 17 5	558 8 5	35 2 10	20 7 6	16	1 5 6
Chancellor Street ..	27 13 1	252 1 10	274 6 9	5 8 2	2 8 2	7	0 6 10
Dunedin—							
Windle	61 5 10	782 11 7	786 19 4	56 18 1	40 0 1	26	1 10 9
Wanganui—							
Ballance	4 5 11	291 5 9	279 17 2	15 14 6	5 0 7	8	0 12 7
Willis	22 4 3	235 1 11	254 7 2	2 19 0	Nil	6	..
Puriri .. ..	..	158 16 2	156 8 2	2 8 0	Nil	5	..

* As shown on page 21, there were also thirty-seven dwellings in course of erection on the 31st March, 1916, the bulk of the expenditure for which will appear in the next year's account.

(c.) THE WEEKLY OR OTHER PAYMENTS CONTRACTED FOR, THE AMOUNT OF SUCH PAYMENTS RECEIVED, AND THE AMOUNT OF ARREARS OUTSTANDING—*continued.*

(1.) Settlement.	(2.) Arrears out- standing as at 31st March, 1915.	(3.) Weekly or other Payments con- tracted for (exclusive of Arrears, Col. 2). (Total for Year.)	(4.) Total Amount received for Year.	(5.) Arrears out- standing as at 31st March, 1916.	(6.) Arrears as at 31st March, 1916, were re- duced by 13th April, 1916, to	(7.) Number of Dwellings on Settlement.	(8.) Average Arrears per Dwelling.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Palmerston North—							
Loughnan ..	2 10 10	469 2 9	467 17 2	3 16 5	4 0 7	12	0 6 9
Greyouth—							
Cobden ..	82 16 0	421 15 7	418 4 0	86 7 7	81 0 7	14	5 15 9 ⁽¹⁾
Temuka—							
Buxton ..	46 6 1	297 1 3	279 13 10	63 13 6	49 19 4	9	5 11 0 ⁽²⁾
Fairlie—							
Tengawai ..		175 12 0	136 1 4	39 10 8	27 9 0	7	3 18 5 ⁽³⁾
Waimate—							
Gorge Road ..		143 2 9	136 12 6	6 10 3	2 9 0	6	0 8 2
Willowbridge ..	98 14 2	509 1 3	520 7 4	87 8 1	67 18 1	13	5 4 6 ⁽⁴⁾
Timaru—							
Craigie ..	19 18 3	314 18 2	316 2 10	18 13 7	8 3 6	9	0 18 2
Milton Road ..	100 19 8	356 11 10	376 13 0	80 18 6	72 9 10	10	7 4 11 ⁽⁵⁾
Invercargill—							
Seaward Bush ..	20 3 0	570 3 1	541 7 8	48 18 5	38 8 5	16	2 8 0
Masterton—							
Kuripuni ..	19 18 8	475 9 7	492 14 0	2 14 3	1 10 8	12	0 2 7
Solway ..		411 16 3	374 0 6	37 15 9	17 4 8	11	1 9 6
Hamilton—							
Laurenson ..	6 11 2	211 2 5	218 12 8	0 19 1	Nil	6	..
Westport—							
Leaver ..	5 3 2	350 0 8	357 2 0	1 18 2	Nil	12	..
Patca ..	27 16 6	383 5 10	389 9 0	21 13 4	13 1 9	10	1 6 2
Gisborne—							
Te Hapara ..	13 7 4	555 15 0	522 17 9	46 4 7	36 18 5	14	2 18 5 ⁽⁶⁾
Te Puke—							
Newman ..	24 16 1	240 8 5	217 13 5	47 11 1	41 4 3	7	5 17 9 ⁽⁷⁾
Tolaga Bay—							
Uawa ..	1 12 9	320 14 8	302 15 2	1 12 3	Nil	8	..
Nelson—							
Winearls ..	4 4 4	213 18 9	218 14 9	0 11 8	Nil	6	..
Hawera—							
Casey ..		130 15 10	105 5 4	25 10 6	22 1 4	4	5 10 3 ⁽⁸⁾
Manaja ..							
Hurle ..		48 16 0	48 16 8	0 0 8	Nil	2	..
Ngaruawahia—							
Tait ..		88 10 6	88 4 11	0 5 7	Nil	6	..
Ashburton ..		128 14 0	129 8 5	0 14 5	1 4 3	6	0 4 0
Oamaru ..		168 1 4	156 5 9	11 15 7	9 9 9	9	1 1 1
Napier—							
Awatoto ..		187 2 10	184 2 2	3 0 8	..	6	..
Blenheim ..		158 15 3	169 5 7	10 10 4	4 18 6	5	0 19 8
Picton ..		126 9 6	120 15 3	5 14 3	5 14 3	5	1 2 10
Tauranga ..		136 0 0	132 18 4	3 1 8	2 19 8	6	0 9 11
Hastings—							
Mahora ..		270 15 11	246 19 3	23 16 8	20 3 2	8	2 10 5
Totals ..	1,215 11 5	18,847 19 10	18,811 18 7	1,251 12 8	849 6 4	553	1 10 9

£ s. d.

(1) 19 10 4 }
14 4 0 }
16 2 7 }
27 8 9 }

Dwellings now vacated and sold to new purchasers.

Owing by former occupant at present in Roto Roa. Proceedings will be taken for recovery of his arrears when opportunity offers. Other arrears small amounts.

(2) 11 9 0 }
15 9 6 }
19 6 6 }

All paying £1 per month off arrears. Balance arrears small amounts.

(3) 6 10 8 }
6 6 0 }

This occupant paid up all arrears at the end of April.

This man paid off arrears at the beginning of May. Other amounts evenly distributed between occupiers.

(4) 23 0 0 }
13 0 0 }
14 19 0 }

Owing by purchaser killed at war.

Owing by purchaser wounded at war.

Dwelling being transferred to another purchaser. Balance of arrears comprises small amounts.

(5) 18 0 10 }
16 0 7 }
17 0 2 }
12 5 2 }

Dwellings transferred to new purchasers.

Efforts being made to find more suitable purchasers in place of present occupants.

(6) 13 10 0 }
6 18 6 }

Paying off arrears at rate of 16s. 3d. per fortnight.

Purchaser deceased. Dwelling being transferred to new purchaser. Balance small amounts.

(7) 13 7 2 }
11 12 11 }

Occupiers warned unless arrears reduced immediately agreements will be cancelled. Balance small amounts.

(8) 10 7 0 }
8 7 6 }

This purchaser has since paid off his arrears.

Occupier written to that unless arrears paid immediately agreement will be cancelled. Other arrears small amounts.

N.B.—Where dwellings have been sold to new purchasers the sum paid off the principal by former purchasers has in nearly every instance been sufficient to pay off arrears.

(d.) (1) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLINGS ERECTED UNDER THE ORIGINAL ACT OF 1905 TO THE DATE OF THE COMING INTO OPERATION OF THE ACT OF 1910; (2) AND (3) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLINGS ERECTED UNDER THE ACT OF 1910 FROM THE DATE OF THE COMING INTO OPERATION OF THE ACT TO THE 31ST MARCH, 1916; AND (4) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLINGS IN COURSE OF ERECTION ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1916.

District.	Erected under Act of 1910.				Total.
	(1.) Erected under the Act of 1905.	(2.) To 31st March, 1915.	(3.) During Year ending 31st March, 1916.	(4.) Number in Course of Erection on 31st March, 1916.	
Auckland	35	83	..	..	118
Wellington	40	39	14	8	101
Christchurch	31	27	..	7	65
Dunedin	20	2	4	5	31
Frankton Junction (Hamilton)	6	..	3	9
Ngaruawahia	6	..	6
Tauranga	6	..	6
Te Puke	7	..	..	7
Tolaga Bay	8	..	..	8
Gisborne	14	..	..	14
Napier	4	2	1	7
Hastings	8	..	..	8
Patea	10	..	..	10
Hawera	4	..	4
Manaia	2	..	2
Wanganui	13	6	..	19
Palmerston North	12	..	4	16
Masterton (town)	12	..	2	25
" (rural)	11	..	..	..
Carterton (2 rural)	5	5
Picton	5	..	5
Blenheim (rural)	5	..	5
Nelson	6	..	2	8
Westport	12	..	..	12
Greymouth	14	..	..	14
Ashburton	6	..	6
Temuka	9	..	..	9
Timaru	19	..	..	19
Fairlie (rural)	7	..	7
Willowbridge (rural)	13	..	..	13
Waimate	6	..	6
Oamaru	9	..	9
Invercargill	16	..	..	16
Totals	126	345	82	37	590

Arrangements were also on 31st March nearly complete for the commencement of the following: Whakatane, 3; Christchurch, 3; Hastings, 6; Hawera, 6; Marton, 4; Te Awamutu, 5; Wellington (Lyal Bay and Kilbirnie), 11: total, 38.

NOTE.—The whole of the 126 dwellings erected under the 1905 Act were leased or let, after their erection, to applicants for same, but 85 have since the passing of the 1910 Act been disposed of under the instalment-purchase system provided in the latter Act. The whole of the dwellings erected under the 1910 Act were built for applicant purchasers.

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