The following tabulated statement shows the sales of water, the cash received, and the cost of maintenance of the Kumara Race for the year ending the 31st March, 1906, and also the approximate quantity and value of gold obtained by parties using water from the race:—

Month.		Sales of Water.			Cash received for Sales of Water.			Expenditure.			Outstanding Moneys at the End of each Month.			Number of Men employed.	Approxi- mate Quantity of Gold obtained.	Value of Gold obtained.			
April May June July August September October November December	1905.		£ 17 43 31 24 44 29 40 42 35	s. 7 5 13 9 10 13 3 12	d. 1 10 4 9 0 1 6 3	£ 32 24 16 62 13 58 47 20 66	s. 7 7 5 16 5 17 15 0 5	d. 4 9 0 3 0 0 0 0	\$2 109 127 67 60 56 52 66 74	s. 5 7 19 14 2 16 19 0	d. 0 10 8 3 7 8 6 10	1,556 1,590 1,548 894 915	s. 4 2 10 4 12 15 7 18	d. 3 2 6 0 9 5 2 4	8 13 17 18 18 19 17 18 18	Oz. 34 86 64 50 90 60 80 86 70	£ 132 335 249 195 351 234 312 335 273	s. 12 8 12 0 0 0 0 8 0	d. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
January February March Totals	1906.	••	53	10 0 19	5 3 7 2	$ \begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 22 \\ 69 \\ \hline 451 \end{array} $	10 2 18 10	0 6 7 4	66 54 58 877	10 12 11	$0 \\ 10 \\ 7 \\ -4$	897 928 903	18 16 17	9 6 6	20 17 16 16·66 (average)	62 106 90 878	241 413 351 3,424	16 8 0	0 0 0

The table opposite shows the result of working the Kumara Race for the twenty-three years from the 1st April, 1883, to the 31st March, 1905.

WAIMEA-KUMARA WATER-RACES.

The following tabulated statement shows the revenue, cost of maintenance, approximate quantity of gold obtained, and the number of miners employed in sluicing in the claims taking water from the Government water-races in the Waimea-Kumara district for the year ending the 31st March, 1906:—

Month.			Sales of Water.			Cash received for Sales of Water.			Expenditure.			Outstanding Moneys at the End of each Month.	Number of Men employed.	Approximate Quantity of Gold obtained.	Value of Gold obtained.		
April May June July August September October November	005.		£ 91 130 152 151 164 144 159 169	1 3 7	d. 9 10 3 6 9 7 6	£ 196 116 165 192 131 173 162 98	8 14 0 1 10	d. 7 3 10 5 5 3 6 8	144	s. 2 17 9 8 12 15 15	d. 5 11 11 3 8 1 5	£ s. d 1,987 0 3 2,001 18 2 1,998 6 2 1,954 5 10 1,990 9 8 1,946 12 0 1,172 9 3 1,245 15 2	43 58 61 55 58 60 65	Oz. 238 330 392 396 410 376 407 429	£ 928 1,287 1,528 1,544 1,599 1,466 1,587 1,673	s. 4 0 16 8 0 8 6	d. 0 0 0 0 0 0
January February	06.		127 103 157	3	5 10 6	98 94	11 14 8	8 0 9	152	7 12 8	9 0 3	1,182 4 8 1,178 10 3 1,242 13 11	64 61 58	319 276 398	1,076 1,552	2 8 4	0
Totals	••	••	165 1,718	15 8	9	1,797	14	4 8	2,097	5 13	10	1,238 6 5	59·08 (average)	418	1,630	4 2	0

It will be seen from the above statement that the value of the sales of water from the combined races last year was £1,718 8s. 9d., as against £2,111 3s. 11d. for the previous year, thus showing a decrease in the value of the sales of water last year of £392 15s. 2d. As previously pointed out, this decrease is entirely due to the reduction in the price of water. Calculating the quantity of water supplied during the year at the price charged the previous year, the sales of water would show an increase of £1,233 17s. 10d. The expenditure on gauging, maintenance, and repairs was £2,097 13s. 10d., as against £2,491 6s. 6d. for the former year, thus showing a decrease on the cost of maintenance last year of £393 12s. 8d. The eash received during the year was £1,797 14s. 8d., as against £1,693 11s. 9d. for the previous year, thus showing an increase in revenue of £104 2s. 11d. over the previous year.

The following schedule shows the claims that have been sluicing on the Kumara Goldfield during the year ending the 31st March, 1906, the number of men in each claim, the fall and width of boxes in each tail-race, number of sluice-heads of water used in sluicing, number of cubic yards of wash sluiced away per hour, and the name of race from which the water was supplied:—