TT.

At the General Synod of the Church of England in NewZealand, held at Nelson in February, 1895, the following resolutions were passed:—

On the 5th February: "That this Synod is of opinion that it is desirable that the Education Act should be so amended as to contain a provision for imparting religious instruction by the teachers in the public schools on the model of the London School Board generally, with the use of the 'Irish National School-book of Scriptural Lessons'; and with a conscience clause."

On the 14th February: "That, in order to give effect to the resolution of the 5th February on the subject of Bible teaching in public schools, this Synod respectfully requests the Right Reverend the Bishops to take steps, as far as possible in co-operation with heads of other religious bodies in New Zealand, for the purpose of pressing the desired reform on the Government and Legislature."

Frederick Wellington.

## III.

The minute of the Presbyterian Assembly of 1894 on report of Committee on Education was as follows: "Receive the report and thank the Committee for their diligence, and especially the convener; express the gratification of the Assembly at the increased interest and activity shown in the community generally on the subject of religious education in our public schools during the past year; and in regard to the chief recommendation of the report that the "Irish Text-book of Scripture Lessons for National Schools" should be favourably considered by the Assembly, as fitted to be a platform on which all the churches may reasonably be expected to unite. Resolved, That the Assembly cordially approves of this recommendation of the Committee, and desires the ministers and office-bearers of the church in their various districts to endeavour to awaken increased interest in it, and to co-operate with others for this object, so that by a combined effort the text-book may be introduced into our national schools, thus securing for our children the blessing of religious education in a satisfactory form and in harmony with sound political principles."

A similar report was given in to the Assembly of this year (February, 1895), the finding on which was, "Adopt the report."

JAMES PATERSON.

## TV

The resolution of the Wesleyan Conference 1895, is as follows: "While opposed to Government grants in aid of private schools, this Conference expresses its gratification at the revived interest manifested throughout the colony concerning the use of a scripture text-book in State schools. The Conference hereby expresses its conviction that the introduction of scripture lessons in our public schools is urgently called for in the best interests of the colony, and it pledges itself to co-operate with the churches in endeavouring to bring about such a change in the Education Act as will provide for this much-needed reform."

V.

Classification of Persons canvassed at Palmerston North, in May-June, 1895.

							Number who		Majority	
Denomination.							signed Memorial.	Leclined.	For.	Against
Church of England							528	36	492	
Presbyterian							227	10	217	• •
Wesleyan							206	17	189	
Roman Catholic							78	38	40	
Salvation Army							62		62	
Lutheran							54	2	52	
Brethren							53		53	
Bible Christian							34	1	33	
Baptist							20	1	19	
Congregationalist							5	1	4	
Church of Christ							1		1	
Adventist							1	6		
ew								2		
Quaker								1		
No Denomination							2	14		1
Unknown	• •		• •		••		12	42		3
						_	1,283	171	1,162	5
							1,4	. ———— 54	1.	112

Net result for: 1,112 adults, or 88 per cent.

Palmerston North, 18th July, 1895.

H. S. McKellar.

## VI.

Extract from the Address delivered by the Right Reverend the Bishop of Wellington, at the Wellington Diocesan Synod, on the 2nd October, 1895.

Scriptural Instruction in State Schools.

You will remember that the question of applying for the introduction of elementary Scriptural teaching into public schools was discussed at our late General Synod, and that the following resolutions were passed without a single dissentient. (See Appendix II.)