The standard passes for 1892 number 63,113, and this number is 52·6 per cent. of the number of pupils belonging to the schools at the time of inspection. The percentage of passes has been steadily rising from 35·1 in 1882 to 50·2 in 1891 and 52·6 in 1892. The percentage of failures—14·1—is the lowest yet recorded. In 1886 the analysis of the school-rolls on inspection days was as follows: In preparatory classes, 37·1 per cent.; above the Sixth Standard, 0·6; absent, 3·7; "excepted," 3·2; failed, 12·9; passed, 42·5. The corresponding analysis for 1892 is—Preparatory, 32·7; above Standard VI., 1·1; absent, 2·3; "excepted," 2·7; failed, 8·6; passed, 52·6.

TABLE G.—Passes and Failures in 1892.

Education Districts.			İ	Pas	sses in S	tandards	Failures in Standards.							
			I.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	VI.	I.	п.	111.	IV.	v.	VI.
Auckland Taranaki Wanganui Wellington Hawke's Bay Marlborough Nelson Grey Westland North Canterbury South Canterbury Otago Southland For the o	    		3,092 278 938 1,464 801 240 671 184 1,249 589 2,542 1,193	2,613 272 847 1,491 719 247 599 169 149 2,595 589 2,534 1,028	2,443 283 659 1,386 618 168 652 179 2,510 556 2,413 942	1,947 704	106 279 979 266 90 418; 125 90 1,283 276 1,498 536	71 48 738 174 1,074 318	221 36 143 3 143 42 30 30 33 127 54 131 42	266 32 114 50 114 21 55 16 26 163 46 146 63	493 87 282 120 145 78 63 16 69 565 142 450 267	549 86 240 103 194 54 42 39 47 565 127 519 258	372 47 149 91 139 41 113 45 362 84 317 161	1444 444 466 45 4 35 15 21 135 25 88 36

The general percentage of failures in the several standards is as follows: Standard I., 6.5; Standard II., 7.4; Standard III., 17.6; Standard IV., 21.8; Standard V., 21.2; Standard VI., 13 per cent. The percentage of failures is very low in Wellington and in Nelson. As in former years, the Fourth and Fifth Standards seem to have presented the greatest difficulty to the pupils.

The figures in Table H supply very little information that is not implicitly contained in Table D. There are only two districts that have any pupils not yet learning to write, and only four that have any not learning arithmetic. The number of girls not learning needlework is less than the number of girls below the class preparing for Standard I. The number of children not receiving instruction in drawing is less than 7 per cent. of the number attending. Military drill is taught by officers of the Permanent Artillery at the large schools in the principal towns.

TABLE H.-Number of Pupils instructed in Each Subject.

Education Districts.	Numbers belonging at End of Year.	Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	English Grammar and Composition.	Geography.	History.	Elementary Science.	Drawing.	Object- lessons.	Vocal Music.	Needlework (Girls).	Domestic Economy.
Auckland Taranaki	$23,471 \\ 3,148$		3,148	3,148	1,251					$15,964 \\ 2,200$		$10,328 \\ 1,322$	
Wanganui Wellington	8,294	8,294	8,294	8,289						5,844			
Hawke's Bay	$11,840 \\ 6,523$	$11,840 \\ 6,523$											
Marlborough	2,069	2,069	2,069			1,204		590	1,908				
Nelson	5,888	5,888		5,671	3,169	3,820	2,933			3,734			
Grey	1,766	1,766								1,199			14
Westland	1,614								1,351				50
North Canterbury South Canterbury	21,230 $5,110$						10,284						
Ohomo	22,668						2,162 $10,579$			3,516			
Southland	8,999						3,868			6,021			
	ļ												
Totals for 1892	122,620	122,620	122,568	122,241	59,818	75,253	55,954	40,547	114,475	83,739	101,386	48,866	8,043
Totals for 1891	119,523	119,500	119,414	119,084	57,587	73,007	53,565	37,010	110,884	82,150	98,101	46,671	8,012
Difference	3,097	3,120	3,154	3,157	2,231	2,246	2,389	3,537	3,591	1,589	3,285	2,195	31