TO THE HONORABLE THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF NEW ZEALAND, IN PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLED.

The Humble Petition of the Provincial Council of the Province of Wellington

RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH AS FOLLOWS:--

1. When the said Provincial Council assembled on the 30th of August 1859, the Superintendent had illegally expended large sums of public money without its sanction, although he could have

convened it at any time since its prorogation in September, 1858.

2. On the 24th of September, 1859, the Council addressed a respectful memorial to His Excellency the Governor, requesting advice and information as to the manner of making the Superintendent and his Executive Officers responsible for so much of the said illegal expenditure as the Council might on investigation determine to be unworthy of its sanction, and the Council adjourned for a month to await His Excellency's reply.

3. The Council reassembled on the 29th of October, and received the reply of the Colonial Secretary, dated 8th October, 1859, to the effect that His Excellency's Government would not shrink from the responsibility of vindicating the law, should the Provincial Council ultimately refuse to legalise

the expenditure which the Superintendent had incurred without its previous sanction.

4. Owing to the extraordinary length of time over which the illegal expenditure had spread without any control or check from the Provincial Council, and owing also to the fact that the Superintendent and his Executive repeatedly, systematically, and under various pretences delayed or failed to supply the information required in explanation, it was impossible for the Council to investigate fully and satisfactorily all the details of the past expenditure, and it is reluctantly compelled to admit that many items of an objectionable nature have thus probably escaped the condemnation which would have been the result of inquiry under more favourable circumstances.

5. On the 2nd of November, the Council agreed to present a respectful address to the Superintendent, informing him "That this Council has no confidence in the administration of public affairs by

the present Executive, because they are not supported by a majority of this Council."

6. On the 4th of November the Superintendent, in Message No. 5, "declined to comply with the request to change his Executive," on the alleged ground that "the majority of the Council have lost the confidence of their constituents"; at the same time informing the Council that he had forwarded to the Governor a petition from 1593 inhabitants praying for a dissolution, and that he concurred in the prayer thereof.

7. The Council thereupon addressed His Excellency the Governor requesting that a copy of the signatures might be forwarded to it in order to ascertain what weight should be attached to them, The rcply of the Colonial Secretary was to the effect that for the reasons therein stated the Governor had been advised to refuse the prayer of the petition.

8. On the 7th of December the Council, having received that reply, adopted an address to the Superintendent urging him to reconsider his decision in consequence, and explaining to His Honor the course which the Council would feel it its duty to pursue in case of refusal.

9. On the 13th of December the Superintendent, by Message No. 10, expressed his determination still to refuse, accompanying the declaration with very offensive, irritating and unfounded imputations

of corrupt personal motives against the members of the majority.

10. The Council thereupon proceeded to pass an Appropriation Bill for November and December, 1859, thus completing the appropriation of public money for that year on a sufficient scale to maintain the ordinary establishments and to satisfy some claims—such as the payment of members and officers of the Council—which had been in arrear for nearly two years. Although the Superintendent received this Bill in December, the Council is unaware whether he has ever yet given, withheld, or reserved the Governor's assent with regard to it.

11. The Council further passed a Bill to indemnify the Superintendent for so much of the past illegal expenditure as they were unable under the restrictions imposed upon their inquiries to disapprove. The Council also passed a Bill to appropriate public money for the first three months of the year 1860 on a scale sufficient to maintain the ordinary public establishments of the Province, purposely omitting however to vote any salaries for those officers constituting the Executive Council, whom the Superintendent persists in retaining in spite of the Council's repeatedly declared want of confidence.

12. At the same time the Council forwarded to His Excellency's Government schedules of the items of past illegal expenditure which the Council could not sanction, accompanied by the reports of its Finance Committee in explanation, and prayed that directions might be given to vindicate the law as undertaken by His Excellency's Government in the Colonial Secretary's Despatch of the 8th of October, 1859.

13. After deliberately informing the Superintendent of its intention, the Council then adjourned

until the 20th of March, 1860.

14. On that day the Speaker laid before the Council a Statement with confirmatory documents to the following effect, namely: 1st, That the Superintendent refused to receive the Bill of Indemnity and that of Appropriation for the first three months of 1860, on the ground that the Council had by adjourning precluded him from returning the Bills with amendments. 2ndly, That the officers and printers employed by the Council have been refused payment of the money justly due to them for a